DMA . Errien Changeff observed that the constraint on the base composition in DAA is much that $\chi_A = \chi_T$ and $\chi_B = \chi_C$ where χ_L represents molephonical

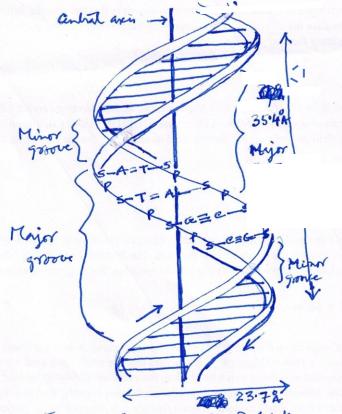
describe the composition of DNA.

The x-ray difficulties date of Dors motivale and the observation of chargeff to brakes and Crick to propose a mobil of double disaster Doop molecules.

- 1. Two polymelestife chains truning in opposite direction coil around a common axis to form a right-hander bouble helix
- 2. Purine and pyrimidine bases are on the inside of the helin, whereas phosphete and deoxyribose with are on the outside

3. Adenine (A) is paired with thymine (T), and quarine (Ge) with cytosine (C). An A-T base pour is held together by two hydropes bonds and that of a Ge-C base pair by three much bonts.

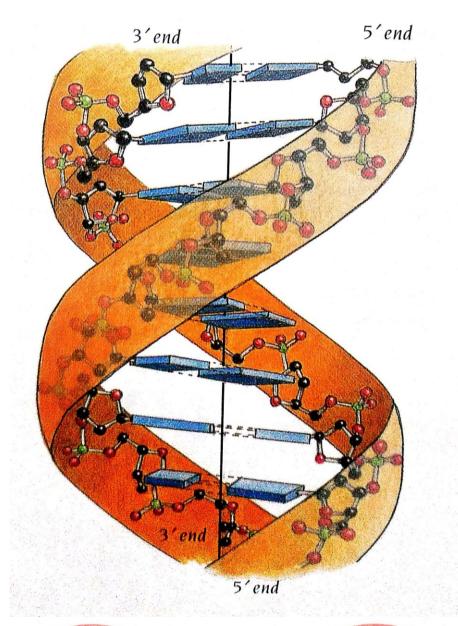
The common forms of DNA is tright hander as one looks down the double helix the base nesidues form a spiral in a clockwise direction.

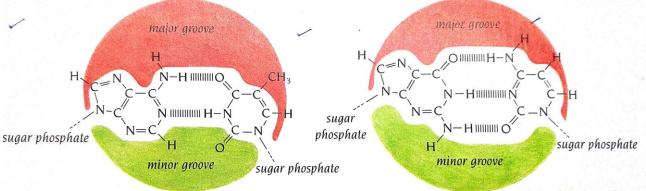


mobil of the bouble helical structure of the B-form of the width in 29 A, a one complete turn in 35 A one live of B-DNA includes ten bone pairs (64) => rise is 3.54 pur bp

P -> Phosphate; 5 -> sugar (deoxyribose)

H Guarvine Bise priving between deonyadenosine and thymidine medies the formation of two hydrogen bont? Three ruch bonts form betiteen deonycytistine and deonyquanorine. Broken line hepresents H-bonts





ADENINE: THYMINE

GUANINE: CYTOSINE

The most important feature of DNA double helin is the operation of the puring of bases. Adenine must pair with thymine and quanine with cytosine.

The duevoil is book that the state of the state of the purine of the purine of the purine. The glycosidic bonds that are attached to a bonder fair of besses are very nearly 10:8 4 sport. A purine-pylimidine base pair fils perfectly into This space. In contrast there is insufficient boom for two purines and there is more than enough apace for two pyrimitines, but they would be too for apart to form H-bonts. Adenine canno pair with extesine because there would be too hydrogens near one of the borting positions and none at the other. Likewise, guarine Cannot fin with thymine. The two whent of the double today helix, each of which possess a potenty, are antiparallel, i.e., one diand runs in the 5' to 3' direction and the other in the 3' to 5' direction. This is analogous to two parallel streets, each menning one way but carrying traffic in opposite tirelion.

Different forms of the double believe are possible. In B-DNA, the most abundant form of DAA in the cell, the double helin is right handed with a diameter of 2.37 mm and a pitch of 3.54 nm. The base base pairs are approximately penallel to each other and perpendicular to the central again. In A-DNA, In Souble helin is right handed but slightly wider, with a diameter of approximately 2:55 nm and a fitch of 2:53 am. The bare pairs are parallel to each Min but not perpendicular to the central areis of the helin. Southerdranded RMA and hybrid RMA-DMA, the assembly of one strand of hibronucleic and strand with a DNA strand, assume the A-form. The thind form of DNA, called Z-DNA, is left handed helix with a diameter of 1.84 nm, a pitch of 4.56 nm and a dightly titled arrangement of the bene pairs relatively to the central agoin of the believe. The physiological rate of Z-DroA is not certain.

DNA helin his major and minor gossover?

B-DOSA Contains his kind of Jossover, Colled major gossover (12 % mide)

as his minor gossove (6% mide). They arise because the glycosodie

bents of a base pair are not diametrically opposite to each other,

bents of a base pair are not diametrically opposite to each other,

they gossove

They have the solution of the solut

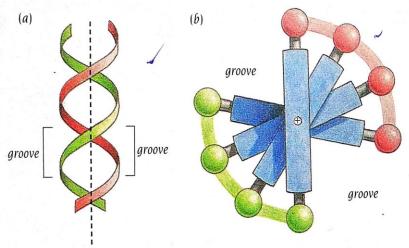
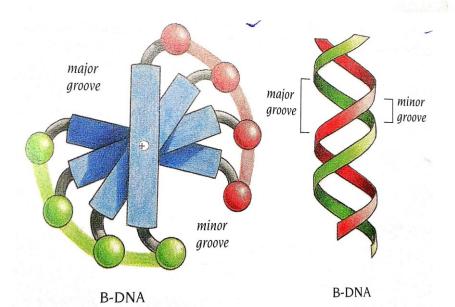


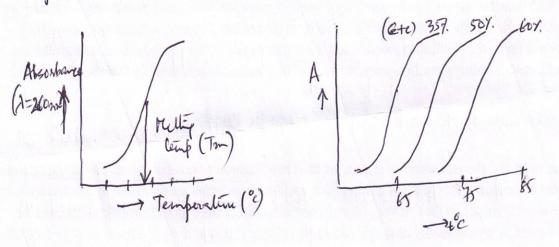
Figure 7.3 Schematic diagram illustrating that there are two similar grooves in a helical staircase. Four rungs are viewed from the top of the staircase in (b).



The mind grove contains the fyrignistine 0-2 and the purine N-3 of the base pair, and the mijor groose is on the opposite rise of the pair. Each grove is lined by potential hydrogen bond donen and acceptor atoms. The mijer groove is wider and keeper Nan minor one. In these grooves, protein can interest operifically with exposed stoms of the muelestite, unally by H bontry and thirty recognize and bin to repetite melective requires without disrupting the base pairing of the double helical DNA movemble.

deneturation (Kelling) of DWA;

The bouble-dianted abuschine of DAA can be reparated into the Component strands (melter) in robulion by increasing the temperature. The strands of a given molecule of DorA reparate over a range of temperature. The melling temperature (Tm) is defined as the temperature at Which half the helical abuiction is lost. The mellip of DATA is readily monitored by muswing its absorbance at 7=260 mm.



In is influenced by the base composition of the DNA. DNA trich in Ge-C pains, which have three hydrogen bonds, mells at a higher lemperature than that sich in A-T pairs, which have two hydrogen bonds.