

Social network modeling and applications

Tutor: Lisette Espín-Noboa

Who are we?



COMPLEXITY
SCIENCE
HUB
VIENNA



CENTRAL
EUROPEAN
UNIVERSITY



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
WIEN



- **Assistant Professor**
Vienna University of
Technology (TU Wien)
- **Team lead**
Complexity Science Hub
Vienna
- **PhD. in Physics**
Umea University
- **Research**
Network inequalities,
computational social science

www.networkinequality.com



- **Associate Professor**
Central European University
(CEU)
- **PhD. in Physics**
University of São Paulo
- **Research**
Complex networks, network
inference, Bayesian modeling

skewed.de



- **Postdoc**
Complexity Science Hub
Vienna (CSH) & Central
European University (CEU)
- **PhD. in Computer Science**
University of Koblenz-Landau
- **Research**
Network fairness, social
network analysis, algorithmic
auditing, computational social
science

www.lisetteespin.info

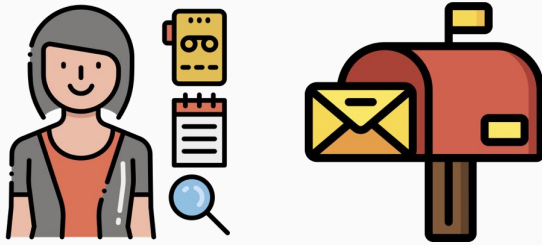
Why do we need this tutorial?

Because
social networks
are everywhere!

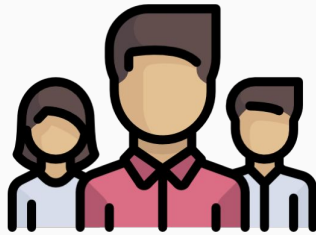


Social networks in the era of big data

Before



Field observations and surveys



“Designed” data covering few people
in small geographical areas

Now



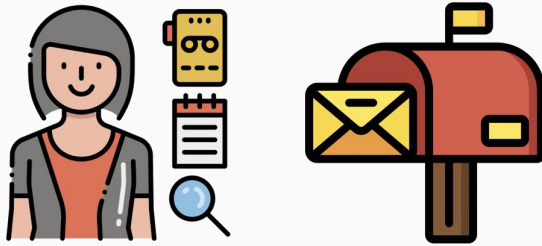
Digital footprints from
social media, phones, online surveys



“Organic” data covering almost
the entire world

Social networks in the era of big data and machine learning

Problem #1

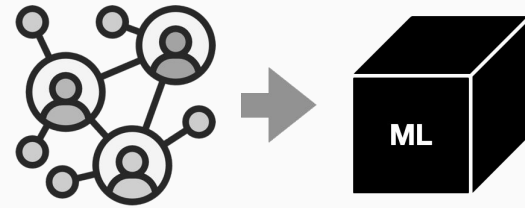


Traditional methods do not scale



We need new tools to characterize edge formation

Problem #2



ML algorithms are not transparent

classification

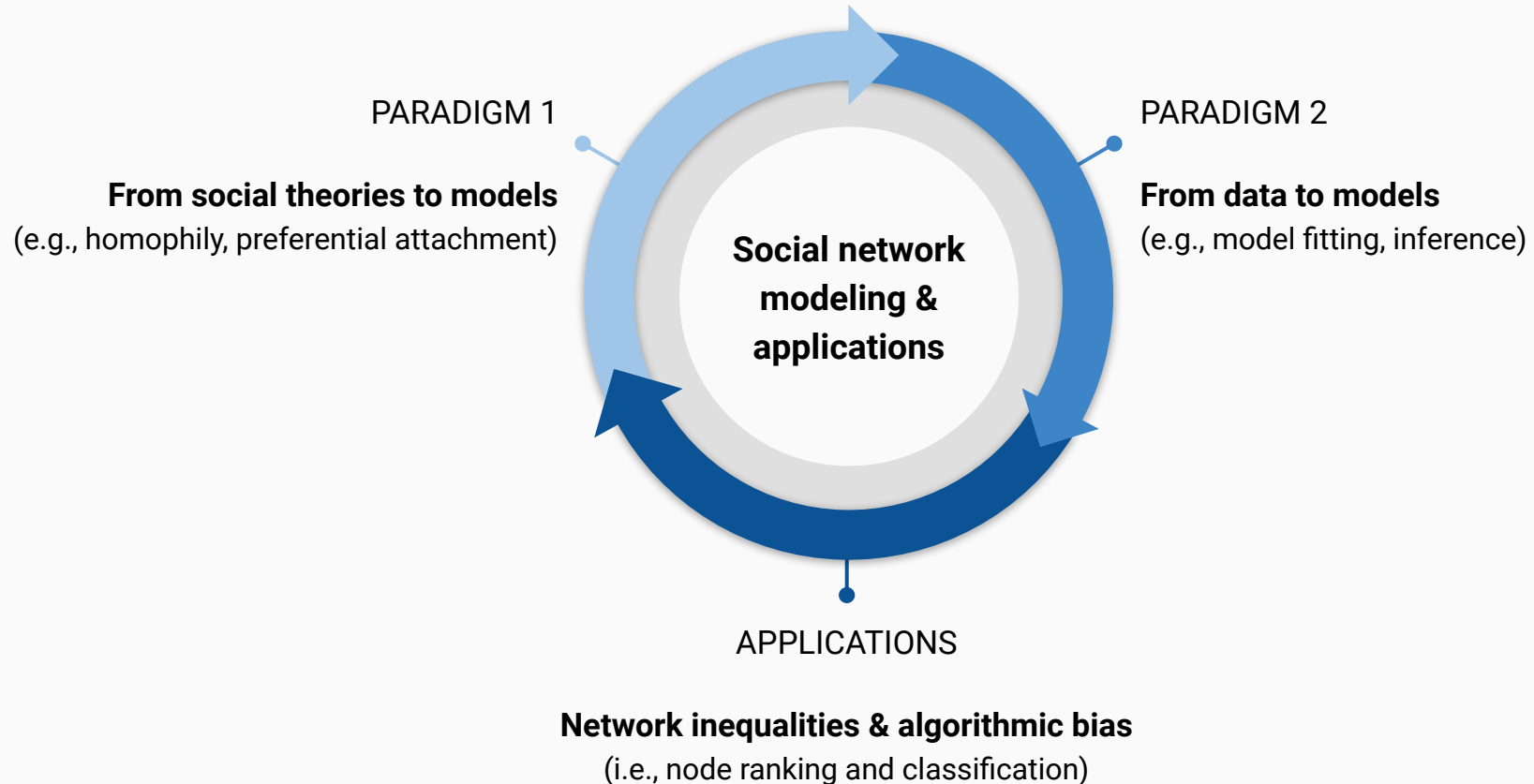


ranking



ML algorithms need to be interpretable and explainable

What we will cover in this tutorial



What you will learn today

1

How to generate realistic synthetic graphs

- Useful when real networks are too big, and for data protection
- How? Using `netin` and `graph-tool`

2

How to study social phenomena when no real network is available

- How do networks (edges) form?
- What-if scenarios via simulations

3

To audit network-based algorithms

- To audit network-based algorithms
 - When does my model fail?

What this tutorial is NOT about

- Extensive review of all existing random network models
 - Here we focus on models that help replicating the most important properties and mechanisms found in real-world social networks such as preferential attachment, homophily, and triadic closure.

Agenda

Sunday, April 30

10:00 - 17:00 (CDT)

AT&T Hotel and Conference Center
Classroom #103

10:30 - 12:30 Paradigm 1: From social theories to models
Tutor: Fariba Karimi

- Social theories
- Network properties and structure
- Network models

12:30 - 13:30 Lunch break

13:30 - 15:30 Paradigm 2: From data to models
Tutor: Tiago Peixoto

- Model fitting
- Model inference
- Model selection

15:30 - 16:40 Applications
Tutor: Lisette Espín-Noboa

- Biases in sampling and classification
- Ranking inequalities

16:40 - 17:00 Challenges & open questions
Tutor: Lisette Espín-Noboa

Material



All required information is on the tutorial's website:
<https://bit.ly/snma2023>