



# AWS Elastic Compute Cloud - EC2

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# AWS Region and AZs



## Region:

- AWS has the concept of a Region, which is a physical location around the world where we cluster data centers.
- A AWS Region is represented by a code like **us-east-1** for **North Virginia** Location.

## Availability Zones:

- Each Region has multiple, isolated locations known as Availability Zones.
- An Availability Zone is represented by a Region code followed by a letter identifier, **us-east-1a** , **us-east-1b**

To know more on [Region and AZs](#)



# What is EC2



- Provides resizable compute capacity in Cloud.
- Designed to make web-scale cloud computing easier.
- A true virtual computing environment.
- Launch instances with a variety of operating systems.
- Run as many or few systems as you desire.
- **AWS EC2 Service is Region Specific.**

# Elastic Compute Cloud

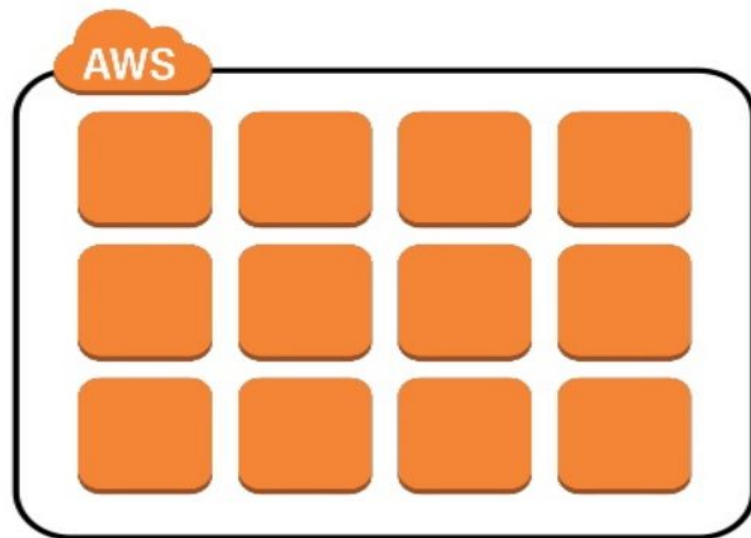


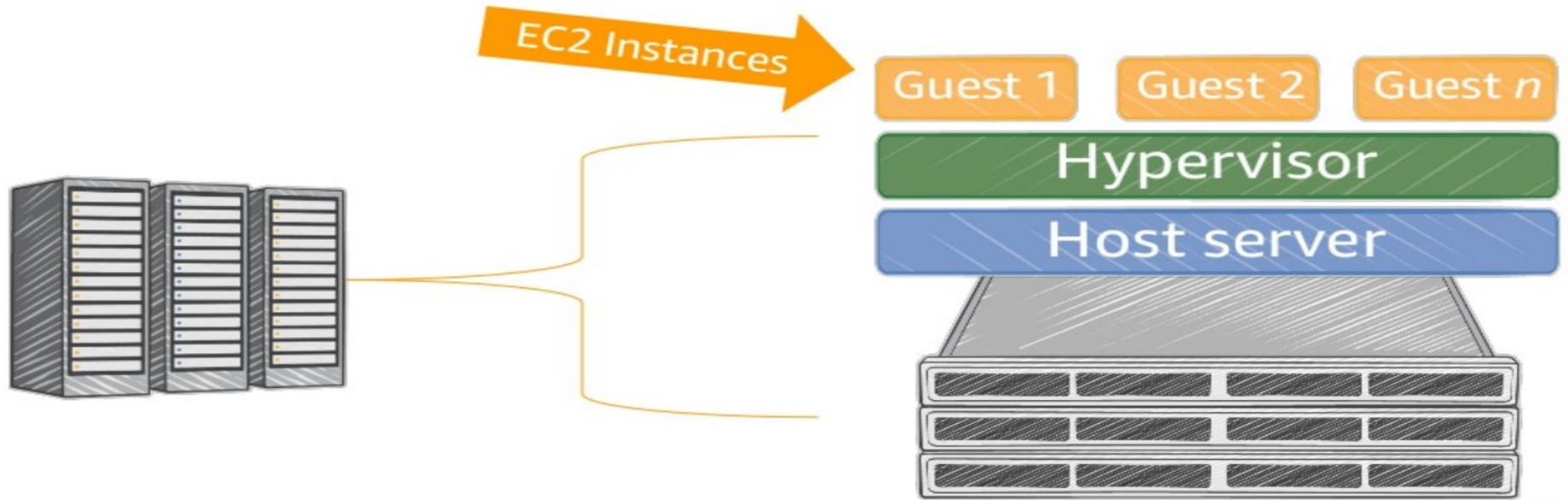
- ✓ Application Server
- ✓ Web Server
- ✓ Database Server
- ✓ Game Server
- ✓ Mail Server
- ✓ Media Server
- ✓ Catalog Server
- ✓ File Server
- ✓ Computing Server
- ✓ Proxy Server



# Amazon EC2 Instances

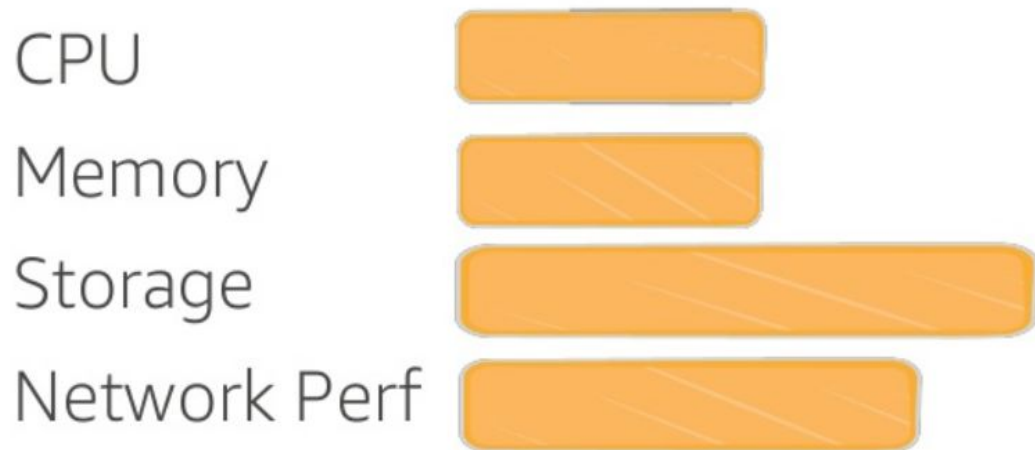
- 📦 Pay-as-you-go
- 📦 Broad selection of HW/SW
- 📦 Global hosting
- 📦 *Much more* ([aws.amazon.com/ec2](https://aws.amazon.com/ec2))







# AWS EC2 : Instance Characteristics



# EC2 - Instance Types

Families	Description	Example Use Cases
t2, m4, m3	<b>General Purpose</b> Balanced Performance	Websites, web applications, Dev, code repos, micro services, business apps
c3, c4, cc2	<b>Compute Optimized</b> High CPU Performance	Front-end fleets, web-servers, batch processing, distributed analytics, science and engineering apps, ad serving, MMO gaming, video-encoding
g2, p2	<b>GPU Optimized</b> High-end GPU	Amazon AppStream 2.0, video encoding, machine learning, high perf databases, science
r3, r4, x1, cr1	<b>Memory Optimized</b> Large RAM footprint	In-memory databases, data mining
d2, i2, i3, hi1, hs1	<b>Storage Optimized</b> High I/O, High density	NAS, data warehousing, NoSQL





# General Purpose Instance Workloads

Web/app servers



Enterprise apps



Gaming servers



Caching fleets



Analytics applications



Dev/test environments





# Choosing the Right Amazon Instances?

- EC2 Instance types are optimized for different use cases, workloads, and come in multiple sizes. This allows you to optimally scale resources to your workload requirements.
- AWS utilizes Intel® Xeon® processors for EC2 Instances providing customers with high performance and value.
- Consider the following when choosing your instances: core count, memory size, storage size & type, network performance, I/O requirements, and CPU technologies.
- Hurry Up & Go Idle** - A larger compute instance can save you time and money, therefore paying more per hour for a shorter amount of time can be less expensive.



# Amazon Machine Images

- AMIs (Amazon Machine Images) are immutable images that are used to launch preconfigured EC2 instances.
- They come in both public and private flavors.
- Access to public AMIs is either freely available (shared/community AMIs) or bought and sold in the AWS Marketplace.
- Many operating system vendors publish ready-to-use base AMIs.
- Modern deployments will usually be with **64-bit EBS-backed HVM**.
- You can create your own custom AMI by snapshotting the state of an EC2 instance that you have modified.



# Amazon Machine Images

## Amazon maintained

Set of Linux and Windows images

Kept up-to-date by Amazon in each region

## Community maintained

Images published by other AWS users

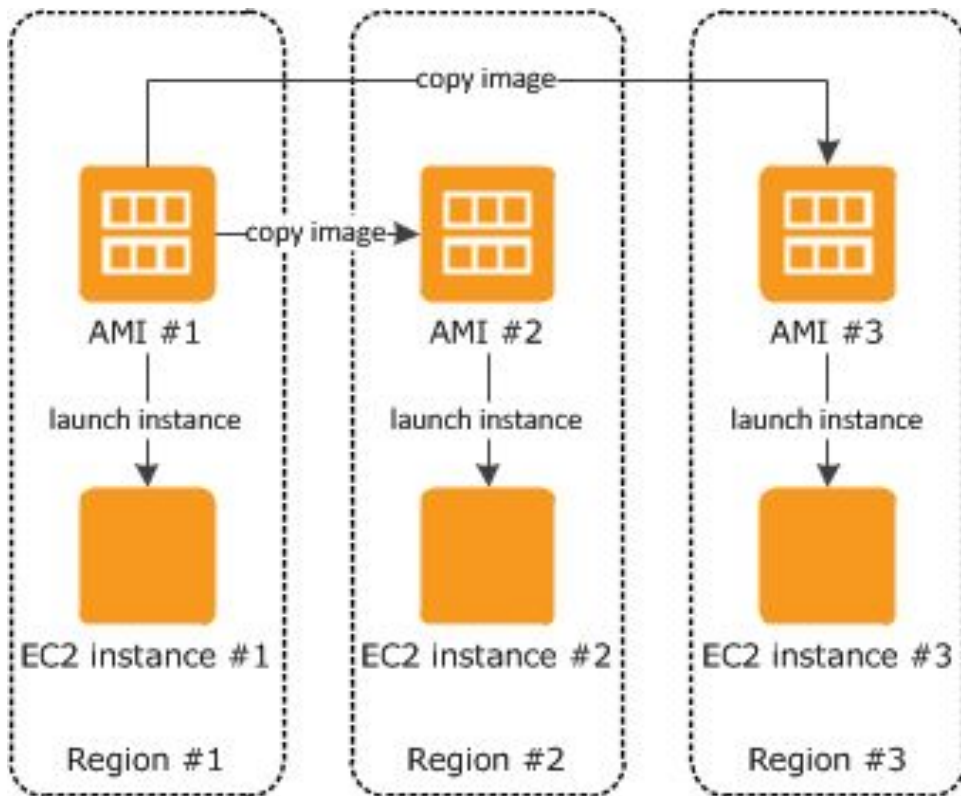
Managed and maintained by Marketplace partners

## Your machine images

AMIs you have created from EC2 instances

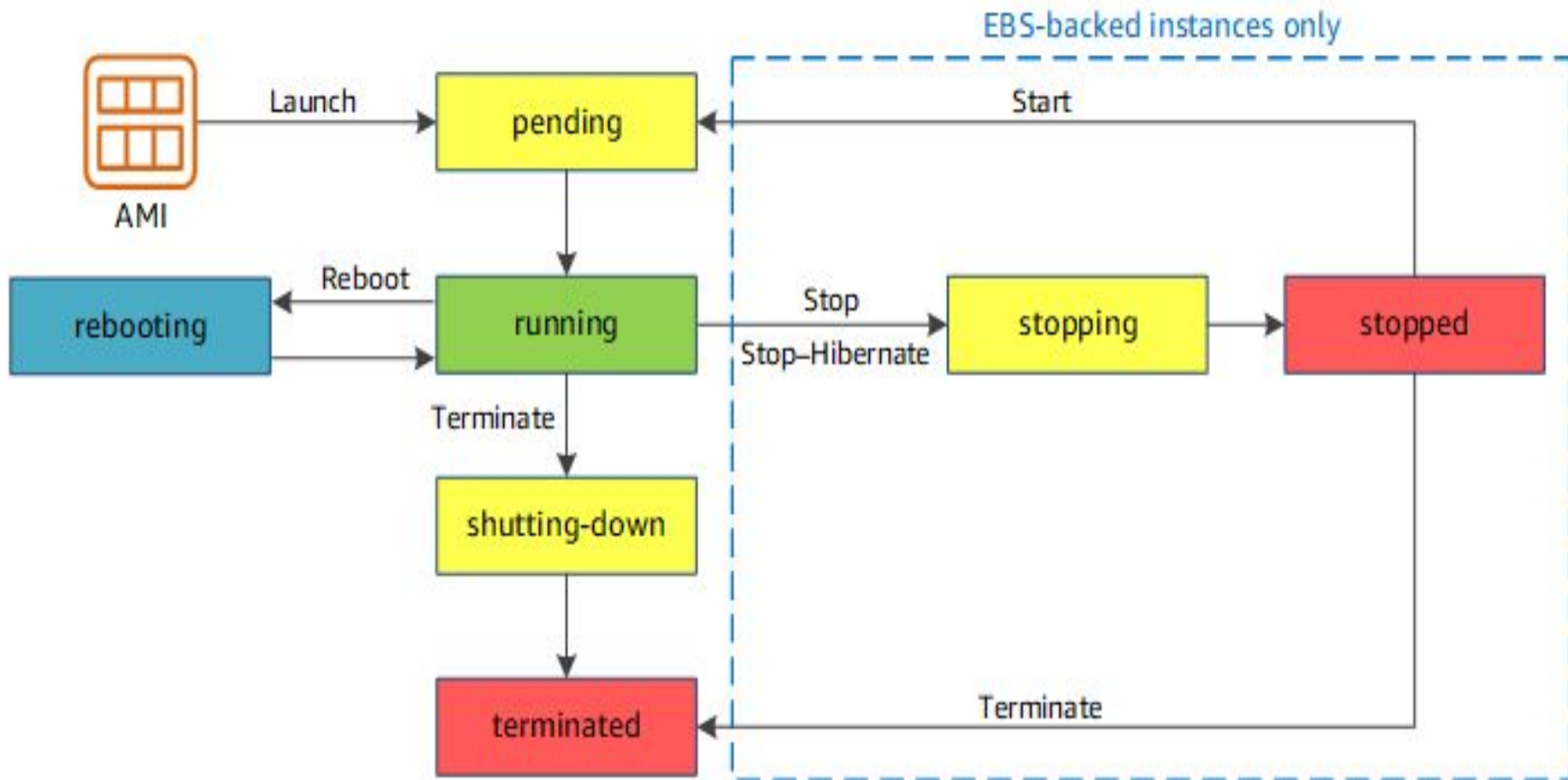
Can be kept private or shared with other accounts

# Launching an Instance and AMI Copy



- When you launch an instance, you must select an AMI that's in the same Region.
- If the AMI is in another Region, you can copy the AMI to the Region you're using.
- AMI ID will be different in every Region.

# EC2 - Instance Lifecycle







# Elastic IP Address



- A Normal Public IP attached to a EC2 instance is changed if an EC2 instance is stopped and started.
- **Elastic IPs** are **static IP** addresses you can rent from AWS to assign to EC2 instances.
- By default, all AWS accounts are limited to five (5) Elastic IP addresses per Region, because public (IPv4) internet addresses are a scarce public resource.
- Its possible to increase via Service Limit Increase Request.
- If an Elastic IP is not attached to an active resource there is a **minimal hourly fee**.
- Elastic IPs have no extra charge as long as it is attached to a running EC2 instance.
- They have a (small) cost when not in use, which is a mechanism to prevent people from squatting on excessive numbers of IP addresses.
- Click here to view [EIP Pricing](#).



# Elastic Block Store

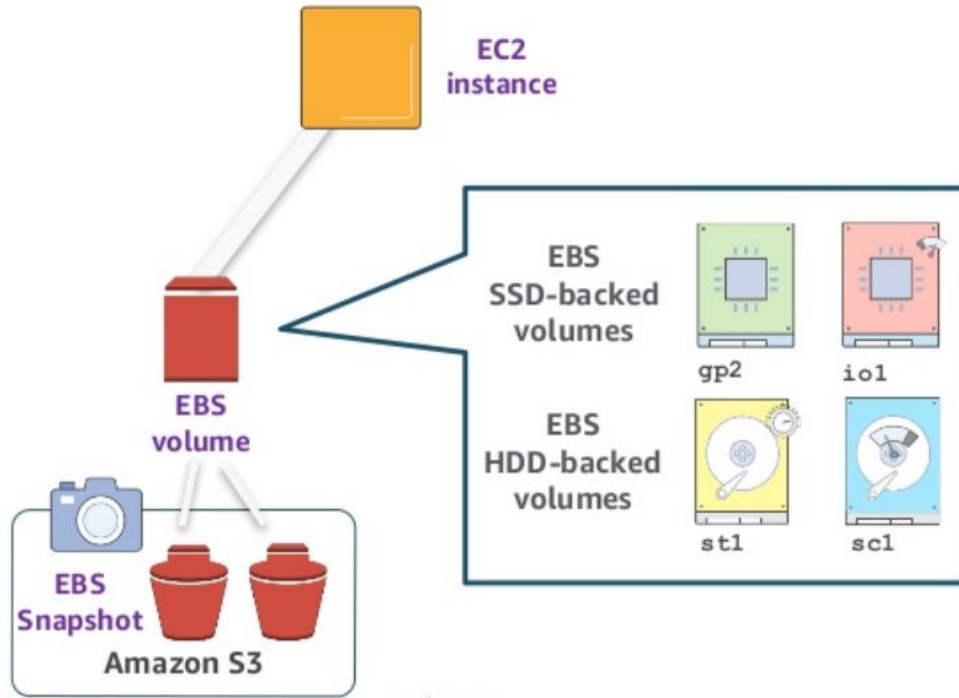


- **EBS (Elastic Block Store)** provides block level storage. That is, it offers storage volumes that can be attached as filesystems, like traditional network drives.
- EBS volumes can only be attached to one EC2 instance at a time.
- Elastic Volumes capability allows you to increase storage, tune performance up and down, and change volume types without any disruption to your workloads.
- Snapshots can be used to quickly restore new volumes across a region's Availability Zones, enabling rapid scale.
- EBS Snapshots allow you to easily take backups of your volumes for geographic protection of your data.
- **Data Lifecycle Manager (DLM)** is an easy-to-use tool for automating snapshot management without any additional overhead or cost.



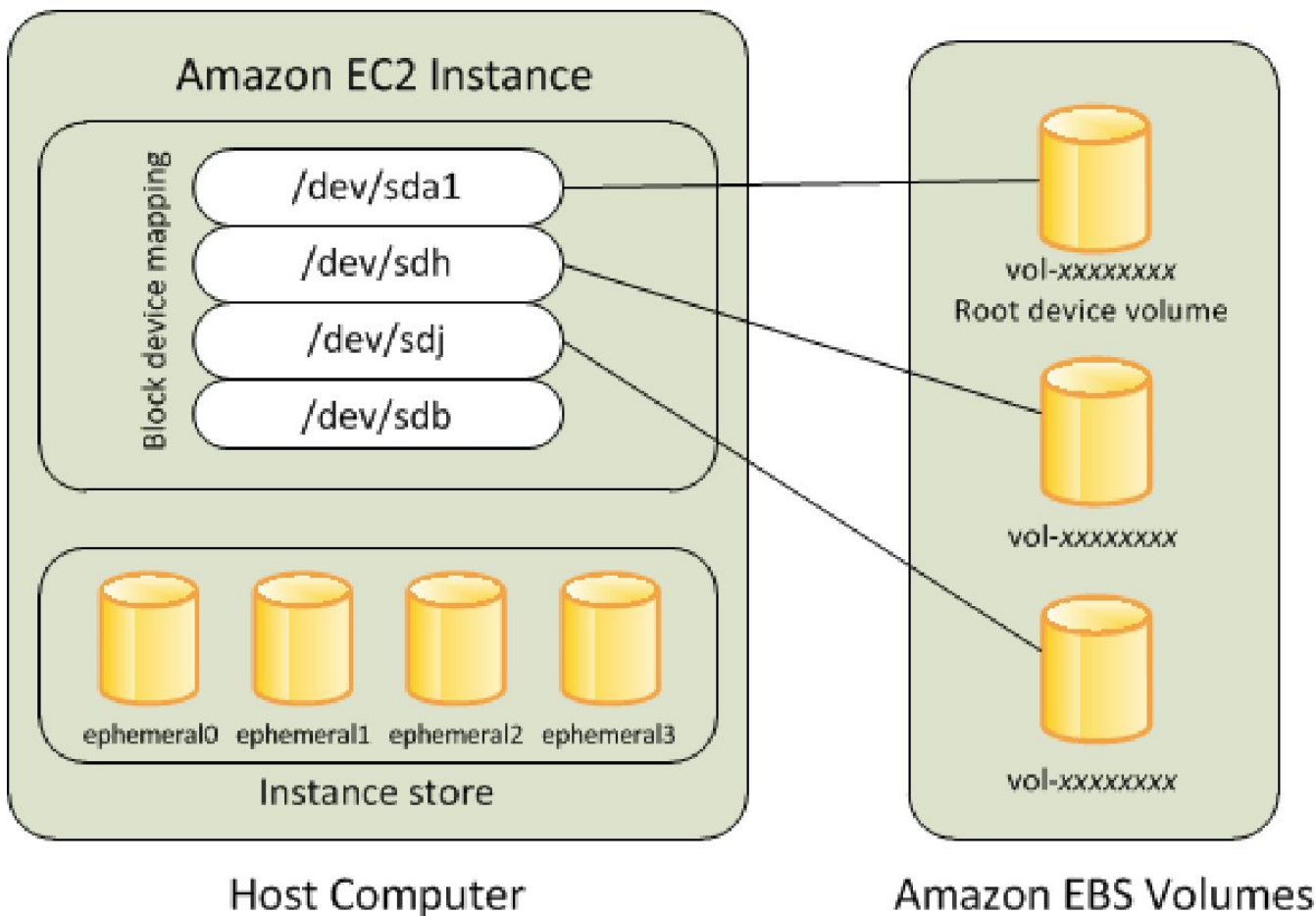


# Amazon Elastic Block Store (EBS)



- Block storage as a service
- Create, attach volumes through an API
- Service accessed over the network
- Select storage and compute based on your workload
- Volumes persist independent of EC2
- Detach and attach between instances
- Choice of magnetic and SSD-based volume types
- Supports Snapshots: Point-in-time backup of modified volume blocks

# EBS Volumes





# EBS Volumes

## Characteristics

- ❏ Persistent and customizable block storage for EC2 instances
- ❏ HDD and SSD types
- ❏ Use Snapshots for backups
- ❏ Easy and transparent encryption
- ❏ Elastic

## Availability

- ❏ Durable and automatically replicated

## Drive Types

- ❏ Storage that best fits your needs
- ❏ Magnetic or SSD
- ❏ Performance and price requirements

# EBS Volumes

## Snapshots

- 📦 Point-in-time snapshots
- 📦 Recreate a new volume at any time

## Encryption

- 📦 Encrypted EBS volumes
- 📦 No additional cost

## Elasticity

- 📦 Increase capacity
- 📦 Change to different types

# EBS Volumes

## Features

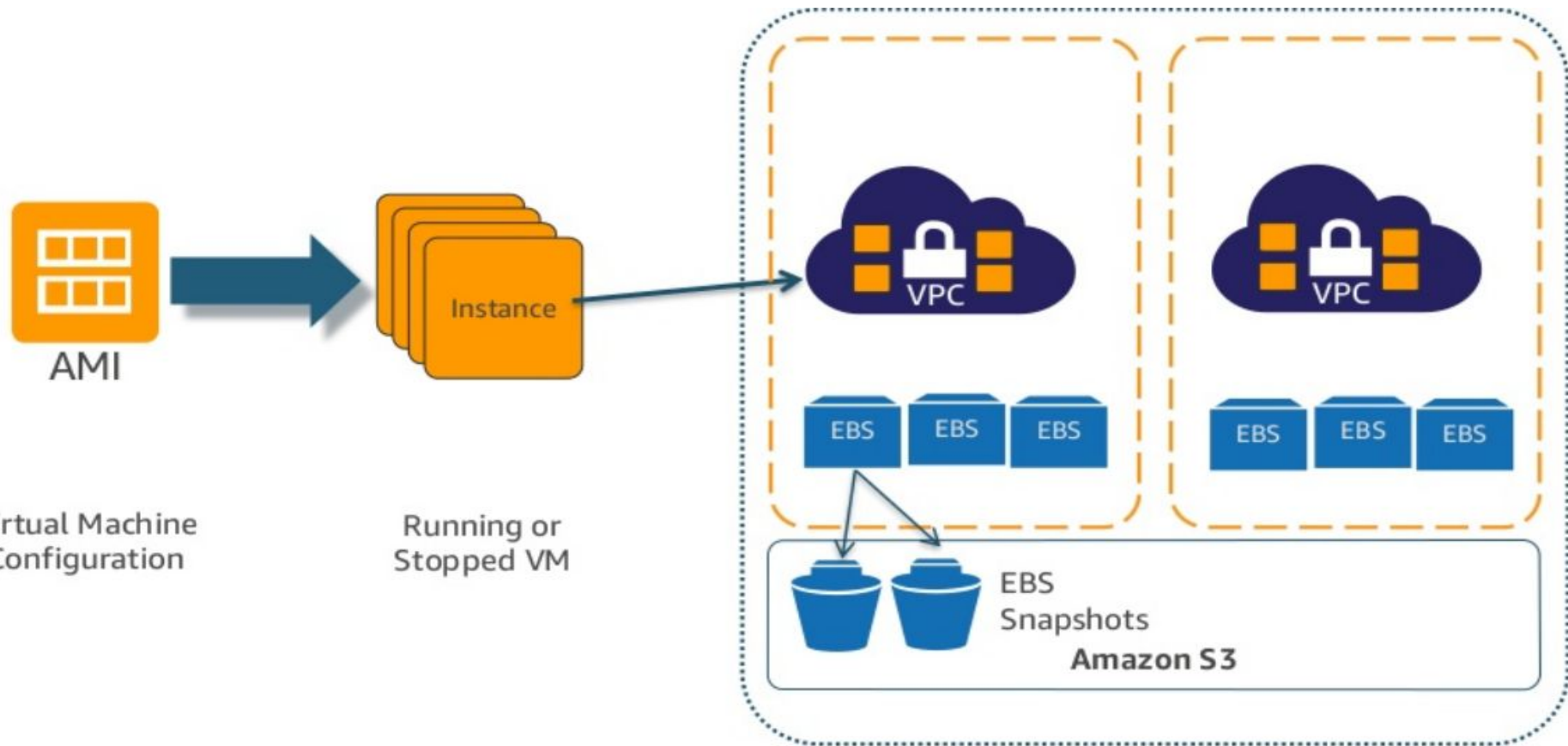
- ✓ Persistent and customizable block storage for EC2 instances
- ✓ HDD and SSD types
- ✓ Replicated in the same Availability Zones
- ✓ Easy and transparent encryption
- ✓ Elastic volumes
- ✓ Back up using snapshots

Click here to view [EBS Pricing.](#)

# EBS Snapshots

- An EBS snapshot is a point-in-time copy of your Amazon EBS volume, which is lazily copied to Amazon Simple Storage Service (**Amazon S3**).
- Snapshots are stored in S3 but are not visible under S3 Service View.
- You cannot directly attach a snapshot to an EC2 instance.
- To make Snapshot available in another Region:
  - Copy Snapshot to another region, create Volume and attach to EC2 instance.

# EC2 Resources Recap





# EC2 Purchasing Options

## On-Demand

Pay for compute capacity **by the second** with no long-term commitments

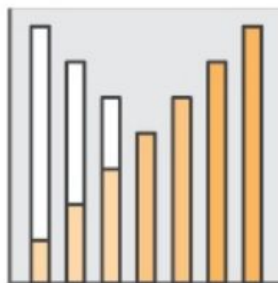
Spiky workloads, to define needs



## Reserved

Make a 1- or 3-year commitment and receive a **significant discount** off of On-Demand prices

Committed, steady-state usage



## Spot

Spare EC2 capacity at a **savings of up to 90%** off of On-Demand prices

Fault-tolerant, dev/test, time-flexible, stateless workloads



*Per Second Billing for EC2 Linux instances & EBS volumes*





# EC2 - Pricing

## On demand:

- Pay for compute capacity by per hour or per second depending on which instances you run.
- No longer-term commitments or upfront payments are needed.
- You can increase or decrease your compute capacity depending on the demands of your application and only pay the specified per hourly rates for the instance you use.

## Spot instance

- Amazon EC2 Spot instances allow you to request spare Amazon EC2 computing capacity for up to 90% off the On-Demand price

## Reserved Instance

- Reserved Instances provide you with a significant discount (up to 75%) compared to On-Demand instance pricing

## Dedicated host

- A Dedicated Host is also a physical server that's dedicated for your use.
- With a Dedicated Host, you have visibility and control over how instances are placed on the server

To view more on [EC2 Pricing](#).

# EC2 Spot Pricing



Spare EC2 Capacity that  
AWS can reclaim with  
2-minutes notice



Savings up to 90% off of the  
On-Demand price



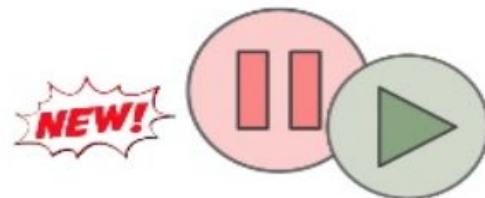
Turbo Boost your results  
with Spot Fleet



Eliminate the bid!

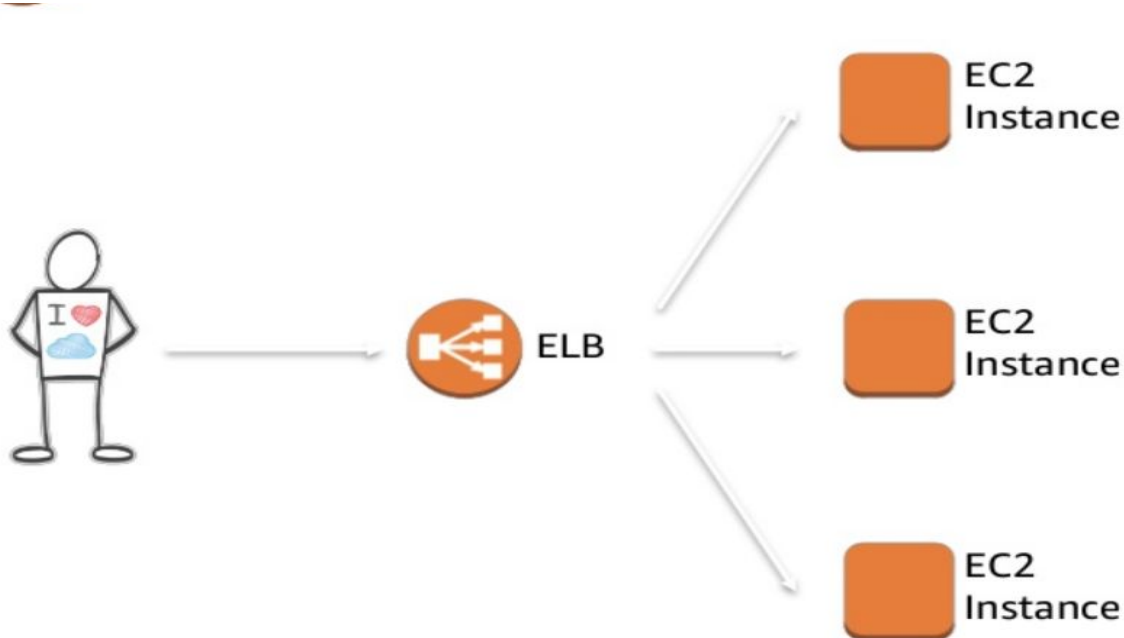


No need to learn  
new APIs



Pause and resume with  
Stop/Start and  
Hibernate

# Elastic Load Balancing



**Load balancer** used to route incoming requests to multiple EC2 instances, Containers, or IP addresses in your VPC

Elastic Load Balancing provides **high-availability** by utilizing multiple Availability Zones



# ANY Questions?

