Code Violations GIS Visualization

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setwd(C:/Users/Rory/Google Drive/Class/Data-Driven Management II/GIS project/01-05-2015)

Visualizing Using Point Mapping

Map Basics

```
library(ggmap)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggmap' was built under R version 3.2.3
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.2.3
```

```
syracuse <- get_map(location="Syracuse NY", zoom = 13, color="bw")</pre>
```

Map from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/staticmap?center=Syracuse+NY&zoom=1
3&size=640x640&scale=2&maptype=terrain&language=en-EN&sensor=false
Information from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?address=Syracuse%20NY&sensor=false

```
syr.map <- ggmap(syracuse, extent = "device")</pre>
```

This code was originally used to create the dataframes from the original file. Because of the length of geocoding, this was not run for the R Markdown. Instead, outputs were saved in a dataframe and converted to new CSV files.

dat2 <- read.csv("new data.csv")

Open Violations open.dat <- dat2[dat2\$Complaint.Status == "Open",]

 $\label{lem:open.dat} \begin{tabular}{l} \textbf{Open Bed Bug Violations} open.bedbugs <- open.dat[open.dat$Complaint.Type == "Bed Bugs",] open.bedbugs["fulladdress"] <- NA open.bedbugs $fulladdress <- paste(open.bedbugs$Address, "Syracuse, NY", sep=" ") long.lat.bugs <- geocode(open.bedbugs$fulladdress) open.bedbugs <- cbind(open.bedbugs, long.lat.bugs) \\ \end{tabular}$

All Bed Bug Violations bed.bugs.all <- dat2[dat2\$Complaint.Type == "Bed Bugs",] bed.bugs.all["fulladdress"] <- NA bed.bugs.allfulladdress < -paste(bed.bugs.allAddress, "Syracuse, NY", sep=" ") long.lat.all.bugs <- geocode(bed.bugs.all\$fulladdress) bed.bugs.all <- cbind(bed.bugs.all, long.lat.all.bugs)

 $\label{lem:unsafe} \textbf{Unsafe conditions} \ \ unsafe.dat <- \ dat2[dat2$Complaint.Type == "Unsafe Conditions",] \\ unsafe.dat["fulladdress"] <- \ NA \ unsafe.dat \\ fulladdress <- paste(unsafe. \ datAddress, "Syracuse, NY", sep=" ") long.lat.unsafe <- geocode(unsafe.dat$fulladdress) unsafe.dat <- \ cbind(unsafe.dat, long.lat.unsafe)$

Add color vector to unsafe conditions col.vec <- rep(NA, nrow(unsafe.dat)) col.vec <- ifelse(unsafe.dat\$Violation.Status == "Open", "orange", "blue")

Load new dataset (and Subset and Geocode – see above code)

```
open.bedbugs <- read.csv("openbedbugs.csv")
bed.bugs.all <- read.csv("bedbugsall.csv")
unsafe.dat <- read.csv("unsafe.csv")

#add color vector to unsafe conditions
col.vec <- rep( NA, nrow(unsafe.dat) )
col.vec <- ifelse( unsafe.dat$Violation.Status == "Open", "orange", "blue")</pre>
```

Load Multiplot Function

This function is not in the ggmap package but is widely used for it.

```
multiplot <- function(..., plotlist=NULL, file, cols=1, layout=NULL) {</pre>
  library(grid)
  # Make a list from the ... arguments and plotlist
  plots <- c(list(...), plotlist)</pre>
  numPlots = length(plots)
  # If layout is NULL, then use 'cols' to determine layout
  if (is.null(layout)) {
    # Make the panel
    # ncol: Number of columns of plots
    # nrow: Number of rows needed, calculated from # of cols
    layout <- matrix(seq(1, cols * ceiling(numPlots/cols)),</pre>
                     ncol = cols, nrow = ceiling(numPlots/cols))
  }
  if (numPlots==1) {
    print(plots[[1]])
  } else {
    # Set up the page
    grid.newpage()
    pushViewport(viewport(layout = grid.layout(nrow(layout), ncol(layout))))
    # Make each plot, in the correct location
    for (i in 1:numPlots) {
      # Get the i,j matrix positions of the regions that contain this subplot
      matchidx <- as.data.frame(which(layout == i, arr.ind = TRUE))</pre>
      print(plots[[i]], vp = viewport(layout.pos.row = matchidx$row,
                                       layout.pos.col = matchidx$col))
    }
  }
}
```

Plot All 3 Maps

```
multiplot(
syr.map + geom_point(data=open.bedbugs, aes(x=lon, y=lat), size=3, col="orange", alpha=.
8) +
    ggtitle("Open Bed Bug Violations") +
    theme(plot.title=element_text(family="Times", face="bold", size=12)),
    syr.map + geom_point(data=bed.bugs.all, aes(x=lon, y=lat), size=3, col="orange", alpha=.
4) +
    ggtitle("All Bed Bug Violations 2012-Present") +
    theme(plot.title=element_text(family="Times", face="bold", size=12)),
    syr.map + geom_point(data=unsafe.dat, aes(x=lon, y=lat), size=3, col=col.vec, alpha=.4) +
    ggtitle("All Unsafe Condition Violations 2012-Present") +
    theme(plot.title=element_text(family="Times", face="bold", size=12)),
    layout=matrix(c(1,2,3,3), nrow=2, byrow=TRUE)
)
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

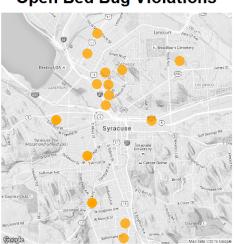
```
## Warning in grid.Call(L_textBounds, as.graphicsAnnot(x$label), x$x, x$y, :
## font family not found in Windows font database
```

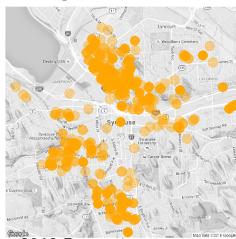
```
## Warning: Removed 103 rows containing missing values (geom point).
```

Warning: Removed 104 rows containing missing values (geom_point).

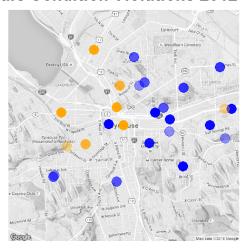


All Bed Bug Violations 2012-Present





All Unsafe Condition Violations 2012-Present



Visualizing Using Choropleth Mapping

```
require(maptools)
```

```
## Loading required package: maptools
```

Warning: package 'maptools' was built under R version 3.2.3

```
## Loading required package: sp
## Checking rgeos availability: FALSE
## Note: when rgeos is not available, polygon geometry computations in maptools
depend on gpclib,
## which has a restricted licence. It is disabled by default;
## to enable gpclib, type gpclibPermit()
```

```
require(sp)
# get your data sets
syr <- readShapePoly( fn="01-05-2015", proj4string=CRS("+proj=longlat +datum=WGS84") )</pre>
violations <- read.csv("Violation Report with lot ID.csv")</pre>
#cast as numeric
syr$SBL <- as.character(syr$SBL)</pre>
violations$Identifier <- as.character(violations$Identifier)</pre>
#merge them
syr@data <- data.frame(syr@data, violations[match(syr@data[, "SBL"], violations[, "Identi</pre>
fier"]), ])
########## Trash Violations in University Area #############
#subset for university area
univ <- syr[which(syr@data$Nhood=="Westcott"| syr@data$Nhood=="University Neighborhood" |
syr@data$Nhood=="University Hill" | syr@data$Nhood=="Near Eastside" | syr@data$Nhood=="So
uth Campus" | syr@data$Nhood=="Outer Comstock"), ]
#create color vector of open violations, closed violations and no violations
col.vec <- ifelse( univ@data$Complaint.Type=="Trash/Debris-Private, Occ" & univ@data$Viol</pre>
ation.Status=="Open", "steel blue", "gray80")
col.vec <- ifelse( univ@data$Complaint.Type=="Trash/Debris-Private, Occ" & univ@data$Viol</pre>
ation.Status=="Closed", "dark orange", col.vec)
col.vec[ is.na(col.vec) ] <- "gray80"</pre>
#plot and create legend
plot( univ, col=col.vec, border=FALSE, main="Trash Violations near Syracuse University (2
012-2015)", cex.main=1.4)
legend(x=626459, y=1110819, legend= c("Open Violations", "Closed Violations", "No Violati
ons"), fill=c("steel blue", "dark orange", "gray80"), bty="n", cex=.8)
```

Trash Violations near Syracuse University (2012-2015)



#create color vector of open violations, closed violations and no violations
col.vec <- ifelse(univ@data\$Complaint.Type=="Overgrowth: Private, Occ" & univ@data\$Viola
tion.Status=="Open", "steel blue", "gray80")
col.vec <- ifelse(univ@data\$Complaint.Type=="Overgrowth: Private, Occ" & univ@data\$Viola
tion.Status=="Closed", "dark orange", col.vec)
col.vec[is.na(col.vec)] <- "gray80"</pre>

#plot and create legend

plot(univ, col=col.vec, border=FALSE, main="Overgrowth Violations Near Syracuse University (2012-2015)", cex.main=1.4)

legend(x=626459, y=1110819, legend= c("Open Violations", "Closed Violations", "No Violati
ons"), fill=c("steel blue", "dark orange", "gray80"), bty="n", cex=.8)

Overgrowth Violations Near Syracuse University (2012-2015)

