

Wavelet-Based Filter for Noise and Background Removal in Extended Depth of Field Microscopy

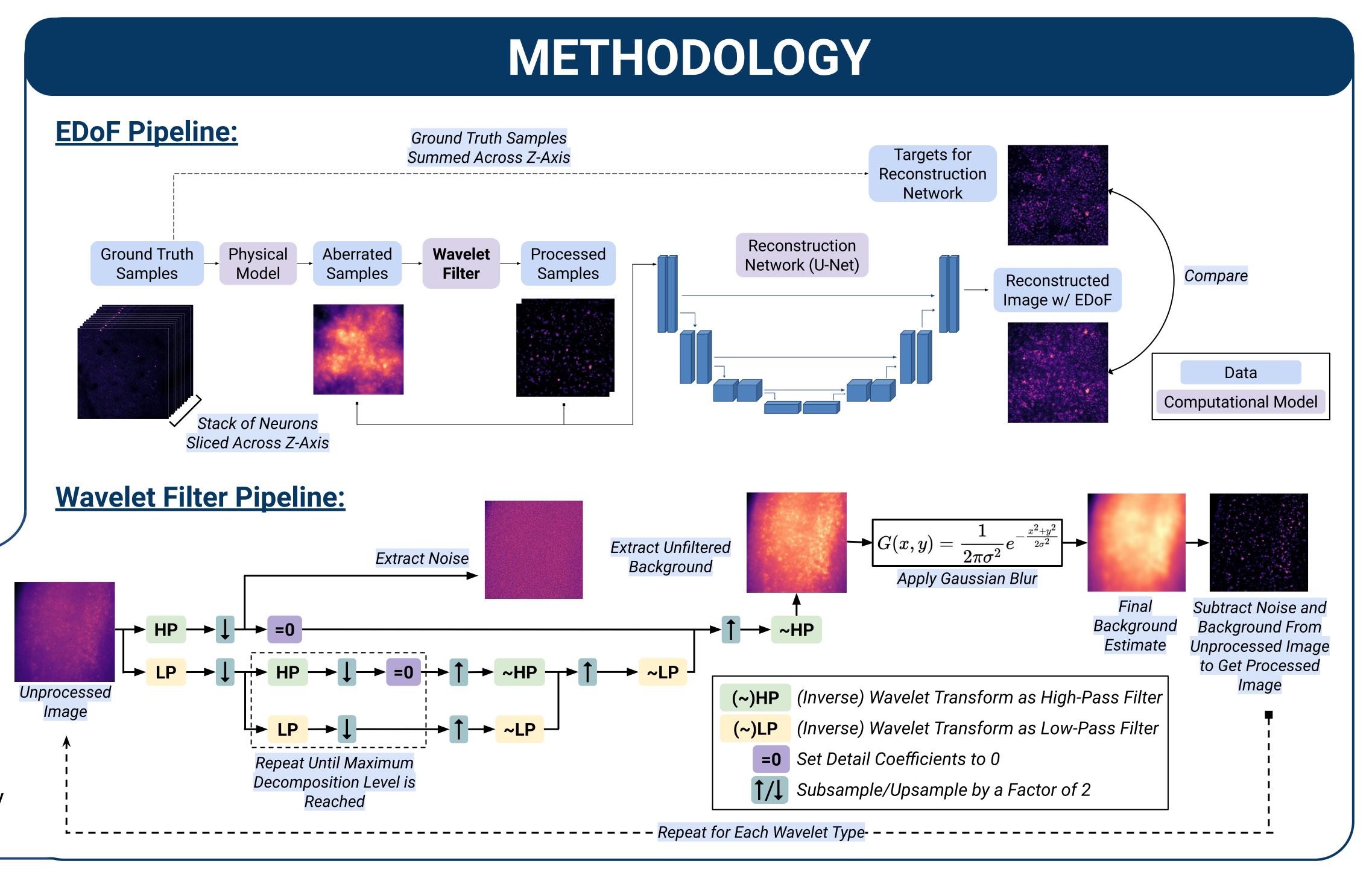
Sneha Sharma^{1,2}, Qilin Deng², Prof. Lei Tian²

Eastlake High School, 400 228th Ave NE, Sammamish, WA 98074¹

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Boston University, 8 St. Mary's Street, Boston, MA 02215²

INTRODUCTION

- Miniaturized microscopes (miniscopes) have a limited depth of field → the Tian Lab is developing an extended depth-of-field (EDoF) miniscope using deep learning and optics to view deeper into the brain¹
- **Issue:** Images taken with miniscopes contain slow-varying background, due to fluorescence from out-of-focus planes and scattered light. High frequency noise is also introduced by the detection system.
- Wavelet Filter: Applies wavelets (small wave-like oscillations localized in time) as a high- and low-pass filters to separate and extract the low-frequency and high-frequency components of an image²
- Objective: Implement a wavelet filter in our end-to-end EDoF pipeline's preprocessing steps to remove out-of-focus noise and background from our data
- Physical model's weights were frozen → pre-trained weights were imported and model trained on weights in the reconstruction network
- Trained for 60,000 epochs and utilized three loss metrics:
 - 1) 1) Mean-squared error (MSE): ensure similarity between target and output
 - 2) **Gradient-based loss (GradLoss)**: ensure similar edges to retain neuron shapes
 - 3) Fourier mean average error (fMAE): ensure similarity between Fourier domain of target and output



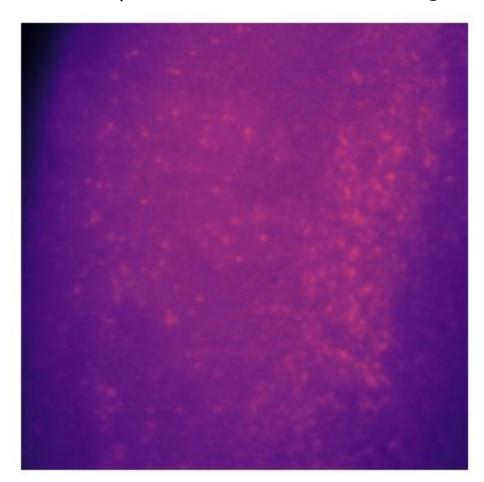
RESULTS

Model Metrics

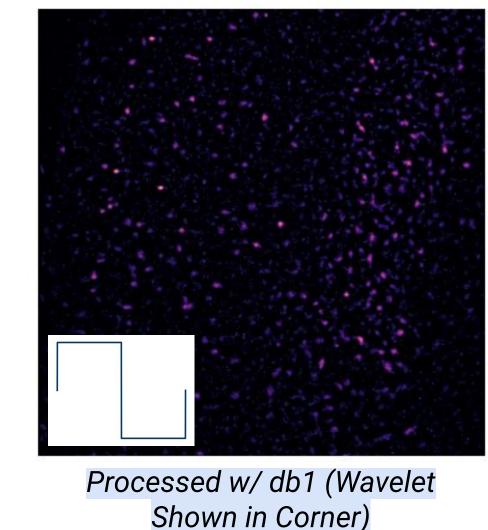
- Code Environment: Visual Studio Code
- Implementation: Python Pytorch Pytorch-Wavelets³
- **GPU**: NVIDIA A100/A4/L40S (depending on run)
- Loss: MSE + GradLoss + fMAE
- Wavelet Basis: db1 and db2
- Full-Width of Half-Maximum (FWHM) of PSF: 8.0
- Noise Level: 2.0
- Runtime With No Preprocessing Layer: 5hr 40min
- Runtime With Wavelet Filter*: 5hr 52min

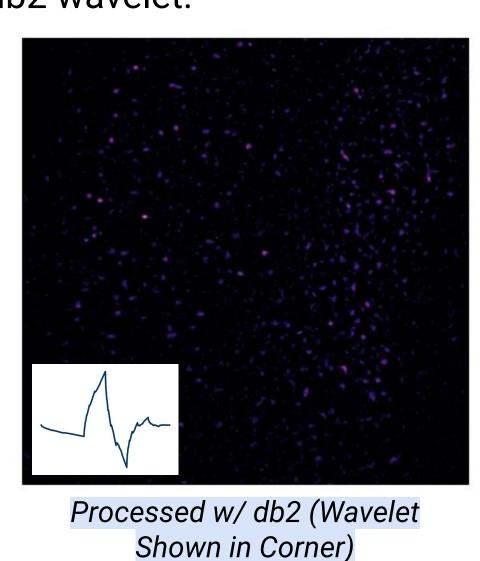
*Calculated by averaging 6 runs with different hyperparameters (learning rate, scheduler, wavelet type, etc.)

Wavelet Type: Sometimes, images were processed best with the db1 wavelet (shown below). Other times, images were processed best with the db2 wavelet.

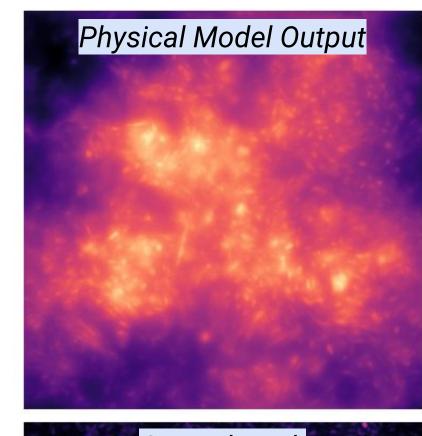


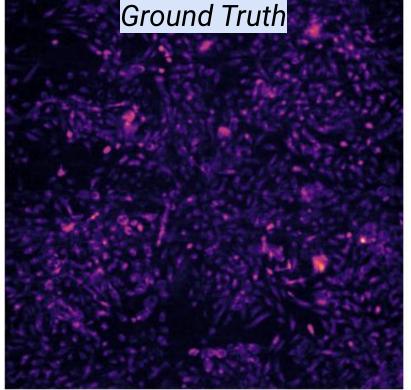
Unprocessed

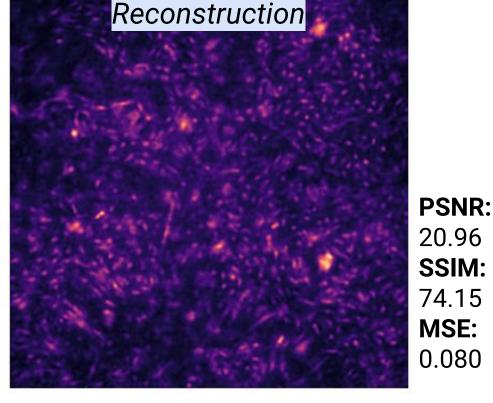




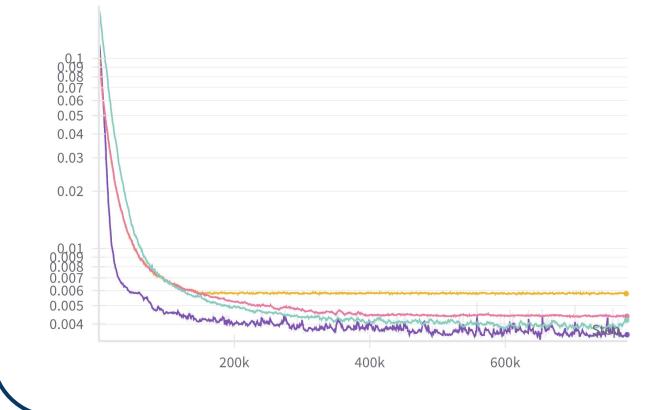
Output vs. Target





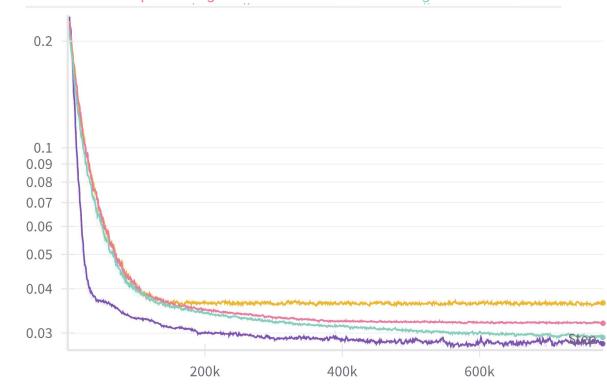


Learning Rate Scheduler: The Cyclic Learning Rate Scheduler (causing the learning rate to cycle between 5e-9 and 5e-7 every 2000 epochs) performed the best across all loss metrics, achieving a total loss of 0.9809.

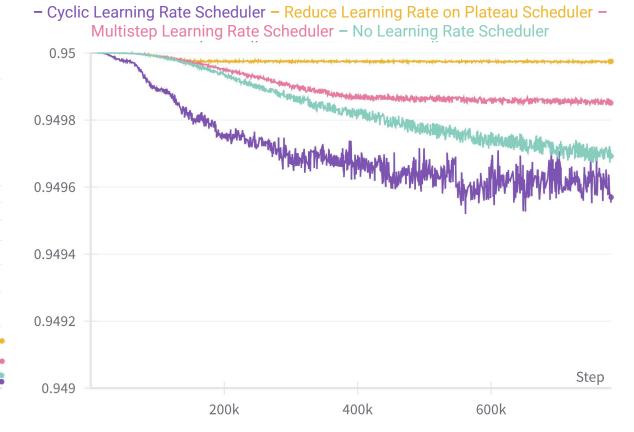


Validation Loss: MSE

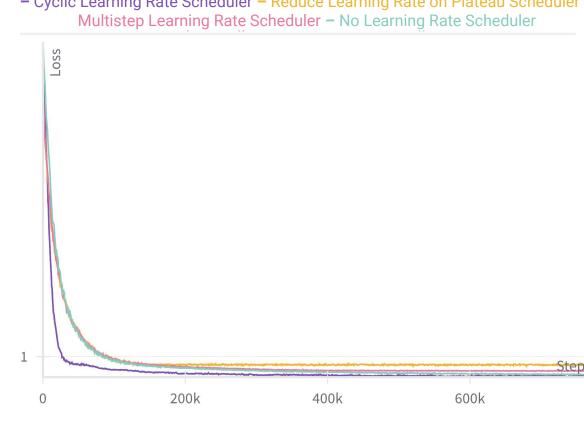
Multistep Learning Rate Scheduler - No Learning Rate Scheduler



Validation Loss: GradLoss



Validation Loss: fMAE



Total Validation Loss

Losses:
Cyclic Learning
Rate: 0.9809

Reduce Learning
Rate on Plateau:
0.9916

Multistep
Learning Rate:
0.9861

No Scheduler:

0.9827

CONCLUSIONS

- Hyperparameter tuning shows that setting the FWHM of the PSF and the noise level as fixed values based on the optical system yields best results following the preprocessing layer
- The wavelet filter ensured that the model could **converge fast and accurately** by getting rid of the out-of-focus fluorescence background and noise, thereby encouraging it to focus training on the most important parts of the data with **little significant increase in computational time**
- Model performed best when wavelet filter outputted a stack of the **unprocessed image**, the image processed with the **db1** wavelet, and the image processed with the **db2** wavelet
- Future Directions:
 - Test Wavelet Filter with different combinations of wavelets to find the most optimal one: run more tests with the Symlet family because of its small support and use in denoising images
 - o Improve loss metrics: focus on decreasing loss within the Fourier domain

REFERENCES

- (1) Greene, J.; Xue, Y.; Alido, J.; Matlock, A.; Hu, G.; Kiliç, K.; Davison, I.; Tian, L. Pupil Engineering for Extended Depth-of-Field Imaging in a Fluorescence Miniscope. *Neurophotonics* **2023**, *10* (4), 044302. https://doi.org/10.1117/1.NPh.10.4.044302.
- (2) Hüpfel, M.; Yu. Kobitski, A.; Zhang, W.; Nienhaus, G. U. Wavelet-Based Background and Noise Subtraction for Fluorescence Microscopy Images. *Biomed Opt Express* **2021**, *12* (2), 969–980. https://doi.org/10.1364/BOE.41318.
- (3) Moritz, W.; Blanke, F.; Garcke, J.; Tapley Hoyt, C. Ptwt The PyTorch Wavelet Toolbox. *Journal of Machine Learning Research* **2024**, *25* (80), 1–7.

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