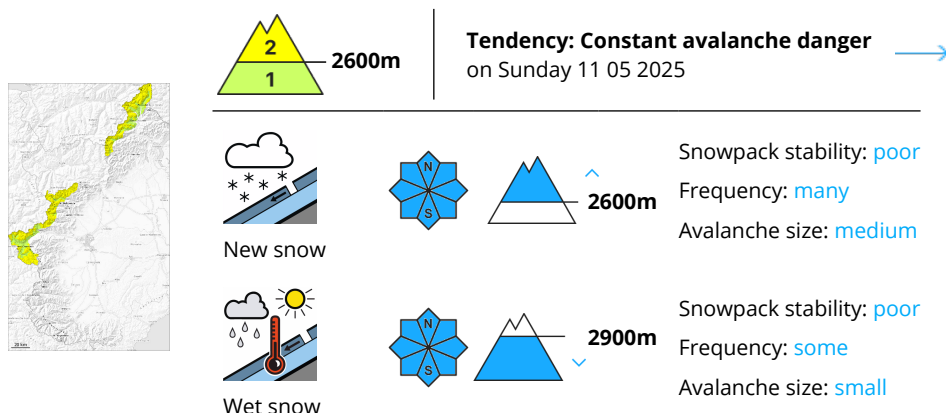


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



The new snow of the last few days can be released naturally also on shady slopes below approximately 2600 m. Backcountry touring calls for meticulous route selection.

In the late morning in some localities danger level 3 (considerable) will be reached in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation above approximately 2600 m.

The new snow can be released by a single winter sport participant in some cases. This applies in particular on very steep slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation more avalanches are possible, even medium-sized ones, caution is to be exercised in steep rocky terrain, as well as on sunny slopes between approximately 2200 and 2800 m.

Below approximately 2600 m mostly small moist loose snow avalanches are possible.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the high Alpine regions, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

In some localities 20 to 40 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Wednesday above approximately 2300 m. Down to 1600 m snow has fallen in some localities.

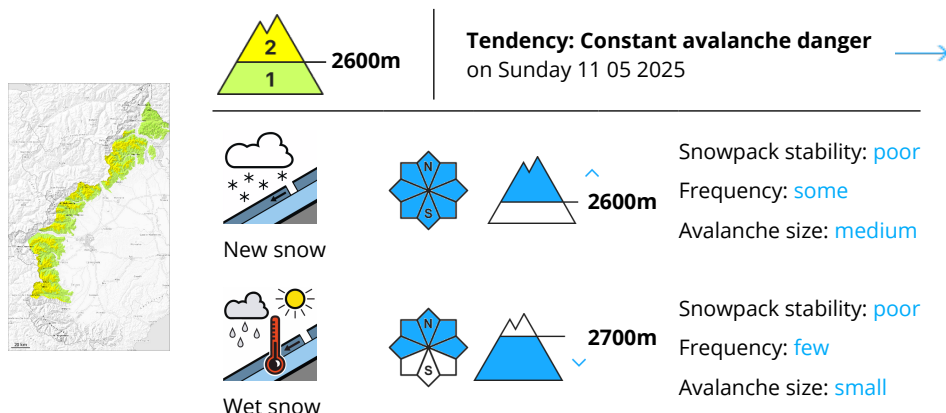
The wind was moderate in the vicinity of peaks in the west. Below approximately 2800 m:

In its middle, the snowpack is moist and its surface consists of loosely bonded snow lying on a melt-freeze crust.

Below approximately 1900 m only a little snow is lying. On shady slopes above approximately 2200 m there is still a very large amount of snow.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



The new snow of the last few days can be released naturally also on shady slopes below approximately 2600 m.

The new snow can be released by a single winter sport participant in some cases. This applies in particular in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation on very steep slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation more avalanches are possible, even medium-sized ones. This applies in particular at the base of rock walls, as well as in extremely steep terrain above approximately 2600 m.

Below approximately 2600 m mostly small moist loose snow avalanches are possible.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the high Alpine regions, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

In some localities up to 10 cm of snow will fall above approximately 2500 m.

The high humidity gave rise to moistening of the snowpack also at high altitude. Below approximately 2800 m: In its middle, the snowpack is moist and its surface consists of loosely bonded snow lying on a melt-freeze crust.

Below approximately 1900 m only a little snow is lying.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Sunday 11 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Slight increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of solar radiation.

Towards its surface, the snowpack is largely stable and its surface has a crust that is strong in many cases. The early morning will see favourable conditions, but the danger of wet avalanches will increase later. Even a small avalanche can sweep snow sport participants along and give rise to falls, in the event of solar radiation caution is to be exercised on very steep slopes. Backcountry tours should be started early and concluded timely.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

In some regions in some localities up to 10 cm of snow will fall above approximately 2400 m. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust only at high altitudes and will soften quickly. Below approximately 2000 m hardly any snow is lying.

