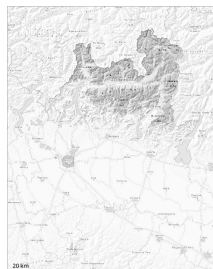


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 29 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Weakly bonded old snow especially in shady places that are protected from the wind. Small and medium sized avalanches are possible.

In many cases new snow is lying on old snow containing large grains. Precarious weak layers exist in the snowpack on wind-protected shady slopes.

In isolated cases the avalanches are medium-sized and can be released in some cases even by a single winter sport participant.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

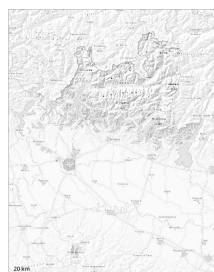
dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Some fresh snow and the mostly small wind slabs are poorly bonded with the old snowpack in particular on steep north, northeast and northwest facing slopes above approximately 2300 m.

Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the old snowpack in shady places that are protected from the wind. At low and intermediate altitudes from a snow sport perspective, insufficient snow is lying.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Monday 29 12 2025



Wet snow



Persistent
weak layer



In the afternoon as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation there will be an increase in the danger of moist avalanches.

The new snow of the day before yesterday can be released naturally on steep sunny slopes. Avalanche prone weak layers exist in the snowpack especially on shady slopes. In isolated cases the avalanches are small.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

In many cases new snow is lying on old snow containing large grains. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in shady places that are protected from the wind. From a snow sport perspective, in most cases insufficient snow is lying.

Tendency

Significant warming.

