Statutory Sick Pay and an employee's claim for benefit

If you are an employer

You must fill in this form when an employee cannot get Statutory Sick Pay (SSP), or when an employee's SSP has come or is coming to an end.

The information you give will help the Department for Work and Pensions to decide on an employee's benefit application.

Please complete parts A, B and C of this form.

If you are an employee

Your employer has given you this form because you cannot get SSP, or because your SSP is coming to an end.

You can find out the reasons why in **Part C** and what to do next in **Part D**.

Part A (Employer to complete)

When you have completed this form, you must give it to the employee.

For more information about SSP go to www.gov.uk/employers-sick-pay

Or you can contact HM Revenue and Customs Employer helpline on **0300 200 3200**.

Medical information

Please send this form to your employee with any medical information they have given you which covers a period you cannot pay SSP for.

You can ask your employee to give you medical information as proof they cannot return to work if they are off for more than seven days.

Medical information can be a Statement of Fitness for Work, commonly known as a fit note (sometimes known as sick notes or doctor's notes). A GP or hospital doctor can issue a fit note.

Alternatively, you can use an Allied Health Professional (AHP) report if you, the employer, agree. A physiotherapist, podiatrist or occupational therapist can issue an AHP report.

This medical information should state whether or not the employee is not fit for work or may be fit for work. Return medical information to your employee as they may need it for future benefit applications.

Please tick one of the following boxes

I have enclosed medical information that covers a period I cannot pay SSP for.

I have **not** enclosed medical information



How DWP collects and uses information

When we collect information about you we may use it for any of our purposes. These include:

- social security benefits and allowances
- · child maintenance
- employment and training
- investigating and prosecuting tax credits offences
- private pensions policy and
- retirement planning.

We may get information about you from other parties for any of our purposes as the law allows to check the information you provide and improve our services. We may give information about you to other organisations as the law allows, for example to protect against crime.

To find out more about our purposes, how we use personal information for those purposes and your information rights, including how to request a copy of your information, please visit www.gov.uk/dwp/personal-information-charter

Part A: If you are an employer continued

I declare that the information I have given on this form is correct and complete as far as I know and believe.

I understand that if this employee has been getting SSP, I must continue to pay SSP up to and including the day before the date I have written in **Part B** of this form.

Employer's name		
Employer's signature		
Date		
Position in firm		
Phone number		
Fax number		
Email address		
Employer's address		
Postcode		
Employer's stamp		

Part B: About your employee (Employer to complete)

Title		
Surname or family name		
All other names, in full		
Address		
	Postcode	
National Insurance (NI) number		
Clock, payroll or employee number		
Tax reference number This is also known as the Employee PAYE reference. Have you been paying your employee SSP? No		
Yes	please tell us the start and end dates of the payment.	
	From To If payment has not ended yet, please tell us the date when it will end	

Part C: Why you cannot get Statutory Sick Pay (Employer to complete)

You cannot get SSP on or after

This is because:

You got Employment and Support Allowance during the last 12 weeks.

Your contract of employment is for a fixed period and has ended.

You became sick after your contract of employment ended. (**Note for employee**: Your employer will have to pay you SSP if they ended your contract solely or mainly to avoid paying SSP).

You will soon have been getting SSP for 28 weeks in a row.

Or, you have had SSP for 28 weeks in total, made up of separate times you were sick that were 8 weeks or less apart.

Your average earnings for the 8 weeks before you were sick were less than the Lower Earnings Limit. You can find out more by searching for rates and thresholds for employers on www.gov.uk

You are expecting a baby soon or you have just had a baby.

Note for employee:

- if you can get Statutory Maternity Pay (SMP), which is money paid by the employer to women for time off work to have their baby, you cannot get SSP during your 39-week maternity pay period.
- if you cannot get SMP you may be able to get a benefit payment called Maternity Allowance (MA). If you can get MA, you cannot get SSP.

You have been sick on and off for more than 3 years. Each time you were sick, it was for longer than 4 days and you did not go back to work for more than 8 weeks before you were sick again.

You were away from work because of a trade dispute which started before the first day you were sick.

Note for employee:

- You may get SSP if you were already getting it when the dispute began
- You may get SSP if you can show you were sick and had no direct involvement in the dispute for example this could be a strike, a walkout or a lockout

You were sick while in legal custody. Or you are now in legal custody or have been given a prison sentence.

You were working outside the UK on the day you first became sick and your employer did not have to pay employer's class 1 National Insurance contributions on your earnings on that day.

You have not started working for your employer yet.

You did not tell your employer about your sickness.

Part D: Employee - what to do now

If you disagree with your employer's decision not to pay you SSP, ask your employer to explain it to you. If, after talking to your employer, you are still unsure about this decision you can visit www.gov.uk/statutory-sick-pay for more information

Ask your employer for a reason if you think:

- their decision not to pay you SSP is wrong
- you are not getting the right amount of SSP

If you still disagree, you can phone HM Revenue & Customs Statutory Payments Dispute team on **0300 056 0630** for advice.

If you are still off work because of an illness or disability you may be able to get money and support:

- to help you get back to work, or
- if you are not able to work in the long term

You may be able to apply for Universal Credit or get help with housing costs. Your employer will return any medical information they have to you for future benefit applications.

If you have paid enough National Insurance contributions, usually in the last 2 full tax years you may be able to apply for:

- New Style Jobseeker's Allowance
- New Style Employment and Support Allowance

Please visit www.gov.uk/browse/benefits to find out more.

You could ask your family, or someone you know, if you can use their internet access. You can also get access to the internet in your local jobcentre.

If you need more information on what benefits you might be able to apply for, local welfare advice services, such as Citizens Advice, may be able to help you.

Further help and support

If you cannot apply online for Universal Credit or go online to download the New Style Employment and Support Allowance application form and you need further support, you can call:

- Telephone: 0800 328 5644
- Text phone: 0800 328 1344
- NGT text relay (if you cannot hear or speak on the phone): **18001** then

0800 328 5644

Welsh language: 0800 328 1744

Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm

If you cannot apply online for New Style Jobseeker's Allowance and you need further support you can call:

- Telephone: **0800 055 6688**
- Text phone: 0800 023 4888
- NGT text relay (if you cannot hear or speak on the phone): **18001** then

0800 055 6688

Welsh language: **0800 012 1888**

Monday to Friday, 8am to 6pm

Please note, this form is not an application for benefit.