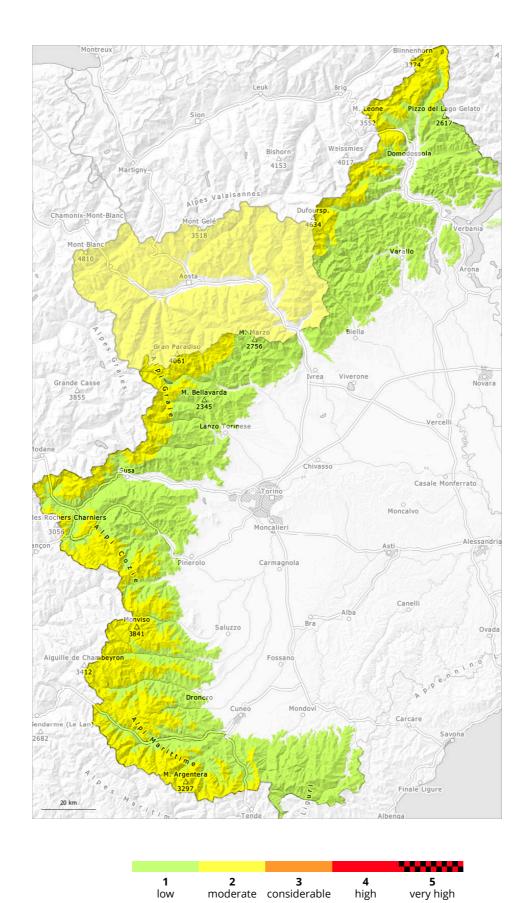
Published 21 02 2025, 17:00







moderate considerable

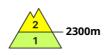
low

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## **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**





**Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger** on Sunday 23 02 2025





weak laver



Snowpack stability: fair Frequency: few Avalanche size: medium

Weakly bonded old snow at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. In addition the more recent wind slabs should be taken into account.

Avalanches can in very isolated cases be released in the old snowpack and reach medium size in particular on steep shady slopes. This applies in particular in case of a large load.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

The spring-like weather conditions gave rise to increasing consolidation of the snowpack in particular at low and intermediate altitudes. It is largely stable and its surface has a melt-freeze crust that is strong in many cases, in particular on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2200 m.

The high temperatures on Thursday gave rise to significant moistening of the snowpack on sunny slopes.

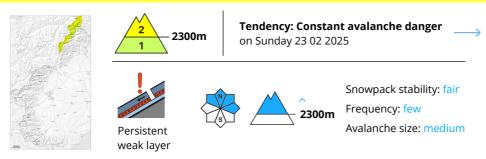
In shady places that are protected from the wind intermediate and high altitudes: Towards its surface, the snowpack is fairly homogeneous; its surface consists of faceted crystals.

Towards its base, the snowpack is faceted and weak. This applies in particular on steep east, north and northwest facing slopes,.

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## **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**



# Individual weak layers exist in the snowpack. In addition the more recent wind slabs must be taken into account.

Avalanches can in isolated cases be released in the old snowpack and reach medium size in particular on very steep shady slopes, caution is to be exercised in steep rocky terrain, as well as on steep, little used shady slopes.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

#### Snowpack

 Danger patterns
 dp.1: deep persistent weak layer
 dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

High altitudes and the high Alpine regions: As a consequence of mild temperatures, low relative humidity and the light wind, the snow drift accumulations stabilised during the last few days.

In shady places that are protected from the wind: Towards its surface, the snowpack is fairly homogeneous; its surface consists of faceted crystals.

Very steep sunny slopes: Towards its surface, the snowpack is largely stable and its surface has a melt-freeze crust that is strong in many cases.

Towards its base, the snowpack is faceted and weak. This applies in particular on steep east, north and northwest facing slopes,.



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## **Danger Level 2 - Moderate**





**Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger** on Sunday 23 02 2025





weak layer





Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in steep terrain at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

Dry avalanches can in very isolated cases be released in the old snowpack and reach medium size especially on very steep shady slopes. This applies in particular in case of a large load.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

As a consequence of highly fluctuating temperatures a crust formed on the surface during the last few days, in particular on steep sunny slopes below approximately 2500 m, as well as at low altitude.

Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the old snowpack, especially in areas where the snow cover is rather shallow.

At low altitude less snow than usual is lying. Watch out for the numerous rocks hidden by the little recent snow.

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## **Danger Level 1 - Low**





**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** on Sunday 23 02 2025

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep slopes above approximately 2400 m.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls above approximately 2400 m and on extreme north facing slopes.

Avalanches can as before be released by large loads, but they will be small in most cases. Watch out for the numerous rocks hidden by the little recent snow.

#### Snowpack

**Danger patterns** 

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

The snowpack is largely stable.

As a consequence of highly fluctuating temperatures a crust formed on the surface, in particular below approximately 2200 m. The high temperatures on Thursday gave rise to moistening of the snowpack over a wide area on sunny slopes.

In all altitude zones less snow than usual is lying.

