

Goldman Sachs Engineering Virtual Experience

CRACK LEAKED PASSWORDS

KNVS SAI SNEHA | Task 1 | 8/9/2022

What type of hashing aggregate was used to protect the password

When I checked the password's security on <u>security.org</u>, I found all passwords to take about n octillion years to crack, because these are encrypted passwords.

Then I used <u>Hashes.com</u>, to find the hashing aggregate, all of the passwords Use MD5 Hashing aggregate/algorithm.

e10adc3949ba59abbe56e057f2of883e md5
25f9e794323b453885f5181f1b624dob md5
d8578edf8458ce06fbc5bb76a58c5ca4 md5
5f4dcc3b5aa765d61d8327deb882cf99 md5
96e79218965eb72c92a549dd5a330112 md5
25d55ad283aa400af464c76d713c07ad md5
e99a18c428cb38d5f260853678922e03 md5
fcea920f7412b5da7be0cf42b8c93759 md5
7c6a180b36896a0a8c02787eeafb0e4c md5
6c569aabbf7775ef8fc570e228c16b98 md5
3f230640b78d7e71ac5514e57935eb69 md5
917eb5e9d6d6bca820922aoc6f7cc28b md5
f6aocb102c62879d397b12b62c092c06 md5

What level of protection does the mechanism offer for the password?

For this we will use kali linux, I used ONWORKS, an online kali linux OS provider,

Then Hashcat was used to determine information about hash

What are the disadvantages of MD5?

- When compared to other algorithms like the SHA algorithm, MD5 is comparatively slow.
- It is possible to construct the same hash function for two distinct inputs using MD₅.
- MD5 is less secure when compared to the SHA algorithm since MD5 is more vulnerable to collision attacks.

What controls could be implemented to make cracking much harder for the hacker in the event of password database leaking again?

Using <u>Hashes.com</u>, I was able to decrypt some of the passwords

experthead:e10adc3949ba59abbe56e057f20f883e 123456 interestec:25f9e794323b453885f5181f1b624d0b 123456789 ortspoon:d8578edf8458ce06fbc5bb76a58c5ca4 qwerty reallychel:5f4dcc3b5aa765d61d8327deb882cf99 password simmson56:96e79218965eb72c92a549dd5a330112 111111 bookma:25d55ad283aa400af464c76d713c07ad 12345678 popularkiya7:e99a18c428cb38d5f260853678922e03 abc123 1234567 eatingcake1994:fcea920f7412b5da7be0cf42b8c93759 heroanhart:7c6a180b36896a0a8c02787eeafb0e4c password1 edi tesla89:6c569aabbf7775ef8fc570e228c16b98 password! liveltekah:3f230640b78d7e71ac5514e57935eb69 qazxsw blikimore: 917eb5e9d6d6bca820922a0c6f7cc28b pa\$\$word1 johnwick007:f6a0cb102c62879d397b12b62c092c06 bluered flamesbria2001:9b3b269ad0a208090309f091b3aba9db oranolio:16ced47d3fc931483e24933665cded6d spuffyffet:1f5c5683982d7c3814d4d9e6d749b21e moodie:8d763385e0476ae208f21bc63956f748 nabox:defebde7b6ab6f24d5824682a16c3ae4 bandalls:bdda5f03128bcbdfa78d8934529048cf

So there are many vulnerabilities in your password policy, to make the cracking harder, the company should follow the guidelines below.

- a) Keeping a length bound on password, minimum 8 characters should work
- b) Making sure that the user includes special characters, uppercase alphabets, numbers, lowercase alphabets, and knows about the strength of password on the go.
- c) Using an excellent hashing algorithm, as MD5 proves to be insecure, Google recommends using stronger hashing algorithms such as SHA-256 and SHA-3. Other options commonly used in practice are bcrypt and scrypt.
- d) Using an password salt, visit https://www.mcafee.com/blogs/enterprise/cloud-security/what-is-a-salt-and-how-does-it-make-password-hashing-more-secure/
 For more details.

What can you tell about the organization's password policy? Like password length, key space, etc.

Currently, the password policy is weak and does not guarantee that the

Passwords are strong.

- a) There are no rules regarding the length of password.
- b) There is no usage of special characters.
- c) The Hashing algorithm is weak and insecure.

What can you change in this password policy to make breaking the password much harder?

- a) The password must be of minimum 8 characters.
- b) Minimum 2 special characters (/,#,*,... etc) must be used in the password, along with Uppercase letter and number.
- c) An external API based tool which checks for password strength should show that the used password is strong.