



Kali Linux network interfaces can be configured at the command line or via editing a file. We can examine the status of the interfaces via the following:

```
auto eth0
iface eth0 inet dhcp
```

This tells us that the device eth0 has the IP address 192.168.2.201/24. We can define network configuration via editing the file /etc/network/interfaces. In this file you can define the interface eth0 to be via dhcp, as follows.

We can also define the interface to have a static IP address as follows. In the following we are defining the interface eth0 to be a static IP address 192.168.2.201 on a class C network. The auto eth0 command instructs the kernel to bring the interface up when the system boots up. The keywords in the file allow us to define aspects of the IP address, such as its network and broadcast address.

```
auto eth0
iface eth0 inet static
address 192.168.2.201
network 192.168.2.0
netmask 255.255.255.0
broadcast 192.168.2.255
```

```
root⊕kali)-[/home/kali]
# ifdown eth0

root⊕kali)-[/home/kali]
# ifup eth0
```

We can bring interfaces up using the **ifup** command and take interfaces down using the **ifdown** command.

Once we have defined the network interface's IP address, we next need to define the DNS server that will be used to resolve all DNS queries. This is contained in the file /etc/resolv.conf as follows. In the following we define the IP address of the DNS server that we are going to use as 192.168.2.12.

```
nameserver 192.168.2.12
```

We can test the DNS configuration via the nslookup command as follows. In this examine we will query the IP address of the DNS name of www.merimetso.net. In this example we can see that the tool nslookup is querying the DNS server (192.168.2.12) to get the IP address for the computer system with the full qualified domain name (FQDN) www.merimetso.net

```
representation (root ⊕kali) - [/home/kali]

# nslookup

> www.merimetso.net

Server: 192.168.2.12

Address: 192.168.2.12#53

Name: www.merimetso.net

Address: 192.168.2.11

>
```

```
iface eth0 inet static
    . . . . . . .
    dns-nameservers 192.168.2.12
```

We can also define the DNS server via adding the following to the file /etc/network/interfaces.