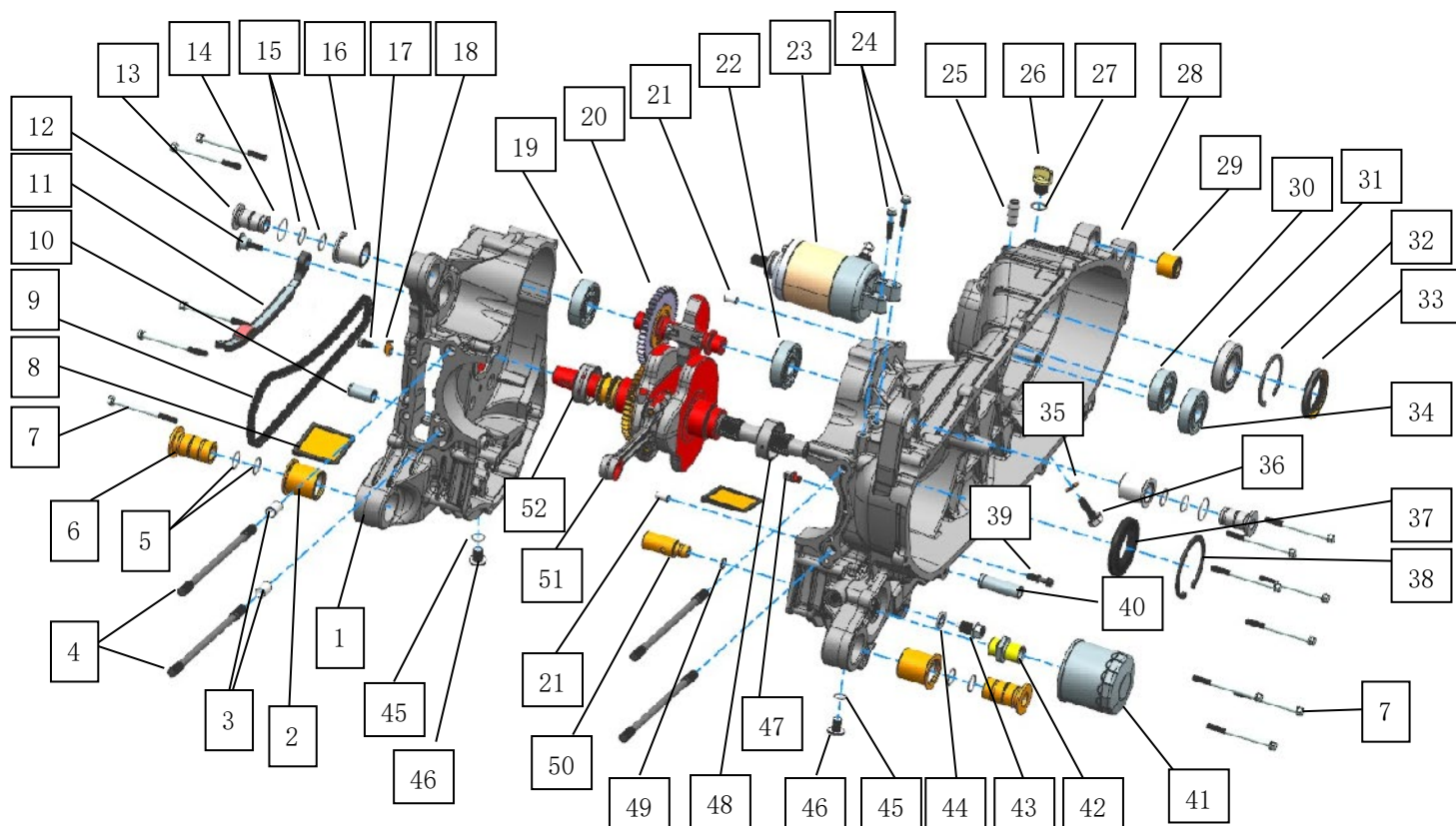


Crankcase

1. System components



Parts information

Serial number	Name	Quantity	Serial number	Name	Quantity
1	ZT1P77MP right crankcase B	1	19	GB276-6304P5C3 deep groove ball bearings (nitridation)	1
2	ZT1P77MP lower hanging bush press assembly	2	20	ZT1P77MP balance shaft assembly	1
3	Locating pin 12×20	2	21	Φ 8×14 hollow positioning pin	2
4	YM10×1.25—M10×1.25×190 stud	4	22	6304-C3 deep groove ball bearings (FAG)	1
5	φ20.8×φ2.4 Acrylic O-ring	4	23	ZT1P72MN starter motor parts	1
6	φ16.3×φ25×45.5 lower hanging bush	2	24	GB16674M6×30 hexagon flange bolts	2
7	GB16674M6×75 hexagon flange bolts	13	25	ZT1P58MJ cylinder head cover air balance tube	1
8	53×50.5 trapezoidal strainer	2	26	M14×1.5 oil filler nut	1
9	6.35×7×110 toothed chain	1	27	13.8×2.5 Acrylic glue O-ring	1
10	φ 10×φ15×28.2 main bracket bushing	1	28	ZT1P77MP left crankcase B	1
11	ZT1P72MN tension strip	1	29	φ 10×φ25×22 shock-absorbing lifting hole bushing	1

12	M6×16—13.8×8.7 pivot bolt	1	30	GB276-6204/P5C3 deep groove ball bearings (nitrogenation)	1
13	φ 12.2×φ20×35.3 upper hanging bushing	2	31	GB276-6006-2RS/P5C3 deep groove ball bearings	1
14	φ 23×φ2 nitrile rubber O-ring	2	32	GB893.1 circlip φ55 for holes	1
15	φ 15.3×φ2.2 nitrile rubber O-ring	4	33	FB38×56×7 hydrogenated nitrile oil seal	1
16	ZT1P77MP upper hanging bush press assembly	2	34	GB276—62/22/P5 deep groove ball bearings (human/nitrided)	1
17	M6×10 top pin bolt (environmental protection color zinc)	1	35	8.3×16×1.5 copper gasket	1
18	ZT1P72MN guide bar pressure plate	1	36	Non-standard bolt M8×25 (environmental protection color)	1
37	FB35×66×7 fluorine rubber oil seal	1	46	M10×1.25×10 oil plug bolt	2
38	GB893.1 circlip for holes φ68	1	47	ZT1P72MN fuel injector	1
39	ZT1P58MJ main support return spring column	1	48	ZT1P77MP left box bearing bush φ40×φ44×15	2
40	φ 10×φ15×47.5 main bracket bushing	1	49	9.8×2.4 hydrogenated nitrile rubber O-ring	1
41	φ 65×65 oil filter (external)	1	50	ZT1P72MN pressure relief valve subassembly	1
42	M20×1.5 hexagonal hollow 14 stud bolts (grade 9.8/oxidized black)	1	51	ZT1P77MP crankshaft connecting rod assembly	1
43	M12×1.5×15 oil drain bolt (environmental protection color zinc)	1	52	ZT1P77MP right box bearing bush φ40×φ44×15	2
44	Combined gasket 12×φ20×2	1			
45	φ 11.11×φ1.78 fluorine rubber O-ring	2			

(Note: For the ZT1P77MP model, the upper hanging material and the lower hanging material box of the left and right boxes are the same. The pressing position of the hanging hanger is related to the vehicle model. When disassembling and assembling, select the corresponding material assembly drawing for reference according to the actual situation.)

2. Maintenance information

General information

1. This chapter introduces the separation of the crankcase and the inspection and maintenance of the crankshaft and other parts.
2. The maintenance steps in this chapter can only be motorcyclered out after draining the engine oil and gear chamber oil.
3. The maintenance of the crankcase can only be motorcyclered out by disassembling the engine separately. **(Refer to the ZT350T-D maintenance manual for disassembling the engine -- XI. Vehicle engine disassembly)**
4. After the engine is disassembled from the vehicle, the following components must be removed before the crankcase is unpacked:

·Main bracket **(Refer to ZT350T-D maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the main bracket -- 2. Maintenance -- main bracket)**

- Cylinder head cover (Refer to the ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the cylinder head cover--cylinder head cover, cylinder head)
- Tensioner (Refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the tensioner--cylinder head cover, cylinder head--tensioner)
- Cylinder head assembly (Refer to the ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the cylinder head assembly--cylinder head cover, cylinder head)
- Cylinder and piston (Refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of cylinder and piston - cylinder and piston)
- Left crankcase cover (refer to the ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the left crankcase cover--left crankcase cover, continuously variable clutch sub-assembly)
- CVT clutch (refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of CVT clutch - left crankcase cover, CVT clutch sub-assembly)
- Right crankcase cover (Refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the right crankcase cover -- right crankcase cover, magneto)
- Flywheel, reduction gear (Refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the right crankcase cover - right crankcase cover, magneto)
- Electric starter big gear (Refer to ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the right crankcase cover -- right crankcase cover, magneto)
- Oil pump (Refer to ZT1P77MP Engine Maintenance Manual--Lubrication System for oil pump disassembly and assembly)

5. During the disassembly and installation of the crankcase, do not operate violently to prevent damage to the joint surface of the crankcase.

Torque value

Bolt model	Assembly position	quantity	torque	Remark
M6× 75 hex flange bolts	Left and right box closing bolts	13	12 ± 1.5 Nm	-
M6× 10 hex flange bolts	-	-	10±1 Nm	-
M6× 30 hex flange bolts	starter motor lock bolt	2	12 ± 1.5 Nm	-
M20×1.5 hexagonal hollow 14 stud bolts	-	1	40± 4Nm	-
φ 65×65 oil filter (external)	-	1	20-25Nm _	-

tool

1. Torque wrench + 8#/10#/27# sleeve;
2. 8# -T-shaped sleeve;
3. Circlip pliers for shaft;
4. Filter disassembly wrench

3. Common failure phenomenon/troubleshooting

1. Abnormal noise

- Crankcase bearing bush is abnormally worn.
- The bearing bush at the big end of the connecting rod is abnormally worn.
- The small end of the connecting rod is abnormally worn.
- The balance shaft bearing is abnormally worn.

2. The crankshaft does not rotate

- Crankshaft bearing shell damage.
- The big end bearing shell of the connecting rod is damaged.
- The small end of the connecting rod is abnormally worn.
-

Fourth, the decomposition of the crankcase

1. Remove the timing chain

① Disassembly

Pull out in the direction shown by the arrow in the figure to remove the timing chain.

② check

If the following problems exist, the timing chain and timing driven sprocket must be replaced together.

- cracking
- Severe wear and tear
- Obviously stuck in rotation

③ Assembly

Spray the surface of the chain with engine oil, still follow the method shown above to put one end of the chain on the teeth of the timing sprocket, pull the other end out of the sprocket cavity and straighten it to prevent the chain from falling off.

2. Remove the tension strip

Refer to the ZT1P77MP engine maintenance manual for disassembly and assembly of the tension strip - cylinder head cover, cylinder head - tension strip.

3. Disassembly and assembly of the guide bar pressure plate

① Disassembly

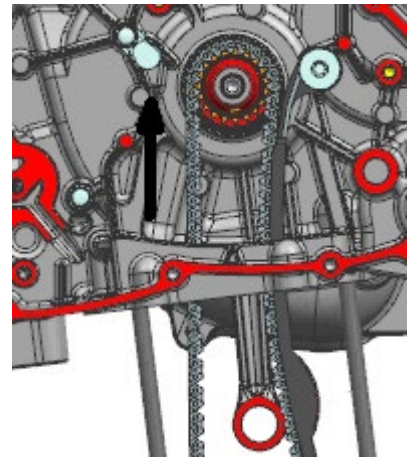
Use tool 1 or 2 to remove the pressure plate bolts and take out the pressure plate.

② check

If the pressure plate is deformed or broken, it should be replaced.

③ Assembly

Install the pressure plate according to the position shown in the figure, apply an appropriate amount of thread glue to the bolts, screw them into the bolt holes of the pressure plate and tighten them with tool 1, the tightening torque is 10 ± 1 N. m.



4. Disassembly and assembly of the trapezoidal coarse filter

① Disassembly

Use flat-nose pliers (or other tools with flat clamping function) to gently clamp (to prevent deformation and damage to the coarse filter) to remove the trapezoidal coarse filter, and clean the dirt with a mild solvent.

② check

If the filter screen is damaged, it should be replaced.

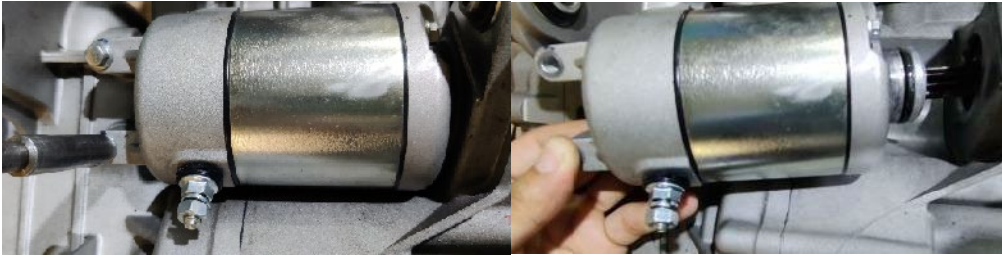
③ Assembly

Put the coarse filter back into the box according to the picture, and press it in place (the side with the font logo is facing down, do not install it in the wrong direction).

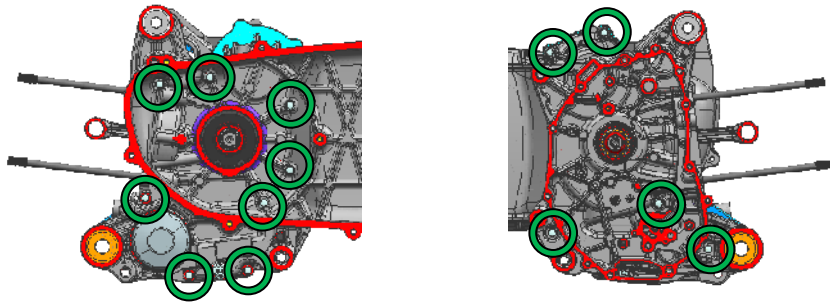


5. Disassemble the crankcase

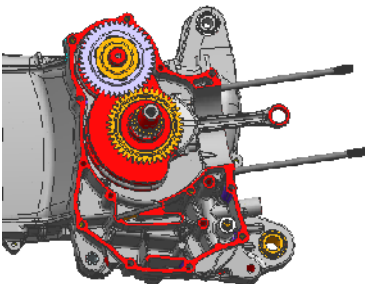
① As shown in the figure below, use tool 1 or tool 2 to remove the starter motor.



② Use tool 1 or tool 2 to evenly remove the crankcase locking bolts diagonally, first remove the 8 M6× 75 hexagonal flange surface bolts on the left side , and then rotate the box to remove the 5 M6× 75 hexagonal flange surface bolts on the right side .



③ Place the left crankcase downwards, take a rubber hammer and tap the reinforcement holes or process bosses symmetrically (note: do not hit the crankcase joint surface or other assembly joint surfaces) to separate the crankcase evenly, and finally remove the right crankcase. Crankcase, balance shaft, crankshaft, positioning pin.



④ Clean the crankcase

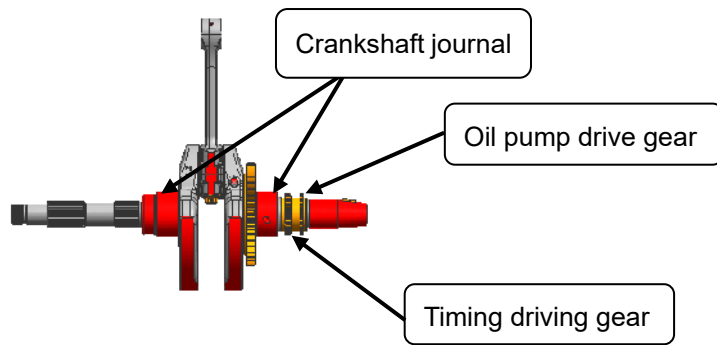
Thoroughly clean the crankcase with a mild solvent to remove residual glue from assembly joints.

⑤ Check the crankcase

- If the crankcase is found to have functional damage such as cracks or serious scratches on the joint surface, the corresponding crankcase should be replaced.
- Turn the inner rings of the balance shaft bearings of the left and right boxes by hand. If there is any sticking, abnormal noise, or loose inner rings, replace the corresponding bearings.
- Check the crankshaft bearing pads of the left and right casings, and replace the bearing pads if there is any abnormal wear.
- Check the crankshaft oil seal, and replace it if the main and auxiliary lips are severely worn.

6. Check the crankshaft

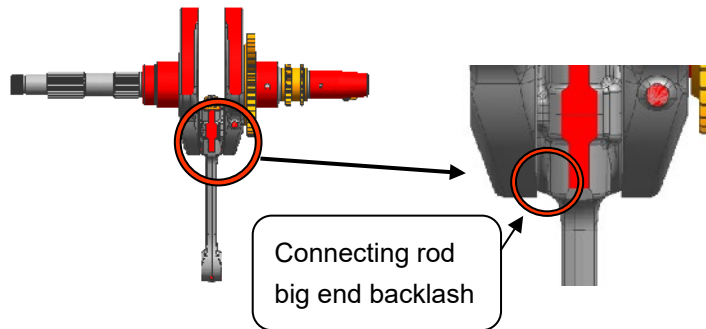
- Check the oil pump drive gear and timing drive gear for abnormal wear and damage;
- Inspect the crankshaft journal surfaces for damage, discoloration or scratches, and replace the crankshaft if present.



●Connecting rod big end backlash inspection

Insert a feeler gauge between the crankshaft and the big end face of the connecting rod to measure the clearance.

Maintenance limit value: 0.40mm (0.016in)

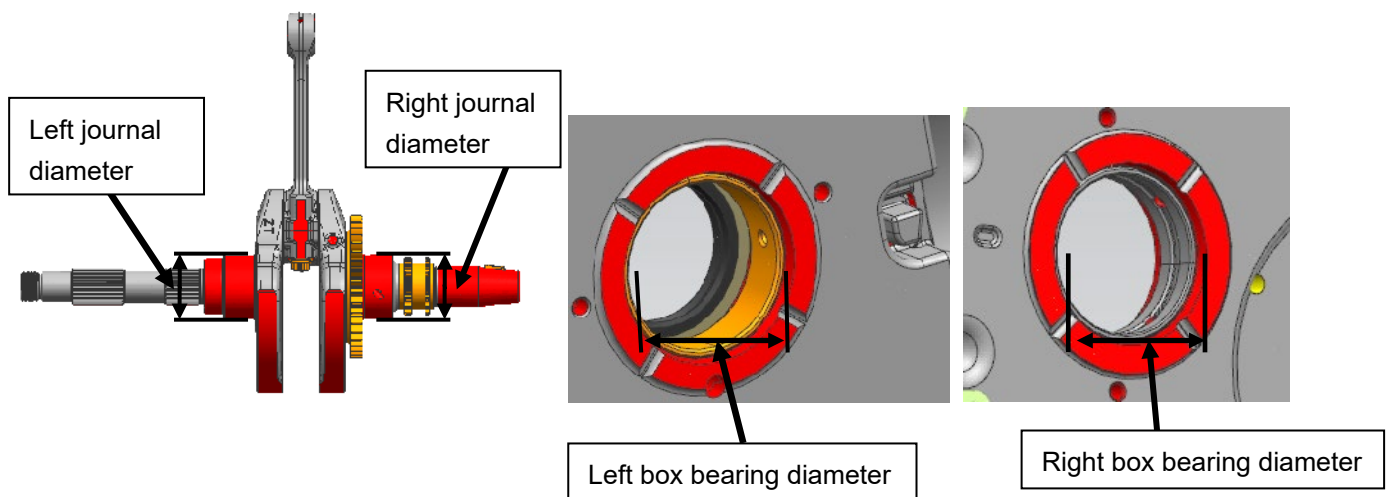


Check the fit clearance between crankshaft main journal and bearing bush

Measure the diameters of the left and right journals of the crankshaft and the left and right bearing bushes of the box respectively, and subtract the diameter of the bearing bushes from the diameter of the main journal of the crankshaft to calculate the fit clearance between the left and right main journals of the crankshaft and the bearing bushes.

Maintenance limit value: 0.075mm (0.003in)

Note: When the fitting clearance between the main journal and the bearing bush exceeds the maintenance limit value, please evaluate and replace the parts with a large amount of wear, and judge whether the fit clearance is within the maintenance limit value, if yes, replace the corresponding parts, if not, replace it Brand new crankshaft and bearing bush.

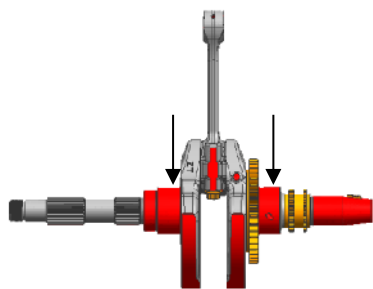


●Crankshaft runout inspection

Put the crankshaft on the V-shaped block or bracket, and measure the jump value of the corresponding point with a dial gauge.

Note: When the runout of the crankshaft exceeds the maintenance threshold, a new crankshaft needs to be replaced.

Service Threshold: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in)



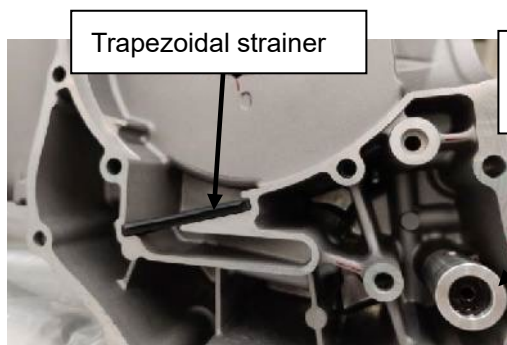
5. Assembly of the crankcase

Before assembly, clean the interior of the crankcase and all mating surfaces, and check for cracks or other damage.

- ① Apply an appropriate amount of engine oil to the inner ring of the left crankcase bearing, the cage, the inner diameter of the bearing bush, and the lip of the oil seal. (**Note: Before installation, check that the subassembly of the left crankcase pressure relief valve, 9.8×2.4 hydrogenated nitrile rubber O-ring , and trapezoidal coarse filter are not missing**)



Apply oil



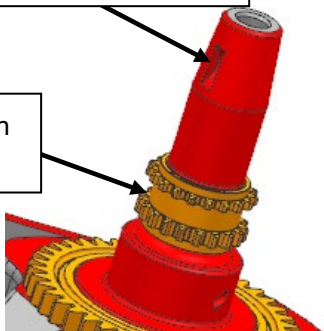
Trapezoidal strainer

Pressure relief valve subassembly

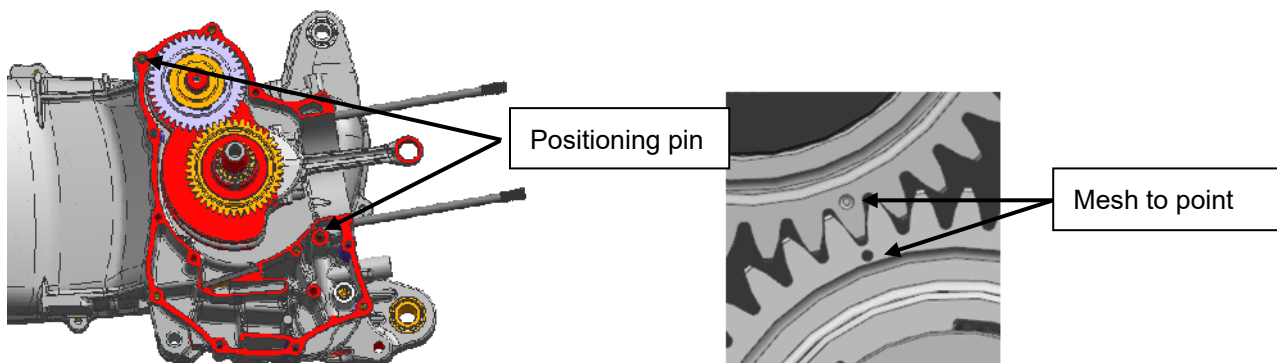
- ② Apply an appropriate amount of engine oil to the left and right main journals of the crankshaft, as shown in the figure below, and put the crankshaft into the left crankcase (Note: The semicircular keyway of the crankshaft is upward, and when putting the crankshaft, do not scratch the bearing bush of the left crankcase and the crankshaft oil seal).

Semi-circular keyway

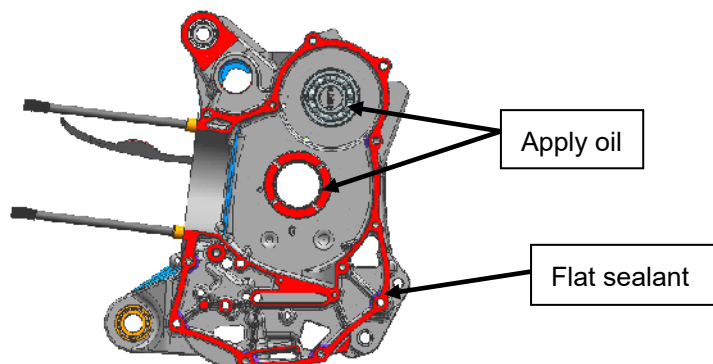
Oil the main journal



- ③ Apply an appropriate amount of engine oil to the balance shaft journal, align the balance shaft with the balance shaft bearing hole and install it into the left crankcase, and install 2 ϕ 8×14 hollow positioning pins into the positioning pin holes of the left crankcase. (**Note: The balance shaft teeth and the drive teeth of the balance shaft on the crankshaft must be properly meshed!**)



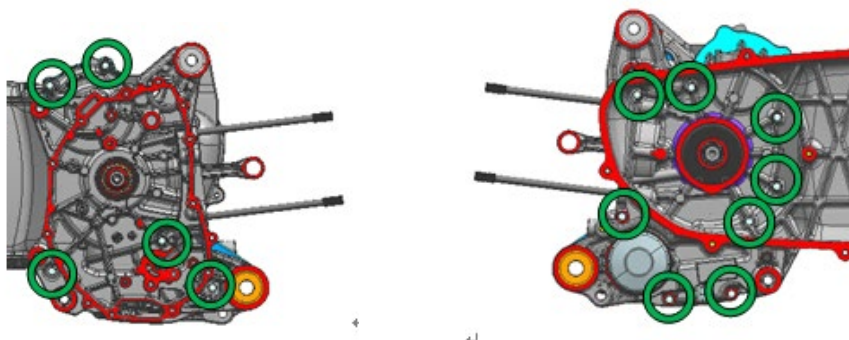
④ As shown in the figure, apply a layer of flat sealant on the joint surface of the right crankcase, and apply an appropriate amount of engine oil on the inner ring of the bearing, the cage, and the inner diameter of the bearing bush.



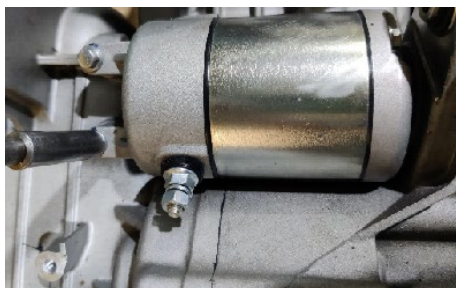
⑤ Align the right crankcase with the two positioning pins, and complete the box assembly vertically downward.

(Note: When placing the right crankcase in the box, do not scratch the bearing bush of the right crankcase, and do not operate violently when closing the box, so as to avoid bumping and scratching of parts and joint surfaces)

⑥ Put 5 M6× 75 hexagonal flange face bolts into the crankcase from the right side, pre-tighten them diagonally from the position of the positioning pins and fix the torque, the torque is $12 \pm 1.5 \text{ Nm}$, rotate the box, and put 8 M6 × Install the 75 hexagon flange bolts into the crankcase from the left side, and tighten them evenly at the opposite corners, with a fixed torque of $12 \pm 1.5 \text{ Nm}$.



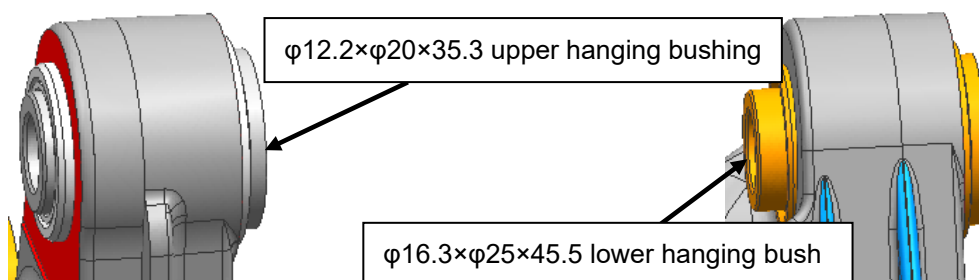
⑦ After installing the starter motor in place according to the diagram, put in 2 pieces of M6×30 hexagon flange bolts, pretighten and tighten with a fixed torque, the torque is $12 \pm 1.5 \text{ Nm}$.



Sixth, left and right crankcase suspension disassembly, inspection

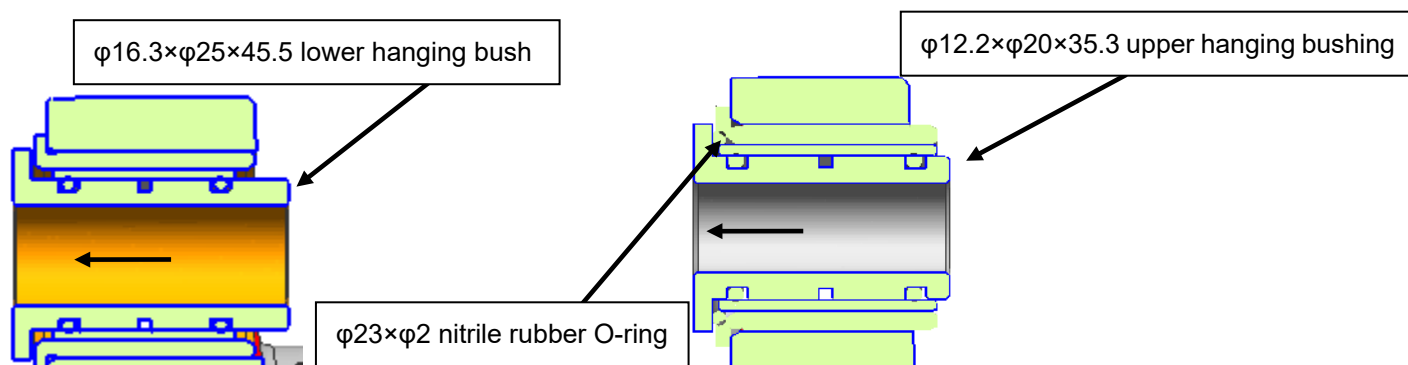
Hanging inspection

1. As shown in the picture, hold the two ends of the $\phi 12.2 \times \phi 20 \times 35.3$ upper suspension bush or the $\phi 16.3 \times \phi 25 \times 45.5$ lower suspension bush by hand, and turn it back and forth. If it can rotate, it is qualified. **(Note: If the hanging bush is stuck and cannot be rotated, it needs to be disassembled and added an appropriate amount of high temperature resistant and high load resistant grease.)**



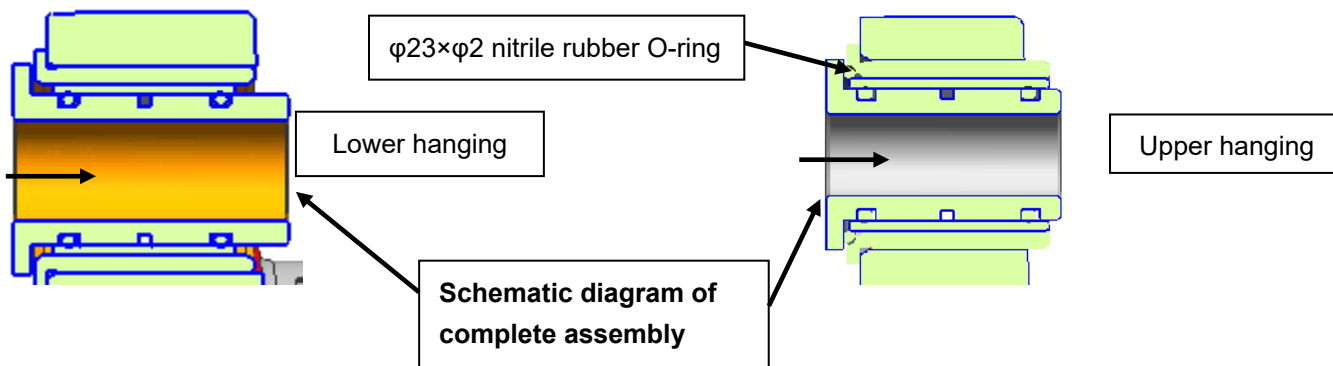
Hanging removal

1. As shown in the figure, remove the $\phi 16.3 \times \phi 25 \times 45.5$ lower hanging bushing or the $\phi 12.2 \times \phi 20 \times 35.3$ upper hanging bushing respectively (if the O ring is not damaged or cracked, do not need to remove it).



Hanging installation

1. As shown in the figure, apply an appropriate amount of grease on the surface of the suspension bushing and insert it into the corresponding suspension press-fitting assembly, and place a $\phi 23 \times \phi 2$ nitrile rubber O-type on the flange side of the suspension bushing for the upper suspension. **(Note: The grease needs to use high temperature resistant and high load resistant grease.)**



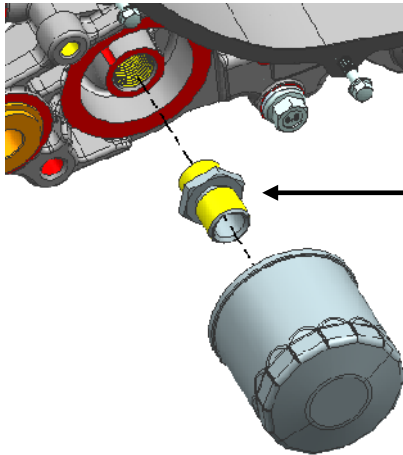
Seven, fine filter

Disassembly, installation

1. Use the filter removal tool to rotate counterclockwise to remove the fine filter. After checking that there is no problem, apply an appropriate amount of engine oil on the surface of the O ring of the fine filter, rotate it clockwise, and tighten it

with a fixed torque: 20-25N.m (Note: the fine filter There is no scratch or damage on the O ring, and no bump or scratch on the installation joint surface of the fine filter of the left box) .

Note: Please refer to the ZT350D maintenance manual for normal maintenance of the fine filter of the engine --
2. Maintenance -- engine oil -- replace the fine filter.



M20×1.5 hexagonal hollow 14 stud bolts are not recommended to be disassembled and removed. If disassembled for secondary installation, an appropriate amount of thread glue should be applied, and the fixed torque: 40±4N.m.