

Q1.Match the following : [2 marks]

- |             |  |
|-------------|--|
| 1.Homonym   | a.Car is a ____ of vehicle.                                      |
| 2.Hyponym   | b.Wheel is a ____ of car.  |
| 3.Meronym   | c.Wood is a ____ of wood.  |
| 4.Homephone | d.Bass (stringed instrument) , bass (fish) is instance of ____ . |

1 - d

2 - a

3 - b

4 - c

Q2."I like backstreet boys , but not boys in the backstreet."

Calculate PMI(backstreet,boys) [2 marks]

Ans :

Total bigrams possible : 9 (=NB)

Total words :10 (=N)

$\Pr(\text{backstreet,boys}) = (\text{count}(\text{backstreet,boys})/\text{NB}) = 1/9 = 0.11$

$\Pr(\text{backstreet}) = (\text{count}(\text{backstreet})/N) = 2/10 = 0.2$

$\Pr(\text{boys}) = (\text{count}(\text{boys})/N) = 2/10 = 0.2$

Plug into PMI formula,

$\text{PMI} = \log_2(0.11/(0.2*0.2)) = \log_2(2.75)$

Q3. What is the problem with basic path-based similarity? Give an example based on Fig 1. What should be done to overcome this problem? [2 marks = 0.5 + 1(for the example) + 0.5]  
(Answer in not more that 3 lines)

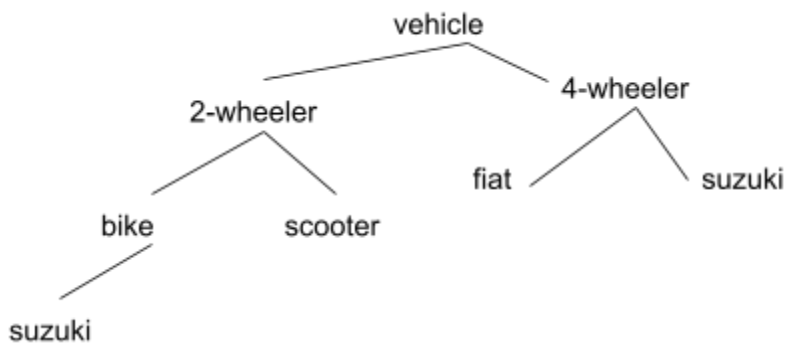
Ans :

Assumes each link represents a uniform distance although, nodes high in the hierarchy are very

abstract . E,g scooter seems to be closer to bike than to vehicle, but both have same similarity.

Soln :Represent the cost of each edge independently,such that words connected through abstract nodes are less similar.

Q4.Calculate wordsim(suzuki,vehicle) based on Fig 1 [4 marks]



(Fig 1)

1st sense of suzuki :  $\text{sim}(\text{suzuki}_1, \text{vehicle}) = \frac{1}{4}$

2nd sense of suzuki :  $\text{sim}(\text{suzuki}_2, \text{vehicle}) = \frac{1}{3}$

Thus  $\text{sim}(\text{suzuki}, \text{vehicle}) = \max(\text{sim1}, \text{sim2}) = \frac{1}{3}$