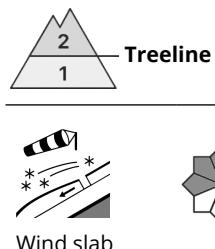


1 low      2 moderate      3 considerable      4 high      5 very high



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



**Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger**  
on Friday 26 12 2025



Fresh wind slabs represent the main danger.

As a consequence of new snow and a strong wind from easterly directions, wind slabs formed on Wednesday in gullies and bowls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. These can in some cases be released, even by a single winter sport participant, but they will be small in most cases. Caution is to be exercised in particular on shady slopes above the tree line in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

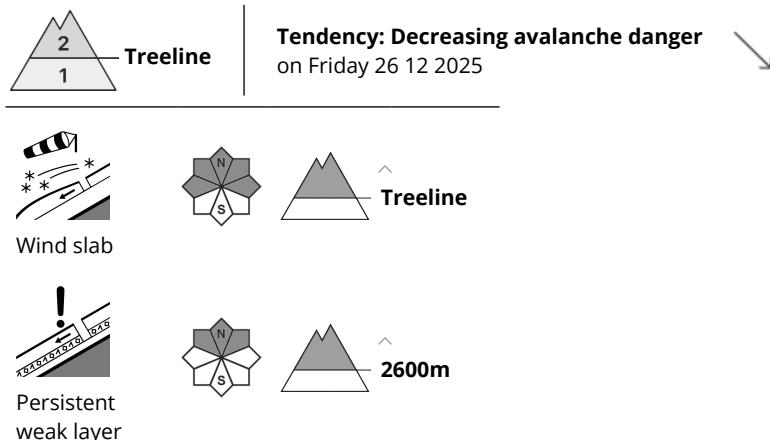
In particular along the border with Veneto 5 to 10 cm of snow has fallen. The wind was strong for a temporary period in some regions. The fresh wind slabs are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack on wind-protected shady slopes. The old snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

## Tendency

The conditions will foster a rapid stabilisation of the snowpack.



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Fresh wind slabs represent the main danger.

In isolated cases avalanches can be triggered in the weakly bonded old snow. Such avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on extremely steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m.

As a consequence of new snow and a strong wind from easterly directions, wind slabs formed on Wednesday in gullies and bowls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. These can in some cases be released, even by a single winter sport participant, but they will be small in most cases. Caution is to be exercised in particular on shady slopes above the tree line in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation. Avalanches can in isolated cases penetrate deep layers and reach medium size, especially at elevated altitudes.

## Snowpack

**Danger patterns**

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

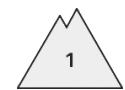
In some regions up to 15 cm of snow has fallen. The wind will be strong for a temporary period in some localities. The fresh wind slabs will be deposited on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack on wind-protected shady slopes. The old snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

## Tendency

The conditions will foster a gradual stabilisation of the snow drift accumulations.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Friday 26 12 2025



Treeline

Low avalanche danger will prevail.

Avalanches can in isolated cases be released. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes at elevated altitudes. Avalanches are small.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

## Snowpack

Some snow has fallen. In some cases new snow and wind slabs are lying on soft layers. The fresh wind slabs are in isolated cases prone to triggering.

Only a little snow is lying.

## Tendency

Low avalanche danger will prevail.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Friday 26 12 2025



Persistent  
weak layer



Wind slabs and weakly bonded old snow require caution.

As a consequence of new snow and a gusty wind, sometimes avalanche prone wind slabs formed in particular on northwest, north and northeast facing slopes. Caution is to be exercised adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls at elevated altitudes.

In isolated cases avalanches can be triggered in the weakly bonded old snow. Such avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on extremely steep shady slopes above approximately 2600 m. Mostly avalanches are small.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

## Snowpack

**Danger patterns**

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

2 to 5 cm of snow will fall.

Shady slopes above approximately 2600 m: Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack.

Below approximately 2600 m: The snowpack is largely stable. Hardly any snow is lying on south facing slopes.

The snowpack will be generally subject to considerable local variations. Less snow than usual is lying in all altitude zones.

## Tendency

Low avalanche danger will prevail.

