

Problem Statement

In this project, we need to simulate model of bank queues. The customer arrival process is Poisson with rate λ . The 75% of customers have simple transactions to do and 25% have complex transactions. The service time for simple transaction is Erlang-2 distribution with mean 2 minutes and that of complex transaction is Erlang-5 distribution with mean 6 minutes.

We need to simulate 3 different strategies as below:

- A. We have only single queue for 3 tellers.
- B. Each teller has a separate queue. Customer joins the shortest queue.
- C. We have two queues, one for simple transactions and other for complex transactions. Relative teller will handle each queue.

Part A

Code:

```
clc
clear all
close all
lambda=1/2; % arrival rate per second (1 minute per packet)
T=1*3600; % simulation time in second (10 hours)
delta=0.1; % simulation step size in second
simulationTime=T/delta; % number of simulation steps
currentSlot=0; % Simulation time
noOfcustomers=0; % Total number of customers
tellerStatus=zeros(3,1); % Tells whether teller is active or not
activeBuffer=zeros(3,1); % Tells which customer is currently being served
oldBuffer=zeros(3,1);
customerId=[]; % Stores the customer IDs
customerServed=0; % Number of customer served
queueLength=0; % Tells the queue length at each time slot

muSimple=2/60; % mean for simple transactions
muComplex=6/60; % mean for complex transactions
count = 0;
while currentSlot < simulationTime
    currentSlot=currentSlot+1;

    % Check if new customer is arriving
    R=rand(1);
    if R<lambda*delta
        flag=1;
        noOfcustomers=noOfcustomers+1;
        queueLength=queueLength+1;
        customerId(queueLength)=noOfcustomers;
        customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId(1))=currentSlot;
    else
        flag=0;
    end

    % Check if any teller is free or not, if free then assign the queue
    % head to that teller
    if ~isempty(customerId)
        if tellerStatus(1)==0 || tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
            temp=find(tellerStatus==0);
            tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
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        activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId(1);
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId=customerId(2:end);
        queueLength=queueLength-1;
        flag = 1;
    else
        flag = 0;
    end
end

% Check if customer has simple or complex transaction, if simple then
% calculate service time else calculate service time for complex
if tellerStatus(1)==1 || tellerStatus(2)==1 || tellerStatus(3)==1
    temp=find(tellerStatus==1);
    for i=1:length(temp)
        if flag==1 && oldBuffer(temp(i))~=activeBuffer(temp(i))
            R=rand(1);
            if R < 0.75
                n=2;
                temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1

                X=temp1(1,:);
                for k=2:n
                    X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
                end
                serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muSimple);

                departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));

            else
                n=5;
                temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1

                X=temp1(1,:);
                for k=2:n
                    X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
                end
                serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muComplex);

                departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));
            end
        end
    end

    if serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i))) == currentSlot -
customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i)))
        customerDepartureTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i))) =
currentSlot;

        customerServed = customerServed + 1;
        activeBuffer(temp(i)) = 0;
        tellerStatus(temp(i)) = 0;
    end

end

oldBuffer=activeBuffer;
end
queue(currentSlot)=queueLength;

```

end

Output:

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/60$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0	0
Waiting Time	0	0

No of customer arrived = 56

No of customers with simple transactions = 38

No of customers with complex transactions = 18

No of customers served = 56

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/10$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.0061	0.0090
Waiting Time	0.1657	3.0424

No of customer arrived = 344

No of customers with simple transactions = 263

No of customers with complex transactions = 81

No of customers served = 342

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/5$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.1171	0.1983
Waiting Time	292.211	52084.6

No of customer arrived = 704

No of customers with simple transactions = 535

No of customers with complex transactions = 169

No of customers served = 703

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/2$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	23.6845	147.99
Waiting Time	8438.06	135648.6

No of customer arrived = 1780

No of customers with simple transactions = 1359

No of customers with complex transactions = 410

No of customers served = 1766

Part B

Code:

```

clc
clear all
close all
lambda=1/60; % arrival rate per second (1 minute per packet)
T=1*3600; % simulation time in second (10 hours)
delta=0.1; % simulation step size in second
simulationTime=T/delta; % number of simulation steps
currentSlot=0; % Simulation time
noOfcustomers=0; % Total number of customers
noOfSimpleCustomers=0;
noOfComplexCustomers=0;
tellerStatus=zeros(3,1); % Tells whether teller is active or not
activeBuffer=zeros(3,1); % Tells which customer is currently being served
oldBuffer=zeros(3,1);
customerId1=[]; % Stores the customer IDs for queue 1
customerId2=[]; % Stores the customer IDs for queue 2
customerId3=[]; % Stores the customer IDs for queue 3
customerServed=0; % Number of customer served
queueLength=zeros(3,1); % Tells the queue length at each time slot

muSimple=2/60; % mean for simple transactions
muComplex=6/60; % mean for complex transactions

while currentSlot < simulationTime
    currentSlot=currentSlot+1;

    % Check if new customer is arriving
    R=rand(1);
    if R<lambda*delta
        flag=1;
        noOfcustomers=noOfcustomers+1;
        if sum(queueLength==0)
            queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)+1;
            customerId1(queueLength(1))=noOfcustomers;
            customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
        else
            temp=find(queueLength==min(queueLength))
            queueLength(temp)=queueLength(temp)+1;
            if temp==1
                customerId1(queueLength(temp))=noOfcustomers;
                customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
            end
            if temp==2
                customerId2(queueLength(temp))=noOfcustomers;
                customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;
            end
            if temp==3
                customerId3(queueLength(temp))=noOfcustomers;
                customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId3(1))=currentSlot;
            end
        end
    end

    % Check if any teller is free or not, if free then assign the queue
    % head to that teller
    if ~isempty(customerId1)
        if tellerStatus(1)==0

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        tellerStatus(1)=1;
        activeBuffer(1)=customerId1(1);
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId1=customerId1(2:end);
        queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)-1;
        flag = 1;
    else
        flag = 0;
    end
end
if ~isempty(customerId2)
    if tellerStatus(2)==0
        tellerStatus(2)=1;
        activeBuffer(2)=customerId2(1);
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId2=customerId2(2:end);
        queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)-1;
        flag = 1;
    else
        flag = 0;
    end
end

if ~isempty(customerId3)
    if tellerStatus(3)==0
        tellerStatus(3)=1;
        activeBuffer(3)=customerId3(1);
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId3(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId3=customerId3(2:end);
        queueLength(3)=queueLength(3)-1;
        flag = 1;
    else
        flag = 0;
    end
end

% Check if customer has simple or complex transaction, if simple then
% calculate service time else calculate service time for complex
%if sum(tellerStatus>0)
if tellerStatus(1)==1 || tellerStatus(2)==1 || tellerStatus(3)==1
    temp=find(tellerStatus==1);
    for i=1:length(temp)
        if flag==1 && oldBuffer(temp(i))~=activeBuffer(temp(i))
            R=rand(1);
            if R < 0.75
                noOfSimpleCustomers=noOfSimpleCustomers+1;
                n=2;
                temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1
                X=temp1(1,:);
                for k=2:n
                    X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
                end
                serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muSimple);
            departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));
        else
            noOfComplexCustomers=noOfComplexCustomers+1;

```

```

n=5;
temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1

X=temp1(1,:);
for k=2:n
    X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
end
serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muComplex);

departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));
end
end

if serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i))) == currentSlot -
customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i)))
customerDepartureTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i))) =
currentSlot;

customerServed = customerServed + 1;
activeBuffer(temp(i)) = 0;
tellerStatus(temp(i)) = 0;
end

end
oldBuffer=activeBuffer;
end
queue(currentSlot)=sum(queueLength);
end

```

Output:

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/60$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.0040	0.0040
Waiting Time	4.42	359.5

No of customer arrived = 55

No of customers with simple transactions = 42

No of customers with complex transactions = 13

No of customers served = 55

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/10$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.1947	0.1801
Waiting Time	19.3591	1210.1

No of customer arrived = 390

No of customers with simple transactions = 302

No of customers with complex transactions = 88

No of customers served = 390

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/5$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.4682	0.4182

Waiting Time	113.82	1851600
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No of customer arrived = 720

No of customers with simple transactions = 535

No of customers with complex transactions = 185

No of customers served = 719

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/2$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	18.9409	156.61
Waiting Time	5200.7	104100000

No of customer arrived = 1803

No of customers with simple transactions = 1326

No of customers with complex transactions = 460

No of customers served = 1783

Part C

Code:

```

clc
clear all
close all
lambda=1/60; % arrival rate per second (1 minute per packet)
T=1*3600; % simulation time in second (10 hours)
delta=0.1; % simulation step size in second
simulationTime=T/delta; % number of simulation steps
currentSlot=0; % Simulation time
noOfcustomers=0; % Total number of customers
noOfSimpleCustomers=0;
noOfComplexCustomers=0;
tellerStatus=zeros(3,1); % Tells whether teller is active or not
activeBuffer=zeros(3,1); % Tells which customer is currently being served
transactionType=zeros(3,1); % Tells the transaction type of customer
oldBuffer=zeros(3,1);
customerId1=[]; % Stores the customer IDs for simple transactions
customerId2=[]; % Stores the customer IDs for complex transactions
customerServed=0; % Number of customer served
queueLength=zeros(2,1); % Tells the queue length at each time slot

muSimple=2/60; % mean for simple transactions
muComplex=6/60; % mean for complex transactions

while currentSlot < simulationTime
    currentSlot=currentSlot+1;

    % Check if new customer is arriving
    R=rand(1);
    if R<lambda*delta
        flag=1;
        noOfcustomers=noOfcustomers+1;
        R=rand(1);
        if R < 0.75
            noOfSimpleCustomers=noOfSimpleCustomers+1;
            queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)+1;
        else
            noOfComplexCustomers=noOfComplexCustomers+1;
            queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)+1;
        end
    end
end

```

```

        customerId1(queueLength(1))=noOfcustomers;
        customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
    else
        noOfComplexCustomers=noOfComplexCustomers+1;
        queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)+1;
        customerId2(queueLength(2))=noOfcustomers;
        customerQueueTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;
    end
end

% Check if any teller is free or not, if free then assign the queue
% head to that teller
if length(customerId1)==1
    if tellerStatus(1)==0 || tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
        temp=find(tellerStatus==0);
        tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
        activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId1(1);
        transactionType(temp(1))=1;
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId1=customerId1(2:end);
        queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)-1;
        flag = 1;

    else
        flag=0;
    end
end

if length(customerId2)==1
    if tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
        temp=find(tellerStatus(2:3)==0);
        tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
        activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId2(1);
        transactionType(temp(1))=2;
        customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;
        customerId2=customerId2(2:end);
        queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)-1;
        flag = 1;

    else
        flag=0;
    end
end

if ~isempty(customerId1) && ~isempty(customerId2)
    if tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
        temp=find(tellerStatus(2:3)==0);
        R=rand(1);
        if R<0.5
            tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
            activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId1(1);
            transactionType(temp(1))=1;
            customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
            customerId1=customerId1(2:end);
            queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)-1;
            flag = 1;
        else
            tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
            activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId2(1);
            transactionType(temp(1))=2;
            customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;

```



```

        customerId2=customerId2(2:end);
        queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)-1;
        flag = 1;
    end
else
    flag = 0;
end
end

if (~isempty(customerId1) && isempty(customerId2)) || ...
    (isempty(customerId1) && ~isempty(customerId2))
    if ~isempty(customerId1)
        if tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
            temp=find(tellerStatus(2:3)==0);
            tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
            activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId1(1);
            transactionType(temp(1))=1;
            customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId1(1))=currentSlot;
            customerId1=customerId1(2:end);
            queueLength(1)=queueLength(1)-1;
            flag = 1;
        else
            flag = 0;
        end
    else
        if tellerStatus(2)==0 || tellerStatus(3)==0
            temp=find(tellerStatus(2:3)==0);
            tellerStatus(temp(1))=1;
            activeBuffer(temp(1))=customerId2(1);
            transactionType(temp(1))=2;
            customerArrivalTimeStamp(customerId2(1))=currentSlot;
            customerId2=customerId2(2:end);
            queueLength(2)=queueLength(2)-1;
            flag = 1;
        else
            flag = 0;
        end
    end
end

% Check if customer has simple or complex transaction, if simple then
% calculate service time else calculate service time for complex
%if sum(tellerStatus>0)
if tellerStatus(1)==1 || tellerStatus(2)==1 || tellerStatus(3)==1
    temp=find(tellerStatus==1);
    for i=1:length(temp)
        if flag==1 && oldBuffer(temp(i))~=activeBuffer(temp(i))
            if transactionType(temp(i))==1;
                n=2;
                temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1
                X=temp1(1,:);
                for k=2:n
                    X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
                end
                serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muSimple);
            end
            departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));

```

```

else
    n=5;
    temp1=rand(n,1); % Generate marix of uniform RVs between
0 and 1
    X=temp1(1,:);
    for k=2:n
        X=X.*temp1(k,:); % Multiply samples of uniform RVs
    end
    serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=ceil(-
log(X)/muComplex);

departureTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)))=customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(
temp(i)))+serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i)));
end
end

if serviceTime(activeBuffer(temp(i))) == currentSlot -
customerArrivalTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i)))
    customerDepartureTimeStamp(activeBuffer(temp(i))) =
currentSlot;
    customerServed = customerServed + 1;
    activeBuffer(temp(i)) = 0;
    tellerStatus(temp(i)) = 0;
end

end
oldBuffer=activeBuffer;
end
queue(currentSlot)=sum(queueLength);
end

```

Output:

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/60$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0	0
Waiting Time	0	0

No of customer arrived = 62

No of customers with simple transactions = 48

No of customers with complex transactions = 14

No of customers served = 62

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/10$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.0015	0.0015
Waiting Time	0.1507	3.98

No of customer arrived = 365

No of customers with simple transactions = 274

No of customers with complex transactions = 91

No of customers served = 364

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/5$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.0359	0.0674
Waiting Time	94.0375	1131900

No of customer arrived = 694

No of customers with simple transactions = 533

No of customers with complex transactions = 161

No of customers served = 693

Arrival rate $\lambda = 1/2$, Simulation time = 3600 seconds

	Mean	Variance
Queue Length	0.6248	1.6083
Waiting Time	3068.3	6300100

No of customer arrived = 1819

No of customers with simple transactions = 1359

No of customers with complex transactions = 460

No of customers served = 1817

Conclusion

By comparing all the results of parts A, B and C, we can see that the waiting time for the strategy C is minimum. Also, the mean of queue length is less for strategy C compared to others. The total number of customers arrived depends on the arrival rate λ . If the arrival rate is small then the mean and variance of waiting time and queue length are smaller for strategy.