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## Rate Parameter Calculation October 15, 2018

Solve system of equations:

$$1) \exp(\alpha + \beta * 0.5 + \gamma) = 1 - VE(v)$$

$$2) \exp(\alpha + \beta * 50 + \gamma) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1)/2) &= \exp(\beta(-45.5)) = \log(1 - VE(v)) \\ \iff \beta &= \frac{\log(1 - VE(v))}{-45.5} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) * 2) &= \exp(2\alpha + 50.5\beta + 2\gamma) = 1 - VE(v) \\ \iff 2(\alpha + \gamma) + 50.5\beta &= \log(1 - VE(v)) \\ \iff \phi = \alpha + \gamma &= \frac{\log(1 - VE(v)) - 50.5\beta}{2} \end{aligned}$$

To find  $\alpha$ , solve  $\int_0^\infty f_v(v|z=0) \exp(\alpha + \beta * v) dv = 1$

$$\begin{aligned} \iff \int_0^\infty \lambda_v * \exp(-\lambda_v * v) * \exp(\alpha + \beta * v) dv &= 1 \\ \iff \exp(\alpha) * \lambda_v \int_0^\infty \exp(-(\lambda_v - \beta) * v) dv &= 1 \\ \iff \exp(\alpha) * \lambda_v (-\frac{1}{\lambda_v - \beta})(0 - 1) &= 1 \\ \iff \frac{\exp(\alpha) * \lambda_v}{\lambda_v - \beta} &= 1 \\ \iff \exp(\alpha) * \lambda_v &= \lambda_v - \beta \\ \iff \exp(\alpha) &= 1 - \frac{\beta}{\lambda_v} \\ \iff \alpha &= \log(1 - \frac{\beta}{\lambda_v}) \\ \implies \gamma &= \phi - \alpha \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $\beta = \frac{\log(1 - VE(v))}{-45.5}$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \frac{\log(1 - VE(v)) - 50.5\beta}{2} \\ \alpha &= \log(1 - \frac{\beta}{\lambda_v}) \\ \gamma &= \phi - \alpha \end{aligned}$$