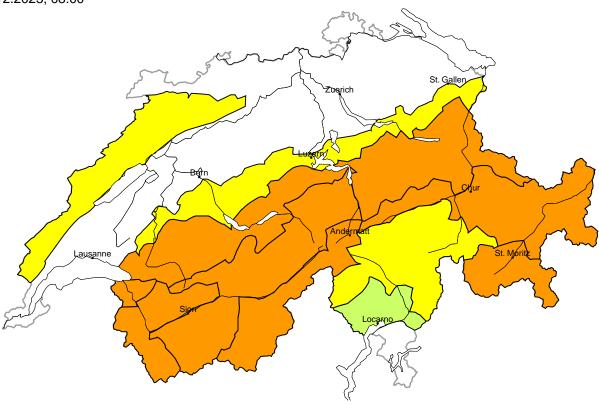
Considerable avalanche danger will be encountered over a wide area

Edition: 1.12.2023, 08:00 / Next update: 1.12.2023, 17:00

Avalanche danger

updated on 1.12.2023, 08:00



region A

Considerable, Level 3+



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The large quantity of fresh snow and the extensive wind slabs are prone to triggering. Natural avalanches are still possible. These can reach large size. Even single winter sport participants can release avalanches easily. The conditions are critical for backcountry touring and other off-piste activities outside marked and open pistes.

Gliding avalanches

Below approximately 2200 m more gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases.

Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

region B

Considerable, Level 3=



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The fresh snow and the sometimes large wind slabs are prone to triggering. Individual natural avalanches are possible. Even single winter sport participants can release avalanches. In some places avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach large size in isolated cases.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and caution.

Gliding avalanches

Below approximately 2200 m more gliding avalanches are possible, even large ones in isolated cases.

region C

Considerable, Level 3=



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The new snow and wind slabs are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant. In some places avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach large size.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Gliding avalanches

Below approximately 2000 m more gliding avalanches are possible, in particular medium-sized ones.

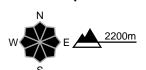
region D

Considerable, Level 3-



Snow drift

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The more recent wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering. Avalanches can in some places be released, even by a single winter sport participant. They can reach medium size.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

region E

Considerable, Level 3-



Old snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

In particular at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack avalanches can be triggered in the old snow and reach medium size. The avalanche prone locations are rather rare but are barely recognisable, even to the trained eye.

Defensive route selection is advisable. Maintaining distances between individuals and one-at-a-time descents are recommended.

Gliding avalanches

On very steep grassy slopes gliding avalanches are possible, even medium-sized ones. Areas with glide cracks are to be avoided as far as possible.

region F

Considerable, Level 3-



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

As the day progresses as a consequence of new snow and wind there will be an appreciable increase in the avalanche danger. The new snow and wind slabs are prone to triggering. In some places avalanches can also release deeper layers of the snowpack and reach medium size. In particular on the Bernina natural avalanches are possible in the afternoon. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Wet avalanches

As a consequence of the rain wet snow slides and avalanches are possible below approximately 2200 m.

region G

Moderate, Level 2+



Snow drift, Old snow

Avalanche prone locations

W E 2200m

Danger description

Fresh and somewhat older wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Avalanches can in isolated cases be triggered in the old snowpack and reach medium size.

Defensive route selection is important.

水水水水水

Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

region H

Moderate, Level 2



Wet avalanches

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The snowpack will be wet all the way through. More small and medium-sized wet and gliding avalanches are possible in all altitude zones.

region I

Low, Level 1



Snow drift

Fresh and somewhat older wind slabs are only small but can be released in isolated cases. They are to be evaluated with care and prudence especially in extremely steep terrain. Even a snow slide can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.



Snowpack and weather

updated on 30.11.2023, 17:00

Snowpack

Above the tree line, there is about twice as much snow as is normally the case at the end of November. Only in the south are the snow depths below average. In the central part of the snowpack there are various melt-freeze crusts and, in between, thin layers of angular crystals. A number of avalanches have been released in these weak layers in the past few days, and this is expected to increase with the freshly fallen snow and the rise in the temperature.

The southwesterly wind has moved a lot of this new snow. Below around 1500 to 2000 m, the snowpack has become moist and weakened because of rain.

Observed weather review Thursday, 30.11.2023

It was very cloudy, and precipitation set in during Wednesday night. At first, snow fell even in the lowlands. The snowfall level then rose to around 1800 m in many places. In the south, it remained at low altitudes.

Fresh snow

Until Thursday afternoon, fresh snowfall was registered at altitudes of approximately 2000 m and above:

- Lower Valais and northern Upper Valais: 30 to 40 cm, 50 cm on the border with France;
- southern Upper Valais except the upper Visp valleys, Val Bregaglia, Val Poschiavo and the eastern Jura above 1000 m: 15 to 30 cm:
- elsewhere: to a lesser extent.

Temperature

There were warm incoming air flows at altitude, while colder air remained for longer further down:

• At midday at 2000 m, between +2 °C in the far west and -4 °C in the inneralpine regions and in the south.

Wind

Moderate to strong, in places a stormy southwesterly wind at high altitudes.

Weather forecast through Friday, 01.12.2023

It will be very cloudy. There will be widespread precipitation, most of it during the night in the far west and in the afternoon in the Bernina region. In the north, the snowfall level will be around 2000 m during the night, dropping to 1000 m during the day. In the southeast, however, the snowfall level will increase to around 2000 m during the day.

Fresh snow

From Thursday afternoon to Friday afternoon, snow will fall above approximately 2400 m:

- the far west of Lower Valais on the border with France, the Bernina region: 30 to 40 cm;
- the far west of Lower Valais, northern Upper Valais, the western part of the northern flank of the Alps, the northern part of Central Switzerland, the eastern Prealps, Avers, Val Valais, Val Poschiavo: 15 to 30 cm;
- elsewhere: to a lesser extent.

Temperature

At midday at 2000 m, widespread at -3 °C, in the southeast at 0 °C.

Wind

Strong at altitude, otherwise weak to moderate from the southwest.



Outlook through Sunday, 03.12.2023

Saturday

It will be very cloudy with snowfall, including at low altitudes. On the eastern part of the northern flank of the Alps and in Grisons, the forecast is still very uncertain and even greater depths of new, freshly fallen snow are possible. Elsewhere, 5 to 15 cm will be common. As the day progresses, it will become sunny in the far south with strong northerly winds. The avalanche danger will decrease in the west. On the eastern part of the northern flank of the Alps and in Grisons, it may increase depending on the amount of fresh snow, maybe particularly in the Bernina region. In the other regions, the avalanche danger will not change significantly.

Sunday

sports.

It will be mostly sunny, but cold. The northwesterly wind will die down during the night.

Even though the avalanche danger will decrease, the situation will to some extent remain precarious for off-piste winter

