

## Homework 2: Due at class on March 15

1. For elements  $x = (x^0, \dots, x^n)$  and  $y = (y^0, \dots, y^n)$  of  $\mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus \{0\}$ , we define an equivalence relation  $x \sim y$  by

$$x = \alpha y \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}.$$

Let us define  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  by  $(\mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus \{0\}) / \sim$ . Show that  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  is a manifold and it is orientable if and only if  $n$  is odd. The space is called a real projective space.

2. Let  $(x, y)$  be the Cartesian coordinate of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $(r, \theta)$  be the polar coordinate of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Write a vector field  $X$  in terms of the Cartesian coordinate that generate a flow  $\varphi_t : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \cos t & -\sin t \\ \sin t & \cos t \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}.$$

This is the rotation in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . In addition, draw the schematic picture of the vector field  $X$ .

3. Let  $M_n(\mathbb{R})$  and  $M_n(\mathbb{C})$  denote the set of all  $n \times n$  matrices over  $\mathbb{R}$  and  $\mathbb{C}$ , respectively. We define

$$\begin{aligned} SU(2) &= \{A \in M_2(\mathbb{C}) \mid A^\dagger A = \text{Id}, \det A = 1\} \\ SO(3) &= \{A \in M_3(\mathbb{R}) \mid A^T A = \text{Id}, \det A = 1\}. \end{aligned}$$

3.1 Construct a double covering (2-to-1) map  $SU(2) \rightarrow SO(3)$ .

3.2 Show that  $SU(2)$  is diffeomorphic to  $S^3$  and  $SO(3)$  is diffeomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}P^3$ .

4. Let  $e$  be the identity element of  $SO(3)$ . Show that the tangent space  $T_e SO(3)$  at  $e$  is spanned by tangent vectors of curves in  $SO(3)$

$$\exp(tJ_i) = 1 + tJ_i + \frac{1}{2}(tJ_i)^2 + \dots$$

at  $t = 0$  where  $J_i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ ) are defined by

$$J_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad J_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad J_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Let us define the commutator by  $[X, Y] = XY - YX$ . Then, show that

$$[J_x, J_y] = J_z, \quad [J_y, J_z] = J_x, \quad [J_z, J_x] = J_y.$$

5. Show that the tangent space  $T_e SU(2)$  is spanned by  $i\sigma_x$ ,  $i\sigma_y$  and  $i\sigma_z$  (the Pauli matrices by  $i$ ).

6. Write down vector fields that generate the rotation along  $x$ -,  $y$ -,  $z$ -axis in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Find the commutation relations of these vector fields. Compare the theory of angular momenta in quantum mechanics.