

$$V_o(x, t) = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_o^+ e^{-iBx} + V_o^- e^{iBx})]$$

$$I_o(x, t) = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (I_o^+ e^{-iBx} + I_o^- e^{iBx})]$$

$$I_o(0, t) = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (\frac{V_o^+}{Z_0} e^{-iBx} + \frac{V_o^-}{Z_0} e^{iBx})]$$

(Continuity)

$$V_o(0, t) = V_i(0, t) \quad I_o(0, t) = I_i(0, t)$$

$$V_i^- = 0 \quad V_i^+ = V_s$$

$$\operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_o^+ e^{-iBx} + V_o^-)] = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_i^+ + V_i^-)]$$

$$\operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_o^+ + V_o^-)] = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_i^+)]$$

$$\operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (\frac{V_o^+}{Z_0} - \frac{V_o^-}{Z_0})] = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (\cancel{\frac{V_o^+}{Z_0} e^{-iBx}} + \cancel{V_o^- e^{iBx}})]$$

$$\operatorname{Re} [V_{s0} e^{i\omega t}] = \operatorname{Re} [e^{i\omega t} (V_o^+ e^{iB(-l)} + V_o^- e^{-iB(-l)})]$$

$$V_{s0} = V_o^+ (e^{iBl} + \frac{V_o^-}{V_o^+} e^{-iBl})$$

$$\frac{V_o^-}{V_o^+} = \tilde{P}$$

$$V_o^+ + V_o^- = V_i^+ \quad V_o^+ (1 - \tilde{P}) = V_i^+ \quad V_{s0} = V_o^+ e^{iB(-l)} (1 + \tilde{P})$$

$$V_o^+ (1 - \frac{V_o^-}{V_o^+}) = \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} V_i^+$$

$$\frac{Z_0}{Z_1} V_i^+ = V_o^+ (1 - \tilde{P})$$

$$V_o^+ (1 - \tilde{P}) = \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} (1 + \tilde{P})$$

$$V_{s0} = \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} (1 + \tilde{P}) V_o^+$$

$$1 - \tilde{P} = \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} + \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} \tilde{P} \quad 1 - \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} = \tilde{P} (1 + \frac{Z_0}{Z_1}) \quad V_o^+ = \frac{Z_0}{Z_1} \tilde{P} e^{iB(-l)} V_{s0}$$

$$\tilde{P} = \frac{1 - \frac{Z_0}{Z_1}}{1 + \frac{Z_0}{Z_1}} \quad P = Z_1 - Z_0 / Z_1 + Z_0$$

$$V_o^- = \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} V_o^+$$

$$V_o^+ = V_{S0} / (\cos(\beta L)(1 + p))$$

$$V_i^+ = \frac{3}{4} V_{S0} (1 - \gamma_2) (1 + \gamma_2)$$

$$V_o^+ = V_{S0} / (\cos(\beta L)(1 + \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0}))$$

$$V_i^+ = \frac{3}{4} \frac{V_{S0}}{\gamma_2}$$

$$V_o^- = \left(V_{S0} - \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} \right) / (\cos(\beta L) \left(1 + \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} \right))$$

$$V_o^- = \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} V_{S0} \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} / (\cos(\beta L) \left(1 + \frac{Z_1 - Z_0}{Z_1 + Z_0} \right))$$

2) $\lambda/L = 1/\pi$ $\beta L = 4\pi$ $Z_1 = 32\Omega$

$$p = \frac{32\Omega - Z_0}{32\Omega + Z_0} = \frac{22\Omega}{42\Omega} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$V_o^+ = V_{S0} / (1)(1 + \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{2}{3} V_{S0}$$

$$V_o^- = V_{S0} (1/2) / (1)(3/2) = V_{S0} / 3 V_{S0}$$

$$V_i^+ = 3V_{S0} (1/2) \times (1/2) = V_i^+ = 3V_{S0}$$

$$V_i^+ = \frac{Z_1}{Z_0} V_o^+ (1 - p) \quad V_i^+ = (3)(2/3 V_{S0})(1 - 1/2) = V_{S0}$$

$$V_i^+ = (2V_{S0})(1/2) = V_{S0}$$

$$V_o(x, t) = R_c [e^{i\omega t} (V_o^+ e^{-iBx} + V_o^- e^{iBx})]$$

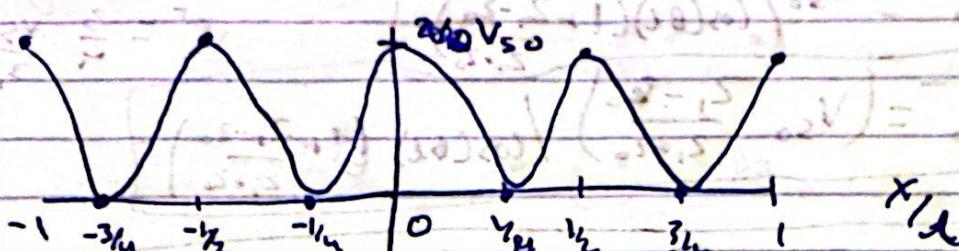
$$V_o(x, t) = V_o^+ e^{i(\omega t - Bx)} + V_o^- e^{i(\omega t + Bx)}$$

$$V_o(x, t) = \frac{2}{3} V_{S0} e^{i\omega t} e^{i(\omega t - Bx)} + \frac{1}{3} V_{S0} e^{i\omega t} e^{i(\omega t + Bx)}$$

$$V_o(y, t) = \frac{2}{3} V_{so} \cos(2\omega t - Bx)$$

$$V_o(x, 0) = \frac{2}{3} V_{so} \cos(-Bx) = \frac{2}{3} V_{so} \cos(Bx)$$

→ not sure how to get e out from $\cos(x)$ and *



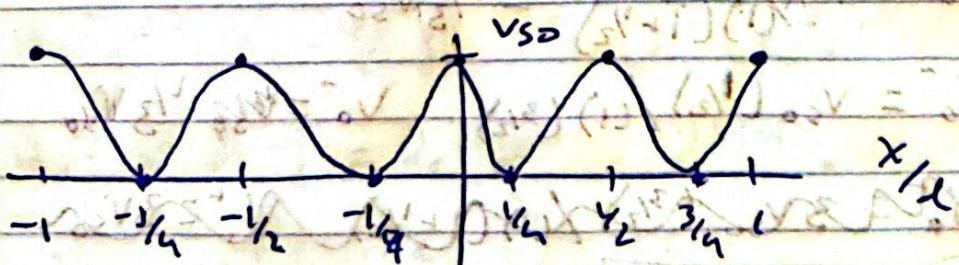
applicable region

$$V_i(x, t) = e^{i\omega t} V_o^+ e^{-iBx}$$

$$V_i^+ = V_{so}$$

$$V_i(y, t) = V_{so} e^{i\omega t} e^{i\omega t} e^{-iBx} = V_{so} \cos(2\omega t - Bx)$$

$$V_i(x, 0) = V_{so} \cos(-Bx) = V_{so} \cos(Bx)$$



→ applicable region

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{V}_o(y) &= \tilde{V}_o^+ + V_o^- = \frac{2}{3} V_{so} (\omega(-Bx)) + \frac{1}{3} V_{so} \cos(Bx) \\ &= V_{so} (\cos(Bx)) \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \quad \tilde{V}_o(x) = \tilde{V}_o^+(x) + \tilde{V}_o^-(x)$$

$$|\tilde{V}_o(x)| e^{i\phi} = \frac{V_{so} e^{i\omega t}}{(1+P) e^{iBx}} + P \left(\frac{V_{so} e^{i\omega t}}{e^{iBx}(1+P)} \right)$$

$$|\tilde{V}_o(x)| e^{i\phi} = \frac{2V_{so} e^{i(\omega t - Bx)}}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2V_{so} e^{i(\omega t - Bx)}}{3} \right)$$

$$|\tilde{V}_o(x)| e^{i\phi} = \tilde{V}_{so} e^{i(\omega t - Bx)}$$

$$|\tilde{V}_o(x)| = (V_o^+ + V_o^-)(V_o^+ - V_o^-)$$

$$\tilde{V}_o(x) = \tilde{V}_o^+ (e^{-jBx} + p e^{jBx})$$

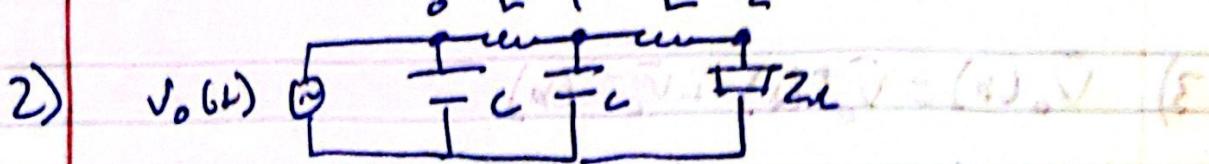
$$= (V_o^+)^2 (\cos(Bx) - i \sin(Bx)) + p (\cos(Bx) + i \sin(Bx))$$

$$= p \cos^2(Bx) + \sin^2(Bx)$$

$$= (\cos(Bx) - i \sin(Bx)) (\cos(Bx) + i \sin(Bx)) + p (\cos(Bx) + i \sin(Bx))$$

$$= \cos^2(Bx) + \sin^2(Bx) + p (1 + 2i \sin(Bx))$$

$$|\tilde{V}_o(x)| = V_{so} \quad \phi = \omega t - Bx$$



$$\frac{dI}{dt} = -L \frac{dV}{dt} \quad \frac{dV}{dt} = -L \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = LC \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$V_1 - V_0 = -L \frac{dI_1}{dt}$$

$$V_2 - V_1 = -L \frac{dI_2}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dI_1}{dt} = a_{11} I_1 + a_{12} I_2 + a_{13} V_1 + b_1 V_2$$

$$\frac{dI_2}{dt} = a_{21} I_1 + a_{22} I_2 + a_{23} V_1 + b_2 V_2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = a_{31} I_1 + a_{32} I_2 + a_{33} V_1 + b_3 V_2$$

$$\frac{dI_1}{dt} = 0 + 0 + (-i)V_1 + (1)\cos(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{dI_1}{dt} = V_0 - V_1$$

$$V_2 = I_2 Z_L = I_2 R$$

$$\frac{dI_2}{dt} = -R I_2 + \frac{V_1}{L} = a_{21} + a_{22} + a_{23} + b_2 V_2$$

$$\frac{\partial V_1}{\partial t} = I_2 - I_2 \frac{-C}{-C}$$

$$\frac{\partial V_1}{\partial t} = +1 + -1 + 0 + 0 + b_3 V_3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1(t) \\ I_2(t) \\ V_1(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial I_1}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial I_2}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial V_1}{\partial t} \end{bmatrix}$$

RHS

Steady State $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = 0$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_1(t) \\ I_2(t) \\ V_1(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(t) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_1(t) = \cos(t)$$

$$-I_2(t) + V_1(t) = 0$$

$$I_2(t) = V_1(t) = \cos(t)$$

$$I_1(t) - I_2(t) = 0$$

$$I_1(t) = I_2(t) = \cos(t)$$