

# $K$ -means clustering

## Applied Machine Learning in Engineering - Exercise 03

TU Berlin, Summer Term 2025

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Merten Stender – [merten.stender@tu-berlin.de](mailto:merten.stender@tu-berlin.de)

---

In this exercise, you will implement the basic  $K$ -means algorithm from scratch. You can choose between two levels of implementation complexity:

- **Option A: procedural (lower complexity):** Complete a partially implemented procedural version of  $K$ -means provided in the file `my_kmeans.py` (available in ISIS).
- **Option B: object-oriented (higher complexity, recommended):** Implement  $K$ -means clustering from scratch using object-oriented programming. You can use the procedural code as inspiration for your class structure.

### Learning Objectives

- Understand the core components of the  $K$ -means clustering algorithm.
- Apply different distance metrics ( $L_1$ ,  $L_2$ ) for clustering.
- Visualize clustering results and interpret centroid positions and assignments.
- Handle edge cases such as empty clusters and monitor clustering metrics over time.
- Practice procedural and object-oriented programming.
- Validate your implementation against a standard library (scikit-learn).

### Data Set, Variables, and Helper Functions

The basic structure of the code is given ( `my_kmeans.py` ), and students need to fill in gaps when Option A was chosen. Please use the following variables in the implementation:

- `x` : a NumPy array of shape  $(N, n)$  containing the data where  $N$  is the number of data points and  $n$  is the dimensionality of the feature space.
- `K` : denotes the number of clusters.
- `labels` : a NumPy array of shape  $(N,)$  containing cluster assignments (indices starting from 0)
- `centroids` : a NumPy array of shape  $(K, n)$  storing the centroid positions

For a visual test, you can use the function `plot_clusters` from `utils_clustering.py`. Plot data points and clusters (no labels) using `plot_clusters(x=x, centroids=centroids)` and plot data points with cluster assignment using `plot_clusters(x=x, labels=labels, centroids=centroids)`. You can import functions from a different file using `from <otherFile> import <function>`.

## Task 1: Cluster Assignment Function

- Implement the function `assign_cluster()` using both  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  norms.
- Test your function using a small set of data points and two centroids. Inspect the output labels and visualize the result.

## Task 2: Centroid Update Function

- Implement the function `update_centroids()` using both  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  norms. Follow the code comments for guidance.
- Test your implementation on a small, hand-crafted set of data points. Plot the result and verify that the centroids match your expectations.

## Task 3: Convergence Check

Study the function `is_converged()` and annotate each line with a comment describing what it does. Discuss your understanding with a peer.

## Task 4: Main K-means Loop

You now have the building blocks to implement the full clustering routine:

```
kmeans_clustering(x: np.ndarray, K: int, norm: str = 'L2', init_centroids: np.ndarray = None)
```

- Write the condition for continuing the `while` loop.
- Use the functions from Problems 1 to 3 to perform:
  - Cluster assignment
  - Centroid updates
  - Convergence checking
- Test your implementation using the sample data provided at the bottom of `my_kmeans.py`.

## Task 5: Validation Against scikit-learn

Compare your implementation with `sklearn.cluster.KMeans` using the dataset `example_data_Kmeans.csv`.

- Do your cluster labels and centroids match those from scikit-learn?
- If there are differences, can you explain why?

## Task 6 (Optional): Handling Empty Clusters

Enhance the `update_centroids()` function to detect and handle empty clusters. If a cluster has no assigned points, call `relocate_empty_centroid()`.

## Task 7 (Optional): Track Clustering Quality

Modify `kmeans_clustering()` to compute and return the clustering metrics SSE (Sum of Squared Errors) and BSS (Between-Cluster Sum of Squares) at each iteration using: `sse()` and `bss()` from `utils_clustering.py`. Plot how these metrics evolve over the iterations of your K-means algorithm for the sample dataset.