BeamOn Series

Laser Beam Profiler for Windows

User's Manual

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EU Declaration of Conformity

This is to certify that the accompanying product, identified with the CE mark, complies with requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directives.

Model name: BeamOn

Year CE mark affixed: 2003
Year WEEE mark affixed: 2011



Type of equipment: An optical beam intensity CCD profiler intended to be installed in a Host Computer. The device is constructed from a sensor head with an attached cable, interface to the computer via USB Attachment and control software.

Has been tested by SII and was found to comply with the requirements of:

- **EN 55022 Class B:** "Information technology equipment Radio disturbance characteristics Limits and methods of measurement" (2006+A1:2007).
- IEC 61000: "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC), Part 3. "Limits";
 - <u>Section 3</u>. "Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current < 16 A per phase and not subjected to conditional connection" (1994+A1:2001+A2:2005)
- **EN 55024:** "Information technology equipment Immunity characteristics Limits and methods of measurement" (1998+A1:2001+A2:2003).
- EN 61326-1: "Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements";

Part 1. "General requirements:" (2006);

- section 6. Table 3 "Immunity test requirements for equipment used in controlled EM environment":
- section 7. "Emission requirements".

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1.0 Introduction

This manual describes briefly the main capabilities of the BeamOn Series – Laser Beam Profiler System.

The BeamOn system is a beam diagnostics measurement system for real-time measurement of continuous or pulsed laser beams. It provides an extensive range of graphical presentations and analysis capabilities of laser beam parameters, such as: beam width, shape, position, power, and intensity profiles.

The BeamOn Series is based on a USB camera, software driven device, which can be connected to a Notebook (or Desktop) computer via the High Speed USB 2.0 port.

Both versions are user-friendly systems that present graphical and numerical information for intuitive interpretation of data in real-time.

Some applications for the BeamOn Series system include:

- Laser beam optimization
- Quality control
- · Gaussian fit analysis
- Beam alignment

Main Software Features

The BeamOn Series system software features include:

- · Customer set pass/fail criteria
- Zooming
- Average
- User set threshold levels
- Data logging to a text file (up to 99 hours)
- Shutter and gain software controllable
- Trigger level software controllable for pulsed lasers
- Video with playback for future analysis
- Tile images in matrix format
- Printing of text and pictures
- Full on line Help routine

2.0 Overview

A basic BeamOn Series system includes the following items:

A CCD detector head:

- * BeamOn-UV-NIR, a camera head for the 190-1310 nm wavelength range.
- * BeamOn-VIS-NIR, a camera head for the 350-1310 nm wavelength range.
- * BeamOn-IR-1550, a camera head for 1550 nm (+/-50nm).

A PC interface:

A selection of either a USB attachment.

The PC interface is used for connecting the CCD detector head to the computer.

The USB attachment is used for connecting the CCD detector head revision "D".

Accessories:

SAM1 - Beam sampler (ration 3x10⁻³)

SAM2 - Beam sampler (ration 1x10⁻⁶)

SAM3-A - Reflective beam sampler, sampling reduction factor 0.0016, with adapter

SAM3-HP - Reflective beam sampler, sampling reduction factor 0.000011, with adapter

RDCX2 - Beam Reducer (ration 2.0x1)

MountB - Mounting base

Windows Software

The installation and application software comes on a CD disk. OS supported are Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7 and Windows 8 32 & 64-bit OS.

User Manual

The user manual contains the same information as the On-line Help in the software. A README.TXT in the installation disk may have corrections to the manual and the online help. The user manual is saved as a PDF file on the software CD.

Filters

The system is supplied with three ND neutral density stackable filters in housings (ND8, ND64, ND200 and ND1000).

Mounting Post

The post is 105 mm long with 8-32 thread and is used for mounting the detector head.

QC test and calibration certificate.

2.1 Copyright & Manual notice

This manual describes the operation of the BeamOn Series system. Duma Optronics reserves the right to make changes to this manual and to the equipment described herein without notice. Duma Optronics has made considerable efforts to ensure that the information in this manual is accurate and complete, however will not be liable for any technical or editorial errors or omissions made herein or for any consequential damages of any nature resulting from the furnishing of this manual or operation of equipment in connection with this manual.

2.2 Revision History

Any new editions of this manual will incorporate all material updated since the previous edition. Update packages issued between editions contain replacement and/or additional pages to be appended to the current edition. A "ReadMe.TXT" file is provided during the installation and may contain additions or corrections to the manual or the help file.

The manual printing date indicates its current edition. Updates and corrections to the current edition will be indicated.

- Dec 2014 Revision 1.0
- Feb 2015 Revision 1.1

2.3 Warranty Statement

Duma Optronics makes no expressed or implied warranties that functions and features of the BeamOn will meet the purchaser's requirements for automated testing and beam diagnostics, or any other application. Duma Optronics does warrant that the hardware be free of defects in materials and workmanship under normal use for a period of 18 months from the date of delivery to the customer and evidenced by a copy of the invoice.

2.4 Precautions

The BeamOn Series system is a precision instrument and in normal usage will provide years of trouble free operation. However, several precautions must be taken to ensure proper function of the devices.

- The instrument must not be subjected to physical abuse. If either USB detector head are dropped they might be damaged.
- Temperature and moisture extremes can also damage the instruments. Make sure there is adequate ventilation for the host computer.
- Make sure you have a backup copy for the system CD disk, and that the software CD is protected from long term, direct exposure to sunlight and heat.
- When not in use, keep the Detector head and filter wheel inside the carrying case to prevent dust from accumulating on the sensor and the filters.
- Filters are provided with each BeamOn head. Dust, scratches and other types of contamination will degrade the accuracy of the system. Please keep unused filters in a storage case. Please be gentle when handling these fragile items.
- Laser Safety Rules: Please comply with all relevant laser safety procedures and precautions when using this device. The instrument will reflect a portion of the laser light. The resulting diffuse and specular reflections may be dangerous.

2.5 Cleaning Instructions for BeamOn units

The BeamOn-UV and BeamOn-IR1550 units do not have a protective window on the CCD array in order to transmit the UV and also longer NIR wavelengths. As a consequence of absence of a window, the cleaning procedure of these units needs to be carried out with care and only per the recommendations from the manufacturer.

- 1. Use only low pressure, regulated, clean compressed air or Nitrogen (clean room quality) to blow the dust off the CCD array.
- 2. Be aware and avoid any contact with the bind wires that make the electrical connection to the CCD array
- 3. Do not use any other physical contact (lens paper or swabs) or cleaning solutions to clean the CCD array.
- 4. Try to keep the unit in a dust free environment as much as possible, or if need to use in a lab where there is no control on dust of other contaminating particles, then remove the filter wheel, and screw in the filters directly onto the face of the unit for added protection.

Contact Duma Optronics, if you have any additional questions.

3.0 Theory of Operation

The main technologies available for laser beam diagnostics are:

- Using spatial cameras as the beam characterization system.
- Using moving mechanical slit, or knife-edges to scan across the incoming beam.

The main advantage of the mechanical scanning devices over a camera type laser beam profiler is the large dynamic range that allows accurate measurements of beams with both high and low intensities. On the other hand, camera type laser beam profilers are excellent for fast and detailed analysis of laser beam intensity profiles, but are limited in their accuracy due to a relatively low dynamic range.

The BeamOn Solution

The BeamOn overcomes the limited dynamic range of a camera type beam profiler and accurately measures faint laser beam structures by sampling the beam several times. Each measurement is performed at a different attenuation or electronic shutter speed.

The BeamOn analyzes both continuous wave (CW) and pulsed lasers, and accepts a wide range of input powers.

The video beam images are digitized with an 8-bit resolution (256 digital levels) video capture card. The digitized beam images are then stored in memory where a variety of analysis can be performed on the stored images. The images are then displayed on the VGA monitor according to the user-selected format.

Additional functions provide the ability to print information, transmit data via an RS-232 link to another computer, and control numerous video and calibration functions including shutter speed and camera gain.

Technology

The BeamOn uses a video camera and a PC card (or USB attachment) to image, capture, store, and perform two-dimensional intensity distribution analysis on laser beams.

CCD camera laser beam profilers are based on a mosaic of two-dimensional detectors called pixels. The two-dimensional mosaic-like detector instantly records the amount of energy impending on its surface, thus recording the optical pattern of the laser beam. The intensity distribution of the laser beam is recorded pixel-by-pixel and displayed as a two-dimensional topographic map or a three-dimensional isometric view.

The advantages of a CCD based laser beam profiler is fully utilized by powerful software that displays any structure larger than one pixel in vivid colors, calculates the beam distribution and profile as well as total beam intensity distribution, in order to allow full analysis of the laser beam's characteristics.

Dynamic Range Limitation

One of the main obstacles encountered when working with a CCD camera based system is its limited dynamic range. This limits the range of power levels that can be measured, as well as the ability to view features that are smaller than 1% of the laser beam's maximum power density.

The BeamOn overcomes the dynamic range limitations of CCD cameras with software control of the CCD electronic shutter, as well as by using a set of calibrated optical filters to attenuate powerful beams. The proprietary shutter activation allows examination of the laser beam within a fraction of a percent from the peak intensity.

The laser beam's profiles are analyzed by using multiple images. Each one is attenuated by a different known factor, which is included in the calculation. The software then reproduces the original non-saturated picture. Faint pixels, which originally were not detectable, are now visible.

4.0 Specifications

This section describes the technical and system performance specifications.

Item	Specification	

Camera and PC board

Operation mode: Interline camera mode for CW operation and frame transfer mode

for pulsed operation.

Camera type Monochrome interline transfer CCD ½" format

Sensor active area: 6.47 mm wide x 4.83 mm high. Pixel size $8.6 \ \mu\text{m}$ (H) X $8.3 \ \mu\text{m}$ (V)

Dimensions: \$\\\ \phi64mm\ dia x 51mm\ deep\ with\ filters\ wheel\ installed.

CCD focal position Optical distance from camera front surface to sensor surface is

4.6mm ±0.2mm

Spectral Response: BeamOn UV-NIR: 190 - 1310nm

BeamOn VIS-NIR: 350 – 1310nm BeamOn IR-1550: 1550nm (*)

(*) Model BeamOn-IR1-550 is based on the standard CCD for VIS, which is coated with a conversion coating, enabling capture of signals at the 1550nm +/- 50nm. See response curve below.

Weight: 320 gr. with cable

Power consumption: 2.6 Watts through USB2.0 port

Accessories included: 1X plastic cap

3 X NG 1.6mm thick Schott colored filters in housing (NG4, NG9,

NG10)- Included, stackable

One X 8/32 threaded mounting hole 2.5 meter cable to 8 pin mini DIN type

PC interface: USB attachment

RS232: Data out

Operating temperature: -10°c to 50°c

Minimum host system

Connections to PC card:

requirements

Pentium IV, 1GHz with 128MB RAM

10MB HDD free

16MB 16bit color VGA card, resolution 1024X768

One free High Speed USB 2.0 port

One CD ROM any type

Windows XP/Vista/7/8 32& 64-bit OS

System Performance with Software:

Dynamic Range: Up to 10 ¹¹ using software controlled gain control, electronic shutter

and external filters.

Shutter speeds: 1/50s to 1/100,000 sec, 9 steps manually, or automatic.

Software controlled gain 6dB to 60dB manually, 16 steps manually, or automatic.

Maximum frame rate 25Hz

Sensitivity: ~0.5nW/cm² at 633nm (models VIS-NIR, UV-NIR)

~1.5µW/mm² at 1310nm (models VIS-NIR, UV-NIR)

~15µW/mm² at 1550nm (model IR1550)

Saturation intensity: ~1mW/cm² / 1µJ/cm² with no filters installed (VIS-NIR, UV-NIR).

~5mW/cm² no filters (model IR1550)

Damage threshold 50W/cm²/1J/cm² with all filters installed.

Null: In CW mode, null function is available to automatically subtract

background.

Handling of pulses Ability to capture and replay pictures and statistics from a slowly

pulsing laser (1-100Hz) while filtering out frames with no laser pulse. Gain control and external filters make it easy to obtain optimum

intensity.

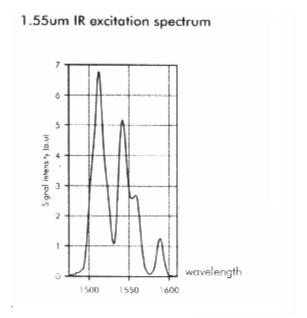
Trigger: In pulsed mode, sliding bar control allows setting of threshold so as to

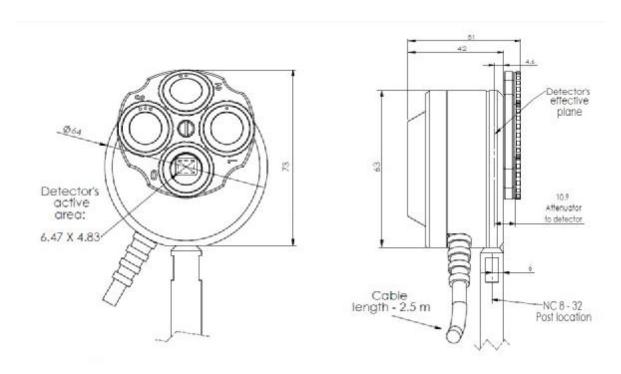
display only frames with captured pulses.

Max frequency for single pulse

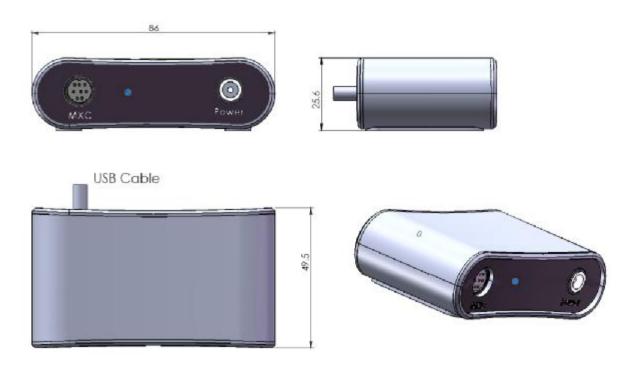
display:

10KHz





Camera Dimensions



USB Attachment Dimensions

5.0 Quick Reference

This chapter provides brief instructions for operating your BeamOn. Full explanations of these various operations can be found throughout this manual.

To install the BeamOn:

- 1. Check Hardware Requirements (chapter 6.1)
- 2. Follow Software installation (chapter 6.2)
- 3. Connect the CCD camera to the USB Attachment via the 8-pin mini din connector.
- 4. Plug the USB Attachment into a Hi-Speed USB 2.0 -compliant port.
- 5. Follow Hardware installation (chapter 6.3).

To configure the BeamOn hardware and software:

- 1. Open the Settings menu and select Hardware Setup.
- 2. Click each tab and enter your hardware information in each window.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for **Software Setup**.

To set up the laser beam mode:

- 1. From Hardware Setup, select either CW or Pulsed.
- 2. If Pulsed is selected, then the icon is displayed at the **Control ToolBar**. Select a shutter speed that enables an acceptable saturation level.
- 3. If the image is still saturated at the fastest shutter speed, attach ND filters to the camera until an acceptable saturation level is reached.
- 4. Further adjust the intensity level using the gain control ▶ 10 Db ☑
- 5. Adjust the trigger level using the It is best to move to the right until triggering stops, and then move back a little.

To measure the beam width:

- 1. Open the Settings menu and select **System Setup**.
- 2. Select the **Profiles** tab.
- 3. Set the three clip levels values.
- 4. Read the beam width values from the **Measurement Data box** or from **Statistics** window.
- 5. To view more detailed statistics, click to open the statistics window.

To select the profile type:

On the **Control** Toolbar, click Λ for Sum Profiles or \mathbb{R} for Line Profiles.

To view the centroid and/or beam peak:

- 1. Click on the Control Toolbar for a 2D display.
- 2. Click on the **Control Toolbar** to view the centroid.

To freeze the screen graphics:

Click on the Control Toolbar.

To return to real-time measurement mode, click an on the **Control Toolbar**.

To print various screens:

- 1. To print the entire screen, open the File menu and select **Print Screen.**
- 2. To print the view area only, open the File menu and select **Print Frame**.

To save screen graphics:

- 1. Open the Options menu and select **Save image File**. A sub-menu displays.
- Select the screen section to be saved: Frame, Statistics or Full Screen. The Save image File window displays. Select either a BMP or JPG file type.
- 3. Enter a filename for the saved screen graphic and click **OK**.

To save X-Y profiles:

- 1. Open the Options menu and select **Save data in text file**. A sub-menu displays.
- 2. Select profiles.
- 3. Enter a filename for the saved file and click Save.

To view and print a file:

- 1. Click (a) on the Control Toolbar. The View File window displays.
- 2. In the **Files of Type** field, select the file type for the file you want to view.
- 3. Select the file and click **OK**.
- 4. Click on print if you want to print the file.

To test a laser beam:

- 1. Click on the Control Toolbar. The Analysis Toolbar displays.
- 2. To run the test, click on the **Analysis Toolbar**. The **Test** window displays the test results.
- 3. To save the current test result in a bitmap or test file, click **Save** in the Test window.

To calculate a beam elliptical footprint:

- From the Control Toolbar, click to freeze the screen.
- 2. From the Control Toolbar, click 3. The Analysis Toolbar displays.
- 3. From the **Analysis Toolbar**, click <a>\overline{\Over

To measure the distance between two points on the beam image:

- From the Control Toolbar, click to freeze the screen.
- 2. From the Control Toolbar, click 3. The Analysis Toolbar displays.
- 3. From the Analysis Toolbar, click .
- 4. Select the first point by placing the cursor on the beam image and click the left mouse button. Drag the mouse to the second point on the beam image and click the left mouse button. A straight line is drawn between these two points and the line distance calculation is displayed below the Analysis toolbar.

To calculate Power in the Bucket:

- 1. From the Control Toolbar, click or from Analysis Toolbar.
- 2. From the **Analysis Toolbar**, click and define bucket size and location.

Note: Total Power should be calibrated, before using the Power in the Bucket function.

To create a data log:

- From the Control Toolbar, click to setup the data log. The Log Setup window displays.
- 2. Enter the information in the Log Setup window and click **OK**.
- 3. From the **Control Toolbar**, click to start the data log function.

4. To view the data log file, open the File menu and select **View File**. Select the data log file you want to view and click **Open**.

To create a video:

- 1. Open the Settings menu and select **Video Properties...**. The **Video Properties** window displays.
- 2. Enter your information and click **OK**.
- 3. Click on the Control Toolbar.

To play a video file:

- 1. Click on the Control Toolbar. The Playback Toolbar displays.
- 2. Click on the Playback Toolbar. The Open Video File dialog displays.
- 3. From the Open Video File dialog, select the video file you want to view and click **Open**. The video file displays.
- 4. Use the Playback Toolbar buttons to play the video.
- 5. Click **a** to close the video file.

To work with still images:

- 1. To capture a still image, click on the Control Toolbar.
- 2. To view a single still image, position the cursor on the still image icon at the **Status Bar** and click the left mouse button.
- To close an opened still image click the close button in the upper right corner of the image window. If you want to save the still image, click Yes in the Still Image window.

To measure two beam's centroids simultaneously:

- 1. From the **Control Toolbar**, click to select the first Region of Interest.
- 2. Move the small rectangle marking to the first beam presentation on the screen, magnify or shrink it to the proper size by graphical means (using the mouse).
- 3. From the **Control Toolbar**, click to select the second Region of Interest.
- 4. Move the small rectangle marking to the second beam presentation on the screen, magnify or shrink it to the proper size by graphical means (using the mouse).

To work with snapshot files:

- To create a snapshot file, open the Options menu and select Save Snapshot. The Save Snapshot File window displays. Enter a filename for the snapshot file and click OK.
- 2. To view a snapshot file, open the View menu and select **Snapshot**. The **Load Snapshot File** window displays. Select a snapshot file and click **OK**. The snapshot file displays. Analyze the measured results by activating the system tools.
- 3. To close a Snapshot file, open the View menu and select **Snapshot**. The BeamOn Series restores real-time measurement displays.

To transmit serial data over an RS-232 link:

- 1. Open the File menu and select Link Setup.
- 2. Click the **General** tab and enter your information.
- 3. Select the **Port Settings** tab, enter your information and click **OK**.
- 4. Connect the BeamOn computer to another computer using a null-modem cable.
- 5. Enable the receiving program to receive the file/data.
- 6. Open the File menu and select **Start Link**. If you are transmitting data, the BeamOn Series automatically starts sending the data. A link-in-progress message displays in the menu bar.
- 7. If you are transmitting a file, the **Link File** window displays. Select the file you want to send and click **OK**. A link-in-progress message displays in the menu bar.

5.1 Software General Layout

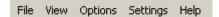
This section covers the basic layout of the BeamOn software.

The BeamOn window display consists of display and control elements similar to most Windows applications along with elements specific to BeamOn interface.

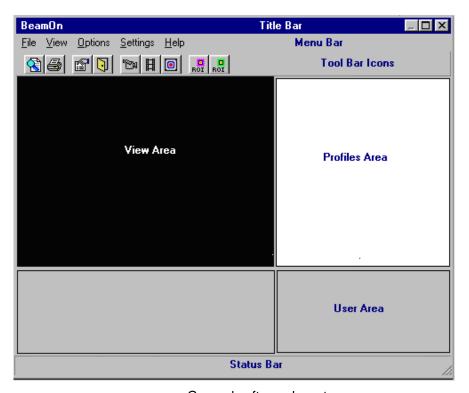
5.1.1 Title Bar

The title bar displays the name "BeamOn Series USB", and followed by the detector SN.

5.1.2 Menu Bar



The Menu Bar lists menus available for BeamOn system. The menus contain commands and other sub-menus or dialog boxes to be displayed which provide controls of various functions: graphics, analysis, setup configurations. All functions can be activated via the menus, some functions can also be activated via the Tool Bar.



General software layout

5.1.3 Control ToolBar

The Tool Bar consists of various icon buttons, which are small symbols that provide quick access alternatives to using menus or keyboard equivalent keys to perform various functions. To activate a tool button, place the mouse over the button and click the Left

mouse button. The button will change both color and shadow to designate the fact that this function is activated. This is an example of ToolBar (buttons activated):



To view the function of each icon button, place the mouse cursor on the icon and wait momentarily, a brief function description will appear near the icon.

5.1.4 View Area

The View Area is used to view all the BeamOn graphical presentations, such as: beam image, intensity profiles, 2D/3D presentation, as well as summary table of measurement results and statistics table.

5.1.5 Status Bar

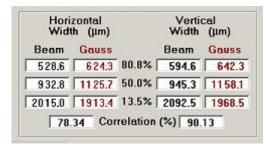
The status bar is located at the bottom of the BeamOn window. It indicates the current status of some operational parameters, such as presentation of date and time, average level, zooming level, Null status, Power reading, and up to 12 Still images taken. The Status Bar enables a fast access to system's setup screens for setting up the average level, the zoom, the null parameter as well as the power calibration: if the mouse cursor is placed at one of these parameters and then double-clicked the appropriate setup screen appears.

Also if the mouse cursor is placed at any one of the Still Image icons and double-clicked the image is then magnified.

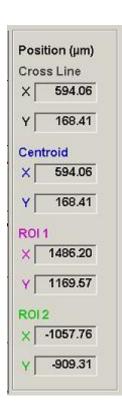


5.1.6 User Area

The User Area is used to view beam centroid's presentation, as well as a summary table of measurement data, including the beam width reading at 3 different clip levels and the Gaussian fit profile at these levels as well as the correlation factor, or 4Sigma.







6.0 Installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the hardware and software for the BeamOn system.

6.1 Hardware Requirements

To run the BeamOn USB 2014 version, the computer system must meet the following minimum requirements:

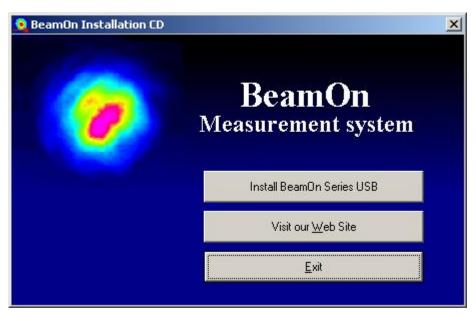
Item	Minimum Requirements	Recommended Requirements
CPU	Pentium 4, 1 GHz	Pentium 4, 2.0 GHz
System RAM	256MB RAM	512 MB RAM
Hard disk	100MB HD free	
CD ROM drive	Any type	
Operating system	Windows XP/Vista/7/8 32&64-bit	
Mouse	Microsoft mouse or equivalent	
VGA display	1024 x 768 resolution	
VGA card	16MB 16 bit color	64MB 16 bit color
USB Port	One free High Speed USB 2.0	

6.2 Software Installation - USB Attachment

<u>Important Note:</u> Please install the USB device driver before connecting the USB Attachment to your computer!

Perform **Software Installation**. Only after you click "Finish" to complete the software installation procedure, continue with the **Hardware Installation**

Insert the BeamOn Series CD disk in the CD drive.
 For software installation select Install BeamOn Series USB button.



Welcome Screen

- 1. A Welcome screen appears when beginning the software installation routine. Click Next.
- 2. Insert your User Name, Company Name and System S/N (appearing on the system CD).
- 3. The following screen is a Registration Confirmation. Click Yes in order to confirm. If you click No, the software will return back to a previous prompt (stage 6 above). Now provide the full path for installation of the BeamOn Series USB system software: More information about the exact folder for the software and branching in existing folder for BeamOn Series USB system software can be done in the Select Program Folder prompt.
 - Click the *Next* button to proceed.
- 4. Copying files routine. Click Next button. At this stage the system copies all files from the CD-ROM to the selected directory in your computer. There is a graphical presentation showing the amount of data copied to the system disk. If the Cancel button is pressed the installation is aborted.
- 5. Setup Complete.

6.3 Hardware Installation – USB Attachment

Plug the BeamOn USB Attachment into a Hi-Speed USB 2.0 port.

The USB device will be detected and the New Hardware Wizard will launch.

6.3.1 Windows XP

The following message is displayed:



Found new hardware message





New Hardware ready to use

After completion of USB device installation, when the device is configured successfully, the blue led on the front panel of the Video Capture Box should be on.

Additionally one can check the installation status under System Properties, Device Manager Tab and verify that "**USB 2860 Device**" line is listed under the "Sound, video and game controllers" sub-directory.



Drivers installed list

6.3.2 Windows Vista / 7

The following message is displayed



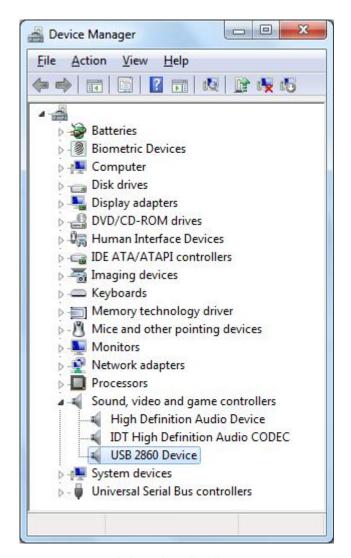
Installing device driver software



Devices are ready to use

After completion of USB device installation, when the device is configured successfully, the blue led on the front panel of the Video Capture Box should be on.

Additionally one can check the installation status under System Properties, Device Manager Tab and verify that "USB 2860 Device" line is listed under the "Sound, video and game controllers" sub-directory.



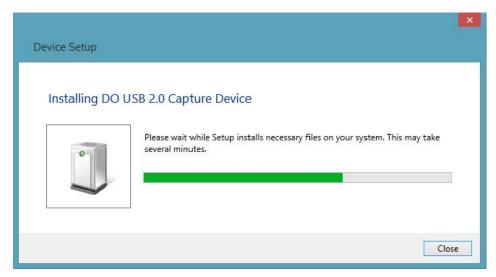
Drivers installed list

6.3.3 Windows 8

The following message is displayed



Installing device driver software



Devices are ready to use

After completion of USB device installation, when the device is configured successfully, the blue led on the front panel of the Video Capture Box should be on.

Additionally one can check the installation status under System Properties, Device Manager Tab and verify that "USB 2860 Device" line is listed under the "Sound, video and game controllers" sub-directory.



Drivers installed list

- 2. Connect the CCD camera to the USB Attachment via the 8-pin mini din connector.
 - a. Make sure that the 8pin mini din connector of the CCD camera is inserted into the 8 pin mini din connector of the USB Attachment according to the connector key. The key match is indicated by two white mark dots on the connectors.
 - b. Make sure that the 8pin mini din connector is firmly inserted into the matching mini din connector.
- 3. Optional: additional power connection via USB Port.



Power cable (optional)

CCD camera connection diagram:

The connector is a special **Multimedia Extension Connector (MXC)**. This is the input for the standard BeamOn camera.

Refer to the following figure:



Video Capture USB Attachment

<u>Important Note:</u> Please do not connect / disconnect CCD camera from USB Attachment, while application program is running!

6.4 Running the Software

Make sure hardware is installed properly. (See **Hardware Installation – USB camera**). Boot the computer.

From the **Start** Menu, select **Programs**, then choose **BeamOn Series USB** folder, and then click on the **BeamOn** program. Alternatively, you can activate the software by placing the mouse cursor at the **BeamOn Series USB Icon** and click the mouse button twice.

To end a BeamOn session, open the File menu and select Exit.

The BeamOn saves all current setup parameters when you exit a session.

Possible Errors that indicate an interface board conflict:

There are a few common symptoms, which point to an interface board conflict:

- * System Lock-up during software startup.
- * There is no picture displayed on the screen
- * Displayed measurements are sporadic and erroneous.

If your symptoms match one of those presented above, or if the BeamOn System was working at one time and has now stopped working, check for conflicts with other plug in cards in the same computer.

If it has no affect and no new software of any kind has been installed since the BeamOn System last worked and the computer has not been moved, contact Duma Optronics Inc. for immediate support.

More information about Installation problems in the **Troubleshooting** section.

6.5 Multiple devices operation

BeamOn Series software is possible to plug into your Windows OS several devices and to control them.

Each device will get a number so that the customer will be able to identify which device being used. The application program allows you to select a USB Device via Options menu.

You can run a few BeamOn Series application programs for simultaneous measurements of laser beams. In order to do so, from **Start** Menu, select **Programs**, then select **BeamOn Series USB** folder, and then click on the **BeamOn Series** program line. Alternatively, you can activate the software by placing the mouse cursor at the **BeamOn Series USB Icon**

and click the mouse button twice. You can activate multiple applications until receiving the following message:

"Number of running application programs exceeds limit."

7.0 Setting Up the BeamOn

This chapter provides instructions for setting up the BeamOn system. Before you can accurately use the BeamOn you must do the following:

- Configure the hardware
- Configure the software
- Configure your continuous or pulsed laser beam

The BeamOn installs a configuration file called "BeamOn Series.ini" in the BeamOn Series USB working directory. All system setup parameters are saved in this file, including all setup modifications introduced during the last session. When you start the system software, the setup parameters in the INI file are automatically loaded.

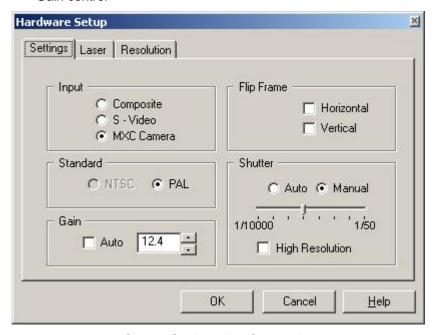
7.1 Configuring the Hardware

To configure the hardware, open the Settings menu and select **Hardware Setup**. The Hardware Setup window displays.

7.1.1 Hardware Setup - Settings

From the Settings tab, you can configure the following information:

- Type of connected camera equipment (Default PAL camera)
- Input connector
- Image display
- Shutter control
- Gain control



Hardware Setup - Settings Tab Selected

To configure the hardware settings:

1. Click the **Settings** tab.

- 2. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- Click OK.

Standard

Type of video equipment:

- NTSC US compatible video equipment.
- PAL European standard video equipment. (This is the default setting for the BeamOn camera even when it is used in the USA.)

To configure the video equipment type, select NTSC or PAL.

Input

Type of video connection:

- Composite RCA-style video connector.
- S-Video S-Video input connector.
- MXC 8-pin video camera connector (This is the default setting for the BeamOn camera.).

To configure the video connection, select Composite, S-Video or MXC.

Flip Frame

Flips the image presentation by 180 degrees.

To flip the image presentation, select Horizontal or Vertical.

Gain

Sets the Gain level manually, values range is 6-60dB.

Auto Gain function offers an automatic gain setting, best fitted to the work condition.

Shutter

The built-in electronic shutter controls the integration time of each frame. By activating the shutter you control the amount of collected light similar to the way a mechanical shutter controls the exposure time in a regular photographic camera. You select the required shutter speed to prevent saturation and distortion of the measured beam profile. This option is significant for continuous laser beams only.

The possible shutter speeds range from 1/50 to 1/100000 second, for manual or automatic settings.

To configure the shutter speed:

- 1. Select **Manual**.
- 2. Drag the slide bar along the "shutter scale" to select a shutter speed.

Or,

1. From the **Control Toolbar**, select the shutter speed using the drop down list in the shutter field \$\frac{1}{250} \cdot \brace

Auto Shutter function offers an automatic shutter setting, best fitted to the work condition

High Resolution

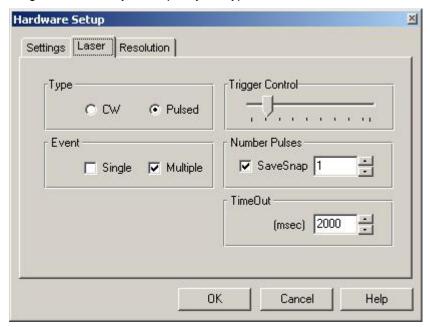
Refer to Increasing the camera's dynamic range.

In general, use High Resolution option to explore faint images below 1% of intensity profile. This function will further activate the double sampling

procedure. The same function can be activated via the icon <u>at</u> at the **Control ToolBar**.

7.1.2 Hardware Setup - Laser

Laser configuration allows you to specify the type of laser used and define the synchronization.



Hardware Setup - Laser Tab Selected

To configure the laser information:

◆ Type - select one of the laser types.

Click the **Laser** tab in Settings, then click **CW** or **Pulsed** and then **OK**. When Pulsed mode is selected, the $\boxed{\mathbf{II}}$ icon is displayed at the **Control ToolBar** and next to it the Trigger Control Bar for setting up the Trigger level.

- ◆ Event select one of the following options:
 - Single Capture and look at a single shot event. When single shot is activated, the freeze button acts as a run/stop button and can be toggled between Run where the system is ready to capture and freeze the next active frame and Stop where system is frozen with the single shot frame, which has been captured.
 - Multiple Capture and save data from a set of pulses, selected via **Number Pulses** parameter. When ending the pulses measurement, statistics of measured pulses are displayed in the Multiple Pulses Data window. In order to view the last measured data set press 213 button from **Analysis Toolbar.**

Number Pulses: 5 Report File Name: 1_13153212.txt						
	MIN	MAX	AVER	STD		
Centroid (µm)						
Horizontal	436.98	436.99	436.99	0.004		
Vertical	271.59	271.74	271.68	0.081		
Width (um) (80.0%)						
Horizontal	314.91	315.57	315.25	0.282		
Vertical	414.39	415.37	414.78	0.361		
Width (um) (50.0%)						
Horizontal	524.17	524.31	524.24	0.062		
Vertical	630.25	630.62	630.45	0.164		
Width (um) (13.5%)						
Horizontal	1074.83	1075.76	1075.38	0.393		
Vertical	1236.01	1242.02	1237.38	2.614		

Multiple Pulses Data window

Multiple Pulses Data

◆ Number Pulses - Select number of pulses, captured in the multiple events. For every pulse

you can save snapshot data.

◆ TimeOut - Select the maximum delay time between pulses.

◆ Trigger Control - This function sets the minimum signal level at which images will be

displayed on the screen. It ensures that with pulsed lasers, only frames with

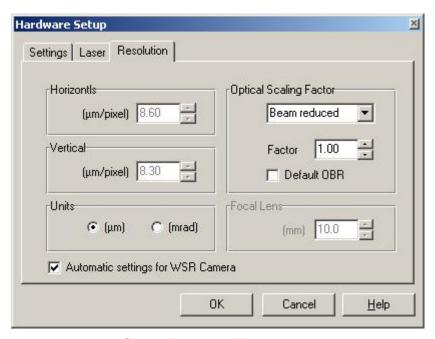
images will be displayed.

Upon selecting the required parameter value, press OK to confirm the selection, press Cancel to abort.

7.1.3 Hardware Setup - Optical Scaling and Resolution

If you are using external optics to reduce or expand the beam size, then set the scaling factor accordingly. After this is done, all values measured will be multiplied or divided by the value chosen.

For example, if you are using an optical attachment which reduces the beam size by a factor of 2, choose 2 as the scaling factor and all values read by the camera will be multiplied by 2 to give the true size instead of the size as it is projected on the camera.



Hardware Setup - Resolution Tab

To set optical scaling:

- 1. Set the scaling to multiply or divide as needed
- 2. If using an external optics, one needs to select the appropriate option in **Optical Scaling Factor** (toggle between Beam reduced option and Beam enlarged option). Then select the appropriate Factor parameter accordingly. Default OBR Optical Beam Reducer with magnification x1.9.

Resolution

The resolution setting is only necessary if you are not using the BeamOn camera. These values are the resolution parameters (in microns per pixel) of your non-BeamOn camera.

The BeamOn camera uses the default values shown in the Horizontal and Vertical fields. Please note that the **Automatic settings for MXC Camera** field is checked.

To configure the resolution:

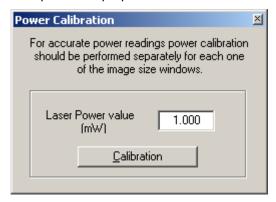
- 1. Click the **Resolution** tab.
- 2. If you are using the BeamOn camera, select Automatic settings for MXC camera.
- 3. If you are not using the BeamOn camera, enter your camera's resolution parameters.
- 4. Click OK.

7.1.4 Power Calibration.



NOTE: Not in used for BeamOn-IR1550 camera.

The power calibration function allows you to enter a power value as a "base" power level. The power calculation sets the total summed intensity of all the pixels in the subsequent captured samples to be proportional to this value.



Power Calibration Window

To configure the power settings:

- 1. Open the **Options menu** and select Calibrations u **Power**.
- 2. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 3. Enter the power value of your laser beam as measured by a reference power meter.
- 4. Click Calibration.
- 5. Click OK.

The power reading itself is viewed at the Status Bar.

Note: If you place the mouse cursor at the Power field, located at the Status Bar and double click, the mouse right button you get the Power Calibration Screen.

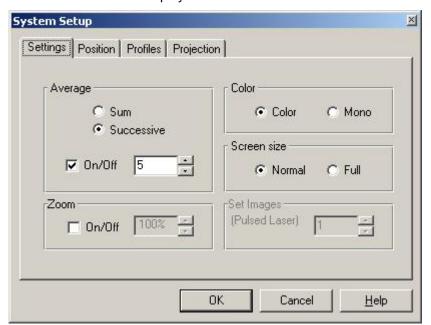
7.2 Configuring the Software

To configure the software, open the Settings menu and select **System Setup**. The System Setup window displays.

7.2.1 System Setup - Settings

From the Settings tab, you can configure the following information:

- Averaged consecutive measurements.
- Zoom On/Off and setting up the zooming level.
- Screen size
- Number of still image bitmap files taken during the Still Image function. This is useful
 only for cases of Pulsed Lasers. This parameter will determine the # of images that will
 be captured once the Still Image function is activated.
- Set color or monochrome display for the View Area.



System Setup - Settings Tab Selected

To configure the system settings:

- 1. Click the **Settings** tab.
- 2. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 3. Click OK.

Average

Used to smooth the data display of quickly varying sources.

When using a beam with a significant amount of jitters, set this feature on. The BeamOn takes a user defined number of successive measurements. These measurements are averaged and displayed. When Average in On, and mark is set to the "Sum" field, a few images are averaged and their summation average is displayed at a lower frame rate, according to the number of averaged images.

For example, you choose a value of 10, ten consecutive measurements are averaged and the result is displayed. When an eleventh measurement is taken, the first measurement value is dropped and the second through the eleventh are averaged, etc.

Because a successive averaging technique is employed, the window display update rate is only slightly affected, if at all.



NOTE: The Average function only affects the numerical data and not the picture. The picture is not averaged.

To smooth the data display:

- 1. Select On/Off to activate. Or,
 - From the **Status Bar**, click Average: Off . The System Setup window displays.
- 2. Enter a successive measurement value. Possible values are 1-20 where 1 means no averaging and each measured value is displayed.

Zoom

Enables magnification of the image displayed in the view area.

When zooming in or out, the system centers the plot as close as possible over the current crosshair cursor position.

To magnify the image:

1. Select On/Off from the Control Toolbar, click Or

From the **Status Bar**, click Zoom: 200% Scale: 250.0 µm/div . The System Setup window displays.

2. If Zoom is On set the Zoom level required by pressing on the Up/Down arrow buttons (select the magnification you desire, 100% is normal size).

Screen Size

Used to adjust BeamOn screen size to your screen. **Normal** application size is 13664x768 pixels, **Full** will automatically adapt BeamOn's display to your screen.

Set Images

Sets the number of still image bitmap files that the system takes during pulsed laser operations.

If, for example, you input 4 and select the still image function, the system captures and saves the next 4 still images.

The set images function is disabled for continuous lasers.

To set the number of still image bitmap files, enter a set image value. Possible values are 1 - 12.

Color

Select the graphical presentation's background color. You can choose either colored or black and white (mono).

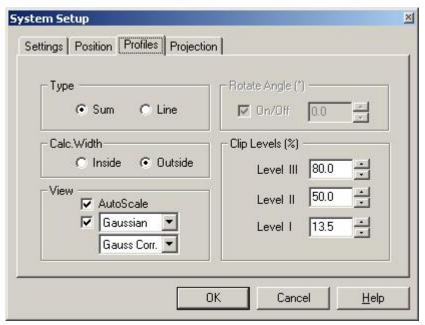
To select the background, select Color or Mono.

7.2.2 System Setup - Profiles

Profiles setup allows you to control the display in the profiles area.

You can control the following displays:

- Profile type display
- Gaussian / Top Hat profile
- · Gaussian Correlation or 4Sigma
- Clip levels
- Angle of rotation at which the X-Y cross-section profiles are cut.



System Setup - Profiles Tab Selected

To configure the profiles:

- 1. Click the **Profiles** tab.
- 2. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 3. Click OK.

Profile Type The following methods for profiles calculations are available:

- Sum Profiles Displays the two orthogonal profiles, one along the vertical axis and one along the horizontal axis. Each profile is composed of a summation of rows and columns at a beam crosssection.
- Line Profiles Displays the contour of the beam along a line parallel to
 the vertical axis and a line parallel to the horizontal axis. The two lines,
 along which these contours are displayed, are designated as a cross
 hair cursor. The cross hair cursor can be moved along the image
 screen, so that the displayed profile is the cross section line profile
 located by the cursor.

To select the profile calculation method:

1. Select Sum or Line. Or,

From the **Control** Toolbar, click \bigwedge for Sum Profiles or From the Profiles. Or,

Open the View menu and select Profiles u Sum or Line.

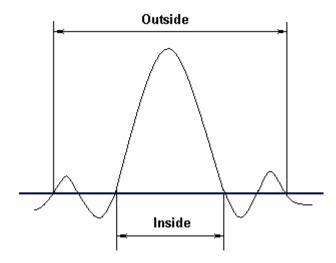
To select the angle at which you want to cut the X, Y profiles:

Click on the On/Off of **Rotate Angle** and select the angle desired from -45 to +45 degrees. The allowed increments are 0.1 degree.

Calc. Width

There is an option enabling the user to toggle between two different methods of beam width calculation:

- Inside taking into account only the central lobe.
- **Outside** calculating beam width based on all intersections along X axis.



If the edge of the beam is cut off because it intersects the edge of the aperture, it will appear truncated on that edge.

View Controls the following profile displays:

 AutoScale On/Off – Displays the profiles using the full height of the profile window.

When Auto Scale is not selected, the beam peak can be observed as it changes which can be advantageous during a focusing process. The peak intensity changes may be observed as a function of the focus, showing the variations in beam's peak with respect to the changes in beam size.

This function affects only the graphical presentation in the profile area.

- Gaussian/Top Hat selects between Gaussian or Top Hat calculation and display. The display of the best fit Gaussian or Top Hat profile is overlaid in red on top of the profiles in real time.
- The Gaussian fit profile shows how closely the measured beam profile matches a Gaussian profile. The Gaussian fit profile is displayed on top of both the vertical and horizontal profiles in red.

The Gaussian Fit is a least-square fit of a Gaussian equation to the cross section beam profiles. The correlation coefficient is the normalized sum of the fit residuals. The following equation is used for the Gaussian Fit calculation:

$$I = Ve^{(x-c)/s}$$

Where

I =the intensity of a pixel at location x

V = the maximum intensity of the fitted Gaussian curve (Peak Intensity)

C = the center of the Gaussian fit peak (Centroid)

 σ = the radius of the Gaussian fit curve at the 1/e² intensity level (diameter)

- 16/84% Knife-edge The 16/84% criteria simulates the moving knife-edge method. In this case the total beam power on the detector is integrated and represents 100% of beam energy, and the two levels 16% and 84% represents two imaginary knife-edge scanning position: one abstracting 16% of energy, other 84% of energy. The corrected beam width is given by twice the distance, between the two imaginary knife-edge locations.
- 4Sigma is the second moment method of beam measuring device. The second moment is based on an International Standard ISO 11146, and will display the beam size diameter according to this calculation.

You can toggle between Gaussian correlation, 16/84% and 4Sigma, by pressing function name on the bottom of Measurement Data.

Note: The beam size, when using 4Sigma, should be substantially smaller, than the detector size.

To configure the profile view, select the desired options.

Clip Levels

Sets the levels at which the width of the vertical profile and horizontal profile are measured by the system.

A clip level defines the percentage of the peak intensity profile at which the beam is measured. For example, a clip level of 50% indicates that the beam is to be measured at its full width at half maximum (FWHM), whereas a clip level of 13.5% measures the beam at a point, which is 13.5% of the profile peak. The 13.5% level corresponds to the 1/e2 point of a Gaussian profile.

Both the horizontal and vertical profile windows display the width of the beam at three clip levels simultaneously.

There are three clip levels represented by solid horizontal lines superimposed on the profiles. The default clip levels are 80%, 50% and 13.5%.

The three clip levels are labeled I, II and III.

To change the clip levels:

- Enter a value in the Clip Level field. The clip levels values are in 0.1% increments. Or,
- 1. In the profiles area, position the cursor just above (or below) the width level bar you want to change.
- Press the left mouse button and drag the line up or down, while
 watching the change in the clip level setting on the profile presentation.
 The new clip levels can be seen in the Measurement Data window.
 When performing this operation it is helpful to size the profiles area as
 large as possible.

Rotate Angle

This option is available only when **Line Profile** option is enabled.

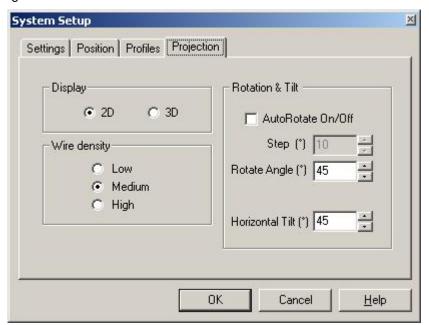
Click on the On/Off of **Rotate Angle** and select the angle desired from -45 to +45 degrees. The allowed increments are 0.1 degree. Alternatively, select the required value for angle rotation via the **Control ToolBar**, using the 10.0 icon.

7.2.3 System Setup - Projection

Projection setup allows you to control the display of the image area.

Displays you control include:

- 2D or 3D graphic images
- Zooming factor
- Graphic image magnification
- Color or monochrome display
- Image size



System Setup - Projection Tab Selected

To configure the projection:

- 1. Click the **Projection** tab.
- 2. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 3. Click OK.

Display

Toggles between a 2D or 3D graphical presentation in the view area.

To select the graphical presentation:

1. Select 2D or 3D. Or,

From the **Control Toolbar**, click **2** for a 2D display or **5** for a 3D display. Or,

Open the View menu and select Projection u 2D or 3D.

Wire Density

Controls the graphical presentation of the 3D plot by means of line density. There are three wire densities to choose from: **Low**, **Medium** and **High**. High density displays the best graphics for the 3D image, as the color lines are condensed, but as the graphics become more complex, it takes more time to draw the image on the screen.

To set the Wire density, select the desired wire density.

Rotation& Tilt

This function is used to change the viewing angle of a 3D graphics presentation. This enables you to view the angles around the beam's main axis as well as to flip the displayed image.

- Auto Rotate On/Off When Auto Rotate is On, the image is rotated about the optical axis or azimuth of the 3D display. The amount of rotation (viewing angle) is defined by the Step parameter (in degrees). Possible values for Step are 1 through 30 degrees. When Auto Rotate is on, Rotate Angle is disabled.
- Rotate Angle (°) Sets the viewing angle of the 3D projection display. Possible values are 1 through 360 degrees in 1 degrees increments.
- Horizontal Tilt (°) Sets the tilt viewing angle of the 3D projection (from a top view to a side view). The values range from 0 to 90 degrees in 1 degree increments.

To set automatic rotation:

- 1. Select AutoRotate On/Off.
- 2. In the Step field, enter the viewing angle.

To set manual rotation:

- 1. Deselect AutoRotate On/Off.
- 2. In the Rotate Angle (°) field, enter the viewing angle.

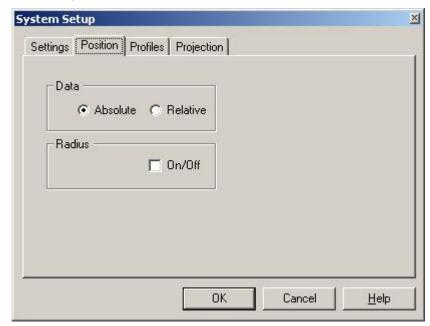
To set manual tilt:

- 1. In the Horizontal Tilt (°) field, enter the tilt angle. Or,
- 2. Place the cursor over the image and press the left mouse button. The cursor changes shape.

Drag the cursor along the view area. The 3D plot rotates around the image main axis and flips from top view to a side view of the image.

7.2.4 System Setup - Position

The Position setup defines the attributes for the beam centroid calculation & display.



System Setup - 3D Features Tab Selected

To configure the Position features:

- 1. Click the **Position** tab.
- 2. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 3. Click OK.

Data

Data is used to toggle between Absolute and Relative modes of position, where the default is Absolute.

When Relative is selected then all the position centroid data will be calculated versus the Cross Line center.

The Relative point coordinates can be set by graphical means, by dragging the Cross Line center to any requested location over the View Area.

Radius

Controls the numerical calculation of the position function. Some applications require a calculation of the radius of beam centroid deviations. In this case the R parameter is calculated as follows:

$$\sqrt{(X^2 + Y^2)}$$

Mark the Radius parameter as On in order to enable the Radius function.

7.2.5 Configuring a Continuous Laser Beam

When using a continuous laser beam, attenuate powerful laser beams by selecting a combination of shorter shutter speeds and attaching the ND filters to the BeamOn camera until the saturation level is acceptable. Refer to **Hardware Setup - Shutter** and **Using Filters** topics for more information.

To configure a continuous laser beam:

- 1. Open the Settings menu and select Hardware Setup.
- 2. Click the **Laser** tab and select the **CW** radio button in the **Type** field.
- 3. From the **Control Toolbar**, select a shutter speed using the drop down list in the shutter field 1/250 that enables an acceptable saturation level.
- 4. From the **Control Toolbar**, select a gain level using the drop down list in the gain field that enables an acceptable saturation level.
- 5. If the image is still saturated at the fastest shutter speed or gain selected, attach ND filters to the BeamON camera until an acceptable saturation level is reached.

7.2.6 Setting the Ambient Light Suppression (CW lasers)

The Null function allows you to subtract off background and display the correct power value.

When null calibration is off, the power value displayed in the measurement data or statistics window is the total power incident on the detector surface. When null calibration is on, the power value displayed does not contain the ambient light.

You should perform the null calibration function during your set up routine. During the null calibration routine, a message is displayed at the top right side of the screen, which reads: **Null Calibration**.

To calibrate the ambient light suppression:

1. Open the **Options** menu and select Calibration **u Null**. Or,

From the Status Bar, click Null: Off

A message displays instructing you to turn off your laser beam.

- 2. Turn off or block your laser and click **OK**. The system now measures the ambient light level. Note that the power reading in the Measurement Data area is now zero.
- 3. Turn on or unblock your laser. The Null button on the **Status Bar** changes to

7.2.7 Configuring a Pulsed Laser Beam

When using a pulsed laser beam:

- Attenuate powerful laser beams by attaching the ND filters to the BeamOn camera until an acceptable saturation level is reached. Refer to **Using Filters** topic for more information.
- Set the gain setting to the optimum for displaying a full dynamic range without saturation (white on the image).

- Set the trigger level. This allows you to measure slowly pulsing lasers without displaying blank frames.

To configure a pulsed laser beam:

- 1. Select Pulse option via Hardware Setup Settings. The nicon will further be displayed at the **Control ToolBar** and just next to it the Trigger control panel.
- 2. Select the slowest shutter speed (1/50s).
- 3. Attach ND filters to the camera until an acceptable saturation level is reached.
- 4. Further adjust the intensity level using the gain control ▶ 10 Db ✓
- 5. Adjust the trigger level using the icon until you get a steady reading. It is best to move to the right until triggering stops, then move back a little.

7.2.8 Using Filters

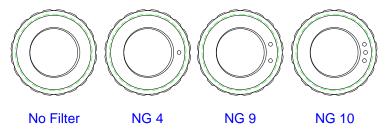
When setting up your system, use the three calibrated optical filters (ND filters) supplied with the BeamOn system to attenuate powerful beams. By doing so the amount of energy, which the BeamOn camera is sensing, is significantly smaller. The use of filters is especially significant when operating a pulsed laser beam.

To attenuate powerful-pulsed laser beams, attach filters to the BeamOn camera until the saturation level is acceptable. The BeamOn camera is supplied with a filter wheel having room for 4 stackable filters. Three different filters are supplied, which are:

- 1.6mm thick Schott colored filter NG4
- 1.6mm thick Schott colored filter NG9
- 1.6mm thick Schott colored filter NG10.

See curves of optical filters in Appendix section. You can order more filters if desired.

The filter type is marked on the filter housing according to the following schematics:



Filter type marking

To attenuate powerful continuous laser beams, select a combination of shorter shutter speeds and attaching filters to the BeamOn camera until the saturation level is acceptable.

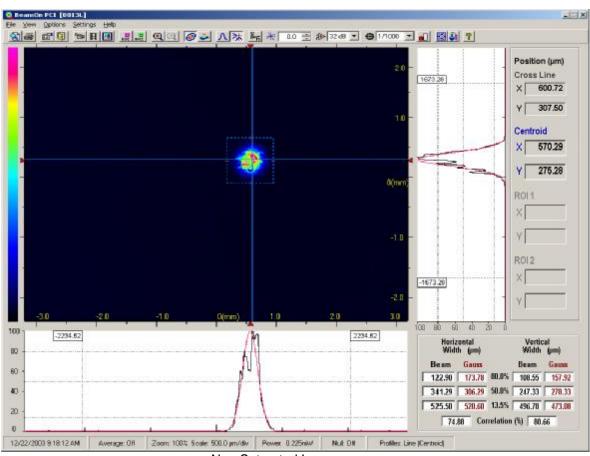
Refer to **Configuring a continuous Laser Beam** for more information.

7.2.9 Increasing the Camera's Dynamic Range

Fix Shutter permits revealing and accurate measurement of faint phenomena at the profile basis when using a continuous laser beam. It increases the camera's dynamic range by a factor of up to 100 by analyzing the beam profile using two images with two different exposure times.

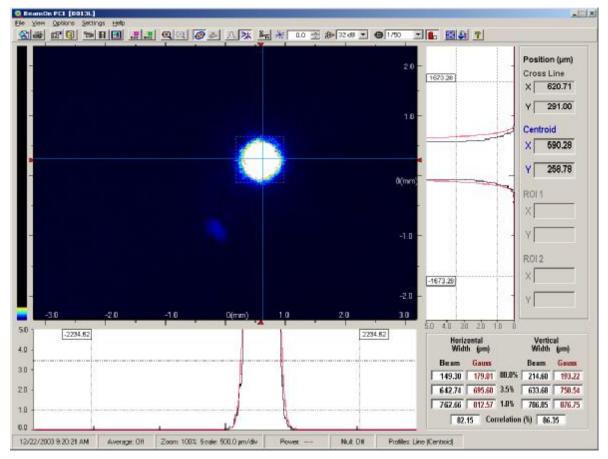
Activating Fix Shutter fixes the first image as the reference image for further measurement. By scrolling and increasing the shutter's exposure time, the collected power of the BeamOn is significantly higher than in the reference image. This situation causes some pixels to be saturated, while some other pixels, which originally were attenuated to below digitization level, are now clearly displayed, revealing hidden structures at the profile base. The system will automatically toggle between the two images and present the saturated profile readings and calculations referred to by the original reference shutter. The collected power of each pixel is directly proportional to the different integration times, and the displayed profile is automatically corrected by this proportional factor.

Fig. 37 shows an image with no saturation and thus no faint phenomena at the image basis. The vertical profile and horizontal profile display showing the beam profile in a selected row and column.



Non-Saturated Image

Fig. 38 below displays the same image except a different shutter selection greatly increased the integration time, and a new high-resolution picture is created. This picture is a mathematical combination of the first non-saturated image with the new image that reveals faint phenomena. In the View Area you can clearly see faint phenomena (watch the area around the crosshairs), and both the horizontal and vertical profiles provide information related to the faint image.



Saturated Image

To use High Resolution option:

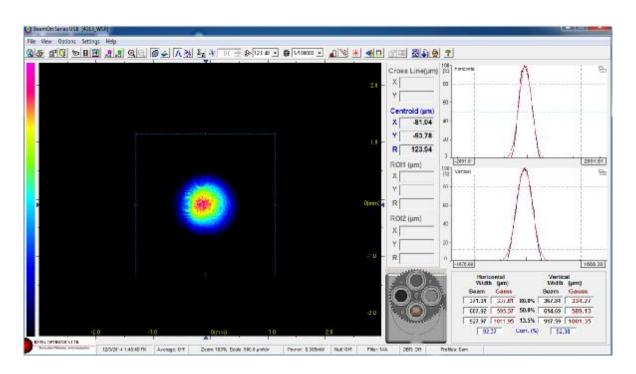
- 1. From the **Control Toolbar**, click **1** for a 2D display.
- 2. Scan the beam when there is a non-saturated image.
- 3. From the **Control Toolbar**, click **1**. Or,
- 4. Open the Settings menu and select Hardware Setup.
- 5. Click the **Settings** tab.
- In the Shutter field, select High Resolution.
 The BeamOn will ensure that Line Profile mode is selected.
- 7. From the **Control Toolbar**, select a slower shutter speed using the drop down list in the shutter field 1/250 .
- 8. In the View Area, move the Line Profile crosshairs to the beam image's edges. In the View Area you can see faint phenomena (refer to the area around the crosshairs), and both the horizontal and vertical profiles provide information related to the faint image.

To end the High Resolution function, from the **Control Toolbar** click ...

8.0 General description of Software

This chapter discusses the following BeamOn operations:

- · Viewing Beam Profiles and Width
- Viewing the Centroid
- Viewing the 2D / 3D presentations
- Viewing Power
- Viewing the Beam Peak
- Viewing Measurement Data
- Viewing the Statistics
- Freezing Screen Graphics
- Printing Screen Displays
- Saving Screen Graphics
- Working with Stored Files



BeamOn Application Window

8.1 Viewing Beam Profiles and Width

Two types of profiles are being displayed by BeamOn:

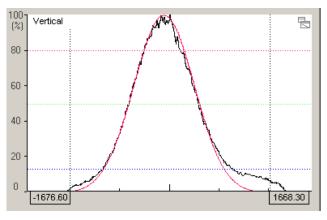
Sum Profiles- Displays the two orthogonal, one along the vertical axis and one along the horizontal axis. Each profile is composed of a summation of rows and columns at a beam cross-section.

Line Profiles- Displays the beam contour along a line parallel to the vertical and horizontal axes. These two orthogonal lines are designated as a cross hair cursor on the image plane and can be moved along the working area.

1. To select the profile calculation method:

From the **Control** Toolbar, click \bigwedge for Sum Profiles or \Longrightarrow for Line Profiles. Or,

Open the View menu and select Profiles u Sum or Line.



Vertical Profile

Beam widths are digitally displayed for any three user selected clip levels.

A Gaussian fit profile can be overlaid on profiles in real time, while the correlation and fit values are displayed digitally. This function determines how closely the measured beam profile matches a theoretical Gaussian profile. The Gaussian fit profile is in red. The percent correlation and width comparisons utilize the currently selected clip levels.

Two vertical bars can be moved along the horizontal axis, designating the distance (in microns) along this axis. This is a useful feature for tracing and measuring of beam phenomena at certain locations.

The comparison data is displayed in the Measurement Data Box. A top hat profile presentation and fit is also available.

Horizontal Width (µm)			Vertical Width (μm)		
Beam	Gauss		Beam	Gauss	
528.6	624.3	80.8%	594.6	642.3	
932.8	1125.7	50.0%	945.3	1158.1	
2015.0	1913.4	13.5%	2092.5	1968.5	
78	34 Cor	relation	(%) 90.	13	

Measurement Data.

8.2 Viewing the Centroid

The Centroid is the beam intensity center of gravity.

The BeamOn determines the location of the beam centroid by summing the intensities of all image pixels in both horizontal and vertical axes, and computing the center of gravity of the beam intensity. The pixel coordinates at this location define the centroid. The horizontal (H) and vertical (V) coordinates of the Centroid are computed using the following formula:

$$H = \dot{a}\{h * i(h,v)\} / I$$

$$V = \dot{a}\{v * i(h,v)\}/I$$

Where i(h,v) = the intensity at location (h,v) and I = the total intensity taken over the total area. The centroid calculation is displayed in the User Area window and also in the Statistics window.

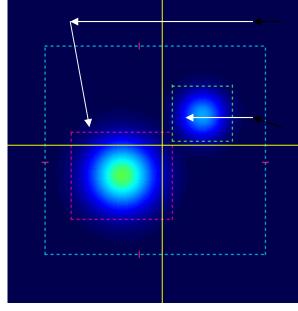
The BeamOn enables you to display the centroid in the view area when a 2D image is displayed. The centroid is located where the horizontal and vertical profiles cross in the view area. Two additional regions of interest (ROI) can be defined by the user and displayed at the Statistics table, thus enabling the user to monitor up to 3 beams' centorids simultaneously.

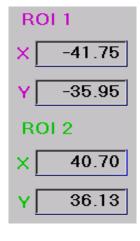
To display the centroid in the view area:

- 1. From the **Control Toolbar**, click **0** for a 2D display.
- 2. From the **Control Toolbar**, click \bigwedge for a sum profiles display
- 3. Open the View menu and select **CrossLine -Centroid**.

.The ROI function selects a region of interest within the total detector area.

To activate the ROI press the appropriate ROI button on the **Control ToolBar**. The ROI region is defined by a square, the color of which is identical to the numerical presentation at the **User Area**, as well as to the ROI tool button color. The user can control the size of the ROI and its location by graphical means using the mouse.





ROI's represntation

The software calculates the centroid of the beam, which resides inside the ROI area only, disregarding the energy outside of this region. Thus, the result of the beam centroid calculation will be displayed in the appropriate ROI area at the User Area. In case the Radius parameter is set On at the Position Setup – Position tab, then there is an additional calculation and display of the R value, which is the radius of beam centroid with regards to the cross line.

Note: The default ROI is the total centroid of the energy impending on the entire area.

The user can change this default by graphical means, by dragging the ROI frame to the location and size at the screen, which is of interest.

The default setting of the system when it boots up is the entire detector area is being considered the area main region of interest and the beam centroid calculation is performed over the entire detector area. This default can also be changed by graphical means, the same way both other ROI's borders and location can be set.

In order to resume the default setting, double click on the mouse Left button.

Position Data in User Area

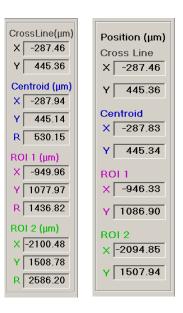
The User Area displays four numerical results. There are two types of presentations, according to the system setup setting:

Beam centroid (X, Y), which is the beam centroid location calculated over the entire detector area. **Cross Line** coordinates (X, Y) displaying either the detector center of origin (detector Center option), or the cross line coordinates at any point over the detector View Area (Free option), or the beam centroid coordinates or any offset value with respect to the centroid (Centroid option)

ROI 1: the beam centroid (X, Y) in the defined Region of Interest 1.

ROI 2: the beam centroid (X, Y) in the defined Region of Interest 2.

In each one of the above listed presentations (Centroid, ROI1 and ROI2) a third line can appear, marked as "R" and stands for the Radius calculation (squared-root of X^2+Y^2). This calculation and presentation appear when the Radius parameter is set on in the System Setup – Position tab.



Position Data Calculation

8.3 Viewing the 2D / 3D Presentations

The projection function provides either a 2D or a 3D plot of the beam intensity profile. A zooming feature enables magnification of the displayed image. It is possible to control the 3D plot wire density.

To display the 2D presentation in the view area:

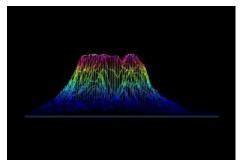
From the **Control Toolbar**, click **0** for a 2D display.

To display the 3D presentation in the view area:

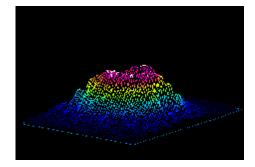
From the **Control Toolbar**, click if for a 3D display.

The 3D image can be rotated along the vertical and horizontal axes, as well as be flipped, using the following routine. This feature enables the user to view the beam image from various angles around the beam:

- Place the mouse cursor over the 3D image
- Hold the left mouse button down
- Drag the mouse while pressing the left mouse button. You can move the cursor up/down or left/right. The image will rotate accordingly.

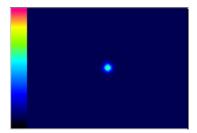


3D Plot - Side View

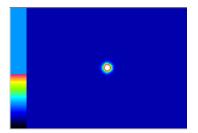


3D Plot - Top View

If beam is weak even when shutter is wide-open then increase the gain. If beam is very weak and color is dark even at the maximum shutter opening and gain, then optimize the color with the side panel. To optimize beam image place mouse cursor at the color bar and click the right mouse button. Return to default color bar press left mouse button once. (See illustrations below).



Weak beam



Weak beam with optimized color

8.4 Viewing Power.

NOTE: Not in used for BeamOn-IR1550 camera

The beam power is displayed as a digital readout (in mW) at the **Status Bar**.

A power calibration function allows the user to enter a "base" power value. In all subsequent captured images the summed intensity of all pixels will be proportional to this value. A double click on the Power value at the Status Bar opens up the Power Calibration screen.

8.5 Viewing the Beam Peak

The beam peak calculation provides the position of the peak intensity in the captured beam image.

The beam peak intensity location is found by searching all the pixels in a scanned sample for the maximum digital intensity level. The location of the pixel with maximum intensity is the peak location. It is possible that more than one pixel is found at the maximum intensity signal. In this case, the peak location will be the peak intensity pixel which is found first. The search is conducted by scanning the image from left to right, top to bottom.

The beam peak calculation is displayed in the **Statistics** window. Refer to **Viewing the Statistics** topics for more information.

The BeamOn enables you to display the beam peak in the view area when a 2D image is displayed. The beam peak is located where the two diagonal black lines cross in the view area. Two additional regions of interest (ROI) can be defined by the user and displayed at the Statistics table, thus enabling the user to monitor up to 3 beams' beam peaks simultaneously.

To display the beam peak in the view area:

- From the Control Toolbar, click for a 2D display.
- 2. From the **Control Toolbar**, click \bigwedge for a sum profiles display.

Open the View menu and select **Beam Peak**.

8.6 Viewing Measurement Data

The BeamOn enables you to view real-time measurement data. The measurement data includes:

- The beam width measurements at 3 selected clip levels for measured beam and Gaussian profile
- The correlation factor to the ideal Gaussian beam

The Measurement Data window is located by default in the User area, but you can move it anywhere on the screen.

The Measurement Data window contains the following information:

Noise canceling

Noise canceling button at the Toolbar. It will cancel noise and you can turn this function On/Off

Percent of Peak

The width comparisons of measured beam and Gaussian beam are located at the current selected clip levels (μ m).

Correlation

The deformation calculation from the ideal Gaussian beam (%).

Given a theoretical curve (G) and a set of data points from a beam profile (P), where each data set is composed of points for j=0, 1, 2, ... N. The correlation coefficient is derived from the following steps:

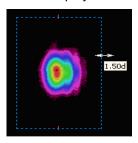
- S = Integral [(P-G)²]
 where S = the integration of the squared differences between the two curves.
- So = Integral [(G)²] where So = the deformation at each point from the average, Dj.
- 3. C = 100 * { 1 [SQRT (3/S-So)]} where C = the fit coefficient percentage.

16/84% Knife-edge

The 16/84% criteria simulate the moving knife-edge method. In this case the total beam power on the detector is integrated and represents 100% of beam energy, and the two levels 16% and 84% represents two imaginary knife-edge scanning position: one abstracting 16% of energy, other 84% of energy. The corrected beam width is given by twice the distance, between the two imaginary knife-edge locations.

4Sigma

The 4 Sigma is the second moment method of beam measuring device. 4 Sigma criteria – flexible ROI. This function is activated by mouse operation, and its value is indicated upon touching ROI border. The size is also displayed at Toolbar:





The second moment is calculated and performed according to ISO Standard 11146.

The beam column displays the laser beam's readings. The Gaussian column displays the data of the ideal Gaussian profile.

These measurement results are calculated and displayed for both the Horizontal and the Vertical profile.

The Measurement Data window can be viewed off-line in stored snapshot images for further analysis. Refer to **Creating / Viewing Snapshot Files**.

To view the Measurement Data window:

1. If the Statistics window is displayed, open the View menu and select Statistics. Or,

From the **Control Toolbar**, click **E**_n. The **Statistics** window is not displayed.



NOTE: When the Statistics window displays, the Measurement Data window is hidden.

To move the Measurement Data window:

- Position the cursor on the blank area on the top corner of the Measurement Data window.
- 2. Press the left mouse button and drag the Measurement Data window to the desired location.

8.7 Saving and Viewing the numerical data of the profiles

The BeamOn allows you to save, view and print the numerical values of the X and Y profiles for later analysis.

To View the numerical data of the X and Y profiles:

- 3. Place the X and Y crosshairs at the angle and position you desire.
- 4. Press Options menu, Save data in text file, Profiles option.
- 5. Name the text file and save with the TXT extension. The data will be saved as a text file with the relative X and Y intensity vs. pixel number. The setup data will be saved at the same time.
- 6. To view the data, press **File** menu, **View file** option and the view file window will open. Under Files of type select snapshot files and double click on the desired TXT file. If you want to print the file when open, press **Print**.

8.8 Viewing the Statistics

The information in the Statistics window is useful for analyzing beam stability related characteristics. The statistics can help you monitor fluctuations and beam stability of the images captured and stored in the data buffer or analyze the warm-up characteristics when measuring beam-pointing stability.

- · Current the actual measurement values
- MIN the minimum measured value
- MAX the maximum measured value
- AVER the average value
- STD the standard deviation

Statistics						
	Current	MIN	MAX	AVER	STD	
Centroid (µm)						
Horizontal	406.63	406.57	406.64	406.61	0.188	
Vertical	17.90	17.88	17.97	17.93	0.026	
Beam Peak (μm)	7					
Horizontal	461.63	434.47	461.63	439.56	10.947	
Vertical	24.90	24.90	24.90	24.90	0.002	
Horizontal Profile					1000000	
Width (μm) (80.0%)	110.48	107.77	110.48	108.87	0.679	
Width (μm) (50.0%)	307.42	306.90	307.43	307.21	0.112	
Width (μm) (13.5%)	489.11	486.41	489.11	487.74	0.638	
Vertical Profile						
Width (μm) (80.0%)	247.17	247.09	247.45	247.24	0.137	
Width (μm) (50.0%)	306.73	306.64	306.84	306.74	0.096	
Width (μm) (13.5%)	471.92	471.61	472.06	471.92	0.059	
Correlation (%)						
Horizontal	85.31	85.25	85.36	85.30	0.038	
Vertical	83.81	83.78	83.82	83.80	0.033	
Power (mW)	0.606	0.592	0.611	0.602	0.005	
Cross Center (µm)		1				
Horizontal	434.47		1			
Vertical	66.40					
ROI1 Centroid (μm)						
Horizontal	926.52	926.52	929.10	927.76	0.98	
Vertical	1151.77	1150.34	1152.17	1151.54	0.20	
ROI1 Beam Peak (μm)						
Horizontal	887.05	814.64	1031.87	911.94	62.58	
Vertical	1112.20	1045.80	1261.60	1154.74	70.49	
ROI2 Centroid (μm)					20002	
Horizontal	1345.89	1343.88	1345.89	1345.04	0.71	
Vertical	526.34	524.17	526.46	525.54	0.84	
ROI2 Beam Peak (µm)						
Horizontal	1249.11	1240.06	1466.34	1284.18	75.43	
Vertical	581.00	448.20	647.40	516.68	52.01	
		30		Reset	Help	

Statistics Window

To view the Statistics window:

1. Open the View menu and select **Statistics**. Or,

From the Control Toolbar, click

You can reset the parameters in the statistics window to initiate a new statistics calculation session. To reset the parameters in the Statistics window, press the **Reset** button.

NOTE: When the Statistics window displays, the Measurement Data window is hidden.

8.9 Freezing Screen Graphics

It is possible to freeze the last image display and its measured data for further analysis using the Analysis function. You can perform the following functions on the frozen data:

- Calculating a beam footprint (refer to page 64)
- Measuring distances between two points (refer to page 65)
- Viewing the measurement data (refer to page 57)
- Viewing the Statistics (refer to page 59)

When the BeamOn is in freeze mode, a message displays on the top left-hand side of the screen, which reads: **Freeze Mode**.

To freeze the screen graphics:

1. Open the Options menu and select Freeze Mode. Or,

Click on the Control Toolbar. A Freeze Mode message appears on the menu bar.

To return to real-time measurement mode:

1. Open the Options menu and select Freeze Mode. Or,

Click on the **Control Toolbar**. The Freeze Mode message disappears from the menu bar.

8.10 Printing Screen Displays

This section describes how to print:

- The BeamOn window
- The view area (2D/3D image only)

To print the BeamOn window, open the File menu and select Print Screen.

To print the view area, open the File menu and select **Print Frame**.

8.11 Saving Screen Graphics

The BeamOn's screen graphics are saved as image files, which you can view, edit or print at a later time.

To save screen graphics:

Open the Options menu and select Save Image File. A sub-menu displays.

- 2. Select the screen section to be saved: Frame (view area), Profiles, Statistics or Full Screen. The **Save Image File** window displays.
- 3. Enter a filename and file extension (BMP or JPG) for the saved screen graphic.
- 4. Click OK.



NOTE: You can only save graphics, which appear in the BeamOn window. For example, if the Statistics window is not displayed, the Statistics option is disabled.

8.12 Working with saved Files

You can view or print stored BeamOn files.

Viewing Files

To view a file:

- 1. Open the File menu and select View File, Or
 - Click (3), from the Control Toolbar.

The View File window displays.

- 2. In the **Files of Type** field, select the file type.
- 3. Select the file. Click **OK**.

Printing Files

BeamOn provides you with the ability to print a saved text or image file.

To print a text or bitmap file:

1. Open the File menu and select Print, Or

From the Control Toolbar, click

- 2. Select the file type for the file you want to print **Text** or **Image**. If you select Text, the **Print Text File** window displays. If you select Image, a menu appears for selecting **Print Image File** window (select BMP or JPG file).
- 3. Select the file you want to print. Click **OK**.

9.0 Analysis Functions

This chapter includes the following:



- Testing the beam
- Calculating a beam elliptical footprint
- Measuring distances
- Power in the Bucket
- Report

9.1 Test

BeamOn provides a test routine, which allows you to test a laser beam based on user defined pass/fail criteria. The test results are calculated for any one of the following user-selected parameters:

- Centroid Horizontal (µm)
- Centroid Vertical (µm)
- Width Horizontal (µm) at the lowest clip level
- Width Vertical (µm) at the lowest clip level
- Gaussian Width Horizontal (µm) at the lowest clip level
- Gaussian Width Vertical (µm) at the lowest clip level
- Correlation Horizontal (%)
- Correlation Vertical (%)
- Power (mW)

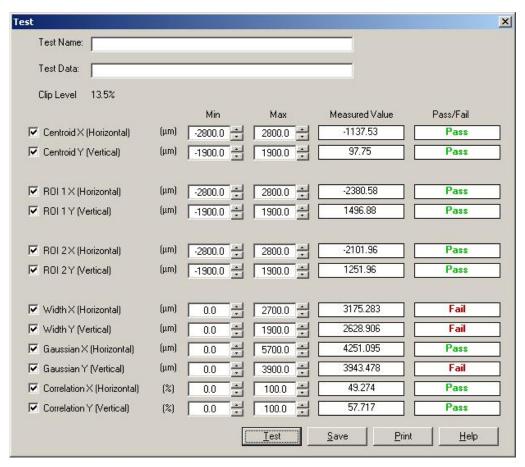
To test a laser beam:

1. Open the View menu and select Toolbars u Analysis. Or,

From the Control Toolbar, click 3.

The Analysis Toolbar displays.

- 2. To run the test, click PE on the Analysis Toolbar.
- 3. Select the parameters to include in the test and set the minimum and maximum values for these parameters.
- 4. Enter your test related information.
- 5. Click **Test** button to perform a test routine.



Test Window

The test window displays the beam's test results based on the parameters entered in the Test window.

To save the current test results in a bitmap or test file, click **Save** in the Test window.

To print the current test results, click **Print** in the Test window.

To close Test window click PE on the Analysis Toolbar.

9.2 Calculating a Beam Footprint

Analyzing a laser beam frequently requires a definition of beam elliptical footprint in the profile cross-section plane, and beam angular orientation with respect to the camera axis. The ellipse function calculates the best-fit ellipsoid for the examined beam. The major and minor axes of the fit ellipse are calculated by determining the distance from the centroid (center of the beam) to the ellipse. Also, the orientation (Theta θ) is a measure of the orientation of the major axes of the fit. Theta is measured from the positive X-axis and varies between $\pm 90^{\circ}$ and $\pm 90^{\circ}$.

To use the ellipse function the image must be frozen. The BeamOn can now calculate the best-fit ellipse and display it as a dotted white ellipse just around the edges of the measured ellipse. The best-fit ellipse parameters are also calculated and displayed.

To calculate a beam elliptical footprint:

1. Open the Options menu and select Freeze Mode. Or,

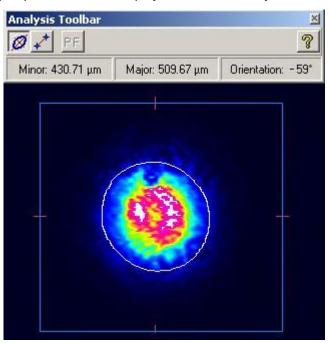
From the Control Toolbar, click 🔯.

2. Open the View menu and select Toolbars u Analysis. Or,

Click if from the Control Toolbar.

The Analysis Toolbar displays.

3. From the **Analysis Toolbar**, click . The BeamOn calculates the best-fit ellipse and displays it as a dotted white ellipse just around the edges of the measured ellipse. The best-fit ellipse parameters are displayed below the Analysis Toolbar (see below).



Best fit Ellipse

9.3 Measuring Distances

The BeamOn can accurately measure distances between any two points on the beam image. You select the end points and the BeamOn calculates and displays the results.

To measure the distance between two points on the beam image:

1. Open the Options menu and select Freeze Mode. Or,

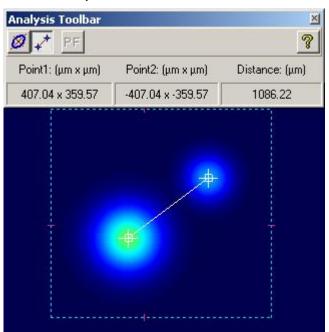
From the Control Toolbar, click .

2. Open the View menu and select Toolbars u Analysis. Or,

From the Control Toolbar, click 3

The Analysis Toolbar displays.

- 3. From the Analysis Toolbar, click
- 4. Select the first point by placing the cursor on the beam image and click the left mouse button.
- 5. Drag the mouse to the second point on the beam image and click the left mouse button. A straight line is drawn between these two points and the line distance calculation is displayed below the Analysis toolbar.



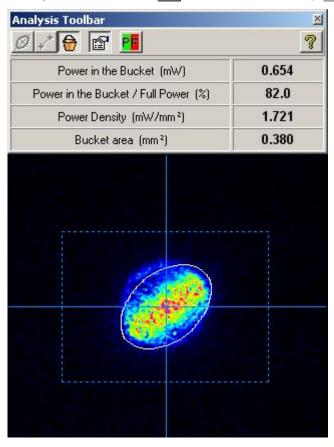
Measuring Distances Between two Points

9.4 Power in the Bucket

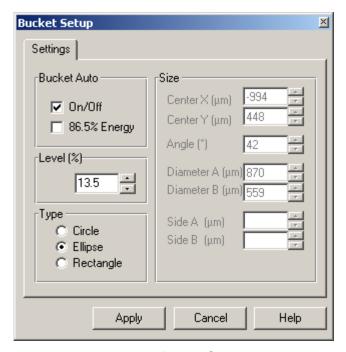
The BeamOn can accurately measure the power in a specific area, defined by user on the beam image. The results are displayed on the following screen and are self-explanatory. Please note in order to get full results the system should be calibrated for power.

To calculate a Power in the Bucket:

- 1. From the **Control Toolbar**, click \bigcirc , or
- From the Control Toolbar, click .
 The Analysis Toolbar displays.
- 3. From the **Analysis Toolbar**, click 🔁, and click bucket setup 🖀.



Measuring Bucket power



Bucket Setup

Bucket Setup will adjust the bucket size and location for Power in the Bucket calculation. To configure the Bucket features:

- 4. Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 5. Click **Apply** button.

Bucket Auto Bucket will be automatically defined according to the center of the beam and accepted profile level.

Type Defined type of the Bucket: Circle, Ellipse or Rectangle.

Size Enable user selectable bucket size and location, where you can chose: center location, orientation (**Angle** in use), and diameter (for ellipse use different **Diameter A** and **Diameter B**). For rectangle use **Side A** and

Side B.

9.5 Report

BeamOn provides a report routine, which allows you to save all application screens and setup parameters to the *.xls file.

To save report file, please do following:

1. Open the View menu and select Toolbars u Analysis. Or,

From the **Control** Toolbar, click 3

The Analysis Toolbar displays.

2. From the **Analysis Toolbar**, click

The Report function enables saving a momentary display and its related setup. Setup parameters are saved, including time & date, System SN, shutter and gain setup, etc. Below the Setup data, various screen displays are recorded, including

Projection and Position screens as well as all related Setup screens.

Example of the "Report.xls" file:

*** BeamOn Series USB Measurement system, Version 1.02 ***

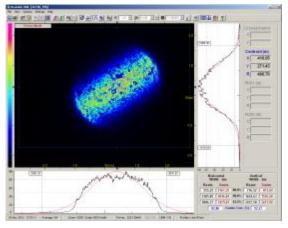
User Data:

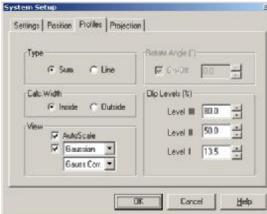
Date: 5 Dec 2014 Time: 14:40:43

System N: 000-013 Detector S/N: 4127

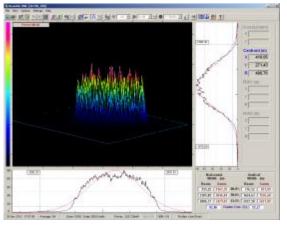
Size: 720x576 Average: Off Level I: 13.50% Level II: 50.00% Level III: 80.00% ProfAngle: Off Zoom: Off Gain: 6.0 dB Shutter: 1/500 sec Optical Factor: x1.00

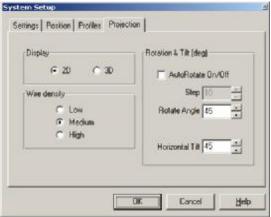
2D Projection



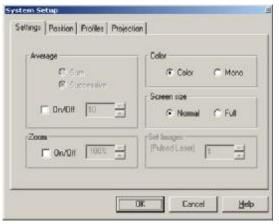


3D Projection



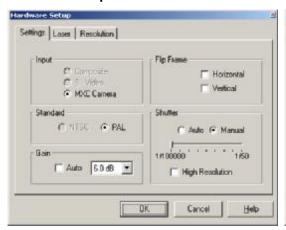


System setup

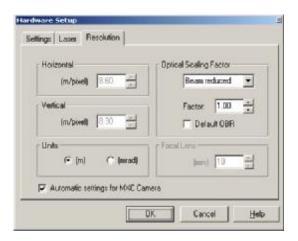




Hardware setup







10.0 Saving Data Log files

This chapter describes how to create a data log.

All the data collected by the BeamOn can be saved in a file with a .LOG extension. The data log files are stored in ASCII format so they can be easily printed, viewed, and analyzed by other programs. Refer to an example of the contents of a data log file (below).

The data log file contains general information including system parameters at the time of the log operation, such as the amount of averaging used, shutter level, Null (Offset) indication, zooming parameter and the size of the picture frame.

Additionally, at the lowest selected clip level beam width measurements for the horizontal and vertical profiles, centroid indication, as well as the power level value are displayed.

The end of the data log file contains a statistics summary of all the measured parameters, including the minimum measured value, maximum measured value, average measured value, as well as the standard deviation for each parameter.

10.1 Setting Up the Data Log Function

This setup screen allows the user to customize the Log operation to suit a particular need: the duration of an experiment, the rate of data saving into file, and the Log filename can be input by this setup screen. Also, data can be saved either to a Log file or to Excel file for further analysis at a later stage.

To setup the data log function:

1. Open the File menu and select Log Setup. Or,

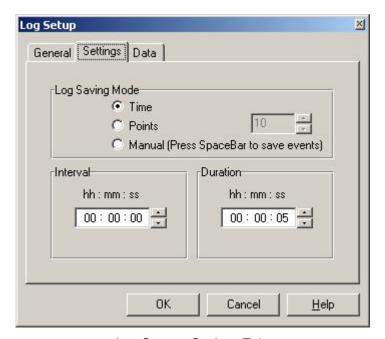
From the Control Toolbar, click . The Log Setup window displays



Log Setup

- 1. Logtype: LOG file or Excel file
- 2. **File Name:** Providing the system with a filename where Log data will be saved. Activate Button Browse... in order to provide the system with a filename via the standard Windows File Input interface box.

Note: When LOG file type was selected, all data collected will be saved in a file name *.LOG, which is a text file and can be imported into other programs. When Excel file type was selected, all data collected will be saved in a file name *.XLS.



Log Setup - Settings Tab

Interval Configures the time interval between consecutive measurements.

To configure the time interval between consecutive measurements, enter the time. The number of hours, minutes and seconds must each be entered separately.

Duration Defines the duration of the data log function. The data log function ends automatically at the end of the duration; however, you can stop the data

log function prematurely (refer to **Stop Data Logging**).

To configure the duration of the data log function, enter the amount of time. The number of hours, minutes and seconds must each be entered separately.

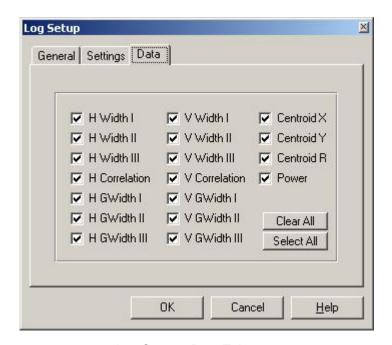
Log Type

Provide the system with a method to control the data logging operation:

Time: Save measurements for a pre-defined duration, the interval between the saved measurements is also defined prior to saving.

Points: Save a certain amount of measurements taken at the system's data capturing rate, the exact figure is entered at the points field to the right of this option.

Manual: Save a certain measurement to the file by pressing the SpaceBar. This method is called "Event oriented", meaning once the user observes a certain measurement on the screen he can control the system to save this exact measurement data to the file, rather than other methods of stream data saving.



Log Setup - Data Tab

Allows mark that the data will be stored in a Log/Excel file Data

When the desired setup parameters are selected, click the **OK** button. The data collection process (Log file) is initiated by selecting the Start Log menu item.

10.2 Start Data Logging

The BeamOn collects the laser beam's data in the configured data log. While the data log function is in progress, a message displays on the top left side of the screen, which reads: Log in Progress.

To start the data log function:

1. Open the File menu and select Start Log. Or,



10.3 Stop Data Logging

The data log function automatically terminates after the user-preset time is reached. However, you can stop the function at any time.

To stop the data log function:

1. Open the File menu and select Stop Log. Or,

From the Control Toolbar, click .

10.4 Viewing Data Log Files

To view the data log file:

- 1. Open the File menu and select View File.
- 2. Select the data log file you want to view.
- 3. Click Open. The Data Log displays.

	*** BeamOn	Measurement	system, Versi	on 1.0 ***					
UserData:									
Date: 22 De Time: 16:20	e⊂ 2003 5:47								
System numbe CCD S/N:	er: 0013 0013L								
Size: Average: ClipLevel I ClipLevel II ClipLevel II ProfAngle: Zoom: Gain: Shutter:	E : 50.0%								
Time (sec)	Centr. × (µm)	Centr. Y (µm)	H_Width I (µm)	H_width II (µm)	H_width III (µm)	v_width I (µm)	v_width II (µm)	v_width III (µm)	Power (mw)
0 1 2 3 4 5	653.605 653.606 653.637 653.803 653.724 653.692	106.088 106.011 105.853 106.017 105.915 106.056	524.649 521.919 526.127 519.244 522.742 526.946	321.671 322.752 323.780 323.181 324.403 323.062	167.166 168.866 168.556 167.723 168.544 168.149	534.561 533.505 535.677 537.305 532.661 532.631	331.963 330.755 331.585 331.426 329.786 330.903	214.360 214.297 214.393 214.630 214.651 213.965	1.149 1.159 1.152 1.173 1.167 1.153
www.unununununununununununununununununun									
Min Max Aver STD	653.605 653.803 653.678 0.294	105.853 106.088 105.990 0.085	519.244 526.946 523.604 2.873	321.671 324.403 323.141 0.924	167.166 168.866 168.167 0.630	532.631 537.305 534.390 1.844	329.786 331.963 331.070 0.765	213.965 214.651 214.383 0.251	1.149 1.173 1.158 0.009

Data Log File example

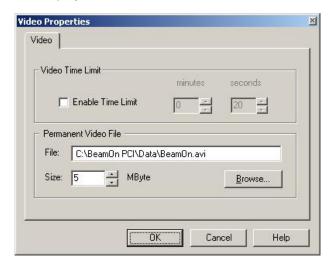
11.0 Creating / Viewing a Video

This chapter describes how to create and view a video file. The recording program enables recording and saving a continuous set of images from a single BeamOn camera source. The video is saved in a file with the extension .AVI.

11.1 Initializing the Video Parameters

To initialize the video parameters:

 Open the Settings menu and select Video Properties.... The Video Properties window displays.



- Enter your information according to the descriptions below.
- 3. Click OK.

Video Properties

Video Time Limit

Sets a time limit for the video recording.

To set the video time limit:

- 1. Select Enable Time Limit.
- 2. Enter the time limit in minutes and seconds.

Permanent Video File

This setting allows you to specify the filename and path, where the recorded video is saved. For best results, if you have multiple hard drives, this file should be located on the fastest hard disk drive or the disk drive with the most available free space.

You can also use this setting to limit the video to a selected amount of memory.

To specify a location for the video file, enter the file name and path.

To limit the video to a selected amount of memory:

- 1. Deselect Enable Time Limit check box in the Video Time Limit field.
- 2. Enter memory size (in Mbytes) in the Size field.

11.2 Record a Video file

When you record a video, the video is saved in the file you specified in the Video Properties window. If you don't want to overwrite this file, you must change the file name before recording a new video.

During video recording, a message at the top of the screen indicates the recording operation. When the BeamOn is recording a video, a message displays on the top left side of the screen, which reads:

Record in progress

, and during recording the Status Bar presents the following pattern:

You can change the setup parameters while recording your video (refer to **Initializing the Video Parameters**).

To record a video:

1. Open the Options menu and select **Record Video**. A checkmark is placed beside this option. Or,

Click from the Control Toolbar.

11.3 Stop the Video Recording

The video recording automatically terminates after the user-preset time is reached. However, you can stop recording at any time. When recording terminates, it is automatically saved in the file you specified during video setup.

To stop the video recording:

 Open the Options menu and select **Record Video**. The checkmark is removed from this option. Or,

Click from the Control Toolbar.

When video recording is terminated the following message is displayed:



Stop video recording

11.4 Play a Video File

During a video playback routine, the BeamOn displays a digital presentation of the time elapsed since the video began, as well as the number of the frame being displayed.

To play a video, open the video file you want to see and use the following buttons on the Playback Toolbar to play your video:

Play	Plays the recorded video file.
Stop	Stops the playback of the video file once it is started.
Rewind	Rewinds the current video one frame backwards.
Forward	Fast-forwards the current video one frame.
Open	Opens a video file.
Close	Closes an open video file.
	Stop Rewind Forward Open

There is a slide bar in the middle of the Playback Toolbar, which moves in accordance with the video's progress. It is also possible to use this slide bar to rewind the video to its starting point, or to bring it to the end of the video.

To play a video file:

1. Open the View menu and select Toolbars u Playback. Or,

Click from the Control Toolbar.

The Playback Toolbar displays.

- 2. Click on the Playback Toolbar. The Open Video File dialog displays.
- 3. From the Open Video File dialog, select the video file you want to view.
- 4. Click Open. The video file displays.
- 5. Use the **Playback Toolbar** buttons as defined above to play the video.
- 6. Click **a** to close the video file.

12.0 Saving / Viewing Still Images

This chapter describes how to capture and view high quality digital images with BeamOn system. A still image is captured by digitizing a single video frame. The still images can be saved as bitmaps.

The captured image is displayed as an icon on the Status Bar with a number assigned to it. If you are using a pulsed laser, you can set the number of bitmap files that the system captures when performing a still image operation. The BeamOn can capture up to 12 still images during one session.

12.1 Capturing a Still Image

To capture a still image:

1. Open the Options menu and select Still Images. Or,

Click on the Control Toolbar.

The image is captured and an icon is placed on the Status Bar.



Status Bar with Still Image Icons

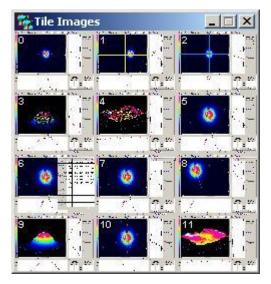
12.2 Viewing a Still Image

To view a single still image, click the still image icon on the **Status Bar**.

To close the magnified still image, click **x** in the upper right corner of the image window.

12.3 Tile Images

You can view a single still image or all your still images in a matrix (refer to the following figure). When viewing the still images in a matrix, you can select a single still image to magnify for details.



Tile Images window

To view a single still image, click the still image icon on the Status Bar, as explained in previous section.

To view the still images in a matrix, open the **Options** menu and select **Tile Images**.

To magnify a still image in a matrix, click one of the tile images. To close the magnified still image, click **x** in the upper right corner of the image window. The still image remains in the matrix.

12.4 Saving / Closing Still Images

When you close a still image you must either save it or discard it. If you close a still image matrix and choose to save it, each of the images in the matrix are saved as separate bitmap files. The bitmap filenames are created by the BeamOn and consist of the image number, day, hour, minutes and seconds (n_ddhhmmss.bmp).

To close an opened still image or still image matrix:

- 1. Click X in the upper right corner of the image window. The Still Image window displays.
- 2. If you want to save the still image, click **Yes** in the Still Image window.

To close all captured images at once, open the Options menu and select Close All Images.

13.0 Creating / Viewing Snapshot Files

Snapshot files enable you to create and view a pre-saved snapshot image for analysis and in-depth study of a beam measurement frame stored in the system's memory.

When you view a saved snapshot file you can analyze the measured results by activating system tools, such as:

- Viewing measurement data refer to page 56.
- Change profiles clip levels refer to page 37.
- Explore 2D contour or 3D isometric plots refer to page 55.
- Perform Beam Analysis refer to page 63.

When the BeamOn displays the snapshot file, a message displays on the top left side of the screen, which reads: **Snapshot in progress**. The BeamOn does not display real-time measurements and the screen is frozen.

13.1 Creating a Snapshot File

The snapshot image is captured as soon as you select the Save Snapshot option. You then save the snapshot image as an .SNP file. The snapshot file is saved in binary format and can only be processed by this application.

To create a snapshot file:

- Open the Options menu and select Save Snapshot. The Save Snapshot File window displays.
- 2. Enter a filename for the snapshot file.
- 3. Click OK.

13.2 Viewing a Snapshot File

To view a snapshot file:

- 1. Open the View menu and select **Snapshot**. The Load Snapshot File window displays.
- 2. Select a snapshot file.
- 3. Click **Open**. The snapshot file displays.

13.3 Closing a Snapshot File

To close a Snapshot file, open the View menu and select **Snapshot**. The BeamOn restores real-time measurement displays, or click **I** in the upper right corner of the image window.

14.0 Communication Link

The BeamOn Series enables you to operate an RS-232 communication link for serial data transmission, or TCP/IP Ethernet protocol.

Any displayed data or pre-saved log file can be transmitted via the RS-232 or TCP/IP communication link. Another computer can receive the data using a program that can communicate over a COM Port or LAN Port like Windows Hyper Terminal program.

While the link function is in progress, a Link in progress message displays on the top right corner of the Menu Bar.

Transmitting serial data requires the following steps:

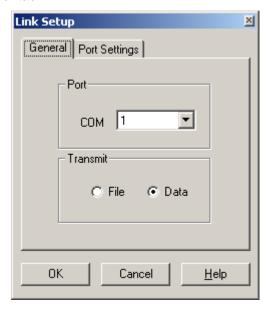
- Setting up the parameters needed for the link transmission.
- Making a null modem cable for connecting the two computers.
- Starting the link transmission.
- Terminating the link transmission.

14.1 Link Setting Up

The BeamOn Series allows you to configure a particular set of parameters needed for the RS-232 or TCP/IP transmission.

To configure the RS-232 link:

- 1. Open the File menu and select **Link Setup**. The Link Setup window displays.
- 2. Click the **General** tab.



Link Setup - General Tab Selected

3. Complete the information as described below.

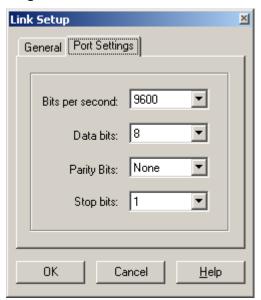
Port Sets the computer communication port through which the data is

transmitted over the RS-232 link. The possible values for Port are 1

through 4, for COM1 through COM4 respectively.

Transmit Select one of the radio buttons:

- File transmits a pre-saved text file.
- Data transmits real-time measurements. The data is sent in the sequence and format of the saved data in the text (ASCII) file.
- 4. Click the Port Settings tab.



Link Setup - Port Settings Tab Selected

5. Complete the information as described below. These settings must match the settings on the receiving computer.

Frequency Sets the transmission rate for the RS-232 link. The possible values for

Frequency are: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 9600, 14400, 19200,

38400, 57600, 115200.

Data Bit Determines the number of bits used for the RS-232 transmission. The

possible values are: 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

Parity Bit Determines whether or not a parity bit is transmitted. The possible

values are: None, Odd, Even, Space, Mark.

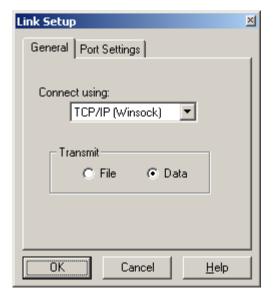
Stop Bit Determines the number of stop bits transmitted. The possible values

are: 1 or 2.

6. Click OK.

To configure the TCP/IP link:

- 3. Open the File menu and select **Link Setup**. The Link Setup window displays.
- 4. Click the **General** tab.



Link Setup - General Tab Selected

4. Complete the information as described below.

TCP/IP

When selecting "TCP / IP" in the Connect using combo box appears tab "TCP / IP Settings" which displays the **Host address** in the computer network and the **Port number** on which the remote computer can connect to receive and transmit data from the computer.

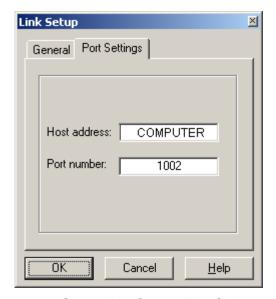
Transmit

Select one of the radio buttons:

- File transmits a pre-saved text file.
- Data transmits real-time measurements.

The data is sent in the sequence and format of the saved data in the text (ASCII) file.

5. Click the Port Settings tab.



Link Setup - Port Settings Tab Selected

6. Complete the information as described below. These settings must match the settings on the receiving computer.

Hos	t
add	ress

When selecting "TCP / IP" in the Connect using combo box appears tab "Port Settings" which displays the **Host address** in the computer network and the **Port number** on which the remote computer can connect to receive and transmit data from the computer.

Port

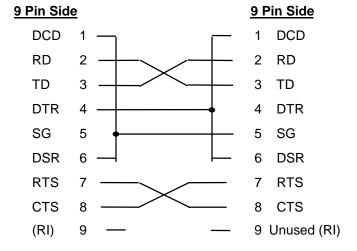
Determines the number of connecting port - 1002

7. Click OK.

14.2 Making a Null Modem Cable

A null modem cable can be made from a standard RS-232 cable by connecting the pins on one end of the cable to the pins on the other end as shown below.

Null modem cable with 9 pins on both sides:



14.3 Starting Link Transmission

The file (or measured data) is transmitted in the background while the system continues to capture data. When the BeamOn is transmitting data, a message displays on the top left side of the screen, which reads: **Link in progress**.

If you transmit a file, the contents of the file are sent.

If you transmit real time data, the following information is sent:

- Time of measurement
- Beam Centroid (H)
- Beam Centroid (V)
- Beam Peak (H)
- Beam Peak (V)
- Width (H)
- Width (V)
- Power

To transmit files over an RS-232 link:

- Connect the BeamOn computer to another computer using a null modem cable.
- 2. Enable the receiving program to receive the file/data.
- 3. Open the File menu and select **Start Link**.
- 4. If you are transmitting data the BeamOn immediately starts sending measured data via the RS-232 or TCP/IP link. A "link in progress" message displays on the Menu Bar. Proceed to **Terminating an RS232 or TCP/IP link.**
- 6. If you are transmitting a file, the **Link File** window displays. Select the file you want to send. A **Link in progress** message displays on the Menu Bar.
- 7. Click OK.

14.4 Terminating Link Transmission

When transmitting a file, the RS-232 or TCP/IP link transmission is automatically terminated upon completion of the transmission. However, if you are transmitting data, or you want to terminate your file transmission, you can manually terminate a transmission in progress.

To stop a transmission in progress, open the **File** menu and select **Stop Link**.

15.0 Troubleshooting

If, after reading this chapter and reviewing relevant portions of the user manual or on-line help, you still have a question, refer to **Customer Support** on page 88.

15.1 Common Operating Problems

The following are some common problems and possible solutions:

· ·	•		
Problem	Possible Solution		
Display Problems:			
No picture appears on the screen	 Check the Settings parameters (refer to Setting Up the BeamOn). 		
	If this does not correct the problem:		
	 Refer to Windows XP/Vista/7/8 Installation 		
Scrambled Image	Verify the NTSC/PAL setting is correct (refer to Standard option in Hardware Setup).		
	If this does not correct the problem:		
	Refer to Windows XP/Vista/7/8 Installation		
Other Windows applications run slowly, or appear to be interrupted	Because the BeamOn System must constantly collect and analyze data, it might not work well with all Windows applications. If you want to use another application while the BeamOn System is running, select About from the Help menu. This will cause the BeamOn to pause the data collection. Now run your other application.		
System Locks-up During Software Startup	Refer to Windows XP/Vista/7/8 Installation.		
The following error message displays: "The Device is Not Ready or Busy, OK"	After receiving this error message, system operation is halted. Reboot you computer and restart the BeamOn program. This message is due to an internal problem, such as the drivers are not able to find the video card.		
	Before rebooting your computer, verify that:		
	The card is firmly seated in the Chassis.		
	The drivers were correctly installed.		
	• The slot is working correctly by installing the board in another slot.		
	BE SURE TO TURN OFF THE COMPUTER BEFORE ADJUSTING THE HARDWARE.		

_			
Р	rn	h	lem
	ıv	v	

The following error message displays:

"Hardware error #1: Cannot find the USB Capture Box"

Possible Solution

Possible problems include:

- Check proper connection of USB video device
- Unsuccessful installation of the video device check installation via Windows Device Manager. See more details at the Software Installation – USB Attachment.
- Problem with video card hardware contact your provider

The following error message displays:

"Not enough power from USB port."

The following error message displays:

"Video Device Error"

Display does not update fast enough

 Try operation at another USB2.0 port. This is applicable only for revision "D".

· Contact factory for Service

The display update rate of a particular computer is influenced by a variety of factors:

- CPU Speed
- Computer RAM
- Video Card
- Video RAM
- Screen resolution
- · Screen color depth
- Other applications open at the same time

Refer to **Hardware Requirements** to see if your computer meets minimum requirements. Upgrade your computer hardware or close other opened applications.

The power value in the Measurement Data window is not correct Verify that:

- The Power Calibration is set (refer to Configuring Hardware topic).
- The Null Calibration is performed (refer to Setting the Ambient Light Suppression (CW lasers).
- The BeamOn camera is not saturated (refer to Using Filters).

Image is seen, but appears faint (weak intensity)

- Try setting a smaller shutter speed or Gain value in order to improve the image presentation (refer to Configuring the Hardware, Shutter option or Gain.
- Use the Zoom option to magnify the image display (refer to Configuring the Software, option Zoom).

Problem

Screen image is frozen, no real-time measurements

Possible Solution

- Verify that the Freeze option is not activated, by checking the menu bar for a "freeze" message (refer to Freezing Screen Graphics).
- Verify that the Snapshot option is not activated, by checking the menu bar for a "snapshot" message (refer to Creating / Viewing Snapshot files.

The image in the view area does not fully display

If the Zoom option is greater than 100%:

- Use the scroll bars to reach the main image presentation display.
- Reduce the Zoom value to 100%.

The Control Toolbar is not complete

You must use a 1024 x 768 resolution screen in order to fully view all the graphics.

You can still operate the system using the menu commands for activating the hidden **Control Toolbar** icons.

16.0 Customer Support

Support Inside Israel

Please have your serial number and software version number available before you call, and include it on your faxes! This will greatly assist our technical service personnel in helping you solve your difficulty!

By Phone

Please call the Duma Optronics Ltd. at 972-4-8200577 and ask for "CUSTOMER SERVICE". Our Support Hours are from 9:0 AM to 5:0 PM.

By Fax

If you wish to fax your question, our fax number is available 24 hours a day at 972-4-8204190. Please put "ATTENTION: Customer Service", on the cover sheet of the Fax.

By Internet

Email: sales@duma.co.il
Web: http://www.duma.co.il

Support Outside of Israel

Please call the Representative Company from which you purchased the BeamOn Series.

BeamOn Repair

We will try to answer your questions, and help solve the problem over the phone. The BeamOn has been designed to be robust and trouble free. If however, it appears that the system, or a portion of the system needs to be sent back for repair please make sure that you have first called in and received a Return of Materials Authorization Number, (RMA#).

The address for the Duma Optronics Ltd. is given below:

Duma Optronics Ltd.

Attn.: Customer Service.

17.0 DOVideoWCL.DLL - Windows Control Library.

Introduction

As mentioned in previous chapters, the BeamOn Series USB is a full capture and analysis application with sophisticated capabilities. However, many customers have special analysis demands and tools, yet are lacking data collection capabilities.

The DOVideoWCL.dll control contains easy-to-operate functions and properties that enable measuring beam parameters and creating your own application under Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7 environment. The DOVideoWCL.dll control was written using Microsoft .Net C#.

This has been tested in LabVIEW 8.6 (National Instruments) as well as C# (Microsoft).

Examples

Examples of a LabVIEW and a C# application are provided with the installation CD disk. All examples assume a rudimentary knowledge of the respective development platforms.

Windows Control Library

Types:

- 1) DrawLine { eNone, ePosition, eCursor };
 - **a.** Enumerate of measuring line types.
- 2) TypeProfile { eSum, eCross };
 - **a.** Enumerate of measuring profiles types.
- **3)** PositionUnits { eMilimetr, eRad };
 - **a.** Enumerate of measuring data units types.
- **4) Dimension** { d2D, d3D };
 - a. Enumerate of viewing picture types.
- **5)** Auto { eOff, eOn };
 - **a.** Enumerate of auto rotate 3D projection value.
- **6)** BucketType { eCircle, eEllipse, eRect };
 - a. Enumerate of power bucket types.
- 7) LaserType { eCW, ePulse };
 - a. Enumerate of laser type.

Events:

1) OnNewDataReceved: BeamOn has made a new measurement

Methods:

- 1) GetVideoDeviceArray(out ArrayList Devices) returns array list of the connected BeamOn Series video devices.
- 2) StopVideo() Stop BeamOn video device.
- 3) StartVideo (UInt16 Num) Start BeamOn video device.
- 4) SetLevel (Int16 Num, Single Level) set clip level.
- **5)** PointF GetCurrentPosition (int nROI) returns current measuring position.
- **6) PointF GetCurrentPeak** (int nROI) returns current measuring peak.
- 7) Single GetGaussCorrelation (int NProf) returns Gaussian correlation.

Properties:

- 1) ShutterTable get the shutter table values, used by the camera hardware.
- 2) Shutter get or set the shutter value from ShutterTable array.
- 3) GainTable get the gain table value, used by the camera hardware.
- 4) Gain get the gain value from GainTable array.
- **5) GainIndex -** get or set the index of gain used by the camera hardware.
- 6) ShiftGainIndex get or set the shift index of gain used by the camera hardware.
- 7) AveragePictureEnable enable or disable averaging pictures.
- 8) AveragePicture set or get of number pictures to averaging.
- 9) Average set or get number of measured data for averaging.
- 10) NumDevices set or get number of BeamOn devices connected to you computer.
- 11) CurrentDraw set or get type of cross line.
- 12) CurrentProfile get or set type of mesuring profiles.
- 13) ActiveDevice get or set active BeamOn device.
- 14) Unit get or set type of measuring data units.
- 15) FocalLens get or set focal lens value.
- 16) Levels get or set profile measure levels array.
- 17) Position get measured positions array.
- 18) Peak get measured peaks array.
- **19) ProfileWidth** get measured profiles width array.
- 20) GaussWidth get measured gaussian width array.
- 21) GaussCorrelation get measured gaussian corelations array.
- 22) ProfileV get measured Vertical profile data array.
- 23) ProfileH get measured Horizontal profile data array.
- **24) Projection** get measured projection data array.
- 25) CurrentDimension get or set view type of picture.

- **26) ProjectionWireDensity** get or set projection wire density.
- 27) ProjectionAngleTilt get or set projection angle tilt.
- **28) ProjectionStepRotation -** get or set projection step auto rotation.
- 29) ProjectionAngleRotation get or set projection angle rotation.
- **30) ProjectionAutoRotation** enable or disable projection auto rotation.
- 31) Zoom get current zoom value.
- **32) IndexZoom** get or set current zoom index.
- **33) EnablePowerBucket** get or set status measuring bucket power.
- **34)** BucketEnergy get or set in percent energy inside bucket.
- **35)** PowerBucket get or set type power bucket.
- **36)** BucketAngle, BucketSizeA, BucketSizeB get characteristics of measuring power bucket.
- **37)** TypeLaser get or set type of laser.
- **38)** TriggerValue get or set trigger level.
- **39)** EnableFreezeMode get or set freeze mode.

18.0 A P P E N D I X

- 1. NG4 filter transmittance & curve
- 2. NG9 filter transmittance & curve
- 3. NG10 filter transmittance & curve

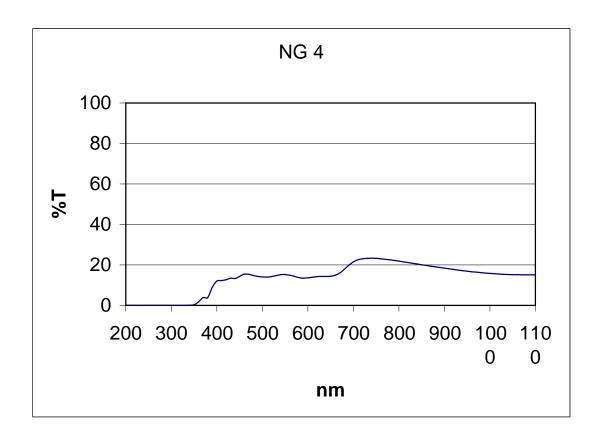
Type: NG 4

Thickness: 1,6 mm Diameter: 12,7 mm

Diameter: 12,7 mm	
Wavelength-nm	Transmission-%
350	0.353
360	1.767
370	3.89
380	3.866
390	8.864
400	12.014
410	12.274
420	12.659
430	13.459
440	13.25
450	14.276
460	15.416
470	15.369
480	14.809
490	14.304
500	14.039
510	13.985
520	14.23
530	14.68
540	15.153
550	15.267
560	14.955
570	14.377
580	13.772
590	13.439
600	13.574
610	13.898
620	14.223
630	14.342

640	14.282
650	14.388
660	14.885
670	16.003
680	17.803
690	19.871
700	21.517
710	22.503
720	23.025
730	23.256
740	23.304
750	23.211
760	23.032
770	22.776
780	22.51
790	22.197
800	21.865
810	21.507
820	21.171
830	20.809
840	20.45
850	20.092
860	19.754
870	19.401
880	19.088
890	18.738
900	18.385
910	18.078
920	17.766
930	17.459
940	17.179
950	16.905
960	16.637

970	16.404
980	16.19
990	15.984
1000	15.807
1010	15.644
1020	15.493
1030	15.364
1040	15.271
1050	15.191
1060	15.169
1070	15.121
1080	15.072
1090	15.129
1100	15.125



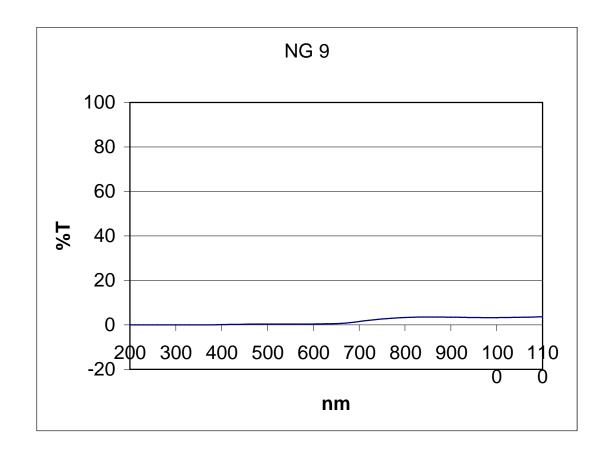
Type: NG9

Thickness: 1,6 mm Diameter: 12.7mm

Wavelength-nm	Transmission-%
350	0.002
360	0.001
370	0
380	0.008
390	0.049
400	0.117
410	0.159
420	0.196
430	0.241
440	0.244
450	0.294
460	0.366
470	0.378
480	0.362
490	0.342
500	0.335
510	0.327
520	0.332
530	0.345
540	0.362
550	0.365
560	0.361
570	0.35
580	0.34
590	0.344
600	0.367
610	0.402
620	0.446
630	0.485

640		0.523
650		0.575
660		0.654
670		0.781
680		0.978
690		1.236
700		1.517
710		1.787
720	;	2.033
730	;	2.252
740	;	2.454
750	;	2.633
760	;	2.802
770	:	2.962
780	;	3.086
790	;	3.204
800		3.31
810	;	3.395
820	;	3.456
830	;	3.502
840		3.53
850	;	3.542
860	;	3.548
870		3.53
880	;	3.515
890	;	3.489
900	;	3.453
910	;	3.421
920	;	3.396
930	;	3.364
940	;	3.333
1000	:	3.268
1010	;	3.278

1020	3.298
1030	3.317
1040	3.347
1050	3.374
1060	3.423
1070	3.486
1080	3.522
1090	3.602
1100	3.675



Type: NG10

Thickness: 1.6mm Diameter: 12.7mm

Wavelength-nm	Transmission-%
350	0.000
360	0.000
370	0.000
380	0.008
390	0.000
400	0.000
410	0.003
420	0.000
430	0.001
440	0.007
450	0.011
460	0.017
470	0.020
480	0.016
490	0.016
500	0.022
510	0.016
520	0.015
530	0.017
540	0.021
550	0.020
560	0.019
570	0.018
580	0.019
590	0.018
600	0.021
610	0.024
620	0.030
630	0.031
640	0.037
650	0.043
660	0.054

670	0.073
680	0.107
690	0.152
700	0.206
710	0.259
720	0.313
730	0.369
740	0.429
750	0.485
760	0.545
770	0.608
780	0.671
790	0.726
800	0.788
810	0.845
820	0.904
830	0.942
840	0.984
850	1.023
860	1.062
870	1.084
880	1.112
890	1.135
900	1.153
910	1.169
920	1.189
930	1.209
940	1.225
950	1.249
960	1.273
970	1.297
980	1.333
990	1.360
1000	1.393
1010	1.431
1020	1.471
1030	1.510

1040	1.558
1050	1.603
1060	1.653
1070	1.717
1080	1.776
1090	1.801
1100	1.904

