

HARYANA GOVERNMENT
TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Notification

The 4th March, 2009

No. CCP(NCR)/M.G/F.D.P./2009/521.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section(7) of Section 5 of the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Act, 1963 (Punjab Act 41 of 1963), and with reference to Haryana Government, Town and Country Planning Department, notification No. CCP(NCR)/MCA-2/2007/1428, dated the 4th April, 2007, the Governor of Haryana hereby publishes the following final development plan-2025 AD for Mahendragarh along with restrictions and conditions as given in Annexures A and B proposed to be made applicable to the controlled areas specified in Annexure B.

Drawings

- 1 Existing land use plan drawing No. DTP (MG) 71/2002, dated the 8th January, 2002, already published vide Haryana Government Gazette, Town and Country Planning Department, notification No. CCP(NCR)/MCA-2/2007/1428, dated the 4th April, 2007.
- 2 Final Development Plan drawing No. DTP(MG)117/2008, dated the 27th August, 2008.

Annexure A

Explanatory note on the Final Development Plan 2025 A.D. for controlled area Mahendragarh.

1 Introduction

Mahendragarh town lies in the extreme south of the state and is situated at a distance of 149 kilometers from Delhi towards its south-west. It is located about 25 kilometers from its district headquarters at Narnaul. The town is well connected by meter gauge railway line and lies on Delhi-Rewari-Bikaner section. It is also well connected by road network with the towns of Loharu, Dadri, Narnaul and Rewari. It is a small shapely town with a population of 23977 persons as per 2001 census.

Mahendragarh town was previously known as Kanand which took its name from the Kannandla group of Brahmins. Malik Mahdud Khan, a servant of Babur founded it. Maratha ruler Tantia Tope built a fort at Mahendragarh during 17th Century. Narinder Singh, ruler of erstwhile princely estate of Patiala in honour of his son Mahinder Singh named the above fort as Mahendragarh in 1861. The Mahendragarh district was formed in 1948. The district headquarters of the Mahendragarh district exists at Narnaul.

2 Existing land use pattern, infrastructural facilities and growth trends

Narnaul-Dadri road bound the existing town on its western side. Delhi-Bikaner railway line and Mahendragarh-Rewari road on the northern side and Dohan river on its eastern side. It is well connected by rail and road network. Like other towns, it also presents a picture of mixed land uses as grain market is located near railway station, vegetable market on the eastern side of the existing fort and other activities like Post Graduate Government college, Industrial Training Institute, Rest House, Civil Hospital and Veterinary Hospital etc. are all scattered around the existing town. The total area of the town is 1060 hectares out of which 328.60 hectares i.e. 31% is developed and the remaining area is lying vacant in the form of vacant pockets.

At present the town has normal water supply from canal based water supply system and tubewells. The drainage of the town is not proper as the storm water gets drained in the Dohan river. In the field of education the town has post graduate government college with a separate women wing, 12 high / senior secondary schools, industrial training institute, junior basic training centre, vocational institute and middle and primary schools.

3 Demographic character and population projection

As per 2001 census, the town had a population of 23977 persons. The past trend of its population growth of the town has been increasing gradually every decade as evident from the table below. However, considering the regional setting of the town it is expected that the growth rate would increase if proper infrastructure and other educational facilities are provided in near future. The decade-wise population of the town since 1951 is as indicated in the table below:-

Serial number	Year	Population	Decennial growth rate
1	1951	7961	--
2	1961	9071	(+) 14%
3	1971	11496	(+) 27.7%

4	1981	14488	(+) 26%
5	1991	19610	(+) 35.4%
6	2001	23977+6358(pop. Of 4villages with urbanizable zone) = 30335	(+) 54%
7	2011	47929	60% (Projected)
8	2021	77658	60% (Projected)
9	2025	96296 (say 1,00,000)	60% (Projected)

4 Economic base

The development of a planned sector would considerably increase its population growth, as there is no planned colony/ sectors presently exist in this town. Keeping these effects in view, a growth rate of 60% has been assumed. In view of increasing growth trends registered in the previous five decades as presented in the above table, the population of the proposed zone is expected to accommodate a population of 1,00,000 persons by 2025 A.D.

Proposals

It is assumed that the town will have a population of 1,00,000 persons by 2025 A.D and the final development plan has been made integrating the proposed development with the existing town. Final development plan of Mahendragarh town has been prepared on grid iron pattern with proposal of 22 sectors. Major area for development has to be kept around the existing town i.e. with in municipality limit and only seven sectors have been proposed in the controlled area. The total urbanisable area works out to 889.00 hectares. Residential sector density is 225 PPH wherein 1,00,000 persons are expected to be accommodated with a town density of 112 persons per hectare. Provisions of major land uses in the final development plan of controlled area as under:-

Land uses

Serial number	Land uses	Area in controlled area	Area in municipal area	Total area in hectare	%age
1	Residential	185.00	258.00	443.00	49.83
2	Commercial	--	42.00	42.00	4.72
3	Industrial	--	102.00	102.00	
4	Transport and communication	--	99.00	99.00	11.48
5	Public utilities	36.00	18.00	54.00	6.07
6	Public and semi-public	--	68.00	68.00	7.64
7	Open spaces	45	36.00	81.00	9.11
	Total	266.00	623.00	889.00	100.00

Description of land uses

1 Residential zone

It is assumed that the population of 1,00,000 persons will be accommodated by 2025 A.D. Thus, keeping this factor in mind, an area of about 443.00 hectares has been reserved for residential purpose in sector 3, 3A, 6, 6A, 7, 8, 8B, 9, 9A, 10 and 11. Most of the sectors have been proposed within vacant pockets of municipal boundary while 6 sectors have been proposed with mixed land uses within the controlled area. The residential density works out to be 225 persons per hectare. The sector will be provided with essential facilities like sewerage, drainage, water supply, shopping, educational and recreational facilities. No vulnerable pockets will be left in between the existing and proposed town for speculative purposes.

2 Commercial zone

An area about 42.00 hectares has been reserved for whole sale marketing and were-housing purposes in sector 7 and 7B including a city center in sector 4A. This will accommodate the business offices, restaurants, wholesale markets, wholesale and retail shops and other allied uses.

3 Industrial zone

With a view to provide strong economic base to the town, it is necessary to infuse industrial development for which efforts both from the public and private sectors will be required. An industrial area of 102 hectares has

been reserved in sector 1 and 2 for high, medium and extensive industry for providing employment to approximate 7650 workers at the rate of 75 workers per hectare.

4 Transport and communications

An area of 99.00 hectares has been proposed under this zone, which will cover proposed major roads and the railway reservation etc. The existing meter gauge railway line is proposed to be converted into broad gauge railway line. Inland container depot has been proposed on the north of the exiting railway station and a Transport Nagar has been proposed on the east of Narnaul-Dadri road in sector 6B. A site of bus stand has been proposed in sector 2A. To solve the existing and intracity traffic problems in future, a specific road network which are combination of grid iron and spider web pattern have been evolved. Restricted green belt of 45 meters width has been provided along state highway passing through controlled area.

Land reservation for major roads marked in the drawing shall be as under:-

Classification	Land reservation
(i) V-1(a)	Existing Narnaul-Dadri road State Highway number 17 to be widened upto 60 meters with 45 meters green belt on both sides.
(ii) V-1(b)	Existing Mahendergarh-Rewari road State Highway number 26 with 45 meters green belt on both sides in controlled area land.
(iii) V-1(aa)	60 meters wide road with 60 meters green belt on both sides.
(iv) V-1(c)	Existing road with 45 meters green belt on both sides.
(v) V-2	45 meters wide sector roads.

The width and alignment of other roads shall be as per sector plans or as per approved layout plans of colonies. The area under green belt and sector roads shall not be included under 'net planned area' while approving layout plans for colonies to be developed by Haryana Urban Development Authority and private developers. The floor area ratio and saleable area shall continue to be permitted only on the net planned area.

5 Public utilities

An area of 54 hectares has been reserved for this purpose which includes 36 hectares under the existing power house and water works in sector 8A. An area of 6.0 hectares has been proposed for disposal works along Dohan river on the south of existing railway line and site for solid waste and water supply earmarked in the east of sector 1 and 2 respectively.

6 Public and semi public uses

Total area of 68.00 hectares has been proposed for public and semi-public uses, the entire area under this use comes under the municipal-limits. The present educational and technical facilities are just adequate for the balanced and desired development. However, an area of 54.00 hectares has been proposed in sector 2A for institutions on the east of existing Naranul-Dadri road where major institutions already exist. Also an area of 15.0 hectares has been reserved in sector 5A for Government offices. The major consideration in its selection has been its desirability and central location. An area of 12.0 hectares in sector 5 has been preserved as such for medical facilities i.e. the existing civil hospital.

7 Open spaces

Total area of 81 hectares has been reserved under this zone. Keeping in view the desirability of the central position in the town, a town park has been proposed on the east of Narnaul-Dadri road, which is in the north of the commercial zone in sector 5, in addition to this, area provision of small parks has also been made in different pockets in sector 9A and 4. An area of 8.0 hectares has been zoned for stadium, war memorial and open air theatre and other recreational facilities in sector 2A and 4. An area of 15 hectares has been proposed for cemeteries/burial grounds along the bank of river Dohan. In addition to the above, green belts of various widths depending upon the hierarchy of roads has been provided on either side of the road reservation within and outside the urbanisable area. The green belt shown along the sector/ arterial roads shall be primarily meant for the widening of the sector/arterial road in future. However, till such time the widening does not take place, the said area may be utilized for nursery/plantations, fuel-filling station, communication lines, utility services etc. with the prior approval of the Director.

Agricultural zone

A 937 hectares area has been reserved for agricultural zone. This zone will, however, not eliminate the essential building development within this area such as the extension of existing villages contiguous to abadi-deh if

undertaken under a project approved or sponsored by Government and other allied and ancillary facilities necessary for the maintenance and improvement of this area as an agricultural area.

Zoning regulations

The legal sanctity to the proposals regarding land use is being given to the effect by a set of zoning regulations, which form a part of this development plan. These regulations will govern the chance of land use and standards of development. They also very elaborately detail out allied and ancillary uses which will be permitted in the various major land uses and stipulate that all change of land use and development shall be accordance with the details shown in the sector plan thereby ensuring the preparation of detailed sector plans for each sector to guide the development and enforce proper control.

Annexure B

Zoning Regulations

Governing use and development of land in the controlled area around Mahendragarh town as shown in Drawing No. DTP (MG) 117/2008, dated the 27th August, 2008.

I General

- (1) These zoning regulations forming part of the final development plan for the controlled area around Mahendragarh town shall be called zoning regulations of the final development plan for controlled area, Mahendragarh.
- (2) The requirements of these regulations shall extend to the whole of the area covered by the final development plan and shall be in addition to the requirements of the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Act, 1963 (Punjab Act 41 of 1963) and the rules framed there under:-

II Definitions:

In these regulations:-

- (a) "approved" means approved under the rules;
- (b) "building rules" means the rules contained in part VII of the rules;
- (c) "Drawing" means Drawing No. DTP (MG) 117/2008, dated the 27th August, 2008;
- (d) "Floor Area Ratio" (FAR) means the ratio expressed in percentage between the total floor area of a building on all floors and the total area of the site;
- (e) "Group Housing" shall be the buildings designated in the form of flatted development for residential purpose or any ancillary or appurtenant building including community facilities, public amenities and public utility as may be prescribed and approved by the Director, Town and Country Planning Haryana;
- (f) "Light Industry" means an industry not likely to cause injurious or obnoxious noise, smoke, gas, fumes, odours, dust, effluent and any other nuisance to an excessive degree and motivated by electric power;
- (g) "Local Service Industry" means an industry, the manufacture and product of which is generally consumed within the local area, for example bakeries, ice-cream manufacturing, aerated water, Atta Chakies with power, laundry, dry-cleaning and dyeing, repair and service of automobile, scooters and cycles, repair of house hold utensils, shoe-making and repairing, fuel depot etc. provided no solid fuel is used by them;
- (h) "Medium Industry" means all industries other than 'Light Industry' and Local Service Industry and not emitting obnoxious or injurious fumes and odours;
- (i) "Extensive Industry" means an industry set up with the permission of the Government and in extensive employing more than 100 workers and may use any kind of captive power of fuel provided they do not have any obnoxious features;
- (j) "Heavy Industry" means an industry to be set up in public or semi-public or private sector with the permission of the Government (the cost of plant, machinery etc. as defined in the industrial policy of the Government);
- (k) "Obnoxious or hazardous Industry" means an industry set up with the permission of the Government and is highly capital intensive associated with such features as excessive smoke, noise, vibration, stench, unpleasant or injurious effluent, explosive inflammable material etc. and other hazards to the health and safety of the community;
- (l) "Material Date" means the date of publication of notification of various controlled area declared as under:-

Name of controlled area and notification No.	Material date
Controlled area notified vide Haryana Government, Town and Country Planning Department, notification No. CCP(NCR)MCA-2/2001/61, dated the 11 th January, 2001 and published in Haryana Government Gazette, dated the 11 th January, 2001.	11 th January, 2001

- (m) "Non-conforming use" in respect of any land or building in a controlled area means the existing use of such land or building which is contrary to the major land use specified for that part of the area in the development plan;
- (n) "Public Utility Service Building" means any building required for running of public utility services such as water-supply, drainage, electricity, post and telegraph and transport and for any municipal services including a fire station;
- (o) "Rules" means the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Rules, 1965;
- (p) "Sector Density" and "Colony Density" means the number of persons per hectare in sector area or colony area, as the case may be;
- (q) "Sector Area" and "Colony Area" means the area of sector or of colony as bounded within the major road system shown on drawing;

Explanation:

- (1) In this definition the "Sector Area" or "Colony Area" shall mean the area of the Sector or of Colony as bounded within the major road system shown on the drawing in the case of Sector and on the approved layout plan of the Colony in the case of colony excluding the land under major roads and their adjoining green belts, if any, and the area unfit for building development within the sector or the colony as the case may be;
- (2) For the purposes of calculation of sector density or colony density, it shall be assumed that 55 percent of the sector area or colony area will be available for residential plots including the area under Group Housing and that every building plot shall on the average contain three dwelling units each with a population of 4.5 persons per dwelling unit or 13.5 persons building plot or as incorporated in the Zoning Plan of the colony/group housing complex. In the case of shop-cum-residential plot, however, only one dwelling unit shall be assumed;
- (r) "Site Coverage" means ratio expressed in percentage between the area covered by the ground floor of building and the area of the site;
- (s) The terms "Act", "Colony", "Coloniser", "Development Plan", "Sector" and "Sector Plan" shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Act, 1963 (Punjab Act 41 of 1963) and Rules, 1965;
- (t) "Farm House" means a house constructed by the owner of a farm at his land for the purpose of:-
 - (i) dwelling unit i.e. main use; and
 - (ii) farm shed i.e. ancillary use.

Notes:-

- (1) The construction of the farm house shall be governed by the restrictions given under clause regarding "provision of farm house outside abadi-deh in rural/agricultural zone";
- (2) The farm sheds shall be governed by the restrictions mentioned in clause regarding building control and site specifications;
- (u) "Ledge or Tand" means a shelf-like projection, supported in any manner whatsoever, except by means of vertical supports within a room itself but not having projection wider than one meter;
- (v) "Loft" an intermediary floor on a residual space in a pitched roofs, above normal floor level with a maximum height of 1.5 meters and which is constructed or adopted for storage purposes;
- (w) "Mezzanine Floor" an intermediate floor above ground level with area of mezzanine restricted to 1/3 of the area of that floor and with a minimum height of 2.2 metres;
- (x) "Subservient to Agriculture" means development and activities, which are required to assist in carrying out the process of agriculture such as tubewells, pump chambers, wind mills, irrigation's drains, pucca platforms, fencing and boundary walls, water hydrants etc;
- (y) "Rural Industries Schemes" means industrial unit, which is registered as rural industries schemes by the Industries Department;
- (z) "Small Scale Industries" means industrial unit, which is registered as small scale industries by the Industries Department;
- (za) "Agro based industries" means an industrial unit, which uses foodgrains, fruits or agro waste as a raw material; and
- (zb) any other terms shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Act, 1963 (Punjab Act 41 of 1963);
- (zc) "Information Technology Industrial Units" means the categories of industries included in the Annexure to the Government of Haryana Information Technology Policy, 2000 and in Appendix-I to this notification and/ or, as may be defined by the Government of Haryana from time to time;

- (zd) "Cyber Park" / "Information Technology Park" means an area developed exclusively for locating software development activities and Information Technology Enabled Services wherein no manufacturing of any kind (including assembling activities) shall be permitted;
- (ze) "Cyber City" means self contained intelligent city with high quality of infrastructure, attractive surrounding and high speed communication access to be developed for nucleating the Information Technology concept and germination of medium and large software companies/Information Technology Enabled Services wherein no manufacturing units may be allowed; and
- (zf) "Green Belt" shall mean, strips of land along sector/arterial road shown in the development plan, primarily meant for the widening of the sector/arterial road in future.

III Major land uses/zone

- (1)
 - (i) Residential zone
 - (ii) Commercial zone
 - (iii) Industrial zone
 - (iv) Transport-and communication zone
 - (v) Public utility zone
 - (vi) Public and semi public zone (institutional zone)
 - (vii) Parks and open spaces zone
 - (viii) Agriculture zone
- (2) Classification of major land uses is according to Appendix A.

IV Division into sectors

Major land uses mentioned at serial Nos.(i) to (vii) in zoning regulation-III above, which are land uses for building purposes, have been divided into sectors as shown, bounded by the major road reservations and each sector shall be designated by the number as indicated on the drawing.

V Detailed land uses within major uses

Main, ancillary and allied uses, which are subject to the other requirements of these regulations and of the rules may be permitted in the respective major land uses zones are listed in Appendix B sub-joined to these zoning regulations.

VI Sectors not ripe for development

Notwithstanding the reservation of various sectors for respective land uses for building purposes, the Director may not permit any changes in their land use or allow construction of building thereon from consideration of compact and economical development of the controlled area till such time as availability of water supply, drainage arrangement and other facilities for these sectors are ensured to his satisfaction.

VII Sectors to be developed exclusively through government enterprises

- (1) For the development of sector reserved for commercial use, private developers shall be permitted to develop to the extent of 10% of the sector area as per the layout plan approved by competent authority. Balance 90% area shall be developed exclusively by the Government or a Government undertaking or by a public authority approved by the Government.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provision of clause (1) above, the Government may reserve at any time, any other sector for development exclusively by it or by the agencies indicated above.

VIII Land Reservations for major roads

- (1) Land reservation for major roads marked in the Drawing shall be as under:-

Serial number	Classification	Land reservation
(i)	V-1(a)	Existing Narnaul-Dadri road State Highway number 17 to be widened 60 meters with 45 meters green belt on both sides.
(ii)	V-1(b)	Existing Mahendergarh-Rewari road State Highway number 26 with 45 meters green belt on both sides in controlled area land.
(iii)	V-1(aa)	60 meters wide road with 60 meters green belt on both sides.
(iv)	V-1(c)	Existing road with 45 meters green belt on both sides.
(v)	V-2	45 meters wide sector roads.

- (2) Width and alignment of other roads shall be as per sector plans or as per approved layout plans of colonies.

- (3) Benefit of only 50% of the area falling under major roads and adjoining green belts, if any, shall be allowed towards plottable area/FAR in the plotted/group housing colony; while approving the layout plans for the sector/colony to be developed by Haryana Urban Development Authority and private colonizers. In case of commercial colony and IT Park/Cyber City the benefit of 10% of FAR of the total area of the site or area falling under green belt and sector roads whichever is less shall be allowed.

IX Non-conforming uses either existing or having valid change of land use permission

- (1) With regard to the existing projects located in the zones other than conforming-use zone in the Development Plan, such non-conforming uses shall be allowed to continue for a fixed period to be determined by the Director, but not exceeding ten years; provided that the owner of the building concerned:

- (a) Undertakes to pay to the Director, as determined by him the proportionate charges towards the external development of the site as and when called upon by the Director to do so in this behalf;
- (b) During the interim period makes satisfactory arrangements for the discharge of effluent to the satisfaction of the Director; and
- (c) Shall not be allowed to expand the existing project within the area of non conforming use.

- (2) With regard to the projects having valid Change of Land Use permissions, and located in the zones other than conforming use zone in the Development Plan, such non-conforming uses shall be allowed to continue, provided that the owner of the building concerned:

- (a) undertakes to pay to the Director, as determined by him the proportionate charges towards the external development of the site as and when called upon by the Director to do so in this behalf; and,
- (b) during the interim period makes satisfactory arrangements for the discharge of effluent to the satisfaction of the Director.

X Discontinuance of non conforming uses

- (1) If a non-conforming use of land has remained discontinued continuously for a period of two years or more, it shall be deemed to have been terminated and the land shall be allowed to be re-used or re-developed only according to the conforming use.
- (2) If a non-conforming use building is damaged to the extent of 50 percent or more of its reproduction value by fire, flood, explosion, earthquake, war, riot or any other natural calamity, it shall be allowed to be re-developed only for a conforming use.
- (3) After the discontinuance of projects included under clause IX, the land shall be allowed to be redeveloped or used only for conforming use.
- (4) After a lapse of period fixed under clause IX (1), the land shall be allowed to be redeveloped or used only for conforming use

XI The development to conform to sector plan and zoning plan

Except as provided in regulation IX, no land within major land use shall be allowed to be used and developed for building purposes unless the proposed use and development is according to the details indicated in the sector plan and zoning plan or the approved colony plan in which the land is situated.

XII Individual site to form part of approved layout or zoning plan

No permission for erection or re-erection of building on a plot shall be given unless-

- (i) The plot forms a part of an approved colony or the plot is in such area for which relaxation has been granted as provided in regulation XVII; and
- (ii) The plot is accessible through roads laid out and constructed up to the situation of the plot to the satisfaction of the Director.

XIII Minimum size of plots for various types of buildings

- (1) The minimum size of the plots for various types of uses shall be as below:-

(i)	Residential plot	50 Square meters
(ii)	Residential plot on subsidised industrial housing or slum dwellers housing scheme approved by the Government	35 Square meters
(iii)	Shop-cum-residential plot	100 Square meters
(iv)	Shopping booths including covered corridor or pavement in front	20 Square meters
(v)	Local service industry plot	100 Square meters
(vi)	Light industry plot	250 Square meters

- (vii) Medium industry plot 8000 Square meters
- (2) The minimum area under a Group Housing Scheme will be 5 acres if it forms a part of licenced colony and 10 acres if it is developed independently. However, in case a group housing scheme is floated by Haryana Urban Development Authority or any other Government Agency, the size of group housing site shall be as specified in the scheme..

XIV Site coverage, height and bulk of building under various types of buildings- Site coverage and the height upto which building may be erected within independent residential and industrial plots, shall be according to the provisions contained in Chapter VII of the Rules. In the case of other categories, the maximum coverage and the floor area ratio, subject to architectural control, as may be imposed under regulation XVI shall be as under:

Serial number	Type of use	Maximum ground floor coverage	Maximum floor area ratio
1	Group housing	35%	
2	Government offices	25%	150
3	Commercial	In accordance with the terms and conditions specified in the zoning plan of sites approved by the competent authority.	
4	Warehousing	75%	150

Note: Basement floor shall be permitted as approved in the zoning plan. The basement shall not be used for storage purposes.

XV Building lines in front and rear of buildings.- These shall be provided in accordance with rules 51, 52 and 53 of the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Rules, 1965.

XVI Architectural control.- Every building shall conform to architectural control prepared under rule 50 of the Punjab Scheduled Roads and Controlled Areas Restriction of Unregulated Development Rules, 1965.

XVII Relaxation of agricultural zone.- In the case of any land laying in Agriculture zone, Government may relax the provisions of this development plan-

(a) For use and development of the land into a residential or industrial colony provided the coloniser has purchased the land for the said use and developed prior to the material date and the coloniser secures permission for this purpose as per Rules.

(b) For use of land as an individual site (as distinct from an industrial colony)

Provided that-

- (i) the land was purchased prior to the material date;
- (ii) the Government is satisfied that the need of the industry is such that it cannot await alternative allotment in the proper zone;
- (iii) the owner of the land secures permission for building as required under the Rules;
- (iv) the owner of the land undertakes to pay to the Director, as determined by him, the proportionate charges as and when called upon by the Director in this behalf and during the interim period makes satisfactory arrangement for discharge of effluent.

Explanation.- The word 'purchase' in the regulation shall mean acquisition of full proprietary rights and no lesser title, such as agreement to purchase etc.

- (c) (i) for use of non/less polluting Rural Industrial Scheme/Small Scale Industrial Units upto two acres in the Agriculture Zone of the Controlled Areas of High/Hyper potential zones falling in Industrially backward blocks on public roads/rastas (other than scheduled road and National Highway) of minimum 12 meters width after leaving at least 20 meters wide strip of green belt along the road to be used for its development in future.
- (ii) for use of non/less polluting Medium and Large Scale Units in Agriculture Zone of Controlled Areas of High/Hyper potential zones falling in industrially backward blocks mentioned in

- industrial policy on roads of minimum 24 meters width (including scheduled road) after leaving at least 30' meters wide green belt along the road to be used for its development in future.
- (iii) the site should not fall within restricted belt notified under "the Works of Defence Act, 1903' around Defence installations, if any."

XVIII Density- Every residential sector shall be developed to the sector density indicated as prescribed for it in the drawing subject to a maximum of 20 percent variation allowed on either side of the prescribed sector density.

XIX Provision of farm house outside abadi-deh in agricultural zone.-A farm house in agricultural zone, outside abadi-deh may be allowed if the area of the land is 2 acres or more on the following conditions:

	Size of farm house	Main building of the dwelling unit.	Ancillary building of main dwelling unit.
(i) Site coverage	0.8094 Hectare (2 Acres) minimum	As applicable to residential plot equivalent to 380 square metres.	1 percent of the farm land (not more than 40 percent shall be used for labour/ servant quarters)
	Upto hectare 1.2141 Hectare (3 Acres)	As applicable to residential plot equivalent to 570 Square metres.	-do-
	Upto 1.6188 Hectare (4 acres) and above	As applicable to residential plot equivalent to 760 Square metres.	-do-
(ii) Height and storey.		11 Metres., three storeyed	4 Metres, single storey.

(iii) **Set back:** It shall be at least 15 metres. away from the edge of the agricultural land on all sides provided that if land attached to the farm house abuts a road, the house shall be constructed with a minimum set back from the edge of the road as under:-

- (a) Where the road is bye-pass to a scheduled road or : 100 Metres.
 - (b) Where the road is a scheduled road : 30 Metres. or as shown in the development plan
 - (c) Any other road : 15 Metres.
- (iv) **Approach road-** Any revenue rasta/road, defined in the revenue record.
- (v) **Basement-** Basement shall be permitted to the maximum extent of ground floor coverage but in the basement water closet and bathroom shall not be permitted.
- (vi) **Ledge, loft and mezzanine floor** Ledge, loft and mezzanine floor shall be permitted within the building subject to the restrictions above as well as the restrictions stipulated in the definition given under sub-clause (u), (v) and (w) of clause-II.
- (vii) **Services, water supply and drainage**
 - (a) Good potable water supply should be available in the farm for human consumption in case farm house is built.
 - (b) Open sanitary drains or covered drains to be provided to clean the sheds in case of dairy farms, drains are to be provided for carrying rain water in case of all buildings.
 - (c) Septic tank to be provided for disposal of human and animals waste as per provisions of the Rules.
 - (d) The distance between the septic tank and open well or tubewell shall be as provided in the Rules:

Provided that Government may amend the minimum size of the farm for any scheme sponsored by the State Government/State Agency for the proper utilization of the agricultural zone.

XX Relaxation of development plan.- Government may in case of hardship or with a view to save any structure constructed before the material date, relax any of the provisions of the Development Plan on principles of equity and justice on payment of such development charges and on such other conditions as it may deem fit to impose.

XXI Provisions of Information Technology Units and Cyber parks/Cyber Cities.-

(i) Location

- (a) Information Technology Industrial Units will be located in Industrial Areas/Industrial Zones only;
- (b) Cyber Parks/ Information Technology Parks will be located either in Industrial Areas or Industrial/Residential Zones abutting on minimum 60 meters ROW sector roads in the form of integrated development. However, no manufacturing units will be permitted in such parks;
- (c) Cyber Cities:- The location of such a facility will be decided by the Government;

(ii) Size

Serial number	Type	Size
1	Information Technology Industrial Unit	1 to 5 acres
2	Cyber Park / Information Technology Park	5 to 15 acres
3	Cyber City	Minimum 50 acres

(iii) Miscellaneous

I Parking

- (a) One Equivalent Car Space for every 50 square meters of floor area shall be provided for parking in cyber park/Information Technology Park, Information Technology Industrial Unit and Cyber City;
- (b) Three Tier basement for Information Technology Industry for meeting the requirement of parking shall be allowed subject to clearance from Public Health requirement.

II Other Activities

- (a) Incidental commercial activities like Banks, Restaurants, Insurance Offices etc. shall be permitted subject to restriction of 4% of the total area of the Cyber Park/Information Technology Park;
- (b) Only 5% of the area of the Cyber City shall be allowed for Group Housing and 4% of the total area of the Cyber City shall be permitted for Commercial/Institutional uses;
- (c) No residential plotted development shall be allowed in a Cyber City;
- (d) For a Cyber City Project if allowed in Agricultural Zone, the entrepreneur shall make the arrangement of water supply and other facilities like sewerage disposal/drainage etc;

III The Government may impose any other condition as deemed necessary from time to time.

XXII Setting up of Communication Towers:

- (I) Location:** The communication towers can be setup in Residential, Commercial, Industrial, Transport and Communication, Public and Semi-public, Open Spaces, Special and Agricultural zones with the permission of the competent authority.
- (II) Approach:** The following norms for approach road would apply as per location of the tower:

(i) Residential, Commercial, Industrial,
Institutional Zone : any road/ revenue rasta
of any width

(ii) Agricultural Zone : any road/revenue rasta
of any width

(III) **Height:** The maximum height of the tower from the ground level should not exceed 60 meters subject to clearance from the competent Authorities.

APPENDIX A CLASSIFICATION OF LAND USES

Main code	Sub code	Main group	Sub group
100		Residential	Residential Sector on neighborhood pattern
200		Commercial	Retail Trade Wholesale Trade Warehousing and Storage Office and Banks including Government Office Restaurants, Hotels and Transient Boarding Houses including public assistance institutions providing residential accommodation like Dharamshala, Tourist House etc. Cinema and other places of public assembly on a commercial basis. Professional Establishments
300		Industrial	Service Industry Light Industry Extensive Industry Heavy Industry.
400		Transport and Communication	Railway Yards, Railway Station and Sidings. Roads, Road Transport Depots and Parking Areas Dockyards, Jetties Airport/Air Stations Telegraph offices, Telephone Exchanges etc Broadcasting Station Television Station
500		Public Utilities	Water Supply installation including treatment plants Drainage and Sanitary installation including disposal works Electric power plants substation etc. Gas Installation and Gas work.
600		Public and semi public	Government Administrative Central Secretariat District Offices, Law Courts, Jails, Police Stations, Governors and President's Residence. Education, Cultural and Religious Institutions Medical and Health Institutions Cultural institution like Theatres, Opera Houses etc. of a predominantly non commercial nature Land belonging to defence

- (iii) Airports and Air Stations
- (iv) Telegraph offices and Telephone exchange
- (v) Broadcasting stations
- (vi) Televisions station
- (vii) Agricultural, horticulture and nurseries at approved sites and places
- (viii) Petrol filling stations and service garages
- (ix) Parking spaces ,bus stop-shelters, taxi, Tonga and rickshaw stands
- (x) Communication Towers
- (xi) Warehouses upto a maximum limit of 5% of the total area of the sector

V Public utilities

- (i) Water supply installations including treatment plants.
- (ii) Drainage and Sanitary installations, Disposal works.
- (iii) Electric Power plant and sub-station including grid sub-station.
- (iv) Gas installations and Gas works.

At sites earmarked in
the sector plan

VI Public and semi public uses zone

- (i) Government offices, Government Administration centres, secretariats and police station
- (ii) Educational, cultural and religious institutions
- (iii) Medical health institutions
- (iv) Civic/cultural and social institutions like theatres, opera houses etc. of predominantly noncommercial nature
- (v) Land belonging to defence
- (vi) Communication Towers
- (vii) Dhabas, Restaurants as under: -

At sites earmarked in
the sector plan

Sr. No.	Name of facility	Area		No. of facilities in a sector	Commercial component	Maximum ground coverage	Floor area ratio
		Minimum	Maximum				
1	Dhabas	500 sqm	1000 sqm	2	50 sqm	50 %	40 %
2	Restaurants	1000 sqm	2000 sqm	2	10 %	30 %	150 %

- (viii) Any other use which Government in public interest may decide

VII Open spaces

- (i) Sports ground, stadium and play grounds
- (ii) Parks and green belts
- (iii) Cemetreries crematories etc.
- (iv) Motor fuel filling stations, bus queue shelter along roads with the permission of Director
- (v) Public utility services like electric grid station, transmission lines, communication lines, water supply lines, sewerage lines, drainage lines in the green belts along the scheduled roads and major roads.
- (vi) Communication Towers
- (vii) Any other recreational use with the permission of Director.

At sites approved by
Director, Town and
Country Planning,
Haryana

VIII Uses strictly prohibited

Storage of petroleum and other inflammable material without proper license.

IX Agriculture zone

- (i) Agricultural, Horticultural, dairy and poultry farming.
- (ii) Village houses within Abadi-deh
- (iii) Farm houses outside abadi-deh subject to restriction as laid down in zoning regulation XIX
- (iv) Afforestation development of any of the part for recreation
- (v) Expansion of existing village contiguous to abadi-deh if undertaken a project approved or sponsored by the Central Government, or State Government

As approved by
Director, Town and
Country Planning

- (vi) Milk chilling station and pasteurisation plant
- (vii) Bus Stand and railway station
- (viii) Air ports with necessary buildings
- (ix) Wireless stations
- (x) Grain godowns, storage space at sites approved by the Director
- (xi) Weather stations
- (xii) Land drainage and irrigation, hydroelectric works and tubewell for irrigation
- (xiv) Telephone and electric transmission lines and poles
- (xv) Mining and extraction operations including lime and brick kilns, stones, quarries and crushing subject to the rules and at approved site
- (xvi) Cremation and burial grounds
- (xvii) Petrol filling station and service garages
- (xviii) Hydro electric/thermal power plant sub-station
- (xix) Liquid Petroleum Gas storage godowns with the approval of the Director
- (xix)(a) Non Polluting industries registered as Rural Industry Scheme/Small Scale Industrial units outside the restricted belt around defence installations as applicable for such installation if any, subject to one of the following conditions
 - (i) Located within half kilometer belt encircling the existing village Abadi-dch and approachable from public road/rasta other than scheduled road, National Highway and State Highway
 - (ii) On Public road/rasta not less than 30 feet wide (other than scheduled roads, National Highway and State Highway) outside the half kilometer zone referred to in (i) above upto a depth of 100 meters along the approach road.
 - (iii) Up to area of 2 acres.
- (b) Non polluting Medium and Large Scale Agro-based Industries on Public road/rasta not less than 30 feet wide other than scheduled roads, National Highway and State Highway subject to the condition that site should not fall within restricted belt around the defence installation as applicable for such installation if any,
- (xx) Dhabas, Banquet Hall, Small Restaurants, Motels, Hotels, Resort and Amusement Park/ Theme Park along National Highway / Scheduled Roads in the area outside restricted/ green belt as under:

Sr. No.	Permissible activity	Area		Commercial component	Maximum ground coverage	Floor area ratio
		Minimum	Maximum			
1	Dhabas	1000 sq. meters	1 acre	50 Sqmt.	40%	40%
2	Restaurant	2000 sq. meters	1 acre	15%	30%	150%
3	Banquet Hall	2.5 acres	-	10%	30%	50%
4	Motel without banquet facilities	1 acres	3 acres	15%	30%	150%
5	Motel with banquet facilities	2.5 acres	5 acres	15%	30%	150%
6	5-Star Hotel	4 acres	15 acres	15%	30%	150%
7	Resort	4 acres	10 acres	15%	30%	150%
8	Amusement Park/Theme Park	2.5 acres	10 acres	15%	30%	50%

Provided the access permission is obtained from National Highway Authority of India if the site is located on National Highway, and from Executive Engineer, Public Works Department (Building and Roads) if the site is located on scheduled road.

- (xxi) Microwave Towers/Stations, Seismic Centers and Telecommunication Centers
- (xxii) Communication Towers
- (xxiii) Any other use, which Government may in Public Interest, decide

Department, Haryana

As approved by
Director, Town and
Country Planning
Department, Haryana

Appendix C**Categories of Industries included in the scope / definition of Information Technology Industry****(A) Computing Devices including**

- Desktop
- Personal Computer
- Servers
- Work-station
- Nodes
- Terminals
- Network P.C.
- Home P.C.
- Lap-top Computers
- Note Book Computers
- Palm top Computer/PDA

(B) Network Controller Card/ Memories including

- Network Interface Card (NIC)
- Adaptor Ethernet /PCI/EISA/Combo/PCMICA
- SIMMs Memory
- DIMMs Memory
- Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- Controller SCSI/Array
- Processors Processor/Processor Power Module/Upgrade

(C) Storage Units including

- Hard Disk Drives/Hard Drives
- RAID Devices and their Controllers
- Floppy Disk Drives
- C.D. ROM Drives
- Tape Drives DLT Drives/DAT
- Optical Disk Drives
- Other Digital Storage Devices

(D) Other

- Key Board
- Monitor
- Mouse
- Multi-media Kits

(E) Printers and Output Devices including

- Dot matrix
- Laserjet
- Inkjet
- Deskjet
- LED Printers
- Line Printers
- Plotters
- Pass-book Printers

(F) Networking products including

- Hubs
- Routers
- Switches
- Concentrators
- Trans-receivers

(G) Software including

- Application Software

- Operating system
Middleware/Firmware
- (H) **Power supplies to Computer Systems including**
Switch Mode Power Supplies
Uninterrupted Power supplies
- (I) **Networking/Cabling and related accessories**
(related to IT Industry)
Fibre Cable
Copper Cable
Cables
Connectors, Terminal Blocks
Jack Panels, Patch Cord
Mounting Cord/Wiring Blocks
Surface Mount Boxes
- (J) **Consumables including**
C.D.ROM /Compact Disk
Floppy Disk
Tapes DAT/DLT
Ribbons
Toners
Inkjet Cartridges
Inks for Output devices
- (K) **Electronic Components**
Printed Circuit Board/Populated PCB
Printed Circuit Board/PCB
Transistors
Integrated Circuits/ICs
Diodes/Thyristor/LED
Resistors
Capacitors
Switches(On/Off, Push button, Rocker, etc.)
Plugs/sockets/relays
Magnetic heads, Print heads
Connectors
Microphones/Speakers
Fuses
- (L) **Telecommunication Equipment including:**
Telephones
Videophones
Facsimile machines/Fax cards
Tele-Printers/Telex machine
PABX/EPABX/ RAX/MAX Telephone Exchange
Multiplexers/Muxes
Modems
Telephone answering machines
Telecommunication Switching Apparatus
Antenna and Mast
Wireless datacom equipment
Receiving equipments like Pagers, mobile/Cellular Phones, etc.
- VSATs
Video Conferencing Equipments
* Including Set Top Boxes for both Video and Digital Signaling.

(M) IT Enabled Services are business processes and services, the end products/services of which are:-

- Delivered outside India.
- Delivered over communication network., and
- Either externally contracted (out-sourced) or provided by a remote subsidiary of the same company (out-located).

Note: Services which would not be included are:-

- (i) Remote production/manufacturing units
- (ii) The Corporate offices of companies or their local branches
- (iii) Virtual business on Internet.

The following services which meet the above criteria would be included:-

- (i) Back-Office Operations
- (ii) Call Centres
- (iii) Content Development or Animation
- (iv) Data Processing
- (v) Engineering and Design
- (vi) Geographic Information System Services
- (vii) Human Resource Services
- (viii) Insurance Claim Processing
- (ix) Legal Database
- (x) Medical Transcription
- (xi) Payroll
- (xii) Remote Maintenance
- (xiii) Revenue Accounting
- (xiv) Supports Centres and
- (xv) Web-site Services.

D. S. DHESI,
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