

1. 根據 phasor addition rule, 多個同 frequency 的弦波相加仍為 - frequency 相同的弦波

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{phasor addition rule} \\ x(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N A_k \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi_k) = A \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi) \\ \text{其中 } A e^{j\phi} = \sum_{k=1}^N A_k e^{j\phi_k} \end{array} \right]$$

<pf>

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= \sum_{k=1}^N A_k \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi_k) = \sum_{k=1}^N \operatorname{Re}\{A_k e^{j(\omega_0 t + \phi_k)}\} \\ &= \operatorname{Re}\left\{\left(\sum_{k=1}^N A_k e^{j\phi_k}\right) e^{j\omega_0 t}\right\} = \operatorname{Re}\{A e^{j\phi} \cdot e^{j\omega_0 t}\} \\ &= A \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi) \quad \# \end{aligned}$$

2. $x(t) = \frac{1}{T/2} t, 0 < t < 0.02, T = 0.04$

$$\begin{aligned} a_0 &= \frac{1}{T/2} \int_0^{T/2} x(t) dt \\ &= \frac{1}{T/2} \cdot \frac{1}{T/2} \int_0^{T/2} t dt \\ &= \frac{4}{T^2} \cdot \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_0^{T/2} \\ &= \frac{4}{T^2} \frac{T^2}{2 \cdot 4} = \frac{1}{2} \# \end{aligned}$$

3.

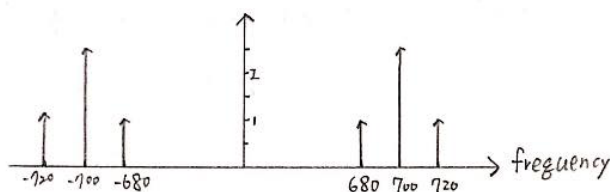
$$f(t) = e^{-at} \cdot u(t), a > 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(j\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-at} \cdot u(t) \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-at} \cdot 1 \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(a+j\omega)t} dt \\ &= \frac{-1}{(a+j\omega)} [e^{-(a+j\omega)t}]_0^{\infty} \\ &= \frac{-1}{a+j\omega} [e^{-\infty} - e^0] \\ \text{其中 } e^{-\infty} &= \frac{1}{e^{\infty}} = \frac{1}{\infty} = 0 \\ &= \frac{1}{a+j\omega} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{-at} \cdot u(t), a > 0 \xleftrightarrow{F} \frac{1}{a+j\omega}$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= v(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t) \\ &= [5 + 4 \cos(40\pi t)] \cos(1400\pi t) \\ &= [5 + 4[\frac{1}{2}(e^{j40\pi t} + e^{-j40\pi t})]] [\frac{1}{2}(e^{j1400\pi t} + e^{-j1400\pi t})] \\ &= \frac{5}{2}(e^{j1400\pi t} + e^{-j1400\pi t}) + e^{j1440\pi t} + e^{-j1360\pi t} + e^{j1360\pi t} + e^{-j1440\pi t} \end{aligned}$$



④

* $f(x) = a \cdot e^{-\frac{(x-b)^2}{2c^2}}$ ($c > 0$) Gaussian Function

$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt$ Fourier Transformation.

$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^{\infty} z^{\alpha-1} e^{-z} dz$, $z \in \mathbb{C}$, $\text{Re}(z) > 0$ Gamma Function

Let $t = x - b$, $f(t) = a \cdot e^{-\frac{t^2}{2c^2}}$

$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \cdot e^{-j\omega t} dt$

$= a \cdot \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{t^2}{2c^2} + j\omega t\right)} dt$

$= a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{2c^2}(t^2 + 2jc^2\omega t)} dt$

$= a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{2c^2}[t^2 + 2jc^2\omega t + (jc^2\omega)^2 - (jc^2\omega)^2]} dt$

$= a \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{2c^2}[(t + jc^2\omega)^2 + c^4\omega^2]} dt$, $j^2 = -1$

$= a \cdot e^{-\frac{c^4\omega^2}{2c^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(t + jc^2\omega)^2}{2c^2}} dt$

$= a \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{2}c} + \frac{j}{\sqrt{2}}c\omega\right)^2} dt$, $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}z = \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}c} + \frac{j}{\sqrt{2}}c\omega$, $z \rightarrow Z$

Gamma Function $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^{\infty} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x} dx, \text{Re}(x) > 0 \\ \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi} \end{array} \right.$

$x = z^2$, $dx = 2z dz$, $\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^{\infty} z^{2\alpha-2} \cdot e^{-z^2} \cdot 2z dz$
 $= 2 \int_0^{\infty} z^{2\alpha-1} \cdot e^{-z^2} dz$

$\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$, $\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\pi} = 2 \int_0^{\infty} z^{2\alpha-1} \cdot e^{-z^2} dz$

$F(\omega) = a \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-z^2} \cdot \sqrt{2}c dz$

$= a \cdot \sqrt{2}c \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}} \cdot 2 \int_0^{\infty} z^0 \cdot e^{-z^2} dz$

$= a \cdot 2\sqrt{2}c \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}} \int_0^{\infty} z^0 \cdot e^{-z^2} dz$

$= a \cdot 2\sqrt{2} \cdot c \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$

$= \sqrt{2\pi} \cdot a \cdot c \cdot e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}}$

其中 $\sqrt{2\pi} \cdot a \cdot c$ 是常数, $e^{-\frac{c^2\omega^2}{2}}$ 为 Gaussian