Module 2: Propositional Logic

Ex.20 Without using truth table, prove that

(i)
$$p \rightarrow q \equiv p \rightarrow (p \land q)$$

(ii)
$$(p \lor r) \to q \equiv (p \to q) \land (r \to q)$$

(iii)
$$p \to (q \to r) \equiv p \land q \to r$$
 [W.B.U.T.2

(iv)
$$p \leftrightarrow q \equiv (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \land q)$$

(v)
$$(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow q \equiv p \lor q$$

(vi)
$$(q \rightarrow (p \land \neg p)) \rightarrow (r \rightarrow (p \land \neg p)) \equiv r \rightarrow q$$

14. Find the Truth table of the following:

(i)
$$p \lor \sim q$$

(ii)
$$(p \lor \sim q) \land p$$

(iii)
$$\sim (p \vee q) \vee (\sim p \wedge \sim q)$$

(iv)
$$(q \lor r) \land p$$

(v)
$$\sim p \vee q \rightarrow \sim q$$

(vi)
$$(\sim q \rightarrow \sim p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$$

(vii)
$$q \lor r \leftrightarrow p \land \sim r$$

15. Write down the converse, inverse and contrapositive of the following statements:

- (i) If today is independence-day, then tomorrow is Monday.
- (ii) If ABC is a right triangle then $|AB|^2 + |BC|^2 = |AC|^2$.
- (iii) If P is a rectangle then it is a parallelogram.
- (iv) If n is prime, then n is 2 or n is odd.
- (v) If a triangle is not isoceles, then it is not equilateral.
- 16. Write the converse, contrapositive and inverse of the followings :
 - (i) If it is rainning, the grass is wet
 - (ii) It is rainning if it is cloudy
 - (iii) Rain is sufficient for it to be cloudy
 - (iv) Rain is necessary for it to be cloudy.
- 17. Show by a truth table the inverse of $p \rightarrow q$ is equivalent to converse of $p \rightarrow q$.

18. Prove that the following propositions are Tautology:

(i)
$$(p \land q) \rightarrow p$$

(ii)
$$\sim p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$$

(iii)
$$[p \land (p \rightarrow q)] \rightarrow q$$
 (iv) $(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$

(iv)
$$(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$$

(v)
$$[(p \to q) \land (q \to r)] \to (p \to r)$$
 [W.B. U.T.2014]
(vi) $(p \to q) \leftrightarrow (\sim q \to \sim p)$ (vii) $p \land (q \land r) \leftrightarrow (p \land q) \land r$

(vi)
$$(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\sim q \rightarrow \sim p)$$

(vii)
$$p \land (q \land r) \leftrightarrow (p \land q) \land r$$

(viii)
$$\{p \land (p \leftrightarrow q)\} \rightarrow q$$

(ix)
$$(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \lor q)$$

Ex-22. Write a CNF (Conjunctive normal form) of the following statements:

(i)
$$p \land (p \rightarrow q)$$

(ii)
$$\{q \lor (p \land r)\} \land \sim \{(p \lor r) \land q\}$$

Solution. (i) $p \land (p \rightarrow q) \equiv p \land (\sim p \lor q)$ which is the required CNF

(ii)
$$\{q \lor (p \land r)\} \land \neg \{(p \lor r) \land q\}$$

$$\equiv \{q \lor (p \land r)\} \land \{\neg (p \lor r) \lor \neg q\} \text{ by D' Morgan's Law}$$

$$\equiv \{q \lor (p \land r)\} \land \{\neg (p \land \neg r) \lor \neg q\} \text{ by D' Morgan's law.}$$

$$\equiv (q \lor p) \land (q \lor r) \land \{(\neg p \lor \neg q) \land (\neg r \lor \neg q)\}$$

$$\equiv (q \lor p) \land (q \lor r) \land (\neg p \lor \neg q) \land (\neg r \lor \neg q) \text{ which is required}$$

$$\text{CNF.}$$

Ex.23. Find the CNF of the following statement:

$$\neg (p \lor q) \leftrightarrow (p \land q)$$

Solution.

$$\neg(p \lor q) \leftrightarrow (p \land q) \equiv \sim (p \lor q) \leftrightarrow (p \land q)$$

$$\equiv \left\{ \sim (p \lor q) \rightarrow (p \land q) \right\} \land \left\{ (p \land q) \rightarrow \sim (p \lor q) \right\}$$

$$\equiv \left\{ \sim \sim (p \lor q) \lor (p \land q) \right\} \land \left\{ \sim (p \land q) \lor \sim (p \lor q) \right\}$$

$$[\because p \rightarrow q \equiv \sim p \lor q]$$

$$\equiv \left\{ (p \lor q) \lor (p \land q) \right\} \land \sim \left\{ (p \land q) \land (p \lor q) \right\} ...(1)$$
by D'Morgan's law

Now,
$$(p \lor q) \lor (p \land q) \equiv \{(p \lor q) \lor p\} \land \{(p \lor q) \lor q\}$$

$$\equiv \{(q \lor p) \lor p\} \land \{p \lor (q \lor q)\}$$

$$\equiv \{q \lor (p \lor p)\} \land \{p \lor q\}$$

$$\equiv (q \lor p) \land (p \lor q) \text{ using Idempotent law}$$

$$\equiv (p \lor q) \land (p \lor q) \text{ using Commutative law}$$

$$\equiv p \lor q \text{ again using idempotent law}.$$

19. Show that

(i)
$$p \land (\sim q \lor q) \equiv p$$

(ii)
$$p \lor (p \land q) \equiv p$$

(iii)
$$(p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim q) \equiv p$$

(iv)
$$\sim \{p \lor (\sim p \land q)\} \equiv \sim p \land q$$

(iii)
$$(p \land q) \lor (p \land \sim q) \equiv p$$

(v) $p \land (q \leftrightarrow r) \lor (r \leftrightarrow p) \equiv p \land \{(q \to r) \land (r \to q)\} \lor \{(r \to p) \land (p \to r)\}$

(vi)
$$p \land \{(\sim q \lor r) \land (\sim r \lor q)\} \equiv p \land (q \leftrightarrow r)$$

(vii)
$$\sim (p \land q) \land (p \lor q) \equiv (p \land \sim q) \lor (\sim p \land q)$$

(viii)
$$(p \to q) \lor \sim (p \lor q) \equiv (p \to q) \land (p \leftrightarrow q)$$

(ix)
$$\sim \{p \lor (\sim p \land q)\} \equiv \sim p \land \sim q$$

20. Show that the following propositions are contradiction

(i)
$$p \wedge \sim q$$
 (ii) $(p \vee q) \wedge (\sim q) \wedge (\sim p)$

(iii)
$$(p \land q) \land \{ \sim (p \lor q) \}$$

21. Find the DNF of the following propositions

(i)
$$\sim \{p \mapsto (q \wedge r)\}$$

(i)
$$\sim \{p \rightarrow (q \land r)\}\$$
 (ii) $(\sim p \rightarrow r) \land (p \leftrightarrow q)$

22. Obatin the CNF of the following propositions:

(i)
$$\sim \{(p \lor \sim q) \land \sim r\}$$

(ii)
$$\sim (p \lor q) \leftrightarrow (p \land q)$$