

## Homework 10: Due at class on May 14

1. Derive **real** dimensions of Symplectic group  $\mathrm{Sp}(n)$
2. Show that Euler characteristics of a compact Lie group is zero.
3. Show that there are matrices  $A, B \in \mathfrak{gl}(n, \mathbb{C})$  such that

$$e^A e^B \neq e^{A+B}.$$

Modify this equation in such a way that the equality holds for those matrices  $A, B$ .

4. We have seen that  $\mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) = \mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{R}) / \{\pm \mathrm{Id}\}$  acts on the upper half plane  $(\mathbf{H}, \frac{dzd\bar{z}}{(\mathrm{Im} z)^2})$  as an isometry group:

$$\mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R}) \times \mathbf{H} \rightarrow \mathbf{H}; \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \cdot z \mapsto \frac{az + b}{cz + d}.$$

Show that this action is transitive and find the stabilizer subgroup of the point  $i \in \mathbf{H}$ . Find the fundamental group of  $\mathrm{PSL}(2, \mathbb{R})$ .

5. Show that  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{R})$  is a deformation retract to  $\mathrm{SO}(2)$  in the following way.

- Write an element  $A \in \mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{R})$  as  $A = (a_1, a_2)$ , where the  $a_i$  are column vectors. The Gram-Schmidt process replaces  $A$  to

$$\mathrm{SO}(2) \ni U = \left( \frac{a_1}{|a_1|}, \frac{a_2 - \frac{\langle a_1, a_2 \rangle}{|a_1|^2} a_1}{|a_2 - \frac{\langle a_1, a_2 \rangle}{|a_1|^2} a_1|} \right),$$

where  $\langle a_1, a_2 \rangle$  is the standard inner product of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Construct a deformation retract that connects  $A$  to  $U$  inside  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{R})$ .

Do the same exercise for  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{C})$  and which Lie group does it have a deformation retract to? Derive the homology groups and the fundamental group of  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{R})$  and  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{C})$ .

6. Let us define

$$\sigma_\mu \equiv (\mathbf{1}, \vec{\sigma})$$

where  $\sigma_i$  are the Pauli matrices. Compute that  $\det X$  where

$$X := x^\mu \sigma_\mu = \begin{pmatrix} t+z & x-iy \\ x+iy & t-z \end{pmatrix}.$$

Give the definition of the Lorentz group  $\mathrm{SO}(1, 3)$ .  $\mathrm{SO}(1, 3)$  is indeed not connected. Let us denote a subgroup of Lorentz group by  $\mathrm{SO}^+(1, 3)$  that satisfies the following two properties:

$$\det \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu = 1, \quad \Lambda^t{}_t \geq 1 \quad \Lambda^\mu{}_\nu \in \mathrm{SO}(1, 3).$$

Show that this subgroup  $\mathrm{SO}^+(1, 3)$  is isomorphic to  $\mathrm{SL}(2, \mathbb{C}) / \{\pm \mathrm{Id}\}$ . Derive the fundamental group  $\pi_1(\mathrm{SO}^+(1, 3))$ .