

Unit 9 - Week 7

Course outline

How to access the portal

Pre-requisite Assignment

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

Week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

☐ Week 6 - Assignment Solving

☐ Functional Testing

☐ Input Space Partitioning

☐ Input Space Partitioning: Coverage Criteria

☐ Input Space Partitioning Coverage Criteria: Example

☐ Feedback for week 7

☐ Quiz : Assignment 7

Week 8

Week 9

Week 10

Week 11

Week 12

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Assignment 7

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.  
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2019-09-18, 23:59 IST.

1) Which of the following is a list of functional testing techniques?

1 point

- ☐ Equivalence partitioning, usability testing, decision coverage
- ☐ Equivalence partitioning, performance testing, usability testing
- ☐ Equivalence partitioning, decision tables, random testing
- ☐ Equivalence partitioning, decision coverage, loop coverage

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Equivalence partitioning, decision tables, random testing

2) Which of the following is true about equivalence partitioning tests?

1 point

- ☐ Tests have to be disjoint and span the entire input domain
- ☐ Tests have to be disjoint, need not span the input domain
- ☐ Tests need not be disjoint, but need to span the input domain
- ☐ Tests have to be from different equivalence classes

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Tests have to be disjoint and span the entire input domain

3) If the program under test has  $n$  parameters  $q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n$ , and each parameter  $q_i$  has  $B_i$  blocks, then, how many values will be there in a test suite for

1 point

Each Choice Coverage (ECC)?

- ☐
- Atleast  $\prod_{i=1}^n B_i, B_i$  values
- ☐
- Atleast  $n$  values
- ☐
- Atleast  $Max_{i=1}^n B_i$  values
- ☐
- Atleast  $\sum_{i=1}^n B_i$  values

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Atleast  $Max_{i=1}^n B_i$  values

4) Which of the criteria, in comparison with the other, is believed to be more useful for testing based on input space partitioning?

1 point

- ☐ Pair-wise coverage is more useful than base choice coverage
- ☐ T-wise coverage is more useful than pair-wise coverage
- ☐ Base choice coverage is more useful than T-wise coverage
- ☐ All combinations coverage is more useful than T-wise coverage

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Base choice coverage is more useful than T-wise coverage

5) Which of the following is a correct order of subsumption among coverage criteria for input space partitioning? In the options below, read  $\rightarrow$  as "subsumes"

1 point

- ☐ T-wise coverage  $\rightarrow$  base choice coverage
- ☐ T-wise coverage  $\rightarrow$  all combinations coverage
- ☐ Pair-wise coverage  $\rightarrow$  base choice coverage
- ☐ Pair-wise coverage  $\rightarrow$  each choice coverage

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Pair-wise coverage  $\rightarrow$  each choice coverage

For the next five questions, consider a function called **NextDate** which takes as input a valid date in mm/dd/yyyy format and computes the date of the next day. For example, given 06/14/1996, the **NextDate** function will return 06/15/1996 and when given 02/28/2019, the **NextDate** function will return 03/01/2019. Answer the following questions regarding input space partitioning test cases for the **NextDate** function

6) What are the variables involved in the **NextDate** function input?

1 point

- ☐ Month, day and year
- ☐ Date containing month, day and year
- ☐ Today's date
- ☐ Range of dates

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Date containing month, day and year

7) Which of the following are valid partitions for day, as a part of the input to **NextDate** function?

1 point

- ☐ Only one partition:  $1 \leq \text{day} \leq 31$
- ☐ Two partitions: (1)  $\text{day} > 1$  and (2)  $30 \leq \text{day} \leq 31$
- ☐ Three partitions: (1)  $1 \leq \text{day} \leq 29$ , (2)  $\text{day} = 30$  and (3)  $\text{day} = 31$
- ☐ Four partitions: (1)  $1 \leq \text{day} \leq 28$ , (2)  $\text{day} = 29$ , (3)  $\text{day} = 30$  and (4)  $\text{day} = 31$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Four partitions: (1)  $1 \leq \text{day} \leq 28$ , (2)  $\text{day} = 29$ , (3)  $\text{day} = 30$  and (4)  $\text{day} = 31$

8) State true or false: The partition  
(1){month: month has 30 days}, (2){month: month has 31 days}, (3){month: month is February}  
is a valid partition for month as a part of input to **NextDate** function?

1 point

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

True

9) Which of the following represents valid partition for year as a part of input to **NextDate** function?

1 point

- ☐ Two partitions: Year is a common year, Year is a leap year
- ☐ Three partitions: Year is a common year, Year is a leap year, Year is 2000

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Three partitions: Year is a common year, Year is a leap year, Year is 2000

10)The test case 6/31/2012 for the **NextDate** function is a test case representing which category of functional testing?

1 point

- ☐ Equivalence partitioning
- ☐ Boundary value testing
- ☐ Invalid testing
- ☐ Value testing

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Boundary value testing