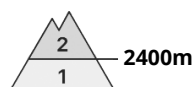


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Monday 15 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep slopes above approximately 2400 m.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in steep terrain at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions and on steep, little used shady slopes, where Large-grained weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack. This applies in particular along the border with Switzerland.

Below approximately 2200 m from a snow sport perspective, insufficient snow is lying.

The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

At high altitudes and in high Alpine regions snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. At low and intermediate altitudes only a little snow is now lying.

Sunshine and high temperatures gave rise to increasing moistening of the snowpack on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 3000 m. These conditions fostered a gradual strengthening of the snowpack especially on very steep sunny slopes.

Individual weak layers exist in the old snowpack on shady slopes.

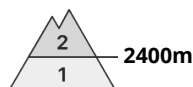
Tendency

As a consequence of mild temperatures the snowpack consolidated during the last few days.

Monday: The weather will be cold. Evening and night: Down to low altitudes snow will fall in some regions.



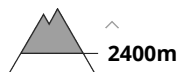
Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Monday 15 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Weak layers in the lower part of the snowpack represent the main danger.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in steep terrain at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions and in gullies and bowls, where weak layers exist in the old snowpack or where melt-freeze crusts have formed are unfavourable. This applies especially along the border with France.

The avalanches can be released, mostly by large loads in isolated cases and reach medium size.

In other regions the avalanche prone locations are more rare and the danger is lower.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

Sunny slopes and low and intermediate altitudes: The snowpack is fairly homogeneous and its surface has a melt-freeze crust.

Shady slopes and in places that are protected from the wind: The snowpack is soft and has a loosely bonded surface. Large-grained weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack here.

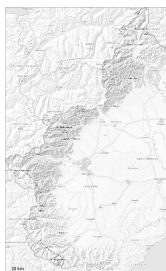
Tendency

As a consequence of mild temperatures the snowpack consolidated during the last few days.

Monday: The weather will be cold. Evening and night: Down to low altitudes snow will fall in some regions.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 15 12 2025

In these regions only a little snow is lying. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Very isolated avalanche prone locations are to be found at high altitude and on extremely steep slopes. The avalanches in these locations are small and can mostly only be released by large loads.

Be careful of the numerous rocks hidden by the little snow.

Snowpack

In all altitude zones from a snow sport perspective, in most cases insufficient snow is lying.

The snowpack will be generally stable.

Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to moistening of the snowpack in particular on sunny slopes at low and intermediate altitudes.

Tendency

Monday: The weather will be cold. The avalanche danger will persist. Evening and night: Down to low altitudes snow will fall in some regions.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Monday 15 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



2200m

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep, little used shady slopes. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found on steep slopes above approximately 2200 m. Places where weak layers exist in the old snowpack or where melt-freeze crusts have formed are unfavourable.

The avalanches can still in isolated cases be released, mostly by large loads, but they will be small in most cases.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

As a consequence of mild temperatures and solar radiation the snowpack consolidated during the last few days.

On sunny slopes as well as at low altitude only a little snow is lying on south and southeast facing slopes. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to slight moistening of the snowpack in particular on sunny slopes at low and intermediate altitudes.

Tendency

Monday: The weather will be cold. The avalanche danger will persist. Evening and night: Down to low altitudes snow will fall.

