# Lesson 5: Adding Relationships to the SEC Knowledge Graph

**Note:** This notebook takes about 30 seconds to be ready to use. Please wait until the "Kernel starting, please wait..." message clears from the top of the notebook before running any cells. You may start the video while you wait.

## Import packages and set up Neo4j

```
In [1]:
         import os
           # Common data processing
           import textwrap
           # Langchain
           from langchain community.graphs import Neo4jGraph
           from langchain_community.vectorstores import Neo4jVector
           from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter
           from langchain.chains import RetrievalQAWithSourcesChain
           from langchain_openai import ChatOpenAI
           from langchain_openai import OpenAIEmbeddings
           # Warning control
           import warnings
           warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [2]: ▶ # Load from environment
           load_dotenv('.env', override=True)
           NEO4J_URI = os.getenv('NEO4J_URI')
           NEO4J_USERNAME = os.getenv('NEO4J_USERNAME')
           NEO4J_PASSWORD = os.getenv('NEO4J_PASSWORD')
           NEO4J DATABASE = os.getenv('NEO4J DATABASE') or 'neo4j'
           # Global constants
           VECTOR INDEX NAME = 'form 10k chunks'
           VECTOR_NODE_LABEL = 'Chunk'
           VECTOR SOURCE PROPERTY = 'text'
           VECTOR EMBEDDING PROPERTY = 'textEmbedding'
In [3]:
         Neo4jGraph(
               url=NEO4J_URI, username=NEO4J_USERNAME, password=NEO4J_PASSWORD,
```

### Create a Form 10-K node

• Create a node to represent the entire Form 10-K

Populate with metadata taken from a single chunk of the form

```
cypher = """
 In [4]:
               MATCH (anyChunk:Chunk)
               WITH anyChunk LIMIT 1
               RETURN anyChunk { .names, .source, .formId, .cik, .cusip6 } as form
             form_info_list = kg.query(cypher)
             form_info_list
[{'formInfo': {'cik': '1002047',
   'source': 'https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1002047/00009501702
3027948/0000950170-23-027948-index.htm',
   'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'names': ['Netapp Inc', 'NETAPP INC'],
   'cusip6': '64110D'}}]
          form_info = form_info_list[0]['formInfo']
 In [5]:
 In [6]: ▶ form info
{'cik': '1002047',
 'source': 'https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1002047/0000950170230
27948/0000950170-23-027948-index.htm',
 'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
 'names': ['Netapp Inc', 'NETAPP INC'],
 'cusip6': '64110D'}
 In [7]:
          M cypher = """
                 MERGE (f:Form {formId: $formInfoParam.formId })
                   ON CREATE
                     SET f.names = $formInfoParam.names
                     SET f.source = $formInfoParam.source
                     SET f.cik = $formInfoParam.cik
                     SET f.cusip6 = $formInfoParam.cusip6
             .....
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formInfoParam': form info})
[]
 In [8]:

★ kg.query("MATCH (f:Form) RETURN count(f) as formCount")

[{'formCount': 1}]
```

### Create a linked list of Chunk nodes for each section

Start by identifying chunks from the same section

```
MATCH (from_same_form:Chunk)
                 WHERE from_same_form.formId = $formIdParam
               RETURN from_same_form {.formId, .f10kItem, .chunkId, .chunkSeqId }
                 LIMIT 10
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formIdParam': form_info['formId']})
[{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001',
   'chunkSeqId': 1}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0002',
   'chunkSeqId': 2}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0003',
   'chunkSeqId': 3}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0004',
   'chunkSeqId': 4}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0005',
   'chunkSeqId': 5}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0006',
   'chunkSeqId': 6}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0007',
   'chunkSeqId': 7}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0008',
   'chunkSeqId': 8}},
{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0009',
   'chunkSeqId': 9}}]
```

· Order chunks by their sequence ID

```
MATCH (from_same_form:Chunk)
                 WHERE from_same_form.formId = $formIdParam
               RETURN from_same_form {.formId, .f10kItem, .chunkId, .chunkSeqId }
                 ORDER BY from same form.chunkSeqId ASC
                 LIMIT 10
             .....
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formIdParam': form_info['formId']})
[{'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item7a',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item7a-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item7',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item7-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1a',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1a-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001',
   'chunkSeqId': 1}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0002',
   'chunkSeqId': 2}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0003',
   'chunkSeqId': 3}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0004',
   'chunkSeqId': 4}},
 {\c 'chunkInfo': {\c 'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',}
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0005',
   'chunkSeqId': 5}},
 {'chunkInfo': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0006',
   'chunkSeqId': 6}}]
```

· Limit chunks to just the "Item 1" section, the organize in ascending order

```
MATCH (from_same_section:Chunk)
               WHERE from_same_section.formId = $formIdParam
                 AND from_same_section.f10kItem = $f10kItemParam // NEW!!!
               RETURN from same section { .formId, .f10kItem, .chunkId, .chunkSeq1
                 ORDER BY from same section.chunkSeqId ASC
                 LIMIT 10
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formIdParam': form_info['formId'],
                                       'f10kItemParam': 'item1'})
[{'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000',
   'chunkSeqId': 0}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001',
   'chunkSeqId': 1}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0002',
   'chunkSeqId': 2}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0003',
   'chunkSeqId': 3}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0004',
   'chunkSeqId': 4}},
 {'from same section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0005',
   'chunkSeqId': 5}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0006',
   'chunkSeqId': 6}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0007',
   'chunkSeqId': 7}},
 {'from same section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0008',
   'chunkSeqId': 8}},
 {'from_same_section': {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
   'f10kItem': 'item1',
   'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0009',
   'chunkSeqId': 9}}]
```

Collect ordered chunks into a list

```
MATCH (from_same_section:Chunk)
               WHERE from_same_section.formId = $formIdParam
                 AND from_same_section.f10kItem = $f10kItemParam
               WITH from same section { .formId, .f10kItem, .chunkId, .chunkSeqId
                 ORDER BY from same section.chunkSeqId ASC
                 LIMIT 10
               RETURN collect(from_same_section) // NEW!!!
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formIdParam': form_info['formId'],
                                       'f10kItemParam': 'item1'})
[{'collect(from same section)': [{'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000',
    'chunkSeqId': 0},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001',
    'chunkSeqId': 1},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0002',
    'chunkSeqId': 2},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0003',
    'chunkSeqId': 3},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0004',
    'chunkSeqId': 4},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0005',
    'chunkSeqId': 5},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0006',
    'chunkSeqId': 6},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0007',
    'chunkSeqId': 7},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0008',
    'chunkSeqId': 8},
   {'formId': '0000950170-23-027948',
    'f10kItem': 'item1',
    'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0009',
    'chunkSeqId': 9}]}]
```

## Add a NEXT relationship between subsequent chunks

- Use the apoc.nodes.link function from Neo4j to link ordered list of Chunk nodes with a NEXT relationship
- · Do this for just the "Item 1" section to start

```
M cypher = """
In [13]:
               MATCH (from_same_section:Chunk)
               WHERE from_same_section.formId = $formIdParam
                 AND from_same_section.f10kItem = $f10kItemParam
               WITH from_same_section
                 ORDER BY from_same_section.chunkSeqId ASC
               WITH collect(from same section) as section chunk list
                 CALL apoc.nodes.link(
                     section_chunk_list,
                     "NEXT",
                     {avoidDuplicates: true}
                 ) // NEW!!!
               RETURN size(section_chunk_list)
             kg.query(cypher, params={'formIdParam': form_info['formId'],
                                       'f10kItemParam': 'item1'})
[{'size(section_chunk_list)': 20}]
          ⋈ kg.refresh_schema()
In [14]:
             print(kg.schema)
Node properties are the following:
Chunk {textEmbedding: LIST, f10kItem: STRING, chunkSeqId: INTEGER, text:
STRING, cik: STRING, cusip6: STRING, names: LIST, formId: STRING, source:
STRING, chunkId: STRING}, Form {cik: STRING, cusip6: STRING, names: LIST,
formId: STRING, source: STRING}
Relationship properties are the following:
The relationships are the following:
(:Chunk)-[:NEXT]->(:Chunk)
```

Loop through and create relationships for all sections of the form 10-K

## Connect chunks to their parent form with a PART\_OF relationship

# Create a SECTION relationship on first chunk of each section

# **Example cypher queries**

· Return the first chunk of the Item 1 section

```
In [18]: N

cypher = """

MATCH (f:Form)-[r:SECTION]->(first:Chunk)

WHERE f.formId = $formIdParam

AND r.f10kItem = $f10kItemParam

RETURN first.chunkId as chunkId, first.text as text

"""

first_chunk_info = kg.query(cypher, params={
    'formIdParam': form_info['formId'],
    'f10kItemParam': 'item1'
})[0]

first_chunk_info
```

{'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000', 'text': '>Item 1. \nBusiness\n\n\nOverview\n\n\nNetApp, Inc. (NetApp, w e, us or the Company) is a global cloud-led, data-centric software compan y. We were incorporated in 1992 and are headquartered in San Jose, Califo rnia. Building on more than three decades of innovation, we give customer s the freedom to manage applications and data across hybrid multicloud en vironments. Our portfolio of cloud services, and storage infrastructure, powered by intelligent data management software, enables applications to run faster, more reliably, and more securely, all at a lower cost.\n\n\0 ur opportunity is defined by the durable megatrends of data-driven digita 1 and cloud transformations. NetApp helps organizations meet the complexi ties created by rapid data and cloud growth, multi-cloud management, and the adoption of next-generation technologies, such as AI, Kubernetes, and modern databases. Our modern approach to hybrid, multicloud infrastructur e and data management, which we term 'evolved cloud', provides customers the ability to leverage data across their entire estate with simplicity, security, and sustainability which increases our relevance and value to o ur customers.\n\nIn an evolved cloud state, the cloud is fully integrat ed into an organization's architecture and operations. Data centers and c louds are seamlessly united and hybrid multicloud operations are simplifi ed, with consistency and observability across environments. The key benef its NetApp brings to an organization's hybrid multicloud environment ar e:\n\n•\nOperational simplicity: NetApp's use of open source, open arch itectures and APIs, microservices, and common capabilities and data servi ces facilitate the creation of applications that can run anywhere.\n\n\n• \nFlexibility and consistency: NetApp makes moving data and applications between environments seamless through a common storage foundation across on-premises and multicloud environments.'}

Get the second chunk of the Item 1 section

{'chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001', 'text': "•\nFlexibility and consistency: NetApp makes moving data and ap plications between environments seamless through a common storage foundat ion across on-premises and multicloud environments.\n\n\n•\nCyber resilie nce: NetApp unifies monitoring, data protection, security, governance, an d compliance for total cyber resilience - with consistency and automation across environments. \n\n\oontinuous operations: NetApp uses AI-drive n automation for continuous optimization to service applications and stor e stateless and stateful applications at the lowest possible costs.\n\n\n •\nSustainability: NetApp has industry-leading tools to audit consumptio n, locate waste, and set guardrails to stop overprovisioning.\n\nProduc t, Solutions and Services Portfolio\n \n\nNetApp's portfolio of cloud s ervices and storage infrastructure is powered by intelligent data managem ent software. Our operations are organized into two segments: Hybrid Clou d and Public Cloud.\n\n\n\n\hybrid Cloud\n\nHybrid Cloud \noffers a portfolio of storage management and infrastructure solutions that help cu stomers recast their traditional data centers into modern data centers wi th the power of the cloud. Our hybrid cloud portfolio is designed to oper ate with public clouds to unlock the potential of hybrid, multi-cloud ope rations. We offer a broad portfolio of cloud-connected all-flash, hybridflash, and object storage systems, powered by intelligent data management software. Hybrid Cloud is composed of software, hardware, and related sup port, as well as professional and other services.\n\nIntelligent data m anagement software"}

0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0000 0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0001

· Return a window of three chunks

'c3.chunkId': '0000950170-23-027948-item1-chunk0002'}]

## Information is stored in the structure of a graph

- Matched patterns of nodes and relationships in a graph are called paths
- The length of a path is equal to the number of relationships in the path
- · Paths can be captured as variables and used elsewhere in queries

## Finding variable length windows

- A pattern match will fail if the relationship doesn't exist in the graph
- For example, the first chunk in a section has no preceding chunk, so the next query won't return anything

· Modify NEXT relationship to have variable length

· Retrieve only the longest path

## Customize the results of the similarity search using Cypher

- Extend the vector store definition to accept a Cypher query
- The Cypher query takes the results of the vector similarity search and then modifies them in some way
- · Start with a simple query that just returns some extra text along with the search results

• Set up the vector store to use the query, then instantiate a retriever and Question-Answer chain in LangChain

```
In [27]:
             vector_store_extra_text = Neo4jVector.from_existing_index(
                 embedding=OpenAIEmbeddings(),
                 url=NEO4J URI,
                 username=NEO4J USERNAME,
                 password=NEO4J PASSWORD,
                 database="neo4j",
                 index_name=VECTOR_INDEX_NAME,
                 text node property=VECTOR SOURCE PROPERTY,
                 retrieval_query=retrieval_query_extra_text, # NEW !!!
             # Create a retriever from the vector store
             retriever_extra_text = vector_store_extra_text.as_retriever()
             # Create a chatbot Question & Answer chain from the retriever
             chain extra text = RetrievalQAWithSourcesChain.from chain type(
                 ChatOpenAI(temperature=0),
                 chain_type="stuff",
                 retriever=retriever_extra_text
             )
```

Ask a question!

{'answer': 'Andreas knows about Cypher, Human Capital, Risk Factors, Quan titative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, Diversity, Inclus ion, and Belonging, Benefits, Wellbeing, and Engagement, and Insurance and Income Protection.\n',

'sources': 'https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1002047/000095017023 027948/0000950170-23-027948-index.htm'}

- Note, the LLM hallucinates here, using the information in the retrieved text as well as the extra text.
- Modify the prompt to try and get a more accurate answer

## Try for yourself!

- · Modify the query below to add your own additional text
- Try engineering the prompt to refine your results
- · Note, you'll need to reset the vector store, retriever, and chain each time you change the Cypher query

```
▶ # modify the retrieval extra text here then run the entire cell
In [30]:
             retrieval_query_extra_text = """
             WITH node, score, "Andreas knows Cypher. " as extraText
             RETURN extraText + "\n" + node.text as text,
                 node {.source} AS metadata
             vector_store_extra_text = Neo4jVector.from_existing_index(
                 embedding=OpenAIEmbeddings(),
                 url=NEO4J URI,
                 username=NEO4J USERNAME,
                 password=NEO4J_PASSWORD,
                 database="neo4j",
                 index_name=VECTOR_INDEX_NAME,
                 text_node_property=VECTOR_SOURCE_PROPERTY,
                 retrieval_query=retrieval_query_extra_text, # NEW !!!
             )
             # Create a retriever from the vector store
             retriever_extra_text = vector_store_extra_text.as_retriever()
             # Create a chatbot Question & Answer chain from the retriever
             chain_extra_text = RetrievalQAWithSourcesChain.from_chain_type(
                 ChatOpenAI(temperature=0),
                 chain_type="stuff",
                 retriever=retriever_extra_text
             )
```

# Expand context around a chunk using a window

• First, create a regular vector store that retrieves a single node

```
In [31]:
             neo4j vector store = Neo4jVector.from existing graph(
                 embedding=OpenAIEmbeddings(),
                 url=NEO4J_URI,
                 username=NEO4J_USERNAME,
                 password=NEO4J PASSWORD,
                 index name=VECTOR INDEX NAME,
                 node label=VECTOR NODE LABEL,
                 text node properties=[VECTOR SOURCE PROPERTY],
                 embedding_node_property=VECTOR_EMBEDDING_PROPERTY,
             # Create a retriever from the vector store
             windowless retriever = neo4j vector store.as retriever()
             # Create a chatbot Question & Answer chain from the retriever
             windowless_chain = RetrievalQAWithSourcesChain.from_chain_type(
                 ChatOpenAI(temperature=0),
                 chain type="stuff",
                 retriever=windowless retriever
             )
```

Next, define a window retrieval query to get consecutive chunks

· Set up a QA chain that will use the window retrieval query

```
▶ vector_store_window = Neo4jVector.from_existing_index(
In [33]:
                 embedding=OpenAIEmbeddings(),
                 url=NEO4J URI,
                 username=NEO4J_USERNAME,
                 password=NEO4J_PASSWORD,
                 database="neo4j",
                 index_name=VECTOR_INDEX_NAME,
                 text_node_property=VECTOR_SOURCE_PROPERTY,
                 retrieval query=retrieval query window, # NEW!!!
             )
             # Create a retriever from the vector store
             retriever_window = vector_store_window.as_retriever()
             # Create a chatbot Question & Answer chain from the retriever
             chain window = RetrievalQAWithSourcesChain.from chain type(
                 ChatOpenAI(temperature=0),
                 chain_type="stuff",
                 retriever=retriever_window
             )
```

# Compare the two chains

NetApp is a global cloud-led, data-centric software company that provides customers with the freedom to manage applications and data across hybrid multicloud environments, offering a portfolio of cloud services and storage infrastructure powered by intelligent data management software.

NetApp's business focuses on enterprise storage and data management, cloud storage, and cloud operations, with a diversified customer base across various industry segments and vertical markets, utilizing a multichannel distribution strategy and a global partner ecosystem to maximize the business value of IT and cloud investments.