

# Course Syllabus Part I DSC 520 Statistics for Data Science

#### **3 Credit Hours**

### **Course Description**

The R programming language and software environment is commonly used to explore all types of data. Using R, students perform statistical tests on the data. Report writing and presentation of data are introduced.

## **Course Prerequisites**

Recommend DSC 500

#### **Course Objectives**

Students who successful complete this course should be able to:

- 1. Write R code to perform statistical tests on data sets.
- 2. Investigate R packages and libraries for research needs.
- 3. Evaluate and create data visualizations that are used for communicate stories from data.
- 4. Develop a workflow that supports reproducible results.
- 5. Research algorithms used for machine learning.
- 6. Discuss the ethical considerations with managing and reporting of data.

# **Grading Scale**

93 – 100% = A	87 - 89% = B+	77 – 79% = C+	67 – 69% = D+
90 - 92% = A-	83 - 86% = B	73 - 76% = C	63 - 66% = D
	80 - 82% = B-	70 - 72% = C-	60 - 62% = D-
			0 - 59% = F



## **Topic Outline**

- I. R Programming Environment
  - A. Integrated Development Environment (IDE)
  - B. Setting up R studio environment
  - C. Essential R programming terminology and syntax
- II. Statistics for Data Science
  - A. Examples of everyday uses
  - B. Domain specific uses
  - C. Emerging and future potential
  - D. Report writing and presentation of data
- III. R Programming
  - A. Data types
  - B. Control structures
  - C. Operators
  - D. Debugging and code quality assurance
- IV. Collecting Data for Statistical Uses
  - A. Importing and using data
  - B. Handling missing data
  - C. Developing a workflow
  - D. Reshaping data
- V. Built-In and Open Source Packages & Datasets
  - A. Importing and using R packages
  - B. Using built-in datasets
  - C. Documenting and managing R environment
  - VI. Statistical Tests on Data
    - A. Descriptive Statistics
    - B. Correlation
    - C. Distributions
    - D. Frequencies
    - E. Clustering
    - F. Time-series
    - G. Linear Regression
  - VII. Machine Learning Algorithms
    - A. Cluster analysis
    - B. Unsupervised learning
    - C. Supervised learning