Producer consumer program – 1BM21CS215

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\STUDENT\Desktop\1BM21CS\pdcon\bin\Debug\pdcon.exe

1. Producer
2. Consumer
Enter your choice :
1
Producer produces the item 1
Enter your choice :
2
Consumer consumes item 0
Enter your choice :
```

CODE

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int mutex=1, full=0, empty=3, x=0;
int main()
  int n;
  void consumer();
  void producer();
  int wait(int);
  int signal(int);
  printf("\n1. Producer\n2. Consumer\n");
  while(1)
  {
    printf("Enter your choice : \n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    switch(n)
    {
      case 1: if((mutex==1)&&(empty!=0))
             producer();
```

```
else
             printf("Buffer is full \n");
      break;
      case 2: if((mutex==1)&&(full!=0))
             consumer();
           else
             printf("Buffer is empty \n");
      break;
      case 3 : exit(0);
      break;
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
int wait(int s)
{
  return (--s);
}
int signal(int s)
{
  return(++s);
}
void producer()
{
  mutex=wait(mutex);
  full=signal(full);
  empty=wait(empty);
  x++;
  printf("Producer produces the item %d n", x);
  mutex=signal(mutex);
}
void consumer()
  mutex=wait(mutex);
  full=wait(full);
  empty=signal(empty);
  x--;
  printf("Consumer consumes item %d n", x);
  mutex=signal(mutex);
}
```

DINING PHILOSOPHER PROGRAM

OUTPUT

```
C:\Users\STUDENT\Desktop\1BM21CS\pdcon\bin\Debug\pdcon.exe
   Philosopher 2 is thinking
  Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 is thinking
  Philosopher 5 is thinking
<sup>)ace</sup>Philosopher 4 is Hungry
on Philosopher 1 is Hungry
  Philosopher 3 is Hungry
  Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 2 takes fork 1 and 2
   Philosopher 2 is Eating
  Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 5 takes fork 4 and 5
  Philosopher 5 is Eating
   Philosopher 2 putting fork 1 and 2 down
   Philosopher 2 is thinking
   Philosopher 3 takes fork 2 and 3
   Philosopher 3 is Eating
  Philosopher 5 putting fork 4 and 5 down
Philosopher 5 is thinking
   Philosopher 1 takes fork 5 and 1
   Philosopher 1 is Eating
  Philosopher 2 is Hungry
Philosopher 3 putting fork 2 and 3 down
  Philosopher 3 is thinking
Philosopher 4 takes fork 3 and 4
   Philosopher 4 is Eating
  Philosopher 5 is Hungry
Philosopher 1 putting fork 5 and 1 down
   Philosopher 1 is thinking
```

CODE

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 5
#define THINKING 2
#define HUNGRY 1
#define EATING 0
#define LEFT (phnum + 4) % N
#define RIGHT (phnum + 1) % N
int state[N];
int phil[N] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\};
sem_t mutex;
sem_t S[N];
void test(int phnum)
       if (state[phnum] == HUNGRY
               && state[LEFT] != EATING
               && state[RIGHT] != EATING) {
               // state that eating
               state[phnum] = EATING;
```

```
sleep(2);
               printf("Philosopher %d takes fork %d and %d\n",
                                       phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
               printf("Philosopher %d is Eating\n", phnum + 1);
               // sem_post(&S[phnum]) has no effect
               // during takefork
               // used to wake up hungry philosophers
               // during putfork
               sem_post(&S[phnum]);
       }
}
// take up chopsticks
void take_fork(int phnum)
{
       sem_wait(&mutex);
       // state that hungry
       state[phnum] = HUNGRY;
       printf("Philosopher %d is Hungry\n", phnum + 1);
       // eat if neighbours are not eating
       test(phnum);
       sem_post(&mutex);
       // if unable to eat wait to be signalled
       sem_wait(&S[phnum]);
       sleep(1);
}
// put down chopsticks
void put_fork(int phnum)
{
       sem_wait(&mutex);
       // state that thinking
       state[phnum] = THINKING;
       printf("Philosopher %d putting fork %d and %d down\n",
```

```
phnum + 1, LEFT + 1, phnum + 1);
        printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", phnum + 1);
        test(LEFT);
        test(RIGHT);
        sem_post(&mutex);
}
void* philosopher(void* num)
{
        while (1) {
                int* i = num;
                sleep(1);
                take_fork(*i);
                sleep(0);
                put_fork(*i);
        }
}
int main()
{
        int i;
        pthread_t thread_id[N];
        // initialize the semaphores
        sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
        for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
                sem_init(&S[i], 0, 0);
        for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
                // create philosopher processes
                pthread_create(&thread_id[i], NULL,
                                         philosopher, &phil[i]);
                printf("Philosopher %d is thinking\n", i + 1);
        }
```