

UIDAI Hackathon – 9 Page Winning Protocol (Fixed Version)

Page 1 – Cover Page (First Impression Logic)

Title: Aadhaar Enrolment Trends & Insights: A Data-Driven Governance Framework

Event: UIDAI Hackathon 2026

Team: [Your Team Name]

Domain: Data Analytics & Public Policy

One-liner Impact: Enabling UIDAI to optimize outreach, inclusion, and planning using evidence-based insights.

Page 2 – Problem Statement (What to Write / What Not to Write)

Problem: Aadhaar enrolment data is large, regionally imbalanced, and temporally irregular. UIDAI lacks a structured analytical framework to identify under-enrolled populations and optimize campaign planning.

Why it matters: Without analytics, UIDAI cannot target inclusion gaps, age-wise disparities, or saturation zones effectively.

Objective: Build a data-driven insight system to support UIDAI's policy decisions in outreach, inclusion, and resource allocation.

Page 3 – Dataset Used (Data Integrity & Security Proof)

Source: UIDAI Open Government Data (OGD) Portal

Nature: Public, anonymized, non-PII dataset

Fields Used: State, Age Group, Month, Year, Enrolment Count

Security Compliance: No personal identifiers, no biometric/PII fields used.

Page 4 – Methodology (Raw → Clean → Pandas → Final Data)

1. Data Collection from UIDAI OGD portal
 2. Cleaning: Removed nulls, standardized state names, formatted dates
 3. Processing: Aggregated by State, Age, and Time
 4. Tools: Python, Pandas, Jupyter Notebook
 5. Output: Analytical tables & visualizations
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Page 5 – Logic Behind the Code (Formula / Model / Originality)

- GroupBy logic for State-wise totals
- Percentage Share = $(\text{State Enrolment} / \text{Total Enrolment}) \times 100$
- Trend Detection using Month-on-Month Growth
- Age dominance logic using frequency distribution

Originality: Designed a governance analytics pipeline, not just visual charts.

Page 6 – Analysis (Uni / Bi / Tri-variate)

Univariate: Distribution of enrolment by state, age, and time

Bivariate: State vs Enrolment Volume, Age vs Enrolment Share

Trivariate: State \times Age \times Time interaction trends

Judge Language Used: Distribution, Correlation, Trend, Saturation, Variance

Page 7 – Visual Communication (Graphs / Heatmaps / Bars)

- Bar Chart – Top 10 States
- Heatmap – State vs Month enrolment intensity
- Line Graph – Monthly Trend
- Pie Chart – Age Group Share

Each visual has a **title + inference line**.

Page 8 – Source Code Proof (Mandatory Python / Jupyter)

- Jupyter Notebook screenshots
- GitHub / Drive Link
- Python code showing: `pandas.read_csv()`, `groupby()`, plotting

Proof of real analysis execution.

Page 9 – Impact (Winner-Deciding Page)

Policy Impact: • UIDAI can target under-enrolled districts • Improve enrolment efficiency • Optimize campaign timing • Enhance digital inclusion

Outcome: Data-driven governance framework for UIDAI

END OF 9 PAGE PROTOCOL