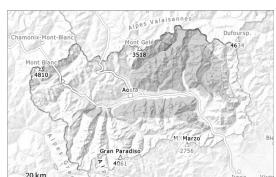


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Tuesday 30 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



2300m



Wind slab



2200m

Weak layers in the old snowpack are treacherous. In addition the wind slabs should be taken into account.

The new snow and wind slabs of last week are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack on northwest to north to east facing aspects.

Single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. Especially on very steep slopes they can be triggered in the faceted old snow. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in little used terrain. Remotely triggered avalanches are possible.

On extremely steep sunny slopes and at the base of rock walls only isolated dry and moist avalanches are possible as the day progresses, but they will be mostly small.

Snowpack

15 to 25 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Tuesday above approximately 2000 m. Several small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized dry slab avalanches have been released by people in the last three days.

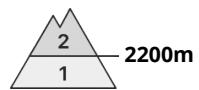
Large-grained weak layers exist in the old snowpack on shady slopes. The new snow of the last few days is lying on surface hoar in some places. At intermediate and high altitudes snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Tendency

The weather will be sunny. The wind will be moderate to strong in particular along the border with Switzerland. The new snow and wind slabs of last week are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Tuesday 30 12 2025 →



Wind slab



Persistent
weak layer



Fresh wind slabs require caution.

As a consequence of new snow and a moderate southeasterly wind, wind slabs formed in the last few days. The avalanche prone locations are to be found adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. In the areas closest to the French border: Here the avalanche prone locations are more prevalent. Even single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. The avalanches can be triggered in the faceted old snow and reach medium size in isolated cases. Whumping sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack are a clear indication of a weakly bonded snowpack. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger. In highly frequented off-piste terrain and on popular backcountry touring routes the snowpack is less prone to triggering. Mostly small natural avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

10 to 20 cm of snow has fallen since Tuesday above approximately 2000 m. Several medium-sized dry slab avalanches have been released by people in the last few days.

Weak layers exist in the old snowpack on shady slopes.

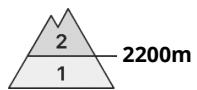
The new snow of last week is lying on surface hoar in some places. At intermediate and high altitudes snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Tendency

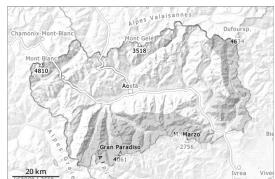
The weather will be sunny. On Tuesday the wind will be moderate to strong in particular along the border with Switzerland.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



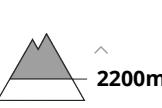
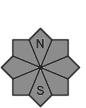
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Tuesday 30 12 2025 →



Wind slab



New snow



New snow and wind slabs represent the main danger.

As a consequence of new snow and a moderate southeasterly wind, further wind slabs formed in the last few days. The avalanche prone locations are to be found adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. At intermediate and high altitudes the avalanche prone locations are more prevalent. But, especially in the upper reaches of the valleys. Even single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places, including medium-sized ones. In particular on steep shady slopes the avalanches can be triggered in the old snow. Whumping sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack are a clear indication of a weakly bonded snowpack. Remotely triggered avalanches are possible in isolated cases. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

On extremely steep sunny slopes and at the base of rock walls only isolated dry and moist avalanches are possible as the day progresses, but they will be mostly small.

Snowpack

20 to 50 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Tuesday above approximately 2000 m. Several medium-sized dry slab avalanches have been released by people in the last few days.

Large-grained weak layers exist in the old snowpack on shady slopes. In all altitude zones a little snow is lying on south facing slopes. At intermediate and high altitudes snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Tendency

On Tuesday the wind will be moderate to strong in particular along the border with Switzerland. The new snow and wind slabs of last week are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes.

