### Instructions:

- This project was written in C++ on Visual Studio and is saved as a .cpp file.
- Before running the program you need to have input files in the same folder as the .cpp so that you can read from them.
- On line number 307, which is shown here: "file.open("Input1.txt");", you need to input the file that you want the program to read from.
- In order to write to a file, that file must be in the same folder as the .cpp
- To indicate which file you want the program to print the results to, you can change the filename on line 292, shown here: "myfile.open("Output1.txt");".
- The file that is written to should appear in the same file folder that houses your .cpp file and your input files after the program is run.

## Formulation:

- The set of variables X = {x1,x2,etc} consists of each square in the sudoku puzzle. Each square is a separate variable. There are 9 rows and 9 columns, so there are 81 different variables.
- The set of domains D = {d1,d2,etc} consists of the integers from 1 to 9 inclusive. The domains shift during computation for each variable but the values stay within 1 to 9 inclusive.
- The set of constraints C = {c1,c2,etc} is that all items in a shared row, in a shared column, and in a shared block have to be a different number. Every variable in a row, column, or block is constrained by the other variables that are also in that row, column, or block

#### **Source Code:**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <sstream>
#include <tuple>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
```

bool is\_complete(vector<int>& content) { //checks to see if the sudoko board is completely filled out

```
for (size_t i = 0; i < content.size(); ++i) {
    if (content[i] == 0) { //if an empty space is found its false
        return false:</pre>
```

```
}
       }
       return true;
}
bool determine poss values(vector<int>& content, vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>&
rows columns) { //analyzes the board
       for (size_t i = 0; i < content.size(); ++i) { //determines for each variable its possible values
(iterates over the entire board)
               get<3>(rows columns[i]).clear(); //clears whatever possible values were there
before
               if (content[i] != 0) { //if content is not zero it already has a value assigned to it
                       continue;
               vector<int> curr row vals;
               vector<int> curr_column_vals;
               vector<int> curr_block_vals;
               vector<int> possible vals;
               curr_row_vals.push_back(content[i]); //the variables in the same row as the
current
               curr column vals.push back(content[i]); //same column as current
               curr_block_vals.push_back(content[i]);//same block as current
               for (size t = 0; j < content.size(); ++j) {
                       if ((i!=i) \&\& (get<0>(rows columns[i]) == get<0>(rows columns[i]))) { //if
each variable has the same row and isn't the current variable
                              curr row vals.push back(content[j]);
                       if ((i!=j) \&\& (get<1>(rows columns[i]) == get<1>(rows columns[i]))) {//if}
each variable has the same column and isn't the current variable
                              curr_column_vals.push_back(content[j]);
                       if ((i != j) && (get<2>(rows_columns[i]) == get<2>(rows_columns[j]))) {//if
each variable has the same 3x3 block and isn't the current variable
                              curr_block_vals.push_back(content[j]);
                       }
               for (size_t j = 1; j < 10; ++j) { //iterates through every possible value (1 to 9)
                       bool already exists = false;
                       for (size_t k = 0; k < curr_row_vals.size(); ++k) {
                              if (curr row vals[k] == j) { //sees if value is already in the current
variables (i) row
                                      already_exists = true;
                                      break;
                              }
```

```
}
                       if (already_exists != true) {
                               for (size t k = 0; k < curr column vals.size(); ++k) {
                                       if (curr_column_vals[k] == j) { //sees if value is already in
the current var column
                                              already exists = true;
                                              break;
                                      }
                               }
                       }
                       if (already_exists != true) {
                               for (size_t k = 0; k < curr_block_vals.size(); ++k) {
                                       if (curr block vals[k] == j) { //sees if value is already in the
current var block
                                              already exists = true;
                                              break;
                                      }
                              }
                       if (already exists == false) { //if the value does not exist in any of the
above then it's added to the possible values for that variable
                               get<3>(rows_columns[i]).push_back(j);
                       }
               }
               if (get<3>(rows_columns[i]).size() == 0) { //if there are no possible values left and
since it's established to be 0 then it's an inconsistency and failure
                       return false:
               }
       }
       return true;
int degree test(vector<int>& content, vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>& rows columns,
vector<int>& mrv_winners) { //determines which mrv winner has the highest number of variables
it constrains
       int max = 0;
       vector<tuple<int, int>> constraint vals; //first int is the cumulative number of variables it
constrains and second int is the original value to be able to return it
       vector<int> degree winners;
       int rand index = 0;
       for (size_t i = 0; i < mrv_winners.size(); ++i) {
               int num in rows = 0;
               int num_in_cols = 0;
               int num in blocks = 0;
               for (size_t j = 0; j < rows_columns.size(); ++j) {
```

```
if ((j == mrv_winners[i]) || (content[j] != 0)) { //if the iteration is the current
var or already assigned then skip
                             continue;
                      if (get<0>(rows_columns[j]) == get<0>(rows_columns[mrv_winners[i]])) {
//if row equals current val add one
                             num in rows += 1;
                      if (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) == get<1>(rows_columns[mrv_winners[i]]))
{//if column equals add one
                             num_in_cols += 1;
                      if ((get<2>(rows_columns[i]) == get<2>(rows_columns[mrv_winners[i]]))
&& (get<0>(rows_columns[i]) != get<0>(rows_columns[mrv_winners[i]])) &&
(get<1>(rows columns[i]) != get<1>(rows columns[mrv winners[i]]))) {
                             num_in_blocks += 1; //if block equals and it is not in the same row
or column (those were already counted above) (it prevents repeat counting)
              }
              constraint vals.push back(make tuple(num in rows + num in cols +
num in blocks, mrv winners[i])); //holds the constraint values for each of the mrv winners
       for (size t i = 0; i < constraint vals.size(); ++i) { //determines the max value out of the
constraint values
              if (get<0>(constraint_vals[i]) > max) {
                      max = get<0>(constraint vals[i]);
              }
       }
       for (size_t i = 0; i < constraint_vals.size(); ++i) { //sees if there are any duplicate max
values in the list
              if (get<0>(constraint_vals[i]) == max) {
                      degree_winners.push_back(get<1>(constraint_vals[i])); //every var that
has that value is added to the list of winners
       }
       if (degree_winners.size() > 1) { //if its still more than 1 left choose randomly
              srand(time(0)); //prevents random function from returning the same value each
time
              rand_index = degree_winners[rand() % degree_winners.size()]; //random winner
is chosen
       }
       else {
              rand_index = degree_winners[0]; //only 1 winner
       }
```

```
return rand_index;
}
int select_unassigned_variables(vector<int>& content, vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>&
rows columns) { //determines which variable should be chosen next
       vector<int> mrv winners;
       int min = 15;
       int index = 0;
       for (size_t i = 0; i < rows_columns.size(); ++i) { //determines and compares the number
of possible values that each variable has
               int curr size = get<3>(rows columns[i]).size();
               if (curr_size == 0) { //already assigned
                       continue;
               if (i == 0) { //first one to be tried
                       min = curr size;
               }
               else {
                       if (curr size < min) { //determines the minimum value of possible choices
out of the board
                              index = i; //saves which variable has the lowest number of
possible value choices
                              min = curr_size;
                       }
               }
       }
       mrv winners.push back(index);
       for (size_t i = 0; i < rows_columns.size(); ++i) { //sees if there are any other variables with
the same min value
               if (get<3>(rows_columns[i]).size() == min) {
                       if (i != index) { //if so it adds them to the winners list
                              mrv_winners.push_back(i);
                       }
               }
       if (mrv_winners.size() > 1) { //if its more than 1 in the winners list then you use the
degree test to determine which to pick
               int next_ind = degree_test(content, rows_columns, mrv_winners);
               return next ind;
       }
       else {
               return mrv winners[0]; //if its just 1 return that 1
       }
}
```

```
vector<int> begin backtracking(vector<int>& content, vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>&
rows_columns) { //start algorithm
        if (is complete(content) == true) { //if board is full
               return content;
       }
       int next var index = select unassigned variables(content, rows columns); //variable
next is chosen
       vector<int> temp vals;
       for (size t = 0; i < get < 3 > (rows columns[next var index]).size(); ++i) {
               temp vals.push back(get<3>(rows columns[next var index])[i]);
       }
       sort(temp_vals.begin(), temp_vals.end()); //sorts the possible values of the current
variable in order to test from least to greatest
       for (size_t i = 0; i < temp_vals.size(); ++i) {
               content[next var index] = temp vals[i]; //sets curr var to curr val
               bool consistent = determine_poss_values(content, rows_columns);
               if (consistent == true) { //if consistent continue
                       vector<int> result = begin backtracking(content, rows columns);
//recursive call returns either state or failure
                       if (result[0] != 99) { //99 indicates failure, if not return success
                               return result:
                       }
               }
               content[next var index] = 0; //if that val is inconsistent reset var to 0 and reset
state
               determine poss values(content, rows columns);
       vector<int> failure; //if no vals work return failure
       failure.push back(99);
       return failure;
}
vector<int> change_to_ints(vector<char>& content) { //changes original char data from file to
ints
       vector<int> content int;
       for (size t i = 0; i < content.size(); ++i) {
               if (isdigit(content[i])) {
                       stringstream str:
                       str << content[i]; int x; str >> x;
                       content_int.push_back(x);
               }
       return content int;
}
```

```
void fill_in_3x3(vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>& rows_columns) { //determines for each
var which 3x3 block it belongs in (1 to 9) (1 being leftmost top increasing horizontally with 9
being rightmost bottom)
       for (size_t i = 0; i < rows_columns.size(); ++i) {
              if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 4) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) < 4)) { //if var row
is below the fourth one if col below the fourth one
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 1; //assigns block number to var so block = 1
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 4) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) &&
(get<1>(rows_columns[i]) < 7)) { //same concept with different specifics regarding placement on
board
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 2; //block = 2
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 4) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) >= 7)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 3; //block = 3
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) && (get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 7) &&
(get<1>(rows_columns[i]) < 4)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 4; //block = 4
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) && (get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 7) &&
(get<1>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) < 7)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 5; //etc
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) && (get<0>(rows_columns[i]) < 7) &&
(get<1>(rows\_columns[i]) >= 7)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 6;
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) >= 7) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) < 4)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 7;
              else if ((get<0>(rows_columns[i]) >= 7) && (get<1>(rows_columns[i]) >= 4) &&
(get<1>(rows\_columns[i]) < 7)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 8;
              else if ((get<0>(rows\_columns[i]) >= 7) && (get<1>(rows\_columns[i]) >= 7)) {
                      get<2>(rows_columns[i]) = 9;
              }
       }
void fill_row_column_vals(vector<int>& content, vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>>&
rows_columns) { //determines each variables initial column row and block
       for (size_t i = 0; i < content.size(); ++i) { //clears any possible values and initializes the
```

rows and columns to 0

```
vector<int> possible_values;
                                       possible_values.clear();
                                       rows_columns.push_back(make_tuple(0, 0, 0, possible_values));
                   for (size_t i = 0; i < rows_columns.size(); ++i) { //for every variable depending on its ith
position on the puzzle, its row, column, and block were found
                                       if (i < 9) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 1; //row = 1
                                       else if ((i \ge 9) \&\& (i < 18)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 2; //row = 2
                                       else if ((i \ge 18) \&\& (i < 27)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows\_columns[i]) = 3; //row = 3
                                      }
                                      else if ((i \ge 27) \&\& (i < 36)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 4; //row = 4
                                       else if ((i \ge 36) \&\& (i < 45)) \{ //etc \}
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 5;
                                       else if ((i \ge 45) \& (i < 54)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 6;
                                       else if ((i >= 54) \&\& (i < 63)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 7;
                                      else if ((i \ge 63) \&\& (i < 72)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 8;
                                       else if ((i \ge 72) \&\& (i < 81)) {
                                                          get<0>(rows_columns[i]) = 9;
                                      if ((i == 0) || (i == 9) || (i == 18) || (i == 27) || (i == 36) || (i == 45) || (i == 54) || (
63) || (i == 72)) { // column = 1
                                                          get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 1;
                                       else if ((i == 1) || (i == 10) || (i == 19) || (i == 28) || (i == 37) || (i == 46) || (i == 55) ||
(i == 64) || (i == 73)) { //column = 2}
                                                          get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 2;
                                      else if ((i == 2) || (i == 11) || (i == 20) || (i == 29) || (i == 38) || (i == 47) || (i == 56) ||
(i == 65) || (i == 74)) { //column = 3}
                                                          get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 3;
```

```
else if ((i == 3) || (i == 12) || (i == 21) || (i == 30) || (i == 39) || (i == 48) || (i == 57) ||
(i == 66) || (i == 75)) { //column = 4}
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 4;
                                     else if ((i == 4) || (i == 13) || (i == 22) || (i == 31) || (i == 40) || (i == 49) || (i == 58) ||
(i == 67) || (i == 76)) { //etc}
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 5;
                                    else if ((i == 5) || (i == 14) || (i == 23) || (i == 32) || (i == 41) || (i == 50) || (i == 59) ||
(i == 68) || (i == 77)) {
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 6;
                                     else if ((i == 6) || (i == 15) || (i == 24) || (i == 33) || (i == 42) || (i == 51) || (i == 60) ||
(i == 69) || (i == 78)) {
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 7;
                                     else if ((i == 7) || (i == 16) || (i == 25) || (i == 34) || (i == 43) || (i == 52) || (i == 61) ||
(i == 70) || (i == 79)) {
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 8;
                                     else if ((i == 8) || (i == 17) || (i == 26) || (i == 35) || (i == 44) || (i == 53) || (i == 62) ||
(i == 71) || (i == 80)) {
                                                       get<1>(rows_columns[i]) = 9;
                                    }
                  fill_in_3x3(rows_columns); //determines the block number for each variable
                  determine_poss_values(content, rows_columns); //determines the initial (from input)
possible values for every variable
void format_solution(vector<int>& solution) {
                  ofstream myfile; //creates output file
                  myfile.open("Output1.txt");
                  for (size_t i = 0; i < solution.size(); ++i) { //writes to the output file the final solution to the
sudoko puzzle
                                     if ((i == 8) || (i == 17) || (i == 26) || (i == 35) || (i == 44) || (i == 53) || (i == 62) || 
== 71) || (i == 80)) {
                                                       myfile << solution[i] << endl;
                                    }
                                    else {
                                                       myfile << solution[i] << " ";
                                    }
                  myfile.close();
```

```
int main() {
        ifstream file:
        char position = 0;
        vector<char> content;
        file.open("Input1.txt"); //opens file to read from
        if (!file.is open()) {
               cerr << "Could not open the file.";
               return 1;
       }
        while (file.get(position)) { //reads from the file and adds each char val to a vector
               content.push_back(position);
       }
        file.close();
        vector<int> contint;
        contint = change to ints(content); //initial char vals are changed to ints for easier work
        vector<tuple<int, int, int, vector<int>>> rows columns; //first int is each var's row, second
int is each's column, third int is each's block number, and fourth vector<int> are each's possible
values
        fill row column vals(contint, rows columns); //initializies the rows columns fields for
each variable
        vector<int> solution = begin_backtracking(contint, rows_columns); //returns the final
solution or failure
        if (solution[0] != 99) { //99 is the failure message so if its not that then write to an output
file
               format solution(solution); //write to output file and format the solution puzzle
       }
}
```

## Output 1:

```
132569784
685274193
497831265
856492317
371685942
924713658
249356871
518927436
763148529
```

# Output 2:

## Output 3: