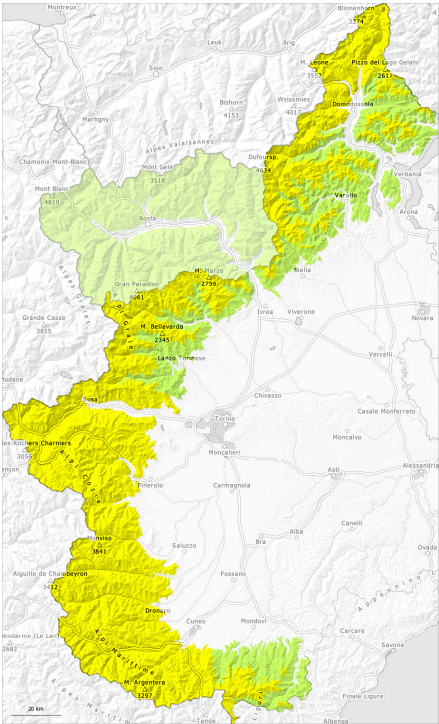
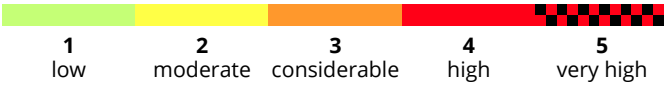
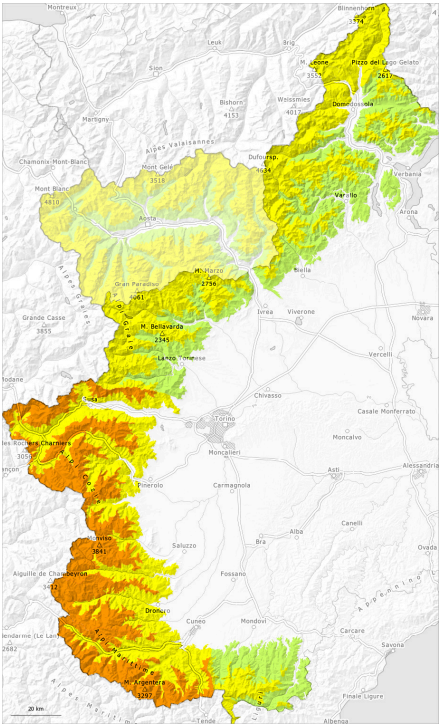


AM

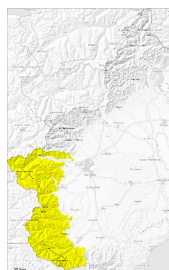


PM



Danger Level 3 - Considerable

AM:



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Thursday 01 05 2025



New snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow

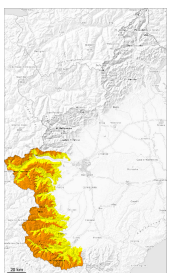


Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

PM:



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Thursday 01 05 2025



New snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

The avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found above approximately 2700 m. In addition the danger of moist and wet avalanches will increase as the day progresses.

In particular at intermediate and high altitudes moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation. The wet avalanches can be released in deep layers of the snowpack and reach large size in isolated cases. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls. Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

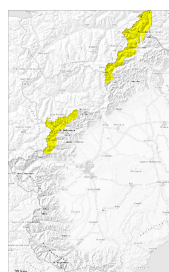
dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.10: springtime scenario

20 to 30 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Saturday above approximately 2500 m. In particular below approximately 2500 m,: The old snowpack remains generally stable. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise from early morning to gradual moistening of the snowpack. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 01 05 2025



Wind slab



2600m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Old wind slabs above approximately 2500 m. As a consequence of warming during the day the avalanche prone locations will become more prevalent.

As a consequence of new snow and wind from easterly directions, mostly small wind slabs formed in particular above approximately 2600 m. In particular at intermediate and high altitudes and on steep sunny slopes medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

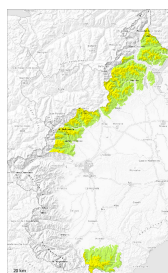
dp.10: springtime scenario

In some cases new snow and wind slabs are lying on the smooth surface of an old snowpack. This applies especially on sunny slopes, but in isolated cases also on shady slopes below approximately 2600 m.

In particular below approximately 2500 m.: The old snowpack remains generally stable. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 01 05 2025



Wet snow



2200m

Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

In some localities increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day.

The sleet gave rise on Sunday to unfavourable bonding of the snowpack in some places in particular at intermediate and high altitudes.

In particular at intermediate and high altitudes and on steep sunny slopes small and medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

The old snowpack remains generally stable. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to significant moistening of the old snowpack over a wide area. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

