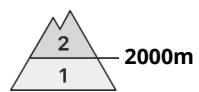


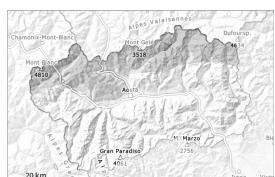
1 low 2 moderate 3 considerable 4 high 5 very high



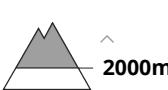
Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 31 12 2025



Wind slab



Persistent
weak layer



Weak layers in the old snowpack are treacherous. In particular, however, the fresh and older wind slabs must be taken into account.

As a consequence of a moderate to strong wind from northerly directions, avalanche prone wind slabs will form in gullies and bowls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Single winter sport participants can release avalanches. In particular along the border with Switzerland the avalanche prone locations are more widespread and the danger is greater.

The new snow and wind slabs of last week are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack on northwest to north to east facing aspects. Especially on very steep slopes they can be triggered in the faceted old snow.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in little used terrain. Remotely triggered avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

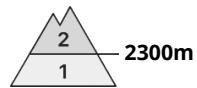
The wind will be moderate to strong in particular along the border with Switzerland. Wind slabs will form. Several small and medium-sized dry slab avalanches have been released by people in the last few days. The new snow and wind slabs of last week are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack in particular on shady slopes. Large-grained weak layers exist in the old snowpack here. At intermediate and high altitudes snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Tendency

The weather will be sunny. The wind will be moderate to strong in particular along the border with Switzerland. The wind slabs remain prone to triggering.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 31 12 2025 →



Persistent
weak layer



Wind slab



Blowing snow and old snow require attention.

As a consequence of a moderate southeasterly wind, wind slabs formed in the last few days.

As a consequence of a moderate to strong wind from northerly directions, avalanche prone wind slabs will form in the course of the day in gullies and bowls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. The avalanche prone locations are to be found adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain.

In the areas closest to the French borders and at the head of the valleys: Here the avalanche prone locations are more prevalent.

Even single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. They can be triggered in the faceted old snow and reach medium size. Whumping sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack are a clear indication of a weakly bonded snowpack. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Snowpack

Several medium-sized dry slab avalanches have been released by people in the last few days, in particular along the border with France.

Weak layers exist in the old snowpack on shady slopes.

At intermediate and high altitudes snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Tendency

The weather will be sunny. The wind slabs are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack.

