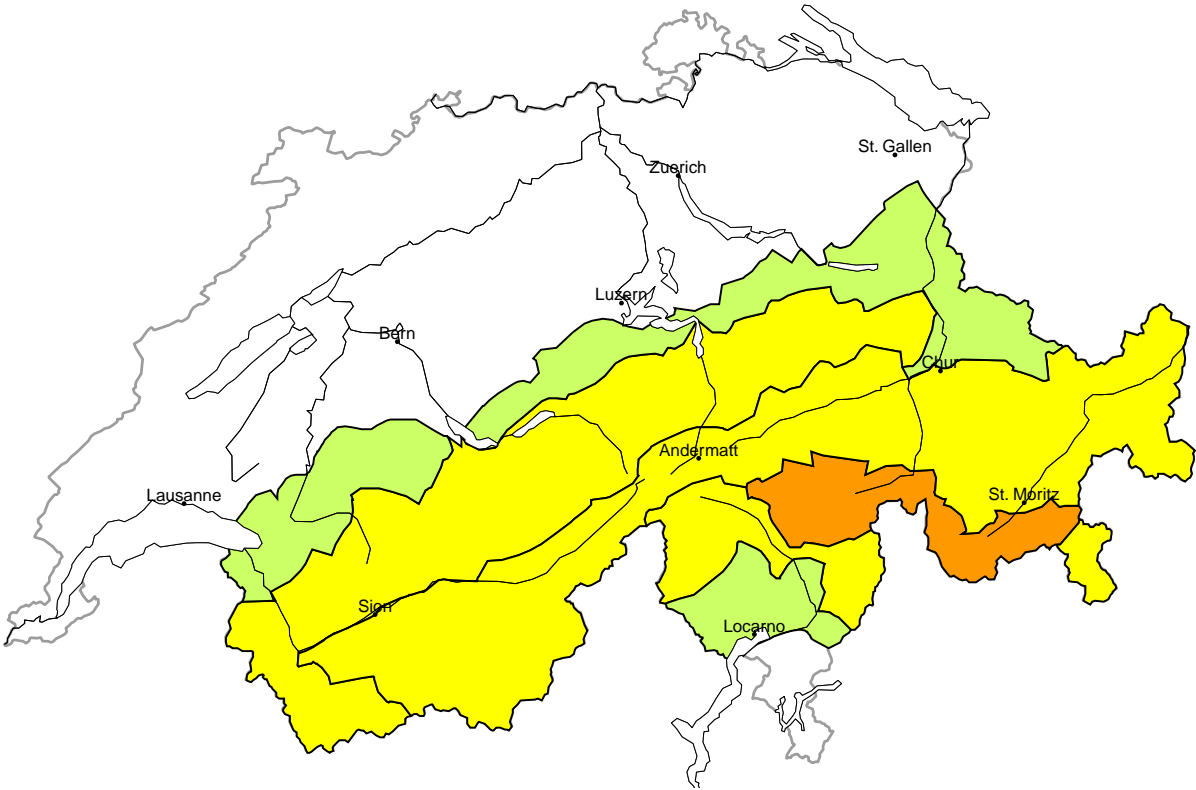


Avalanche danger
updated on 16.11.2025, 17:00



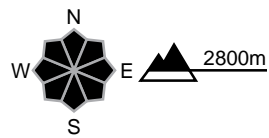
region A

Considerable (3-)



New snow, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Up to 30 cm of snow fell in the last two days above approximately 2400 m. Up to 15 cm of snow will fall until Monday.

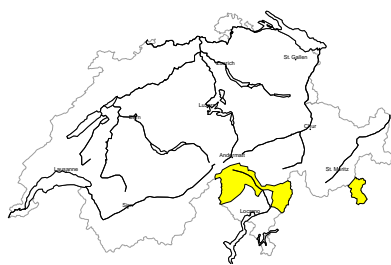
The new snow and wind slabs of the last few days are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes. As a consequence of a sometimes strong northerly wind, further wind slabs will form as well. Avalanches can be released easily and reach large size in isolated cases.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

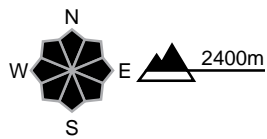
region B

Moderate (2+)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

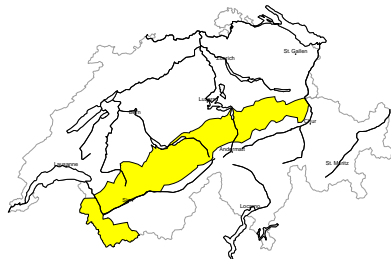


Danger description

15 to 30 cm of snow fell in the last two days above approximately 2400 m.
The new snow and wind slabs of the last few days are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes. As a consequence of a sometimes strong northerly wind, further wind slabs will form as well. Avalanches can in some places be released easily and reach medium size.
Backcountry touring calls for careful route selection. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

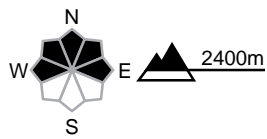
region C

Moderate (2=)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

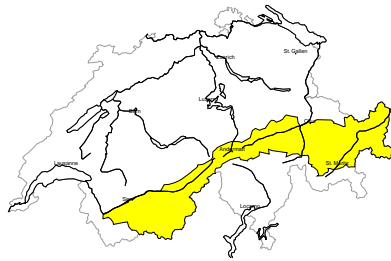


Danger description

Over a wide area 15 to 30 cm of snow will fall until Monday above approximately 2000 m.
As a consequence of new snow and a sometimes strong wind from northerly directions, avalanche prone wind slabs will form. These will be deposited on a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes. Avalanches can in some places be released easily and reach medium size.
Backcountry touring calls for careful route selection. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

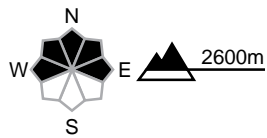
region D

Moderate (2-)



Wind slab

Avalanche prone locations

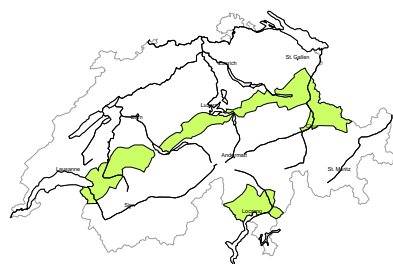


Danger description

Up to 15 cm of snow will fall until Monday above approximately 2400 m.
As a consequence of a moderate to strong wind, small wind slabs will form in some places. These are to be evaluated with care and prudence especially in terrain where there is a danger of falling. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

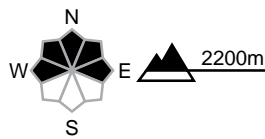
region E

Low (1)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Up to 20 cm of snow will fall until Monday above approximately 2000 m.
Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in extremely steep terrain. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack and weather

updated on 16.11.2025, 17:00

Snowpack

On northern slopes, the snowline is around 2000 m and on southern slopes between 2400 m and 2800 m. At high altitudes, there are patches of continuous snowpack in gullies and bowls on shady slopes. The snow is significantly deeper above 2800 m.

On Saturday, precipitation set in in the south. Conditions had previously been generally dry and sunny in the mountains over the last two weeks. While the snow had largely melted on steep south-facing slopes at high altitudes over this period, on shady slopes and generally in the high Alpine regions, the snowpack had begun to become faceted. Distinct weak layers had formed. Avalanches can easily be triggered where fresh and drifted snow falls on this snowpack.

Outlook

A further 5 to 20 cm of snow will fall above 1000 m in the north by the night to Tuesday with sometimes strong north to northeasterly winds. On Tuesday and Wednesday, conditions will be mostly sunny with zero-degree levels between 1000 m and 1400 m. The wind will be light to moderate and shift from northeast to southwest on Wednesday.

Avalanche risk will hardly change on Tuesday and will decrease slowly on Wednesday.