

Properties!

And their relation to Types and Tests

Two ways of looking at properties

- The things that define an object.

```
-- | Product numbers are: [[:alnum:]]
-- unicode enc
-- Max length 140
-- Min length 1 (can't be empty)
newtype ProductNumber = ProductNumber { _unProductNumber :: Text}
    deriving (Show,Eq,Ord)
```

- The things that define what an object can do.

```
-- Product numbers uniquely determine a particular product
-- They can be sorted and compared
newtype ProductNumber = ProductNumber { _unProductNumber :: Text}
    deriving (Show,Eq,Ord)
```

- We will mostly be talking about the first.

The Haskell Toolbox

The skills to pay the bills.

- Type Encoding
- Smart Constructors
- QuickCheck
- Typed Transformation
- LiquidTypes

The Pattern.

The gist of what is going on...

- At the boundaries, use smart constructors and quick check to make sure types are built correctly.
- Use Type Encoding, Type Transformation, QuickCheck, and immutability to add or change data without having to recondition it.

Type Level Encoding

Put it where you can find it...

Create types to exactly match some set of properties.

e.g. ...

```
newtype FixedText (lengthMax :: Nat)    -- Max text length
                  (lengthMin :: Nat)    -- Min text length
                  (regex      :: Symbol) -- What characters are allowable
    = FixedText { _unMyText :: Text}
deriving (Show,Ord,Eq)
```

Correct By Construction!

```
-- Guarantees FixedText will have constrained length
-- and valid characters.
fixedTextFromString :: forall max min regex .
  ( KnownNat    max
  , KnownNat    min
  , KnownSymbol regex) =>
  String ->
  Either FixedTextErrors (FixedText max min regex)

fixedTextFromString str = final
  where
    max'      = fromIntegral $ natVal (Proxy :: Proxy max)
    min'      = fromIntegral $ natVal (Proxy :: Proxy min)
    isTooLittle = length str < min'
    regexStr   = symbolVal (Proxy :: Proxy regex)
    trimmedString = take max' str
    notRegex   = notValidRegex regexStr trimmedString
    final
      | isTooLittle = Left   FixedTextErrorMin
      | notRegex    = Left   (FixedTextErrorRegex regexStr trimmedString)
      | otherwise   = Right . FixedText .   pack $ trimmedString
```

Examples!

```
-- Just works, example
```

```
exampleFixedText :: Either FixedTextErrors (FixedText 30 1 "[[:alnum:]]")
```

```
exampleFixedText = fixedTextFromString "exampleText1234"
```

```
$> exampleFixedText
```

```
Right (FixedText {_unFixedText = "exampleText1234"})
```

```
-- Cut off too much input.
```

```
exampleOverflowProtection :: Either FixedTextErrors (FixedText 10 1 "[[:alnum:]]")
```

```
exampleOverflowProtection = fixedTextFromString "exampleText1234"
```

```
$> exampleOverflowProtection
```

```
Right (FixedText {_unFixedText = "exampleTex"})
```

```
-- Reject if invalid char
```

```
exampleInvalidChar :: Either FixedTextErrors (FixedText 30 1 "[[:digit:]]")
```

```
exampleInvalidChar = fixedTextFromString "exampleNotAllDigits"
```

```
$> exampleInvalidChar
```

```
Left (FixedTextErrorRegex "[[:digit:]]" "exampleNotAllDigits")
```

Make Mine a Monoid

```
-- Monoid instance with 0 minimum.
-- No FixedText besides one that has a minimum size of zero
-- should be a Monoid.
instance (KnownNat max, KnownSymbol regex) =>
  Monoid (FixedText (max::Nat) (0::Nat) (regex::Symbol)) where
  mempty = FixedText ""
  mappend s1@(FixedText str1) (FixedText str2) =
    either (const s1)
           id
           (fixedTextFromText (str1 <> str2))
```


Arbitrary, but really specific

```
-- Arbitrary instance
-- This arbitrary instance takes advantage of
-- the Monoid defined above
instance ( KnownNat      max
          , KnownSymbol  regex ) =>
  Arbitrary (FixedText max 0 regex) where

    arbitrary = let regexStr      = symbolVal (Proxy :: Proxy regex)
                  generatedString = Genex.genexPure [regexStr]

    in either (const mempty) id <$>
      QuickCheck.elements
        (fixedTextFromString <$>
          generatedString)
```

Finally, a Property Test!

```
qcProps :: TestTree
qcProps = testGroup "FixedText properties"
  [ QC.testProperty "((empty <> str) == str)"           leftIdMonoid
  , QC.testProperty "((str <> empty) == str)"           rightIdMonoid
  , QC.testProperty "(strA <> strB) <> strC == strA <> (strB <> strC)" associativityMonoid
  ]

type ExampleFixedText = FixedText 10 0 "[01233456789]{0,3}"
leftIdMonoid  :: ExampleFixedText -> Bool
leftIdMonoid str = ((empty <> str) == str)

rightIdMonoid :: ExampleFixedText -> Bool
rightIdMonoid str = ((str <> empty) == str)

associativityMonoid :: ExampleFixedText ->
  ExampleFixedText ->
  ExampleFixedText -> Bool
associativityMonoid strA strB strC = leftAsc == rightAsc
  where
    leftAsc  = (strA <> strB) <> strC
    rightAsc = strA <> (strB <> strC)
```

And the Results...

Progress: 1/2Tests

Properties

FixedText properties

```
((mempty <> str) == str): OK
+++ OK, passed 100 tests.
((str <> mempty) == str): OK
+++ OK, passed 100 tests.
(strA <> strB) <> strC == strA <> (strB <> strC): OK (0.01s)
+++ OK, passed 100 tests.
```

Victory!

Our Product Record

```
data Product = Product {
  productNumber      :: ProductNumber,
  productName        :: ProductName,
  version            :: ProductVersion,
  productCustomer    :: Customer,
  productDescription :: TText }
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

data Customer = Customer {
  customerName      :: CustomerName,
  customerNumber    :: CustomerNumber,
  customerAddress   :: CustomerAddress }
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

data CustomerAddress = CustomerAddress {
  street :: TText,
  city   :: TText,
  state  :: State}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

data State = Oklahoma | Texas | Kansas
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)
```

```
-- | Base fields
newtype ProductNumber = ProductNumber
  { unProductNumber :: TText}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

newtype ProductName    = ProductName
  { unProductName      :: TText}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

newtype ProductVersion = ProductVersion
  {unProductVersion    :: TText}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

newtype CustomerName   = CustomerName
  { unCustomerName     :: TText}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

newtype CustomerNumber = CustomerNumber
  { unCustomerNumber   :: TText}
  deriving (Eq,Ord,Show,Generic)

-- 140 characters alphanumeric unicode
type TText = FixedText 140 0 "[[:alnum:]]"
```

Arbitrary Generation

```
instance Arbitrary ProductVersion where  
  arbitrary = genericArbitrary
```

```
instance Arbitrary ProductNumber where  
  arbitrary = genericArbitrary
```

```
instance Arbitrary ProductName where  
  arbitrary = genericArbitrary
```

```
instance Arbitrary Product where  
  arbitrary = genericArbitrary
```

```
instance Arbitrary CustomerName where  
  arbitrary = genericArbitrary
```

...