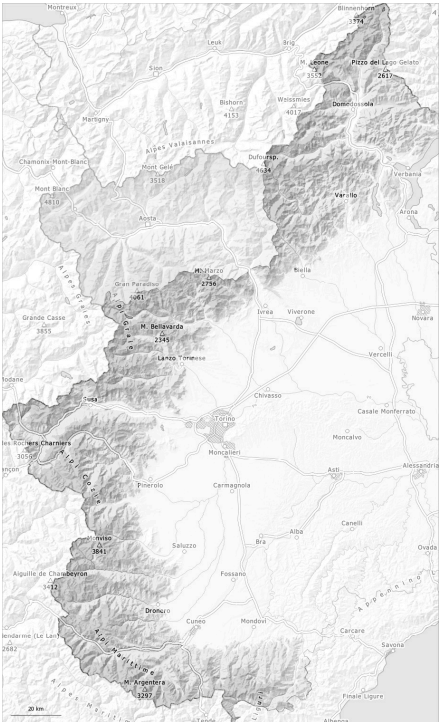
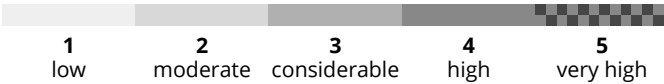
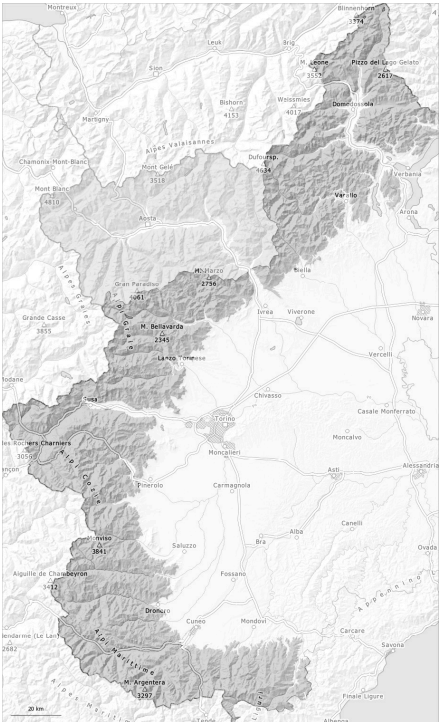


AM




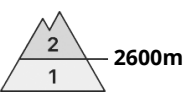
PM




Danger Level 2 - Moderate


AM:






Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 07 04 2025



Wind slab






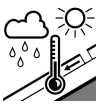
Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**


PM:







Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 07 04 2025



Wet snow






Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**


Wind slab





Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**

The danger of moist and wet avalanches will increase during the day, reaching danger level 2 (moderate).

The fresh and older wind slabs can be released in isolated cases, but mostly only by large additional loads, in particular on very steep shady slopes and at elevated altitudes.

In particular in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place more small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible as a consequence of warming during the day. Backcountry tours and ascents to alpine cabins should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.10: springtime scenario


5 to 15 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, fell on Tuesday above approximately 2000 m. As a consequence of a sometimes moderate southeasterly wind, rather small wind slabs formed adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls as well as in high Alpine regions.

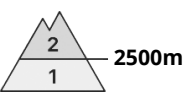
Tendency

The weather conditions will foster a substantial strengthening of the snowpack in particular at low and intermediate altitudes. As a consequence of falling temperatures, the natural avalanche activity will appreciably decrease.





Danger Level 2 - Moderate


AM:




Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 07 04 2025



Wind slab





2500m


Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**


PM:




Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 07 04 2025



Wet snow





2500m

Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**


Wind slab




2500m

Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**

Moist and wet avalanches are still possible.

The wind slabs can be released in isolated cases in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2500 m. Medium-sized avalanches are still not ruled out.

In particular in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place medium-sized gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible as a consequence of warming during the day. Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.10: springtime scenario

Over a wide area 15 to 20 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, fell on Tuesday above approximately 1800 m. As a consequence of northeasterly wind, soft wind slabs formed. The more recent wind slabs are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack on steep shady slopes at elevated altitudes. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften during the day.


Tendency

The weather conditions will foster a substantial strengthening of the snowpack in particular at low and intermediate altitudes. As a consequence of falling temperatures, the natural avalanche activity will appreciably decrease. Some snow will fall from the afternoon.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



2


1

2400m

Wind slab

N

S



2400m

Snowpack stability: poor

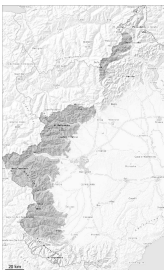
Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium

Tendency: Constant avalanche danger

on Monday 07 04 2025

PM:



2

Tendency: Constant avalanche danger


on Monday 07 04 2025

Wet snow

Wind slab

N

S



2400m

Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some


Avalanche size: medium

Wet snow

Wind slab

N

S



2400m

Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium

The natural activity of small and medium moist and wet avalanches will gradually increase.

The fresh wind slabs can still be released in some cases in particular on near-ridge shady slopes and generally at elevated altitudes. Medium-sized avalanches are possible. Avalanches can in isolated cases be triggered in the old snowpack and reach large size.

In particular on steep sunny slopes and in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place more medium-sized gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible as a consequence of warming during the day. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Backcountry tours and ascents to alpine cabins should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.10: springtime scenario

Over a wide area 30 to 50 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, fell on Tuesday above approximately 1800 m. The wind slabs are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack on shady slopes at elevated altitudes.

The surface of the snowpack will freeze, but a strong crust will not form and will soften during the day. Weak layers exist in the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes.

Tendency

Piemonte

Page 4

The weather conditions will foster a substantial strengthening of the snowpack in particular at low and intermediate altitudes. As a consequence of falling temperatures, the natural avalanche activity will appreciably decrease.

Some snow will fall from the afternoon.

