

## Statements

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Last time: syntax + semantics of expressions

Today: syntax + semantics of statements

$S ::= x := e \mid a(e) := e \mid \text{if } e \{ S \} \text{ else } \{ S \} \mid \text{while } e \{ S \} \mid S; S \mid \text{skip}$

$S_1; S_2$  sequence statements. Can be nested, right associative

$S_1; S_2; S_3 \equiv S_1; (S_2; S_3)$

Remember: As simple as possible.

e.g. no for loops

$\text{for } (x=0; x \leq n, x++) \{ S \} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x := 0; \\ \text{while } (x \leq n) \{ \\ S; \\ x := x + 1 \end{array}$

If without else? Use skip

```
r := 1;
while (n >= 1)
{
  r := r * n;
  n := n - 1;
}
```

At end:  $n \geq 1 \rightarrow r = n!$

Remember: No assignment expressions

$y = x++; \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} y := x; \\ x := x + 1; \end{array}$

# Small-step Operational Semantics

What a program means

How a program executes

Like a computer executing one step at a time

Configuration  $\langle s, \sigma \rangle$   
                    ↑  
                    Current program  
                    Current state (can change)

$\langle s_1, \sigma_1 \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_2, \sigma_2 \rangle$  "steps to"

In one step,  $s$  in state  $\sigma_1$  changes the state to  $\sigma_2$ , program to  $s_2$ .

When is it done?  $\langle \text{skip}, \sigma \rangle$

Program  $s$  terminates in state  $\sigma$  if there's a series of steps (starting in state  $\sigma$ )  $\langle s, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_1, \sigma_1 \rangle \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \langle s', \sigma' \rangle$ .

Sometimes just say " $s$  terminates" or " $s$  converges".

Not always true:  $\text{while } (1 > 0) \{ \text{skip} \}$

Rules tell us how to step programs  
(≥ 1 rule for each kind of statement)

$\langle x := e, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \sigma[x \mapsto \sigma(e)] \rangle$

$\langle a[e_1] := e_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \sigma[a[\sigma(e_1)] \mapsto \sigma(e_2)] \rangle$

↗ update an array element.

$\frac{\sigma(e) = T}{\langle \text{if } e \text{ then } \{s_1\} \text{ else } \{s_2\}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_1, \sigma \rangle}$ 
← Premise  
← Inference rule  
if [premise] then [conclusion]  
← conclusion

$\frac{\sigma(e) = F}{\langle \text{if } e \text{ then } \{s_1\} \text{ else } \{s_2\}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_2, \sigma \rangle}$

$\frac{}{\langle \text{while } e \{s\}, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{if } e \{s; \text{while } e \{s\}\} \text{ else skip}, \sigma \rangle}$ 
"axiom"  
← (inference rule w/ no premises)

$\frac{\langle s_1, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_1', \sigma' \rangle}{\langle s_1; s_2, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s_1'; s_2, \sigma' \rangle}$

$\frac{}{\langle \text{skip}; s, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s, \sigma \rangle}$

Examples

$\langle x := x + 1, \{x = 2\} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \{x = 2\} [x \mapsto 3] \rangle$

" $\{x = 3\}$ "

$\langle x := x + 1; y := x, \{x = 2\} \rangle \rightarrow^2 \langle y := x, \{x = 3\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow \langle \text{skip}; y := x, \{x = 3\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow \langle y := x, \{x = 3\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \{x = 3\} \rangle$

Can use to step over boring steps

$\rightarrow^n$   $n$  steps

$\rightarrow^*$  some  $n \geq 0$  # of steps

let  $W = \text{while } x \geq 0 \{x := x - 1\}$

$\langle W, \{x = 1\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow \langle \text{if } x \geq 0 \{x := x - 1; W\} \text{ else } \{\text{skip}\}, \{x = 1\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow \langle x := x - 1; W, \{x = 1\} \rangle$

$\rightarrow^2 \langle W, \{x = 1\} [x \mapsto 0] \rangle$

$\rightarrow^3 \langle W, \{x = 1\} [x \mapsto 0] [x \mapsto -1] \rangle$

$\rightarrow^2 \langle \text{skip}, \{x = -1\} \rangle$