RAJIV GANDHI PROUDYOGIKI VISHWAVIDYALAYA, BHOPAL

New Scheme Based on AICTE Flexible Curricula

CSE-Data Science/Data Science, V semester

CD504 (A) Computer Graphics & Visualization

Unit-I Introduction to Raster Scan displays, Pixels, Frame buffer, Vector & Character generation, Random Scan systems, Display devices, Scan Conversion techniques, Line Drawing algorithms: simple DDA, Bresenham's Algorithm, Circle Drawing Algorithms: Midpoint Circle drawing and Bresenham's Algorithm, Polygon fill algorithm: Boundary-fill and Flood-fill algorithms.

Unit-II 2-D Transformation: Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Shearing, Reflection. Inverse Transformation, Homogeneous coordinate system, Matrices Transformation, Composite Transformation. Windowing & Clipping: World Coordinate System, Screen Coordinate System, Viewing Transformation, Line Clipping & Polygon Clipping Algorithms

Unit-III 3-D Transformations: Translation, Rotation and Scaling. Parallel & Perspective Projection: Types of Parallel & Perspective Projection, Hidden Surface elimination: Depth comparison, Back face detection algorithm, Painter's Algorithm, Z-Buffer Algorithm. Curve generation, Bezier and B-spline methods. Basic Illumination Model: Diffuse reflection, Specular reflection, Phong Shading, Gouraud shading, Ray Tracing, Color models like RGB, YIQ, CMY, HSV.

Unit-IV Visualization: Visualization of 2D/3D scalar fields: color mapping, ISO surfaces. Direct volume data rendering: ray-casting, transfer functions, segmentation. Visualization of Vector fields and flow data, Time-varying data, High-dimensional data: dimension reduction, parallel coordinates, Non-spatial data: multi-variate, tree/graph structured, text Perceptual and cognitive foundations, Evaluation of visualization methods, Applications of visualization, Basic Animation Techniques like traditional, key framing

Unit –V Multimedia :Basic of multimedia, application of Multimedia, Text-Types, Unicode Standard ,text Compression, Text file formats, Audio Components, Digital Audio, Digital Audio processing, Sound cards, Audio file formats ,Audio Processing software ,Video-Video color spaces, Digital Video, Digital Video processing, Video file formats. Animation: Uses of Animation, Principles of Animation, Computer based animation, 3D Animation, Animation file formats, Animation software,Special Effects in animation, Storyboarding for Animation, Compression: Lossless/Lossy Compression techniques, Image, Audio & Video Compression, MPEG Standards ,Multimedia Architecture, Multimedia databases.

Recommended Text:

- 1. Donald Hearn and M.P. Becker "Computer Graphics" Pearson Pub.
- Foley, Van Dam, Feiner, Hughes, "Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice" Addison- Wesley

- 3. Rogers, "Procedural Elements of Computer Graphics", Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Parekh "Principles of Multimedia" Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Maurya, "Computer Graphics with Virtual Reality System", Wiley India
- 6. Pakhira,"Computer Graphics ,Multimedia &Animation",PHI learning
- 7. Andleigh, Thakral, "Multimedia System Design" PHI Learning
- 8. Khalid Sayood , "Introduction to Data Compression", Morgan Kaufmann

StreamTechNotes

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CD504 (B) Data Compression

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The course covers the theory of quantization and basic concepts in source coding and applications of the theory and concepts to systems that convert analog or high-rate digital signals into lowrate digital representations with or without loss of fidelity. The concept of source coding is extended to general descriptions of a statistical information source where various data modeling techniques find useful applications.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The objective of this course is to

- 1. Gain a fundamental understanding of data compression methods for text, images, and video, and related issues in the storage, access, and use of large data sets
- 2. Select, giving reasons that are sensitive to the specific application and particular circumstance, most appropriate compression techniques for text, audio, image and video information
- 3. Illustrate the concept of various algorithms for compressing text, audio, image and video information.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. program, analyze Hoffman coding: Lossless image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression
- 2. program and analyze various Image compression and dictionary based techniques like static Dictionary, Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary
- 3. understand the statistical basis and performance metrics for lossless compression
- 4. understand the conceptual basis for commonly used lossless compression techniques, and understand how to use and evaluate several readily available implementations of those techniques
- understand the structural basis for and performance metrics for commonly used lossy compression techniques and conceptual basis for commonly used lossy compression techniques.

COURSE CONTENT

Unit I: Compression Techniques

Loss less compression, Lossy Compression, Measures of performance, Modeling and coding, Mathematical Preliminaries for Lossless compression: A brief introduction to information theory, Models: Physical models, Probability models, Markov models, com-posite source model, Coding: uniquely decodable codes, Prefix codes.

Unit II: The Huffman coding algorithm

Minimum variance Huffman codes, Adaptive Huffman coding: Update procedure, Encoding procedure, Decoding procedure. Golomb codes, Rice codes, Tunstall codes, Applications of Hoffman coding: Lossless image compression, Text compression, Audio Compression.

Unit III: Coding

Coding a sequence, Generating a binary code, Comparison of Binary and Huffman coding, Applications: Bi-level image compression- The JBIG standard, JBIG2, Image compression. Dictionary Techniques: Introduction, Static Dictionary: Diagram Coding, Adaptive Dictionary. The LZ77 Approach, The LZ78 Approach, Applications: File Compression-UNIX compress, ImageCompression: The Graphics Interchange Format (GIF),

Compression over Modems: V.42 bits, Predictive Coding:

Prediction with Partial match (ppm): The basic algorithm, The ESCAPE SYMBOL, length of context, The Exclusion Principle, The Burrows-Wheeler Transform: Move to- front coding, CALIC, JPEGLS, Multi-resolution Approaches, Facsimile Encoding, Dynamic Markoy Compression.

Unit IV: Scalar Quantization

Distortion criteria, Models, Scalar Quantization: The Quantization problem, Uniform Quantizer, Adaptive Quantization, Non uniform Quantization.

Unit V: Vector Quantization

Advantages of Vector Quantization over Scalar Quantization, TheLinde-Buzo-Gray Algorithm.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. The Data Compression Book Mark Nelson.
- 2. Data Compression: The Complete Reference David Salomon.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Introduction to Data Compression – Khalid Sayood, MorganKaufmann Publishers.

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CD504 (C) Computer Organization & Architecture

Unit I:

Review of Digital Logic Circuits, Digital Logic Components and Data representation. Computer Arithmetic: Integer and Floating Point Arithmetic operations. Computer Organization v/s Architecture, Milestonesin Computer Architecture, Basic Structure of Computer System, Componentsof Computer System-CPU; Memory; System Bus-Bus width, Bus Operations; I/O subsystem. CPU Organization: General Register Organization-Memory Register, Instruction Register; Control Word, Stack Organization; ALU, Control Unit.

Unit II:

(A) Machine Language Level/Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) level: Instruction Set-Machine Instruction Characteristics, Types of operands, Types of operations; Instruction Types, Instruction Formats, Addressing Modes; Registers, Program Counter; Instruction Execution Cycle;Interrupts and Traps, Sources of interrupts, Interrupt identification and priorities, Interrupt servicing. Case Study of 8086 Microprocessor.

(B)Control Unit: Hardwired Control Unit; Micro-programmed Control Unit-Micro Instructions, Micro Instruction Formats, Micro Instruction Control, Micro program sequencer, Execution of Micro Instructions.

Unit III:

Memory Organization: Memory Hierarchy, Main memory-RAM, ROM; Memory Technologies; Memory Addresses, Memory Address Map; Flash Memory; Associative Memory, Cache Memory: Cache Structure and Design, Mapping Schemes, Replacement Algorithms, Improving Cache Performance; Concept of L1, L2, L3 Cache. Secondary Memory—Magnetic Tape, Magnetic Disk, Optical Disks, Solid State Disk.

Unit IV:

I/O Organization: Data Transfer- Serial, Parallel, Synchronous, Asynchronous Modes of Data Transfer, I/O Techniques- Programmed I/O, Interrupt driven I/O, Direct Memory Access(DMA); External Interconnection Standards (I/O Interfaces): PCI Bus, PCI Express, SCSI Bus, USB; I/O Channels and I/O Processors; I/O Instructions.

Unit V:

Parallel Architectures:On-chip parallelism, Thread level parallelism, Instruction level parallelism; Multicore Processor Architecture;Processor level parallelism; Overview of Pipelining, Vector Processing and Array Processing. RISC vs CISC Architectures. Introduction to ARM processor and its architecture. Introduction to Assembly Language Programming.

Books Recommended:

- 1. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and architecture", Pearson.
- 2. Tannenbaum and Austin, "Structured Computer Organization", PHI.
- 3. V. Carl Hamacher, "Computer Organization", McGraw Hill.
- 4. John P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", TMH.
- 5. Morris Mano, "Computer System Architecture", PHI.
- 6. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface", Morgan Kauffman.
- 7. M. Usha, T.S. Shrikant: "Computer System Architecture and Organization", Willey India.
- 8. Chaudhuri, P.Pal: "Computer Organization and Design", PHI
- 9. Sarangi: "Computer Organization and Architecture", McGraw Hill.

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