```
mthread.c
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#include "mthread internal h"
#include <sched.h>
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
#include <pthread.h>
#endif
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
#define MTHREAD LWP 4
#else
#define MTHREAD LWP 1
#endif
#define MTHREAD DEFAULT STACK 128*1024 /*128 kO*/
#define MTHREAD MAX VIRUTAL PROCESSORS 256
static mthread virtual processor t virtual processors[MTHREAD MAX VIRUTAL PROCES
static mthread_list_t joined_list;
#define MTHREAD LIST INIT {NULL, NULL, 0}
static inline void mthread_list_init(mthread_list_t* list){
 mthread list t INIT=MTHREAD LIST INIT;
 *list = TNTT;
static inline void mthread_init_thread(struct mthread_s* thread){
 thread->next = NULL;
 thread->status = RUNNING;
 thread->res = NULL;
void mthread_insert_first(struct mthread_s* item, mthread_list_t* list){
 mthread spinlock lock(&(list->lock));
 if(list->first == NULL){
   item ->next = NULL;
   list->first = item;
   list->last = item;
  } else {
   item ->next = list->first;
   list->first = item;
 mthread spinlock_unlock(&(list->lock));
void mthread_insert_last(struct mthread_s* item, mthread_list_t* list){
 mthread_spinlock_lock(&(list->lock));
 if(list->first == NULL){
   item ->next = NULL;
   list->first = item;
   list->last = item;
  } else {
   item ->next = NULL;
   list->last->next = item;
   list->last = item;
 mthread spinlock unlock(&(list->lock));
struct mthread s* mthread remove first(mthread list t* list){
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  struct mthread_s* res = NULL;
 mthread_spinlock_lock(&(list->lock));
 if(list->first != NULL){
    res = (struct mthread s*)list->first;
    list->first = res->next;
    if(list->first == NULL){
      list->last = NULL;
 mthread spinlock unlock(&(list->lock));
 return res;
static inline
mthread mctx set (struct mthread s * mctx,
                  void (*func) (void *), char *stack, size_t size,
                  void *arg)
  /* fetch current context */
 if (getcontext (&(mctx->uc)) != 0)
    return 1;
  /* remove parent link */
 mctx->uc.uc link = NULL;
  /* configure new stack */
 mctx->uc.uc_stack.ss_sp = stack;
 mctx->uc.uc_stack.ss_size = size;
 mctx->uc.uc_stack.ss_flags = 0;
 mctx->stack = stack;
  /* configure startup function (with one argument) */
 makecontext (&(mctx->uc), (void (*)(void)) func, 1 + 1, arg);
 return 0;
static inline int
mthread mctx swap (struct mthread s * cur mctx, struct mthread s * new mctx) {
 swapcontext(&(cur_mctx->uc) ,&(new_mctx->uc));
 return 0;
static struct mthread_s* mthread_work_take(mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp){
 int i;
 struct mthread_s* tmp = NULL;
 for(i = 0; i < MTHREAD LWP; i++){</pre>
    tmp = NULL;
    if(vp != &(virtual processors[i])){
      if(virtual_processors[i].ready_list.first != NULL){
        tmp = mthread_remove_first(&(virtual_processors[i].ready_list));
    if(tmp != NULL)
      mthread_log("LOAD BALANCE", "Work %p from %d to %d\n", tmp,i,vp->rank);
      return tmp;
  sched_yield();
 return tmp;
```

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void __mthread_yield(mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp){
 struct mthread s* next;
 struct mthread_s* current;
 current = (struct mthread s*)vp->current;
 next = mthread remove first(&(vp->readv list));
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 if(next == NULL){
   next = mthread work take(vp);
#endif
 if(vp->resched != NULL) {
   mthread log("SCHEDULER", "Insert %p in ready list of %d\n", vp->resched, vp->rank);
   mthread insert last((struct mthread s*)vp->resched,&(vp->ready list));
   vp->resched = NULL;
 if(current != vp->idle){
   if((current->status != BLOCKED) && (current->status != ZOMBIE)){
      if(current->status == RUNNING){
        vp->resched = current;
      } else not_implemented();
   if(next == NULL) {
      next = vp->idle;
 if(next != NULL) {
   if(vp->current != next){
      mthread_log("SCHEDULER", "Swap from %p to %p\n", current, next);
      vp->current = next;
      mthread_mctx_swap(current,next);
static void mthread idle task(void* arg){
 mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp;
 long i;
 int done = 0;
 vp = (mthread virtual processor t*)arg;
 vp->state = 1;
 while(done == 0){
   done = 1;
   sched_yield();
   for(j = 0; j < MTHREAD_LWP; j++){</pre>
      if(virtual_processors[j].state == 0){
        done = 0;
 mthread_log("SCHEDULER", "Virtual processor %d started\n", vp->rank);
 while(1){
```

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mthread.c
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    __mthread_yield(vp);
 not implemented();
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
static pthread key t lwp key;
#endif
mthread virtual processor t* mthread get vp(){
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 return pthread getspecific(lwp key);
 return &(virtual processors[0]);
#endif
int mthread get vp rank(){
 return mthread get vp()->rank;
static inline void mthread init vp(mthread virtual processor t* vp, struct mthre
ad s* idle.
                                   struct mthread_s* current, int rank){
 vp->current = current;
 vp->idle = idle;
 mthread_list_init(&(vp->ready_list));
 vp->rank = rank;
 vp->resched = NULL;
static void* mthread_main(void* arg){
 not_implemented();
 return NULL;
static inline void mthread init lib(long i){
 struct mthread s * mctx;
 struct mthread s * current = NULL;
 char* stack;
 stack = (char*)safe_malloc(MTHREAD_DEFAULT_STACK);
 mctx = (struct mthread s *)safe malloc(sizeof(struct mthread s));
 mthread init thread(mctx);
 mthread_list_init(&(joined_list));
 if(i == 0){
    current = (struct mthread s *)safe malloc(sizeof(struct mthread s));
    mthread_init_thread(current);
    current->__start_routine = mthread_main;
    current->stack = NULL;
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
    pthread_key_create(&lwp_key,NULL);
#endif
#ifdef TWO_LEVEL
 pthread_setspecific(lwp_key,&(virtual_processors[i]));
#endif
 mthread_init_vp(&(virtual_processors[i]),mctx,mctx,i);
 mthread mctx set(mctx,mthread idle task,stack,MTHREAD DEFAULT STACK,&(virtual
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processors[i]));
 if(i != 0){
   virtual processors[i].current = mctx;
    setcontext(&(mctx->uc));
   virtual processors[i].current = current;
static void* mthread lwp start(void* arg){
 mthread init lib((long)arg);
 not implemented();
 return NULL;
static void mthread start thread(void* arg){
 struct mthread s * mctx;
 mthread virtual processor t* vp;
 mctx = (struct mthread s *)arg;
 mthread_log("THREAD INIT", "Thread %p started\n", arg);
 mctx->res = mctx->__start_routine(mctx->arg);
 mctx->status = ZOMBIE;
 vp = mthread_get_vp();
 mthread_log("THREAD END", "Thread %p ended (%d)\n", arg, vp->rank);
  mthread yield(vp);
/* Function for handling threads. */
static inline void __mthread_lib_init(){
   mthread log init();
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
   do{
      long i;
      for(i = 0; i < MTHREAD_LWP; i++){</pre>
        virtual processors[i].state = 0;
    }while(0);
#endif
   mthread init lib(0);
   virtual processors[0].state = 1;
#ifdef TWO_LEVEL
   do{
      long i;
      long i;
      int done = 0;
      for(i = 1; i < MTHREAD_LWP; i++){</pre>
        pthread_t pid;
        pthread_create(&pid, NULL, mthread_lwp_start, (void*)i);
      while(done == 0){
        done = 1;
        sched yield();
        for(j = 0; j < MTHREAD_LWP; j++){</pre>
          if(virtual_processors[j].state == 0){
            done = 0;
    }while(0);
#endif
    mthread_log("GENERAL", "MThread library started\n");
```

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mthread.c
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                                                                          Page 6/7
/* Create a thread with given attributes ATTR (or default attributes
   if ATTR is NULL), and call function START ROUTINE with given
   arguments ARG. */
int.
mthread create (mthread t * threadp,
                const mthread_attr_t * __attr,
void *(*__start_routine) (void *), void *__arg)
 static int is init = 0;
 mthread virtual processor t* vp;
 if(is init == 0)
     mthread lib init();
    is init = 1;
 vp = mthread get vp();
 if(__attr == NULL) {
    struct mthread_s * mctx;
    char* stack;
    mctx = mthread_remove_first(&(joined_list));
    if(mctx == NULL) {
      mctx = (struct mthread_s *)safe_malloc(sizeof(struct mthread_s));
    if(mctx->stack == NULL) {
      stack = (char*)safe_malloc(MTHREAD_DEFAULT_STACK);
      stack = mctx->stack;
    mthread init thread(mctx);
    mthread_log("THREAD INIT", "Create thread %p\n", mctx);
    mctx->arg = arg;
    mctx-> start routine = start routine;
    mthread mctx set(mctx, mthread start thread, stack, MTHREAD DEFAULT STACK, mctx)
    mthread insert last(mctx,&(vp->ready list));
    * threadp = mctx;
 } else {
    not_implemented();
 return 0;
/* Obtain the identifier of the current thread. */
mthread t
mthread self (void)
 mthread virtual processor t* vp;
 vp = mthread_get_vp();
 return (mthread t)vp->current;
/* Compare two thread identifiers. */
mthread_equal (mthread_t __thread1, mthread_t __thread2)
 return ( thread1 == thread2);
```

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mthread.c
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/* Terminate calling thread. */
void
mthread_exit (void *__retval)
  struct mthread s * mctx;
 mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp;
  vp = mthread_get_vp();
  mctx = (struct mthread s*)vp->current;
  mctx->res = retval;
  mctx->status = ZOMBIE;
 mthread_log("THREAD END", "Thread %p exited\n", mctx);
  __mthread_yield(vp);
/* Make calling thread wait for termination of the thread TH. The
   exit status of the thread is stored in *THREAD_RETURN, if THREAD_RETURN
   is not NULL. */
int
mthread_join (mthread_t __th, void **__thread_return)
 mthread_log("THREAD END", "Join thread %p\n", __th);
  while(__th->status != ZOMBIE) {
    mthread_yield();
  *__thread_return = (void*)__th->res;
 mthread_log("THREAD END", "Thread %p joined\n", __th);
 mthread_insert_last(__th,&(joined_list));
 return 0;
void mthread yield(){
 mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp;
 vp = mthread get vp();
 mthread_log("THREAD YIELD", "Thread %p yield\n", vp->current);
  __mthread_yield(vp);
```

```
mthread.h
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                                                                       Page 1/3
#ifndef __MTHREAD_MTHREAD_H__
#define MTHREAD MTHREAD H
#ifdef cplusplus
extern "C"
⊭endif
  /* Types */
 typedef volatile unsigned int mthread tst t;
  struct mthread s;
  typedef struct mthread s* mthread t;
  struct mthread attr s;
  typedef struct mthread_attr_s mthread_attr_t;
  struct mthread mutex s;
  typedef struct mthread mutex s mthread mutex t;
  struct mthread mutexattr s;
  typedef struct mthread_mutexattr_s mthread_mutexattr_t;
  struct mthread cond s;
  typedef struct mthread cond s mthread cond t;
  struct mthread condattr s;
  typedef struct mthread_condattr_s mthread_condattr_t;
  typedef unsigned int mthread key t;
  struct mthread once s;
  typedef struct mthread once s mthread once t;
  struct mthread_sem_s;
 typedef struct mthread sem s mthread sem t;
 /* Function for handling threads. */
  /* Create a thread with given attributes ATTR (or default attributes
    if ATTR is NULL), and call function START_ROUTINE with given
    arguments ARG. */
 extern int mthread_create (mthread_t * __threadp,
                            const mthread attr t * attr.
                            void *(*__start_routine) (void *), void *__arg);
  /* Obtain the identifier of the current thread. */
 extern mthread t mthread self (void);
  /* Compare two thread identifiers. */
 extern int mthread_equal (mthread_t __thread1, mthread_t __thread2);
  /* Terminate calling thread. */
 extern void mthread_exit (void *__retval);
 /* Make calling thread wait for termination of the thread TH. The
    exit status of the thread is stored in *THREAD RETURN, if THREAD RETURN
    is not NULL. */
 extern int mthread_join (mthread_t __th, void **__thread_return);
 /* Functions for mutex handling. */
 /* Initialize MUTEX using attributes in *MUTEX_ATTR, or use the
    default values if later is NULL. */
```

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mthread.h
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                                                                      Page 2/3
extern int mthread_mutex_init (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex,
                               const mthread mutexattr t * mutex attr);
/* Destroy MUTEX. */
extern int mthread_mutex_destroy (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex);
/* Try to lock MUTEX. */
extern int mthread mutex trylock (mthread mutex t * mutex);
/* Wait until lock for MUTEX becomes available and lock it. */
extern int mthread mutex lock (mthread mutex t * mutex);
extern int mthread_mutex_unlock (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex);
/* Functions for handling conditional variables. */
/* Initialize condition variable COND using attributes ATTR, or use
   the default values if later is NULL. */
extern int mthread_cond_init (mthread_cond_t * __cond,
                              const mthread_condattr_t * __cond_attr);
/* Destroy condition variable COND. */
extern int mthread_cond_destroy (mthread_cond_t * __cond);
/* Wake up one thread waiting for condition variable COND. */
extern int mthread cond signal (mthread cond t * cond);
/* Wake up all threads waiting for condition variables COND. */
extern int mthread_cond_broadcast (mthread_cond_t * __cond);
/* Wait for condition variable COND to be signaled or broadcast.
   MUTEX is assumed to be locked before. */
extern int mthread cond wait (mthread cond t * cond,
                              mthread_mutex_t * __mutex);
/* Functions for handling thread-specific data. */
/* Create a key value identifying a location in the thread-specific
   data area. Each thread maintains a distinct thread-specific data
   area. DESTR FUNCTION, if non-NULL, is called with the value
   associated to that key when the key is destroyed.
   DESTR FUNCTION is not called if the value associated is NULL when
   the key is destroyed. */
extern int mthread_key_create (mthread_key_t * __key,
                               void (*__destr_function) (void *));
/* Destrov KEY. */
extern int mthread key delete (mthread key t key);
/* Store POINTER in the thread-specific data slot identified by KEY. */
extern int mthread_setspecific (mthread_key_t __key, const void *__pointer);
/* Return current value of the thread-specific data slot identified by KEY. *
extern void *mthread_getspecific (mthread_key_t __key);
/* Functions for handling initialization. */
/* Guarantee that the initialization function INIT_ROUTINE will be called
   only once, even if mthread once is executed several times with the
```

```
mthread.h
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                                                                 Page 3/3
    same ONCE_CONTROL argument. ONCE_CONTROL must point to a static or
    extern variable initialized to MTHREAD_ONCE_INIT.
    The initialization functions might throw exception which is why
    this function is not marked with . */
 extern int mthread_once (mthread_once_t * __once_control,
                        void (* init routine) (void));
 /* Functions for handling semaphore. */
 extern int mthread_sem_init (mthread_sem_t * sem, unsigned int value);
 extern int mthread_sem_post (mthread_sem_t * sem);
                                                 /* V(sem), signal(sem) *
 extern int mthread_sem_getvalue (mthread_sem_t * sem, int *sval);
 extern int mthread_sem_trywait (mthread_sem_t * sem);
 extern int mthread_sem_destroy (mthread_sem_t * sem); /* undo sem_init() */
 extern void mthread_yield();
#ifdef __cplusplus
#endif
#endif
```

```
mthread cond.c
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                                                                       Page 1/1
#include "mthread_internal.h"
 /* Functions for handling conditional variables. */
 /* Initialize condition variable COND using attributes ATTR, or use
     the default values if later is NULL. */
mthread_cond_init (mthread_cond_t * __cond,
                   const mthread_condattr_t * __cond_attr)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
  /* Destroy condition variable COND. */
int
mthread_cond_destroy (mthread_cond_t * __cond)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Wake up one thread waiting for condition variable COND. */
mthread_cond_signal (mthread_cond_t * __cond)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Wake up all threads waiting for condition variables COND. */
mthread_cond_broadcast (mthread_cond_t * __cond)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Wait for condition variable COND to be signaled or broadcast.
     MUTEX is assumed to be locked before. */
int
mthread_cond_wait (mthread_cond_t * __cond, mthread_mutex_t * __mutex)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
```

```
mthread debug.c
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                                                                           Page 1/2
#include "mthread internal.h"
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdarq.h>
#include <string.h>
#ifdef TWO_LEVEL
#include <pthread.h>
#endif
void
 _not_implemented (const char *func, char *file, int line)
 fprintf (stderr, "Function %s in file %s at line %d not implemented\n",
           func, file, line);
 abort ();
void *safe malloc(size t size){
 void * tmp;
 tmp = malloc(size);
 assert(tmp != NULL);
 return tmp;
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
static pthread_mutex_t mthread_fprintf_lock = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
static char* mthread_output_log_name = "mthread_log";
static FILE* mthread_output_log = NULL;
int mthread log init(){
 mthread_output_log = fopen(mthread_output_log_name, "w");
 return 0;
#define MTHREAD LOG PART 15
int mthread_log(char* part, const char *format, ...){
 char msg[4096];
 char part2[MTHREAD LOG PART +1];
 va list ap;
 int i;
 int len;
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 int res;
 pthread_mutex_lock(&mthread_fprintf_lock);
#endif
 for(i = 0; i < MTHREAD_LOG_PART; i++){</pre>
   part2[i] = '';
 len = strlen(part);
 if(len >= MTHREAD_LOG_PART){
   len = MTHREAD_LOG_PART;
 memcpy(part2,part,len);
 part2[MTHREAD_LOG_PART] = '\0';
  sprintf(msg, "[LWP %02d Thread %p %s INFO:] %s", mthread_get_vp_rank(),
          mthread self(),part2,format);
 va_start(ap, format);
 res = vfprintf(mthread_output_log, msg, ap);
```

```
mthread debug.c
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                                                                        Page 2/2
 va_end(ap);
 fflush(mthread_output_log);
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 pthread mutex unlock(&mthread fprintf lock);
#endif
 return res;
int fprintf(FILE *stream, const char *format, ...){
 va_list ap;
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 int res;
 pthread_mutex_lock(&mthread_fprintf_lock);
 va_start(ap, format);
 res = vfprintf(stream, format, ap);
 va end(ap);
 fflush(stream);
#ifdef TWO LEVEL
 pthread_mutex_unlock(&mthread_fprintf_lock);
#endif
 return res;
```

```
mthread internal.h
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                                                                         Page 1/2
#ifndef __MTHREAD_MTHREAD_INTERNAL_H__
#define MTHREAD MTHREAD INTERNAL H
#ifdef cplusplus
extern "C"
#endif
#define TWO LEVEL
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ucontext.h>
#ifndef __GNUC__
#define inline
#endif
#include "mthread h"
typedef struct {
 volatile struct mthread s* first;
 volatile struct mthread_s* last;
 mthread tst t lock;
}mthread_list_t;
typedef struct {
 struct mthread_s* idle;
 volatile struct mthread_s* current;
 mthread list t ready list;
 int rank;
 volatile int state;
 volatile struct mthread s* resched;
}mthread_virtual_processor_t;
typedef enum{RUNNING,BLOCKED,ZOMBIE} mthread_status_t;
struct mthread s{
 ucontext t uc;
 volatile void * res;
 void* arg;
 void *(*__start_routine) (void *);
 volatile struct mthread_s* next;
 volatile mthread_status_t status;
 void* stack;
#define MTHREAD LIST INIT {NULL, NULL, 0}
 extern int mthread_test_and_set(mthread_tst_t *atomic);
 extern void mthread_spinlock_lock(mthread_tst_t *atomic);
 extern void mthread_spinlock_unlock(mthread_tst_t *atomic);
 extern int mthread_get_vp_rank();
 extern void __not_implemented (const char *func, char *file, int line);
 extern void *safe_malloc(size_t size);
 extern int mthread_log(char* part, const char *format, ...);
 extern int mthread_log_init();
 extern void mthread insert first(struct mthread s* item, mthread list t* list)
```

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                                 mthread internal.h
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                                                                         Page 2/2
  extern void mthread_insert_last(struct mthread_s* item, mthread_list_t* list);
  extern struct mthread s* mthread remove first(mthread list t* list);
  extern void __mthread_yield(mthread_virtual_processor_t* vp);
 extern mthread virtual processor t* mthread get vp();
#define not_implemented() __not_implemented(__FUNCTION__,__FILE__,__LINE__)
#ifdef cplusplus
#endif
#endif
```

```
mthread_key.c
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                                                                        Page 1/1
#include "mthread_internal.h"
  /* Functions for handling thread-specific data. */
  /* Create a key value identifying a location in the thread-specific
     data area. Each thread maintains a distinct thread-specific data
     area. DESTR FUNCTION, if non-NULL, is called with the value
     associated to that key when the key is destroyed.
     DESTR_FUNCTION is not called if the value associated is NULL when
     the key is destroyed. */
mthread_key_create (mthread_key_t * __key, void (*__destr_function) (void *))
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
  /* Destroy KEY. */
int
mthread_key_delete (mthread_key_t __key)
 not implemented ();
 return 0;
  /* Store POINTER in the thread-specific data slot identified by KEY. */
int
mthread_setspecific (mthread_key_t __key, const void *__pointer)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
  /* Return current value of the thread-specific data slot identified by KEY. *
void
mthread_getspecific (mthread_key_t __key)
 not_implemented ();
 return NULL;
```

```
mthread mutex.c
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                                                                       Page 1/1
#include "mthread_internal.h"
  /* Functions for mutex handling. */
 /* Initialize MUTEX using attributes in *MUTEX_ATTR, or use the
     default values if later is NULL. */
mthread_mutex_init (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex,
                    const mthread_mutexattr_t * __mutex_attr)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
  /* Destroy MUTEX. */
int
mthread_mutex_destroy (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Try to lock MUTEX. */
mthread_mutex_trylock (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Wait until lock for MUTEX becomes available and lock it. */
mthread_mutex_lock (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
 /* Unlock MUTEX. */
mthread_mutex_unlock (mthread_mutex_t * __mutex)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
```

```
mthread_once.c
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                                                                                 Page 1/1
#include "mthread_internal.h"
 /* Functions for handling initialization. */
 /* Guarantee that the initialization function INIT_ROUTINE will be called
     only once, even if mthread_once is executed several times with the same ONCE_CONTROL argument. ONCE_CONTROL must point to a static or
     extern variable initialized to MTHREAD ONCE INIT.
     The initialization functions might throw exception which is why
     this function is not marked with . */
mthread_once (mthread_once_t * __once_control, void (*__init_routine) (void))
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
```

```
mthread sem.c
                                                                        Page 1/1
 Feb 17, 08 11:54
#include "mthread_internal.h"
  /* Functions for handling semaphore. */
mthread_sem_init (mthread_sem_t * sem, unsigned int value)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
/* P(sem), wait(sem) */
mthread_sem_wait (mthread_sem_t * sem)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
/* V(sem), signal(sem) */
mthread_sem_post (mthread_sem_t * sem)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
int
mthread_sem_getvalue (mthread_sem_t * sem, int *sval)
 not implemented ();
 return 0;
mthread_sem_trywait (mthread_sem_t * sem)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
/* undo sem_init() */
int
mthread_sem_destroy (mthread_sem_t * sem)
 not_implemented ();
 return 0;
```

```
mthread tst.c
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                                                                          Page 1/2
#include "mthread internal.h"
#include <sched h>
#if defined(i686 ARCH) | defined(x86 64 ARCH)
static inline int mthread test and set(mthread tst t *atomic)
    int ret;
    __asm__ __volatile__("lock; xchgl%0,%1":"=r"(ret), "=m"(*atomic)
                          :"0"(1), "m"(*atomic)
                          : "memory");
    return ret;
#elif defined(sparc ARCH)
static inline int __mthread_test_and_set(mthread_tst_t *spinlock)
  char ret. = 0;
  __asm__ _volatile__("ldstub[%0], %1"
        : "=r"(spinlock), "=r"(ret)
        : "0"(spinlock), "1" (ret) : "memory");
 return (unsigned)ret;
#elif defined(ia64 ARCH)
static __inline__ int __mthread_test_and_set(mthread_tst_t *atomic)
    int ret;
    __asm__ __volatile__("xchg4 %0=%1, %2":"=r"(ret), "=m"(*atomic)
                         :"0"(1), "m"(*atomic)
                          : "memory");
    return ret;
#else
#define USE GENERIC ASM
#warning "Using generic test and set using pthread"
#include <pthread.h>
static pthread_mutex_t tst_mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
static inline int __mthread_test_and_set(mthread_tst_t *atomic)
  int res;
 pthread_mutex_lock(&tst_mutex);
 res = *atomic;
 if(*atomic == 0){
    *atomic = 1;
 pthread_mutex_unlock(&tst_mutex);
 return res;
#endif
int mthread_test_and_set(mthread_tst_t *atomic){
 return __mthread_test_and_set(atomic);
void mthread_spinlock_lock(mthread_tst_t *atomic){
#ifdef USE GENERIC ASM
```

```
mthread tst.c
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                                                                         Page 2/2
  static pthread_mutex_t spin_tst_mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
 pthread_mutex_lock(&spin_tst_mutex);
#endif
 while(mthread test and set(atomic)){
    sched_yield();
#ifdef USE GENERIC ASM
 pthread_mutex_unlock(&spin_tst_mutex);
#endif
void mthread spinlock unlock(mthread tst t *atomic){
 *atomic = 0;
```