## Assignment 2

**ELEC 442 - Introduction to Robotics** 

Sondre Myrberg (81113433) Ola Helbaek (68776772)

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## Solving the inverse kinematics problem for the PUMA 560 robot

For the first angle,  $\theta_1$  we use that the centre of the spherical wrist,  $o_4$ , compared to the xy-plane is only dependent on  $\theta_1$ . We also know that for  $\theta_1 = 0$   $o_4$  must be in the plane defined by y - 149.09mm = 0. This gives us the relation between u and w, where w is the vector between the origin and  $o_4$  and u is the vector to where  $o_4$  would be if  $\theta_1 = 0$ , such that we kan use the inplemented function KahanP2. The relation is given as

$$||w||^2 = o_{4,x}^2 + o_{4,y}^2 + o_{4,z}^2 = u_x^2 + u_y^2 + u_z^2 = ||u||^2$$

$$\implies o_{4,x}^2 + o_{4,y}^2 + o_{4,z}^2 = u_x^2 + 149.09^2 + o_{4,z}^2 \qquad \text{as desired } z\text{-value doesn't}$$

$$\implies u_x = \sqrt{o_{4,x}^2 + o_{4,y}^2 - 149.09^2} \quad \text{change with } \theta_1$$

Given this and that  $o_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{\top}$  we can use the implemented function KahanP2 with  $s = \mathbf{k}_0$ ,  $\hat{\mathbf{u}} = \begin{bmatrix} u_x & 149.09 & o_{4,z} \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{w} = o_4 - o_0$ . The function is implemented as shown in Listing 1. In this implementation the function itself normalizes the vectors such that we do not have to think about feeding this into the function.

```
1
   function theta = KahanP2(s,u,w)
2
       s_hat = s/norm(s);
3
       u_hat = u/norm(u);
       w_hat = w/norm(w);
4
5
          s_hat '*cross(s_hat,u_hat) == s_hat '*cross(s_hat,w_hat
            theta = 2*atan(norm(cross(s_hat,(u_hat-w_hat)))/norm
6
               (cross(s_hat,(u_hat+w_hat))));
7
            if w_hat'*cross(s_hat,(u_hat-w_hat)) < 0</pre>
                theta = -theta;
8
9
            end
10
       else
            theta = 'The solution does not exist';
11
12
       end
13
   end
```

Listing 1: MATLAB implementation of the Kahan P2 problem