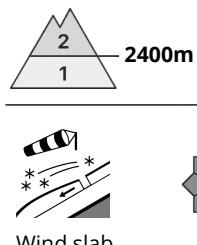




Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Tuesday 25 11 2025 →



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: medium

Wind slabs represent the main danger.

The wind slabs can be released by a single winter sport participant. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes and adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas above approximately 2400 m.

As a consequence of the new snow moist loose snow avalanches are possible, but they will be mostly small. This applies on very steep sunny slopes, and in steep rocky terrain.

In many places there is a danger of falling on the icy crust.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

The moderate wind has transported some snow. In particular adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas mostly small wind slabs formed.

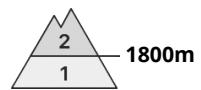
The old snowpack is faceted and weak. The new snow is bonding only slowly with the old snowpack in particular on very steep shady slopes at elevated altitudes.

Tendency

Up to 20 cm of snow will fall in all altitude zones.



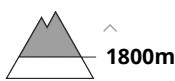
Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Tuesday 25 11 2025 →



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: **very poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **very poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

Small and medium sized avalanches and wet avalanches during the day are possible in isolated cases.

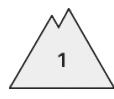
In very isolated cases the avalanches are medium-sized. In particular, however, the wind slabs should be taken into account.

Snowpack

As a consequence of snowfall and the occasionally moderate northeasterly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations formed on Saturday. Significant warming to below 1800 m.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Tuesday 25 11 2025



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Moist snow slides and avalanches are possible in isolated cases.

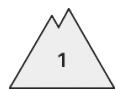
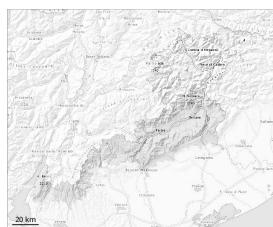
Mostly the moist avalanches are small.

Snowpack

Significant warming. The weather conditions will give rise to increasing moistening of the snowpack over a wide area.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Tuesday 25 11 2025



Wind slab



Treeline



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Wind slabs require caution. This applies on extremely steep shady slopes in the vicinity of peaks.

The wind slabs are small but to be assessed critically. As a consequence of the new snow individual loose snow avalanches are possible, but they will be mostly small. In many places there is a danger of falling on the icy crust.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Wind slabs have formed adjacent to ridgelines. In some places new snow is lying on an icy crust. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Tendency

Up to 20 cm of snow will fall above approximately 1100 m.

