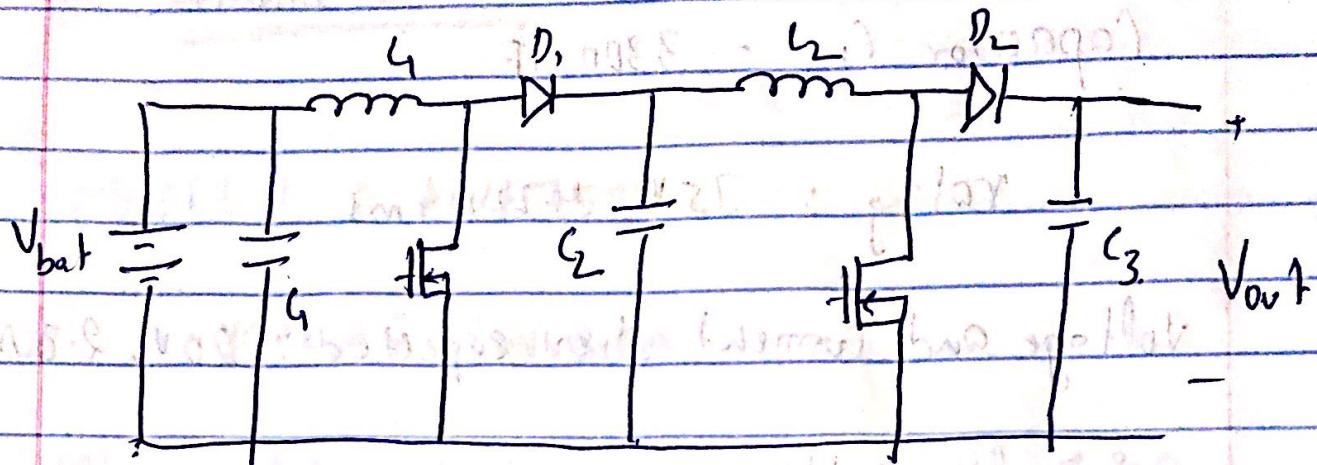


Pre lab Exp 4

## 1. Converter design.

(a) for output voltage equal 120V.

$$V_{bat} = 12V$$

~~Consider both MOSFETs are given same control pulse.~~

~~Duty cycle of both stages is constant.~~

So for first boost stage output across capacitor  $C_2$  is 43V

ANM 388 (12V is parallel to a 2 voltage)  
OR 8 volt com.

$$I = \frac{1}{100} A$$

So for 12V to 43V

$$W28 : EP - SI$$

duty cycle  $D_1 = 1 - \frac{V_{bat}}{V_{out}}$

$$= 1 - \frac{12}{43} = 0.72$$

$$D_1 = 1 - \frac{12}{43} = 0.72$$

for second stage (12V) now formula

43V to 120V

duty cycle  $D_2 = 1 - \frac{V_{out}}{V_{bat}}$

$$= 1 - \frac{43}{120}$$

$$= 0.773 = 0.6416$$

$$V_o (out) = V_o (in) + V_o (load)$$

Capacitor  $C_2$  is selected as  $\rightarrow$  UVR1J22L MHD  
 $\max I_{\text{rms}} = 2.3 \text{ A}$

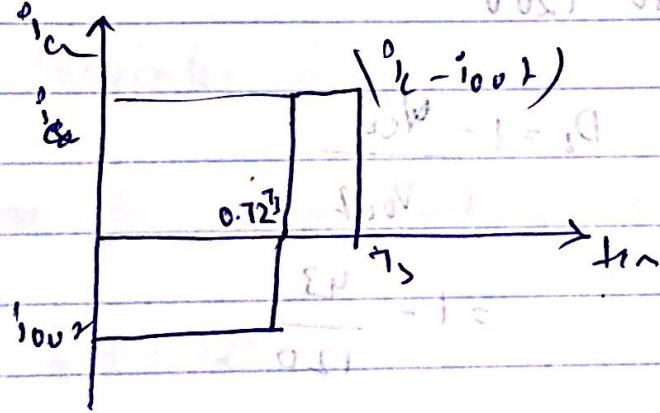
### Stage - 1

12 - 43 ; BS61

$$I_{\text{out}} = \frac{85}{43} = 1.97 \text{ A}$$

$$I_L = 7.08 \text{ A}$$

current across capacitor  $C_2$  based on  
 Voss of VTF



$$I_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{T(i_{001}^2 + 0.72^2 + i_{002}^2)}{2}}$$

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{(i_{001}^2 + 0.72^2 + (i_L - i_{002})^2)T}{2}}$$

$$= 7.18 \text{ A}$$

GRIMOFF 2 & 37(0)M *(probably)*

This current rating exceeds the rating of

Capacitor max rms current, so placing two capacitor in parallel to get total maximum current

Now max rms current we can manage is  $= 2 \cdot 3 \times 2 = 4.6 A$

for rms current calculation,

$$I_{rms} = \sqrt{I_x^2 \times 0.72 + \left(\frac{P_{max}}{I_x} - I_x\right)^2 (1 - 0.72)}$$

and  $I_x \times 43 = P_{max}$

$$P_{max} \approx 125 W$$

$$I_x = 2.9 A$$

$$I_{rms} = 4.6 A$$

Current with each capacitor  $= 2.3 A$

deleting  $MOSFET \rightarrow STP70N110$

$$I_{DS(on)} \text{ of } MOSFET = 11.60 \times 10^2 \text{ Ohm} \text{ (max) } (V)$$

Huge-1 conduction loss for max power

$$V_{DS(on)} = 10.41 \text{ V (max) with } V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$$

$$A = D = 0.78$$

$$P_{cond_1} = I^2 R \times D$$

$$= 1.25 \text{ W}$$

$$(570 \times 1) \left( \frac{(0.78)(0.78) + 570 \times 0.78}{51} \right) = 10.41$$

$$i = 2.907$$

$$D = 0.641$$

$$P_{cond_2} = I^2 R \times D$$

$$= 8.68 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$P_{cond_{\text{total}}} = P_{cond_1} + P_{cond_2} = 1.34 \text{ W} \text{ (max)}$$

(b) for output voltage equal 200V

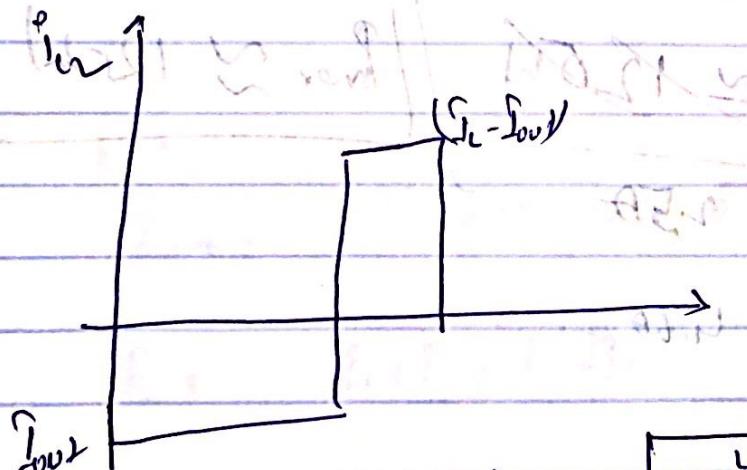
First stage

12V to 50V 0.85W

$$I_{out} = 1.7 \quad \text{duty cycle} = 1 - \frac{12}{50} = 0.76$$

$$I_L = 7.083$$

Current across Capacitor (202x)



$$I_{avg} = \sqrt{(4.7)^2 \times 0.76 + (7.083)^2 \times 0.24}$$

$$= 9.02$$

Two capacitors in parallel are placed.

Capacitor  $\rightarrow$  UVR1J22MHD

$$I_{rm} = 2.7A$$

Now Capacitors placed in parallel so

$$I_{max\ avg} = 4.6A$$

for max power

$$P_{max\ avg} = \int_{0}^{I_x} i_x \times 0.76 + \left( \frac{P_{max}}{I_x} - i_x^2 \right) \times 0.24$$

$$i_x \times 50 = P_{max} \quad (\text{approximate values})$$

$$\begin{cases} P_{max} \approx 12.5W \\ I_x = 2.5A \end{cases}$$

$$I_{rm} = 4.6A$$

for step - 2

50V to 200V

$$D_2 = 1 - \frac{50}{200} = 0.75$$

$\Rightarrow$  voltage drop.

MOSFET  $\rightarrow$  STP70N17D

$R_{on}$  of MOSFET =  $1.6 \times 10^2$  ohm. V<sub>DS</sub> = 11 volt

at  $P_{max} = 12.5$  W

H<sub>on</sub>-on conduction loss

$$P_1 = 16.41$$

$$D = 0.76$$

$$P_{cond1} = T^2 R_s D = 1.32 \text{ W}$$

Stage-2

$$I = 2.5$$

$$D = 0.76$$

$$P_{cond2} = T^2 R_s D = 7.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ W}$$

V<sub>DS</sub> of V<sub>D2</sub>

$$P_{tot2} = P_1 + P_2 = 1.29 \text{ W}$$

V<sub>DS</sub> of V<sub>D1</sub>

-for 120V wind load & I<sub>dc</sub> = 50Amp to m?

Stage - 1.	Stage - 2
12V to 43V	43V to 120V
Duty cycle	0.72
P <sub>max</sub>	125W.
MostFET conduction loss	1.34W.

for 200V

Stage - 1.	Stage - 2
12V to 50V	50V to 200V
Duty cycle	0.76
P <sub>max</sub>	125W
MostFET conduction loss	1.39W

## 2. Inductor design

Inductor is designed for 12V to 200V.

and  $P_i = P_{max} = 125 \text{ W}$

Stage-2: (~~12V to 50V~~) (50 to 200V) mfp

$f_s = 60 \text{ kHz}$  at base of air gap work

$D = 0.75$

$\Delta I = 15 \text{ A}$

$I_{max} = 2 \times \Delta I = 2.875$

$$L = \frac{V_{ov}^2 \times D^2 T_1}{2 \Delta I} = \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-4} \text{ H}}{2 \Delta I}$$

$P_{loss} = 1 \text{ W} \Rightarrow R = 0.16 \text{ ohm}$

$B_{av} = 6.37 \text{ T}$  (1.2 mm air gap to mid width)

Fill factor =  $k_u = 0.4$

$F_P = A$

$$kg \geq \frac{L^2 I_{max}^2 P_{sat} \times 10^{-8}}{\beta_{max}^2 \times R \times k_w}$$

Value of  $\beta_{max}$  &  $R$  depends on material

$$kg \geq 0.171 \text{ (for } \beta_{max} = 9 \text{ & } R = 1 \text{ m)}$$

a ferrite core PQ 72/10 with  $kg = 0.203$  is suitable

from PD 72/10 data sheet

$$A_c = 1.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$25.0 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$W_o = 0.471 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$N_{21} = 93$$

$$M_{LT} = 6.71 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{airgap } l_g = \frac{l_o \times L \times I_{max}}{\beta_{max} \times A_c} \times 10^{-3}$$

$$l_g = 6.576 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Number of turns } N = \frac{L \times I_{max} \times 10^3}{\beta_{max} \times A_c}$$

$$N = 47$$

$$A_{w\text{L}} \leq \frac{k_v W_n}{n}$$

$$A_{w\text{L}} \leq 4.01 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$V_A = A_{w\text{L}} L = 22$$

For stage -1 (50V to 200V)

~~$$f_s = 60 \text{ kHz}$$~~

For stage -1 (12V to 50V)

$$f_s = 60 \text{ kHz}$$

$$D = 0.76$$

~~$$\Delta f = 15 \text{ kHz}$$~~

$$I_{R_{\text{load}}} = I + \Delta I = 11.979 \text{ A}$$

$$L = \frac{\mu_0 A \times D \times I_s}{2 \pi l} = 48.6 \text{ mH}$$

$$P_{\text{loss}} = 1 \text{ W} \rightarrow R = 9.22 \text{ mOhm}$$

$$B_{max} = 0.3 \text{ T} \quad \text{at } I = 0.1 A$$

$$k_V = 0.4 \quad \text{at } I = 0.1 A \quad \geq 60$$

$$k_g > \frac{C g_{max}^2 f}{\eta_{max} \times R \times k_V} \times 10^6$$

$$k_g \geq 0.176 \text{ vsf} \quad \text{at } I = 0.1 A$$

a ferrite core PQ 72/10 is selected with

$$k_g = 0.20$$

(vsf of 45) - the spot of 10

$$A_c = 1.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$w_a = 0.47 \text{ cm}$$

$$MLT = 6.71 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{using } k_g = \frac{\text{Max Leaking}}{\text{Max AL}}$$

$$k_g = 0.566 \text{ mm}$$

$$H_K = 2.8 \mu = 2 \times 10^3 \text{ A/m}$$

$$m_0 \text{ m.s.p} = 8 \quad \leftarrow \text{but small}$$

$$\text{Number of turns } n = L \times D_{\text{max}} \times 10^3$$

$$n = \frac{L}{D_{\text{max}}} \times 10^3$$

$$n = 11 \text{ turns}$$

$$A_w \leq \frac{k_w w_A}{n_1}$$

$$A_w \leq 16.5 \times 10^3 \text{ cm}^2$$

use Aw & 16

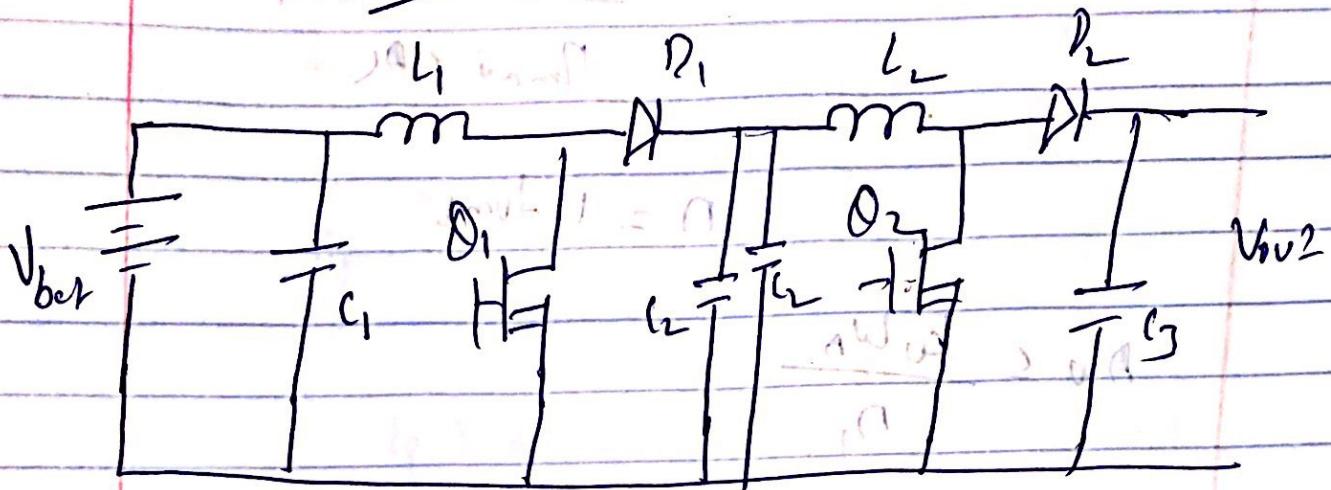
allowable stress = 100 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

allowable stress = 6800 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

allowable stress = 100 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

allowable stress = 6800 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Q. Loss Budget - A must to obtain



$\Rightarrow$  Capacitor  $C_1 = 330 \mu F$

rating ~~25V~~ 25V 0.865A rms

Capacitor  $C_2 = 2200 \mu F$

Rating 63V  $\rightarrow$  2.3A rms

Capacitor  $C_3 = 22 \mu F$

rating 200V 0.5A rms

MosFET

$\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2 \Rightarrow$  STP70N170

100V, 65A  
(p. 01 of forward)

D<sub>1</sub> D<sub>2</sub> D<sub>1</sub>  $\rightarrow$  FES16B7

100V, 16A

D<sub>1</sub> D<sub>2</sub> D<sub>2</sub>  $\rightarrow$  MUR44D

100V, 4A

Conduction loss for 125 h!

for MosFET.  $R_{on} = 19 \times 10^{-2} \Omega \text{ m}$

$$R_{on} = 19.5 \text{ m}\Omega$$

at stage-1 at stage-2

$$I_{in} = 10.41.0 \quad (f + C \times V) = 2.5 \text{ A}$$

$$D_1 = 0.76$$

$$D_2 = 0.75$$

$$P_1 = I_1^2 R_D$$

$$25 \times 0.76 \approx P_1 = I_1^2 R_{D_1}$$

$$\approx 1.6 \text{ W}$$

$$= 91.4 \text{ mW}$$

US. SPE (75%)

$$P_{total} = P_1 + P_2 = 1.69 \text{ W}$$

$$= 2.5 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{Total} = 1.69 \text{ W}$$

for Diode - FES1687

100M

If forward voltage  $V_F = 1.58$  V and  $I = 10.41$  A

Current  $I = 10.41$  A

$$D = 0.7607 \text{ A} \quad (\text{Ans})$$

$$P_1 = V_F \times I \times D$$

$$= 1.58 \times 10.41 \times 0.7607 \text{ W}$$

for Diode MUR440

forward voltage  $V_F = 1$  V (not given)

Current  $I_F = 2.5$  A

$$D = 0.75 \text{ A} \quad (\text{Ans})$$

$$P_2 = V_F \times I \times D$$

$$= 1.0 \times 2.5 \times 0.75 \text{ W}$$

Total diode conduction loss  $P_1 + P_2$

$$= 7.127 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Watt} = 7.127 \rightarrow \text{Ans}$$

$$Watt = 7.127$$

2

## Switching loss

from MOSFET Specs

turn on delay = 30ns

rise time  $t_r = 20\text{ns}$

turn off delay  $t_h = 65\text{ns}$

to fall time  $t_f = 20\text{ns}$

from Diode FES16BT

Recovery time = 9ns (approx)

$I_{PR} = 0.25\text{A}$

from Diode MUR440

Reverse recovery time = 50ns

$I_{RR} = 0.25\text{A}$

## Stage - 1 Switching loss

during MOSFET Turn ON - Diode Turn OFF

$$P_1 = \frac{1}{2} (t_r + t_{RR}) \times V_{DSS} (I_L + I_{RR}) \times f_s$$

$$= 0.211\text{W}$$

During MOSFET Turn off - Diode turn on

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{2} (t_h + t_f) V_{DSS} \times I_D \times f_S$$

$$Wd = 12 \quad p = 0.31 \text{ W} \quad \text{100% switching loss}$$

losses and heat up  $\rightarrow$   $Wd = 12 \text{ mJ}$

Stage-2

During MOSFET turn on - Diode turn off

$$P_3 = \frac{1}{2} (t_r + t_{rr}) \times V_D \times (I_L + I_D) f_S$$

$$2 \times 0.288 \text{ W}$$

$$= 0.576 \text{ W}$$

4) During MOSFET turn off and diode turn on

$$P_4 = \frac{1}{2} (t_h + t_f) V_D \times I_D \times f_S$$

No heat loss - no anti-parallel diode present

$$= 0.318 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{Total switching loss} = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + P_4$$

$$= 1.127 \text{ W}$$

## Inductor loss

Cone loss

for stage - 1

$$\delta I = 1.5625 \text{ A}$$

$$\Delta B = 40 \text{ mT} \approx 50 \text{ mT}$$

from "Ferrite material TDK PC44" Data sheet

$$\text{Power density} = 5 \times 10^3 \text{ W/m}^3$$

according to cone spec

$$A_c = 1.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$l_m = l_c + l_g = 2.12 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$\downarrow$  core length     $\downarrow$  air gap

$$\text{loss} \Rightarrow P_1 = \text{Power density} \times A_c \times l_m$$

$$P_1 = 1.76 \times 10^{-2} \text{ W}$$

for step-2

$$\Delta I = 0.375 \text{ A}$$

$$\Delta B = 40 \text{ mT} \approx 50 \text{ mT}$$

from 'PC44' Data Sheet

$$\text{Power density} = 5 \times 10^3 \text{ W/m}^3$$

$$P_{\text{max}} \approx P_{\text{min}} \approx 80$$

$$\text{Area of core} = A = 1.66 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{effective height} = h = 2.12 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Power}_{\text{in coil}} = \text{Power density} \times \text{Area} \times h$$

$$P_r = 1.76 \times 10^5 \text{ W}$$

$$I_m = \frac{P_r}{B_m \cdot A} = 3 \text{ A}$$

$$R_s = \frac{V_o}{I_m} = 10 \text{ ohm}$$

$$q_o = 0.01 \text{ (approx)}$$

$$N_o = \frac{V_o}{q_o \cdot B_m \cdot h} = 19 \text{ turns}$$

$$W_o = N_o \cdot R_s = 190 \text{ ohm}$$

## Copper Loss

- Referred to as

for stage - 1  $V_{SE} = 10V$  (approx)  $I = 1A$

Stage - 1 Inductor has wire AWG = #16  
effective  $R_{ohm} = 1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  ohm

$$WPL_1 = I^2 R = 10 \times 10^{-2} \text{ Joules} = 0.1 \text{ Joules}$$

$$\text{Copper loss} = P_3 = I^2 R = 1.0 \text{ W.}$$

WPL\_1 = 0.1 W (negligible)

for Stage - 2

Inductor has wire of AWG = #22

effective  $R_{ohm} = 1.68 \times 10^{-1}$  ohm

$V_{SE}$  = 10V (approx)

$$I = 2.5 A$$

$$\text{Copper loss} = P_4 = I^2 R = 1.05 W$$

Proximity loss is negligible

$$\text{Total Inductor loss} = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + P_4 = 2.16 W$$

## Loss Budget

Operating point  $V_{in} = 12V$   $V_{out} = 200V$

Output power  $P_{out} = 125W$

$$P_{in} = P_{max} = 125W$$

$$f_s = 60\text{ kHz}$$

MOSFET conduction loss  $= 1.39W$

Diode conduction loss  $= 7.123W$

Switching loss  $= 1.127W$

Inductor loss  $= 2.16W$

Total loss  $= 7.81W$

Predicted efficiency  $93.76\%$

$$93.76\% = 84.8 + 8 - 40\%$$

Total loss  $= 7.81W$