## **Assignment 3**

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<ul> <li>1. Prove or disprove the following statement. If all capacities in a network are distinct, then there exists a unique flow function that gives the maximum flow.</li> <li>•</li> <li>•</li> </ul>
2. An edge of a flow network is called <b>critical</b> if decreasing the capacity of this edge results in a decrease in the maximum flow value. Present an efficient algorithm that, given an $s$ - $t$ network $G$ finds any critical edge in a network(assuming one exists).
3. Let $G=(V,E)$ be an undirected weighted graph with two distinguished vertices $s,t\in V.$ Give an efficient algorithm to find a minimum weight cut that separates $s$ from $t.$
<b>4.</b> You are given a matrix with fractional elements between 0 and 1. The sum of all numbers in each row and in each column is integer. Prove that we can always round each element to 0 or 1 so that the sum of each row and each column remains unchanged and design a polynomial time algorithm to find such a rounding result.  •
5. Suppose that, in addition to edge capacities, a flow network has <b>vertex capacities</b> . That is each vertex has a limit on how much flow can pass though. Show how to transform a flow network

G=(V,E) with vertex capacities into an equivalent flow network G'=(V',E') without vertex capacities, such that a maximum flow in G' has the same value as a maximum flow in G. How many

vertices and edges does G' have?

6.	Consider a bipartite graph $G = (X \cup Y, E)$ with parts X and Y. Each part contains $2k$ vertices
(i.e	e. $ X  =  Y  = 2k$ ). Suppose that $deg(u) \ge k$ for every $u \in X \cup Y$ . Prove that G has a perfect
ma	tching.

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- 7. You are designing a experiment in which you want to measure certain properties  $p_1, \ldots, p_n$  of a yeast culture. You have a set of tools  $t_1, \ldots, t_m$  that can each measure a subset  $S_i$  of the properties. For example, tool  $t_i$  measures  $S_i$  may equal  $\{p_7, p_8\}$ . To be sure that your results are not due to noise or other artifact, you must measure every property at least k times using k different tools.
  - Give a polynomial-time algorithm that decides whether the tools you have are sufficient to measure the desired properties the desired number of times.
  - Suppose each tool  $t_i$  comes from manufacturer  $M_i$  and we have the additional constraint that the tools to test any property  $p_i$  can't all come from the same manufacturer. Give a polynomial-time algorithm to solve this problem.

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**8.** Consider a flow network G = (V, E) with positive edge capacities  $\{c(e)\}$ . Let  $f : E \to \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$  be a maximum flow in G, and  $G_f$  be the residual graph. Denote by S the set of nodes reachable from S in  $G_f$  and by T the set of nodes from which T is reachable in T. Prove that T if and only if T has a **unique** T minimum cut.

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