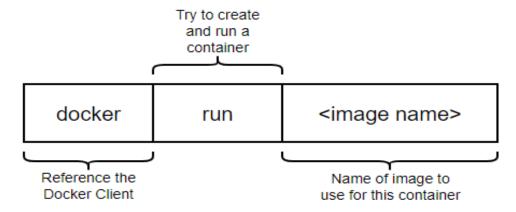
Docker Basic Commands

1. Container life cycle

1.1 docker run



\$ docker run hello-world

Hello from Docker!

This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

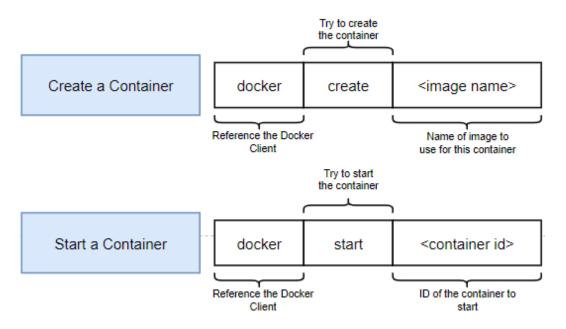
- 1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
- 2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub. (amd64)
- 3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
- 4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with: \$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID: https://hub.docker.com/

For more examples and ideas, visit: https://docs.docker.com/get-started/

1.2 Creating and Running a Container from an Image



Docker create:

\$ docker create hello-world

8e6d758510631a023582396f92c1f749dd08a163a627c2cfeee3a5f5c1ab374e

Docker start:

\$docker start 8e6d758510631a023582396f92c1f749dd08a163a627c2cfeee3a5f5c1ab374e 8e6d758510631a023582396f92c1f749dd08a163a627c2cfeee3a5f5c1ab374e

Docker start with -a:

-a attaches the container output to console

\$docker start -a 402c5a4611068fe4e0a14372b44f76a84430c5af300a71fdb15e68e8297bbc3f

Hello from Docker!

This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

- 1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
- 2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub. (amd64)
- 3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
- 4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with: \$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

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2. Overriding the default command of image

• Syntax:

docker run <image name> <cmd>

Example: docker run busybox Is

- We can override only those cmd which file system of image support.
 For example we cannot use Is cmd for hello world image
- We can override the command only when we are creating a container. We cannot override the default command when we are restarting the container.

3. Listing containers

docker ps [OPTIONS]

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Name, shorthand	Default	Description
all , -a		Show all containers (default shows just running)
filter, -f		Filter output based on conditions provided
format		Pretty-print containers using a Go template
last , -n	-1	Show n last created containers (includes all states)
latest , -l		Show the latest created container (includes all states)
no-trunc		Don't truncate output
quiet , -q		Only display container IDs
size , -s		Display total file sizes

\$ docker ps

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES

PS C:\Users\Sneha Y V> docker ps -all

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES f8dde35c1c13 hello-world "/hello" About a minute ago Exited (0) About a minute ago elated_sinoussi

PS C:\Users\Sneha Y V> docker ps -a

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES f8dde35c1c13 hello-world "/hello" About a minute ago Exited (0) About a minute ago elated_sinoussi

For more refer: https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/ps/

4. Restarting the container

docker start [options] <containerId>

We cannot override default command here

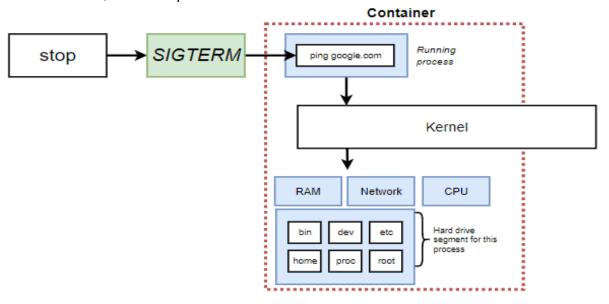
5. Stopping the container

5.1 Stopping container

It will wait for some time to clean up.

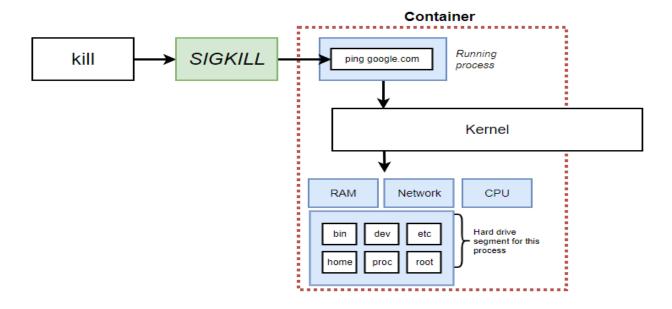
If within 10 sec it is not done then kill command is called.

\$\rightarrow\$ \$\rightarrow\$



5.2 Killing container

\$\rightarrow\$ \$\rightarrow\$



6. Retrieving Log Outputs

\$docker logs <containerId>

\$docker create busybox echo hi everyone

Unable to find image 'busybox:latest' locally

latest: Pulling from library/busybox 2c39bef88607: Pull complete

Digest:

sha256:20142e89dab967c01765b0aea3be4cec3a5957cc330f061e5503ef6168ae6613

Status: Downloaded newer image for busybox:latest

324f78539aacfcff295ab40701e859b4b564d63fe3fa1be5681653d6a8f2c3d9

\$ docker start 324f78539aacfcff295ab4 324f78539aacfcff295ab4

\$ docker logs 324f78539aacfcff295ab4 hi everyone

7. Removing stopped container

\$docker system prune

This will remove all the containers, even image caches. After running this command we need to redownload the image if we want to run the container again

PS C:\Users\Sneha Y V> docker system prune

WARNING! This will remove:

- all stopped containers
- all networks not used by at least one container
- all dangling images
- all dangling build cache

Are you sure you want to continue? [y/N] y

Deleted Containers:

402c5a4611068fe4e0a14372b44f76a84430c5af300a71fdb15e68e8297bbc3f 8e6d758510631a023582396f92c1f749dd08a163a627c2cfeee3a5f5c1ab374e

Deleted Networks:

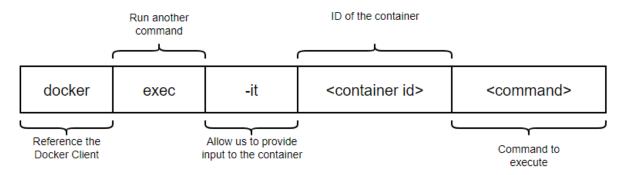
minikube

Total reclaimed space: 3.166MB

8. Run a command for running container

\$docker exec [OPTIONS] CONTAINER COMMAND [ARG...]

Execute an additional command in a container



Example:

\$docker run redis

```
1:C 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.976 # 000000000000 Redis is starting 0000000000000
1:C 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.976 # Redis version=7.0.4, bits=64, commit=00000000,
modified=0, pid=1, just started
```

1:C 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.976 # Warning: no config file specified, using the default config. In order to specify a config file use redis-server /path/to/redis.conf

```
1:M 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.976 * monotonic clock: POSIX clock gettime
1:M 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.980 * Running mode=standalone, port=6379.
```

1:M 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.981 # Server initialized

1:M 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.981 # WARNING overcommit memory is set to 0!

Background save may fail under low memory condition. To fix this issue add

'vm.overcommit_memory = 1' to /etc/sysctl.conf and then reboot or run the command 'sysctl vm.overcommit_memory=1' for this to take effect.

1:M 04 Sep 2022 11:55:37.982 * Ready to accept connections

\$docker ps

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES 6ae94d73858d redis "docker-entrypoint.s..." 40 seconds ago Up 38 seconds 6379/tcp naughty_mayer

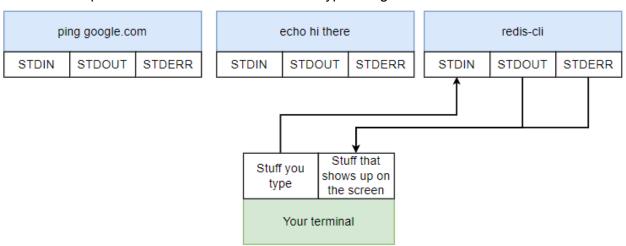
\$docker exec -it 6ae94d73858d redis-cli

127.0.0.1:6379> set name sneha OK 127.0.0.1:6379> get name

"sneha"

9. Interactive mode

All the process in linux are connected to 3 type of signals



- -it contains 2 flags namely -i (to connect to STDIN signal) and -t(in general to format the displayed content in console)
- Without -t flag : there is no auto filling \$docker exec -i 6ae94d73858d redis-cli set name bob OK get name bob

10. Getting a command prompt in container

1. \$docker exec -it 6ae94d73858d sh

```
# Is
# cd /
# Is
bin boot data dev etc home lib lib64 media mnt opt proc root run sbin srv sys tmp
usr var
# redis-cli
127.0.0.1:6379> set test "Testing docker command prompt"
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> get test
"Testing docker command prompt"

2. $docker run -it busybox sh
/ # echo hi everyone
```

11. Container isolation

- Any command runned on a 1 container will not impact other
- Example: file created in 1 container will not be present in another

Terminal 1:

hi everyone

```
$docker run -it busybox sh
/ # touch terminal1
/ # Is
bin dev etc home proc root sys terminal1 tmp usr
var
```

Terminal 2:

```
$docker run -it busybox sh
/ # touch terminal1
/ # Is
bin dev etc home proc root sys terminal2 tmp usr
var
```

Terminal 3:

\$docker ps		
CONTAINER ID IMAGE	COMMAND CREATED STATUS	PORTS NAMES
9a87838869ba busybox	"sh" 47 seconds ago Up 45 seconds	great_ganguly
43155b0d1d71 busybox	"sh" 2 minutes ago Up 2 minutes	sleepy_edison

Reference

https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline