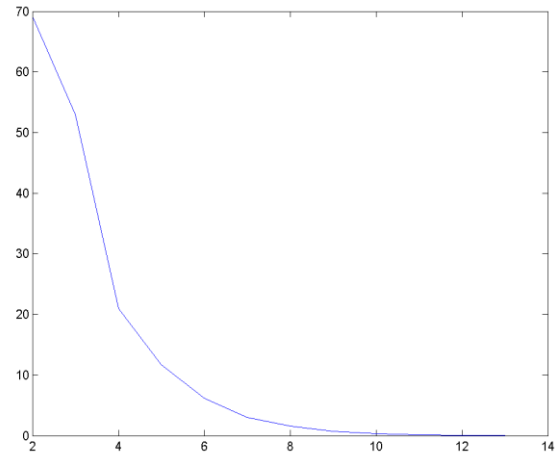
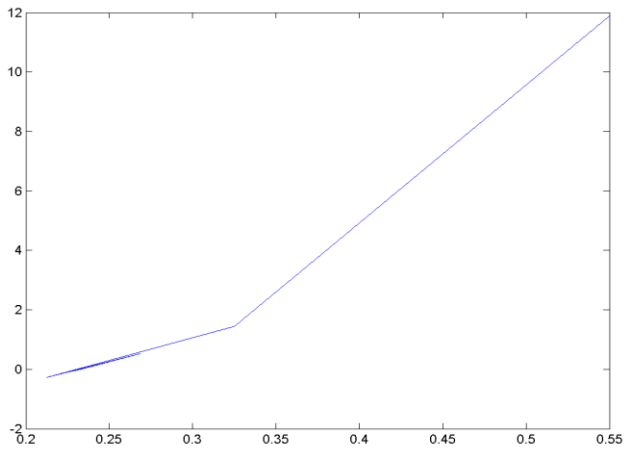


Q.1)

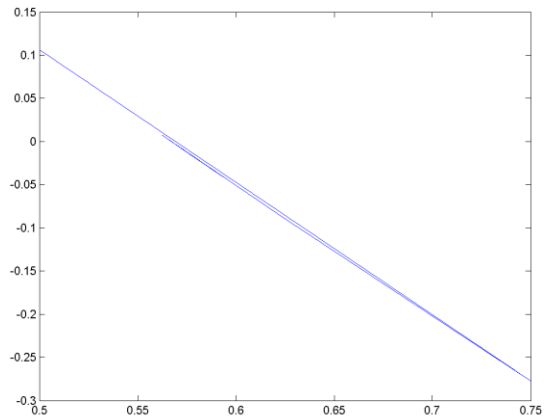
A) Bisection Method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$
- $x_l=0.1, x_u=1.0$
- Solution:  $x=0.2324$

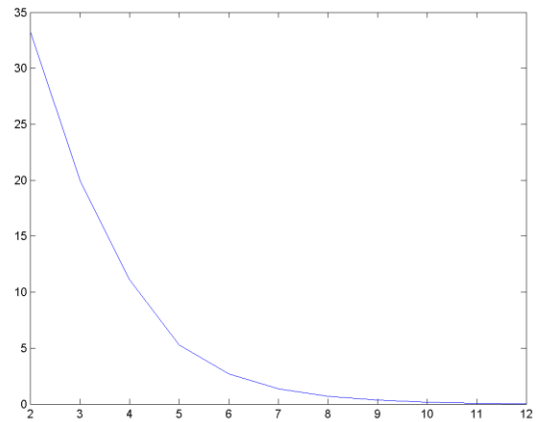


- $f(x) = e^{-x} - x$
- Solution  $x=0.5671$

$x_l=0, x_u=1.0$



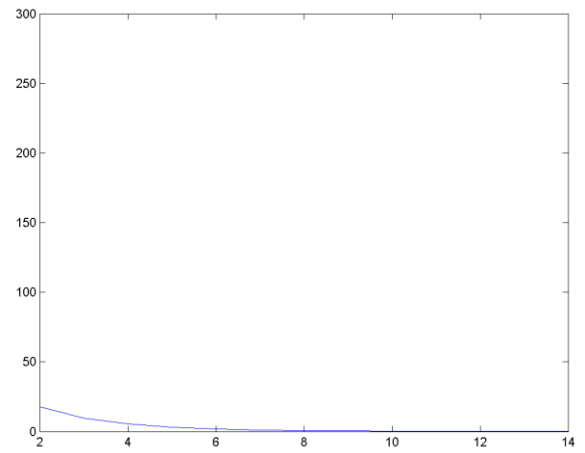
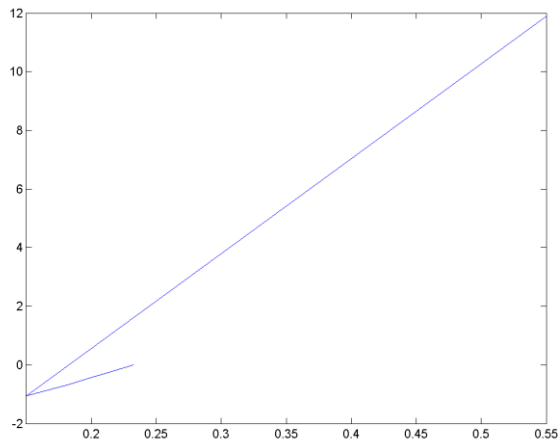
Plot  $f(x)$  vs  $x$



Plot rel error vs iteration

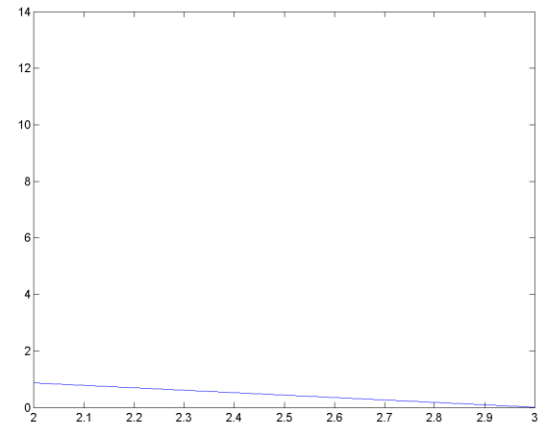
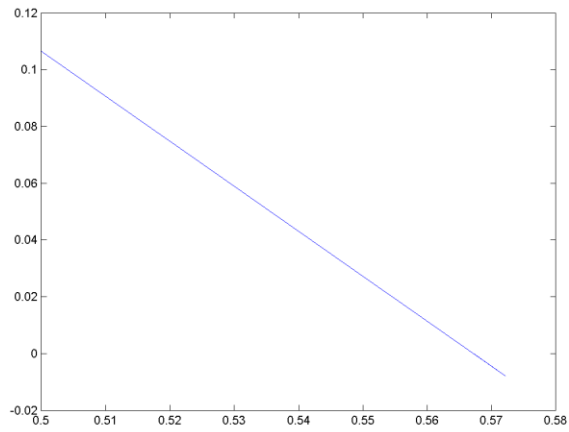
B) False position method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$ ,  $x_l=0.1$ ,  $x_u=1.0$   
Solution  $x=0.2322$



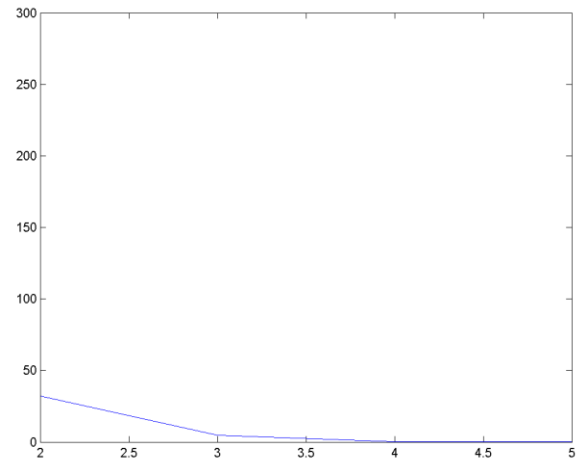
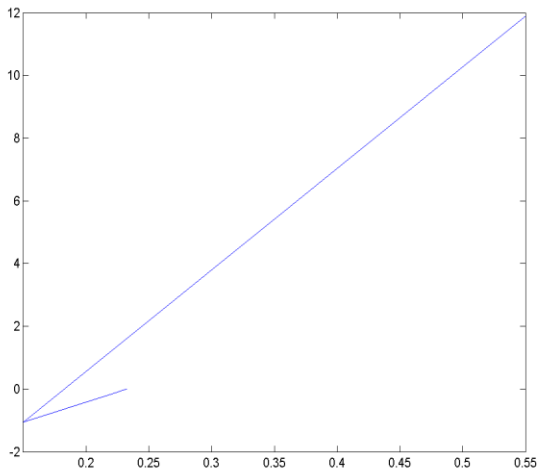
- $F(x) = e^{-x} - x$ ,  
Solution  $x=0.5671$

$x_l=0$ ,  $x_u=1.0$

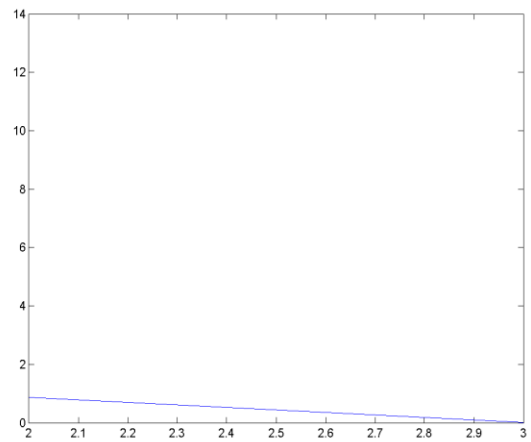
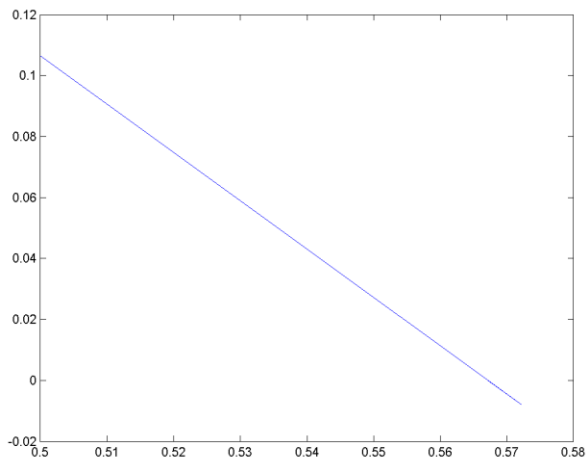


C) Modified false position method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$ ,  $x_l=0.1, x_u=1.0$   
Solution  $x=0.2324$

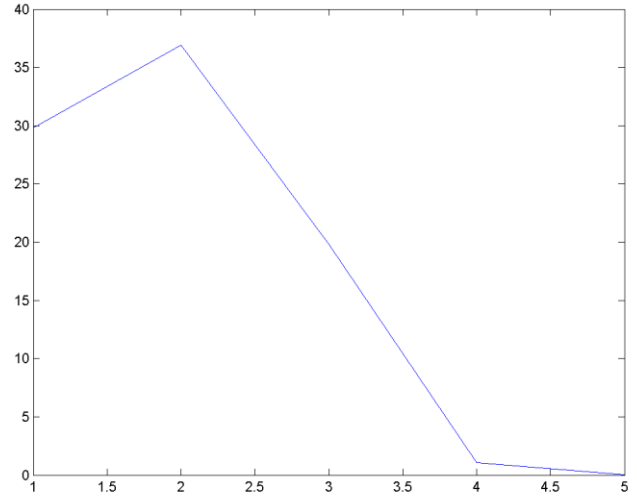
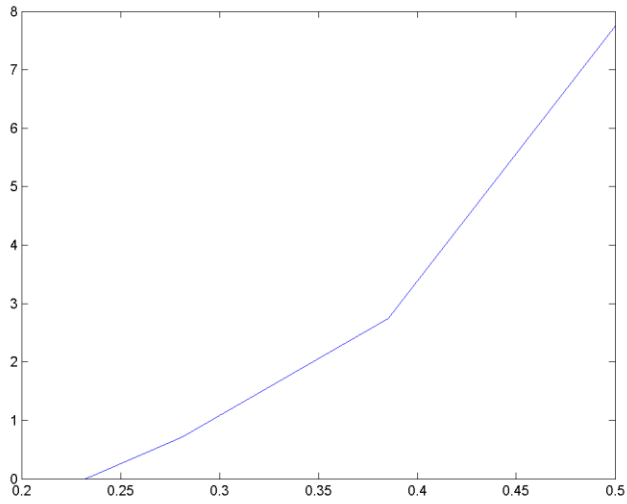


- $f(x) = e^{-x} - x$ ,  $x_l=0, x_u=1.0$   
Solution  $x=0.5671$



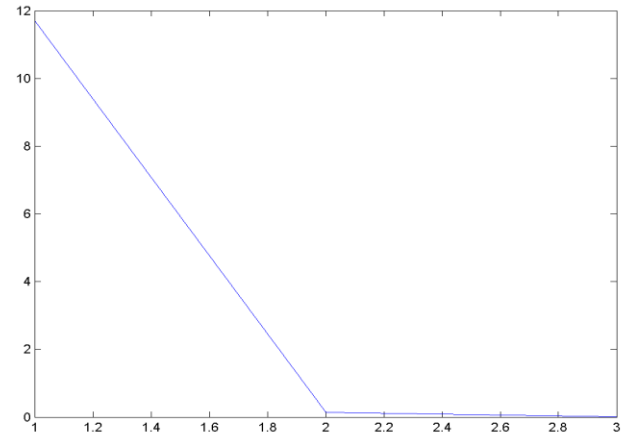
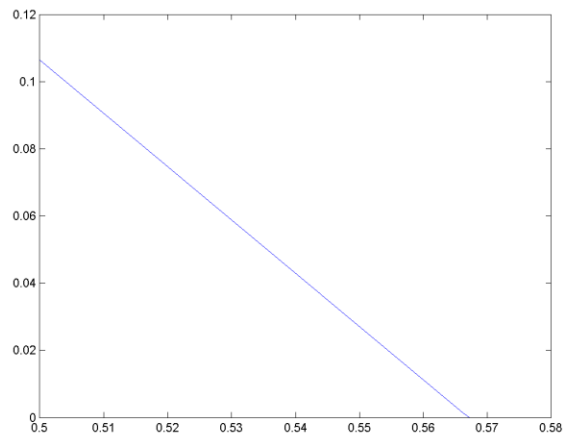
D) Newton-Raphson Method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$ ,  $x_0=0.5$   
Solution  $x=0.2325$



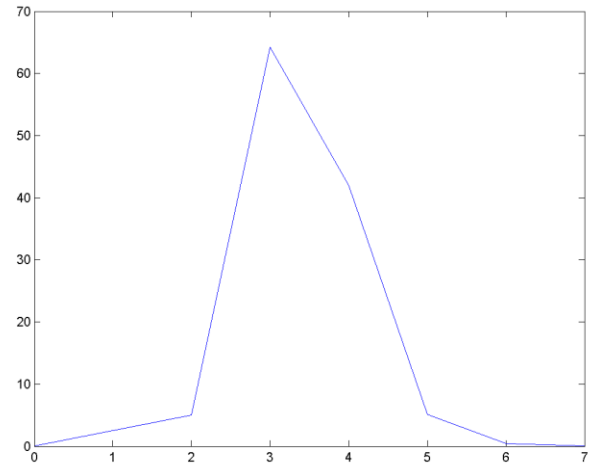
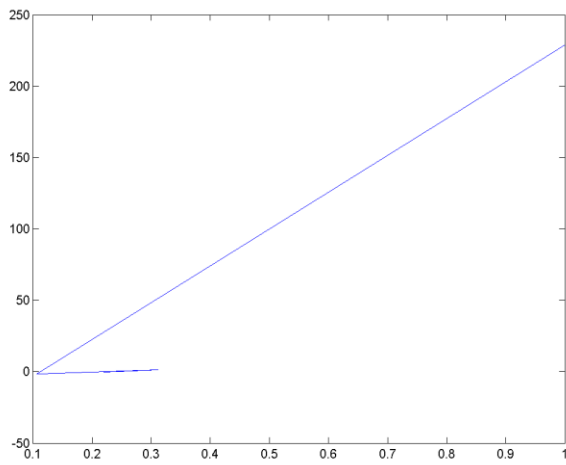
- $f(x) = e^{-x} - x$ ,  
Solution  $x=0.5673$

$x_0=0.5$



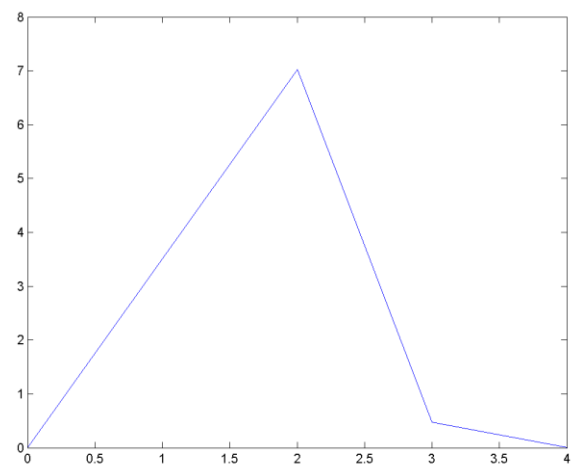
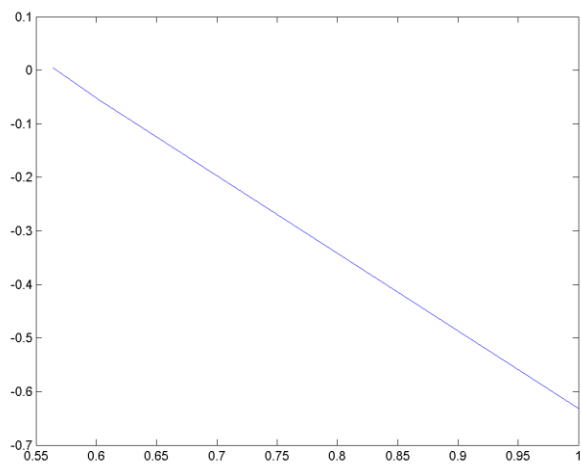
E) Secant Method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$ ,  $x_1=0.1$ ,  $x_0=1$   
Solution  $x=0.2324$



$$f(x) = e^{-x} - x, \quad x_0=0.1 \quad x_1=1$$

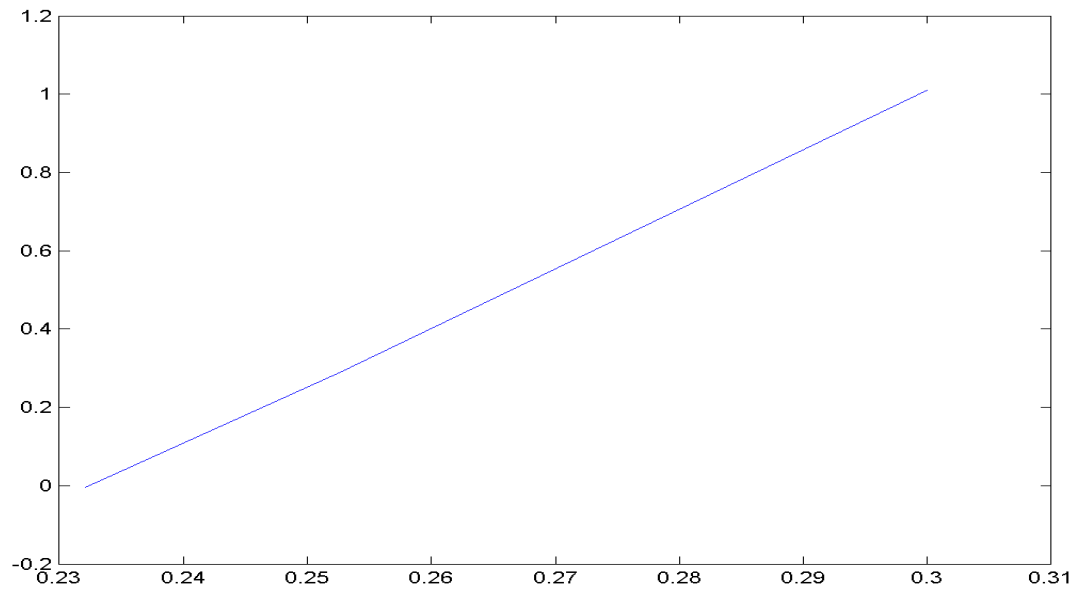
Solution  $x=0.5671$



Q.2)

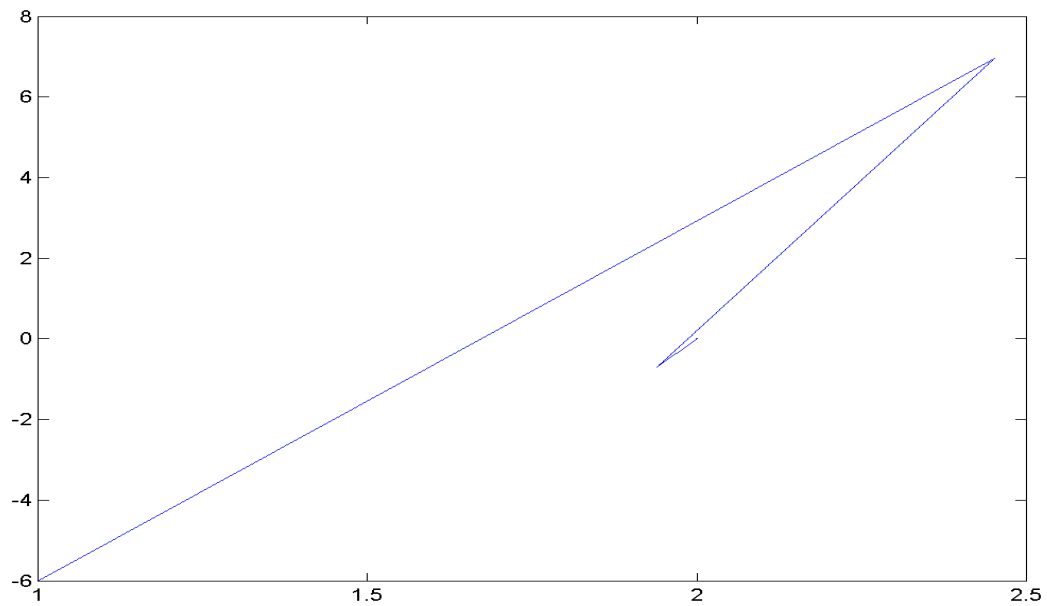
F) Muller Method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$  ,  $x_0=0.0$  ,  $x_1=0.1$  ,  $x_2=0.3$   
Solution  $x=0.2324$



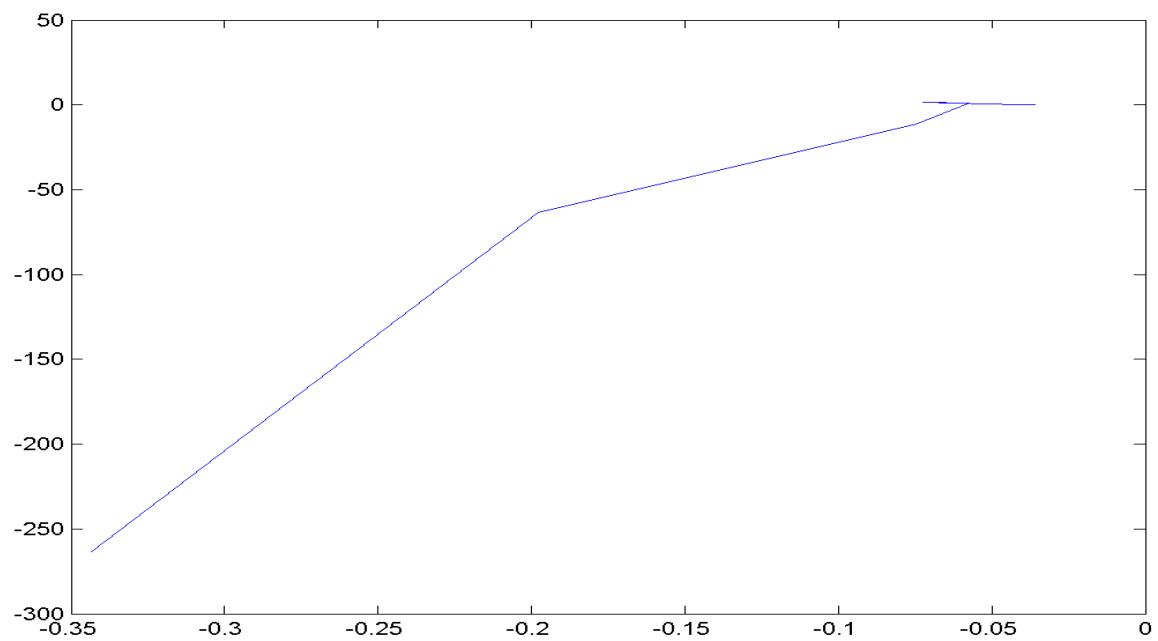
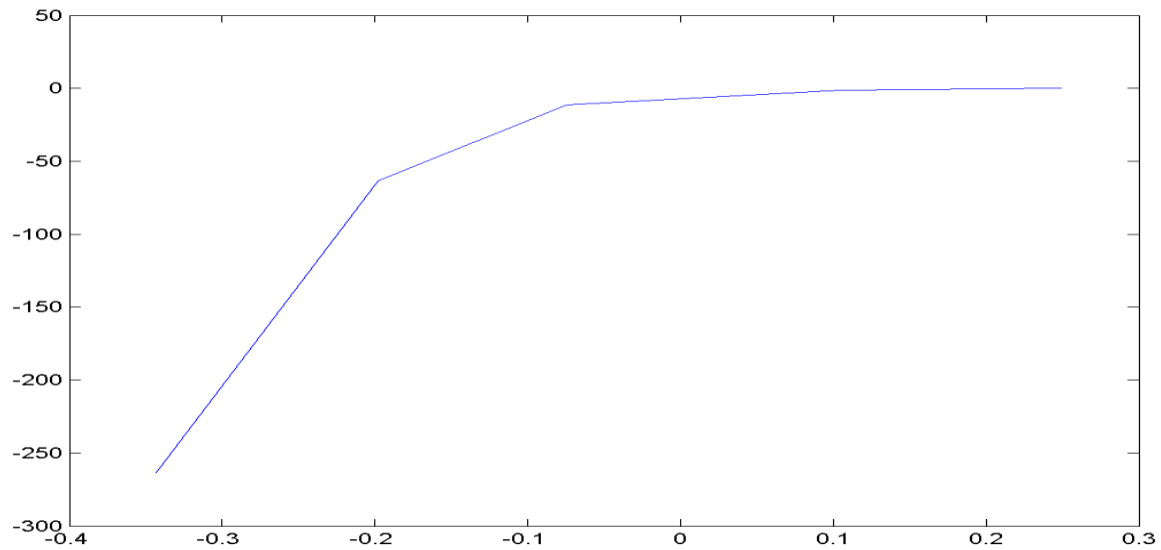
$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4 \quad , \quad x_0=0, x_1=0.5, x_2=1$$

Solution  $x=2$



(G)Bairstow Method:

- $f(x) = 600x^4 - 550x^3 + 200x^2 - 20x - 1$  ,  $r=-1$   $s=-1$
- Solution  $x=0.2324, -0.0358$



$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4 \quad ,$$

Solution  $x=2, -1$

