

## "Nested parallelism"

$\langle (a := 1) \parallel b := g()), r := a + b, \{ \} \rangle$   
 $\hookrightarrow^* \langle (\text{skip} \parallel \text{skip}), r := a + b, \{ a=1, b=42 \} \rangle$   
 $\hookrightarrow^2 \langle r := a + b, \{ a=1, b=42 \} \rangle$   
 $\hookrightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \{ a=1, b=42, r=54 \} \rangle$

## A little more realistic

$s ::= \dots \mid s_1 \parallel s_2 \mid \text{wait}(a)$   
 $a \in \text{Threads}$

$$\frac{}{\langle s_1 \parallel s_2, \sigma \rangle \mapsto \langle s_1; \text{wait}(a), \sigma[a \mapsto s_2] \rangle}$$

a fresh Not used before

$$\frac{\sigma(a) = \text{skip}}{\langle \text{wait}(a), \sigma \rangle \mapsto \langle \text{skip}, \sigma \rangle}$$

$$\frac{\langle s_t, \sigma \rangle \mapsto \langle s'_t, \sigma' \rangle}{\langle s, \sigma[a \mapsto s_t] \rangle \mapsto \langle s, \sigma[a \mapsto s'_t] \rangle}$$

Why is the main thread special?  
 Instead of  $\langle s, \sigma \rangle$ , start with  $\sigma[\text{main} \mapsto s]$

$$\frac{\langle s_a, \sigma \rangle \mapsto \langle s'_a, \sigma' \rangle}{\sigma[a \mapsto s_a] \mapsto \sigma'[a \mapsto s'_a]}$$

# of processors resolve  
↓ data races

"Actual" parallelism:  $\bigwedge_{i \in [1, n]} \langle s_i, \sigma \rangle \mapsto \langle s'_i, \sigma'_i \rangle$  is p  $\sigma = \text{merge}(\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n)$   
 $\sigma[a_1 \mapsto s_1] \dots [a_n \mapsto s_n] \mapsto \sigma'[a_1 \mapsto s'_1] \dots [a_n \mapsto s'_n]$

Not limited to nested parallelism.

$e ::= \dots | a$

$s ::= \dots | x := \text{spawn } s' \text{ wait } x$

$a \text{ fresh}$   
 $\langle x := \text{spawn } s, \sigma \rangle \hookrightarrow \langle x := a, \sigma[a \mapsto s] \rangle$

$v(x) = a \quad \sigma(a) = \text{skip}$   
 $\langle \text{wait } x, \sigma \rangle \hookrightarrow \langle \text{skip}, \sigma \rangle$

while 1

do

$\text{add} := \text{listen}();$

$_ := \text{spawn } (\text{handle com add})$

od

Note: If  $\sigma(\sigma) = \text{skip}$ , then wait x is stuck! - Program must change  
if  $\tau \vdash \sigma$  and  $P \vdash \text{skip}$  then  $\langle s, \sigma \rangle$  final or  $\langle s, \sigma \rangle \rightarrow \langle s', \sigma' \rangle$   
 $\sigma \vdash s = \text{wait } x$  and  $\sigma(\sigma(w)) \neq \text{skip}$

So does that mean  $\sigma(\sigma(w))$  can stop? Yes, as we've set things up. But be careful!!

$x := \text{spawn } (\text{wait } y)$       Deadlock!

$y := \text{spawn } (\text{wait } x)$

## Futures / Promises

$x := \text{future } e$

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$\langle x := \text{future } e, o \rangle \hookrightarrow \langle \text{skip}, o[x := e] [x \mapsto ?] \rangle$   
placeholder

- $s \stackrel{?}{=} x := \text{future}(f(b))$  - spawns a new thread  
 $y := \text{future}(g(b))$  - spawns a new thread  
 $z := x + y$  - waits until  $x$  and  $y$  are filled in  
- same problem w/ progress

$\langle s, t \rangle \mapsto^* \langle z := x + y, \{a \mapsto x := f(c), b \mapsto y := g(c), x \mapsto -, y \mapsto -\} \rangle$   
 $\mapsto^* \langle z := x + y, \{a \mapsto x := 8, b \mapsto y := 5, x \mapsto -, y \mapsto -\} \rangle$   
 $\mapsto^* \langle z := x + y, \{a \mapsto \text{skip}, b \mapsto \text{skip}, x \mapsto 8, y \mapsto 5\} \rangle$   
 $\mapsto^* \langle \text{skip}, \{a \mapsto \text{skip}, b \mapsto \text{skip}, x \mapsto 8, y \mapsto 5, z \mapsto 13\} \rangle$

$a, b$  computed in parallel  $\Rightarrow$  Parallelism  
 $a, b$  computed when trying to read -  $\Rightarrow$  Laziness!