Question 4

Numerical solution of Diffusion Equation

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Diffusion equation for 1D:

$$\frac{\partial u(x,t)}{\partial t} = D \frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial x^2}$$

Initial conditions: P(x,0) = 1 when x=0, 0 otherwise

Boundary conditions: P(-L,t) = P(L,t) = 0, t>0

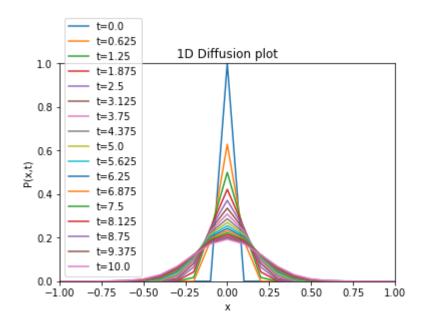
Where x is the position, t is the time

Using Forward Euler Scheme: method for solving ordinary differential equations using the formula

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + hf(x_n,y_n),$$

which advances a solution from x_n to $x_{n+1} = x_n + h$

Plotting probability(x,t) versus position we get the distribution of random particle in 1D:



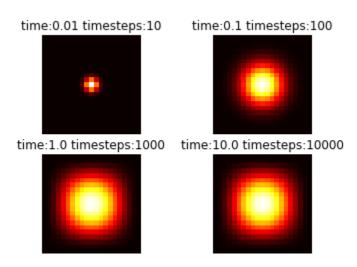
Diffusion equation for 2D:

$$\frac{\partial P(x,y,t)}{\partial t} = D_x \frac{\partial^2 P(x,y,t)}{\partial x^2} + D_y \frac{\partial^2 P(x,y,t)}{\partial y^2}$$

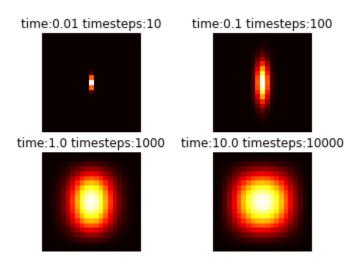
Where Dx, Dy are diffusion constants for x,y respectively. This equation allows us to talk about the statistical movements of randomly moving particles in 2 dimensions.

The density plots for different timesteps (n=10,100,1000,10000) for:

I)
$$Dx = Dy$$

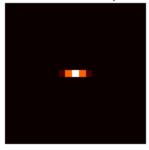


Ii) Dx > Dy

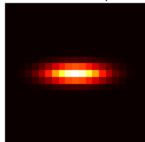


Iii) Dx < Dy

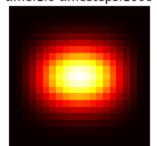
time:0.01 timesteps:10



time:0.1 timesteps:100



time:1.0 timesteps:1000



time:10.0 timesteps:10000

