

Lab Digital Assignment 6

TEXT VISUALIZATION

B.Tech in Computer Science and Engineering (CSE), Winter Semester 2020-21

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Slot:	L55 + L56	
Date:	29.04.2021	

Aim:

To visualize the Climate Change Twitter Sentiment Analysis dataset.

Importing the dataset:

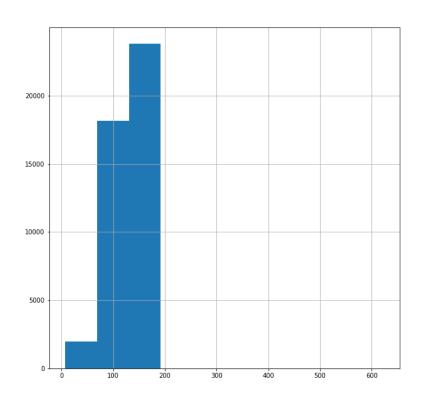
```
tsa = pd.read_csv("twitter_sentiment_data.csv")
tsa.head()
```

	sentiment	message	tweetid
0	-1	@tiniebeany climate change is an interesting h	792927353886371840
1	1	RT @NatGeoChannel: Watch #BeforeTheFlood right	793124211518832641
2	1	Fabulous! Leonardo #DiCaprio's film on #climat	793124402388832256
3	1	RT @Mick_Fanning: Just watched this amazing do	793124635873275904
4	2	RT @cnalive: Pranita Biswasi, a Lutheran from	793125156185137153

Visualizing distribution of length of tweets

Code:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
tsa['message'].str.len().hist()
fig.savefig("hist-length-of-tweet.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')
```

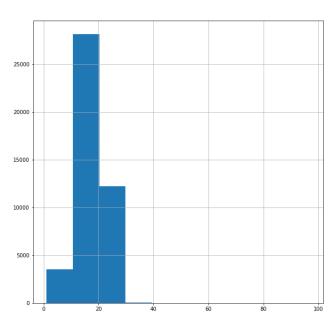


Visualizing distribution of the number of words in a tweet

Code:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
tsa['message'].str.split().map(lambda x : len(x)).hist()
fig.savefig("hist-no-words-of-tweet.png", bbox_inches = 'tight')
```

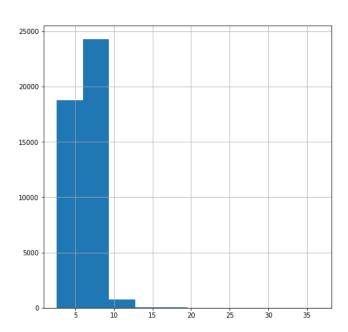
Output:



Visualization of the average length of a word in a tweet

Code:

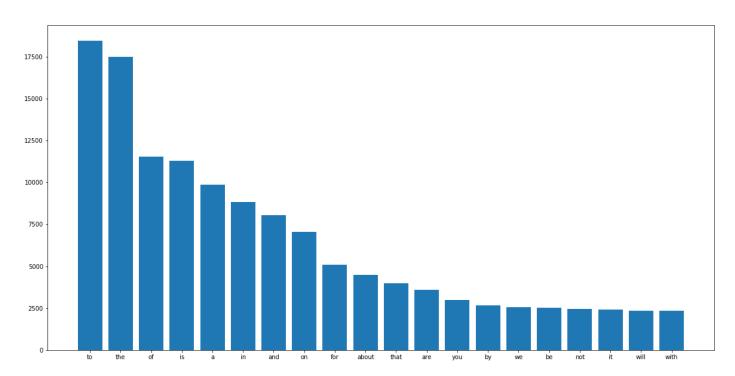
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
obj = tsa['message'].str.split().apply(lambda x : [len(i) for i in x])
obj = obj.map(lambda x : np.mean(x)) #map is only for pandas objects
obj.hist()
fig.savefig("hist-avg-wordlen-of-tweet.png", bbox inches = 'tight')
```



Frequency of stopwords in the tweets

Code:

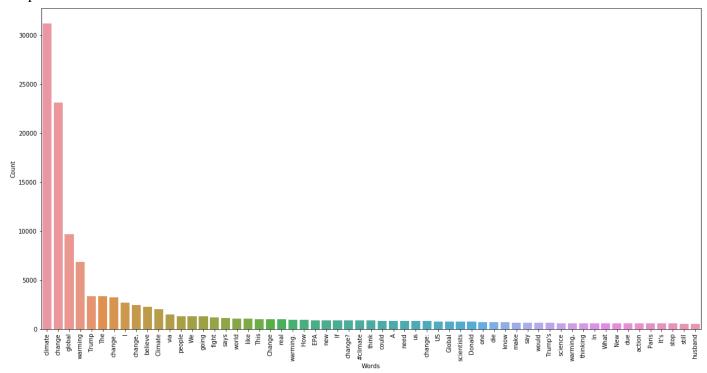
```
import nltk
# nltk.download('stopwords')
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop = set(stopwords.words('english'))
corpus = []
twt = tsa['message'].str.split()
twt = twt.values.tolist()
corpus = [word for i in twt for word in i]
from collections import defaultdict
dic = defaultdict(int)
for word in corpus:
    if word in stop:
        dic[word] = dic[word] + 1
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (20, 10))
top = sorted(dic.items(), key=lambda x:x[1],reverse=True)[:20]
x,y = zip(*top)
plt.bar(x, y)
fig.savefig("top-stopwords-bar.png", bbox inches="tight")
```



Frequency of words other than stopwords

Code:

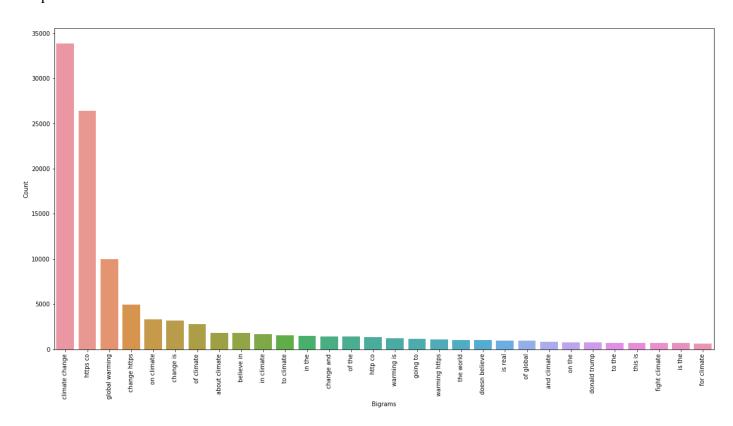
```
import collections
from collections import Counter
import re
def username filter(word):
     if (re.search (^{\circ}, word) == None and re.search (^{\circ} ((http|https)\:\/\/)",
word) == None
        and re.search("^&$", word) == None and word != "RT" and word !=
"|" and word != "-"):
        return True
    else:
        return False
filtered_corpus = filter(username_filter, corpus)
filtered corpus = list(filtered corpus)
counter = Counter(filtered corpus)
most = counter.most common()
x, y = [], []
for word, count in most[:125]:
    if (word not in stop):
        x.append(word)
        y.append(count)
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (20, 10))
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.xlabel("Words")
plt.ylabel("Count")
sns.barplot(x = x, y = y)
fig.savefig("freq-words-barplot.png", bbox inches = "tight")
```



Frequency of bigrams

Code:

```
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
def get top ngram(corpus, n=None):
   vec = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(n, n)).fit(corpus)
   bow = vec.transform(corpus)
    sum words = bow.sum(axis=0)
        words freq
                   = [(word, sum words[0, idx]) for
                                                           word,
                                                                   idx
                                                                        in
vec.vocabulary .items()]
   words freq = sorted(words freq, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
   return words freq[:140]
top n bigrams=get top ngram(tsa['message'],2)[:30]
print(top n bigrams)
x,y=map(list,zip(*top n bigrams))
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (20, 10))
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.xlabel("Bigrams")
plt.ylabel("Count")
sns.barplot(x = x, y = y)
fig.savefig("freq-bigrams-barplot.png", bbox inches = "tight")
```



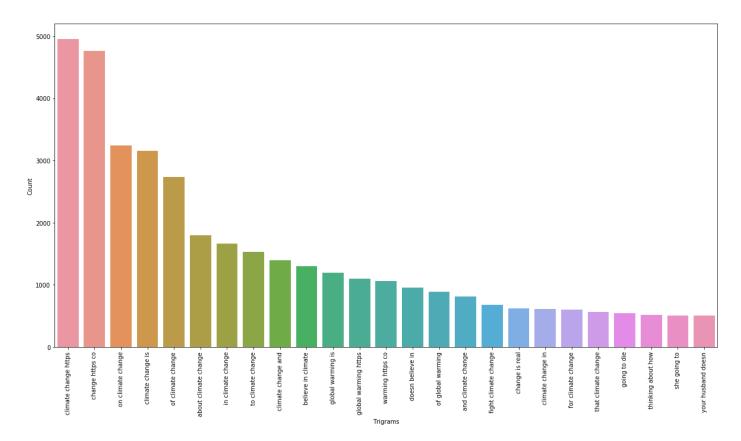
Frequency of trigrams

Code:

```
top_n_trigrams=get_top_ngram(tsa['message'],3)[:25]
print(top_n_trigrams)
x,y=map(list,zip(*top_n_trigrams))
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (20, 10))
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.xlabel("Trigrams")
plt.ylabel("Count")
sns.barplot(x = x, y = y)
fig.savefig("freq-trigrams-barplot.png", bbox_inches = "tight")
```

Output:

[('climate change https', 4948), ('change https co', 4756), ('on climate change', 3236), ('climate change is', 3159), ('of climate change', 2731), ('about climate change', 1802), ('in climate change', 1661), ('to climate change', 1534), ('climate change and', 1396), ('believe in climate', 1298), ('global warming is', 1197), ('global warming https', 1100), ('warming https co', 1061), ('doesn believe in', 955), ('of global warming', 890), ('and climate change', 812), ('fight climate change', 678), ('change is real', 626), ('climate change in', 612), ('for climate change', 606), ('that climate change', 562), ('going to die', 547), ('thinking about how', 512), ('she going to', 511), ('your husband doesn', 511)]



Preprocessing and Topic Modelling

0.004*"via" + 0.003*"tackle"')]

```
Code:
import nltk
import gensim
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk import punkt
from nltk import wordnet
# nltk.download('punkt')
# nltk.download('wordnet')
def preprocess tweets(df):
         corpus = []
          stem = PorterStemmer()
          lem = wordnet.WordNetLemmatizer()
          for tweet in df['message']:
                       words = [w for w in word tokenize(tweet) if ((w.lower() not in
stop) and username filter(w))]
                   words = [lem.lemmatize(w) for w in words if len(w) > 2]
                   corpus.append(words)
         return corpus
corpus = preprocess tweets(tsa)
dic = gensim.corpora.Dictionary(corpus)
bow corpus = [dic.doc2bow(doc) for doc in corpus]
lda model = gensim.models.LdaMulticore(bow corpus, num topics = 4,
id2word = dic, passes = 10, workers = 2)
lda model.show topics()
Output:
[(0,
           '0.072*"change" + 0.071*"climate" + 0.032*"http" + 0.007*"amp"
0.007*"n\'t" + 0.006*"people" + 0.004*"real" + 0.004*"believe"
0.004*"world" + 0.004*"say"'),
  (1,
          '0.076*"http" + 0.075*"change" + 0.074*"climate" + 0.014*"Trump"
0.006*"via" + 0.005*"fight" + 0.004*"say" + 0.004*"EPA" + 0.003*"n\'t" +
0.003*"Paris"'),
  (2,
           '0.074*"global" + 0.072*"warming" + 0.032*"http" + 0.011*"..." +
0.005*"n\t" + 0.005*"real" + 0.004*"weather" + 0.004*"Global" + 0.003*"like"
+ 0.003*"year"'),
         "0.060*"http" + 0.035*"Climate" + 0.024*"Change" + 0.02
```

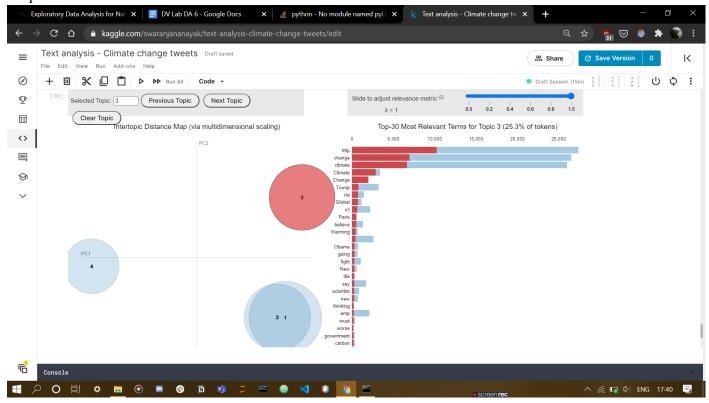
0.022*"climate" + 0.009*"Global" + 0.008*"Warming" + 0.004*"New" +

Visualizing results of LDA

Code:

```
import pyLDAvis
from pyLDAvis import gensim models
pyLDAvis.enable notebook()
vis = gensim models.prepare(lda model, bow corpus, dic)
vis
```

Output:



Wordcloud visualization

Code:

```
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
stopwords = set(STOPWORDS)
def show wordcloud(data):
    wordcloud = WordCloud(
        background color='white',
        stopwords=stopwords,
        max words=100,
        max font size=30,
        scale=3,
        random state=1)
```

```
fig = plt.figure(1, figsize=(12, 12))
plt.axis('off')

plt.imshow(wordcloud)
plt.show()
fig.savefig("wordcloud.png", bbox_inches = "tight")
show_wordcloud(corpus)
```

