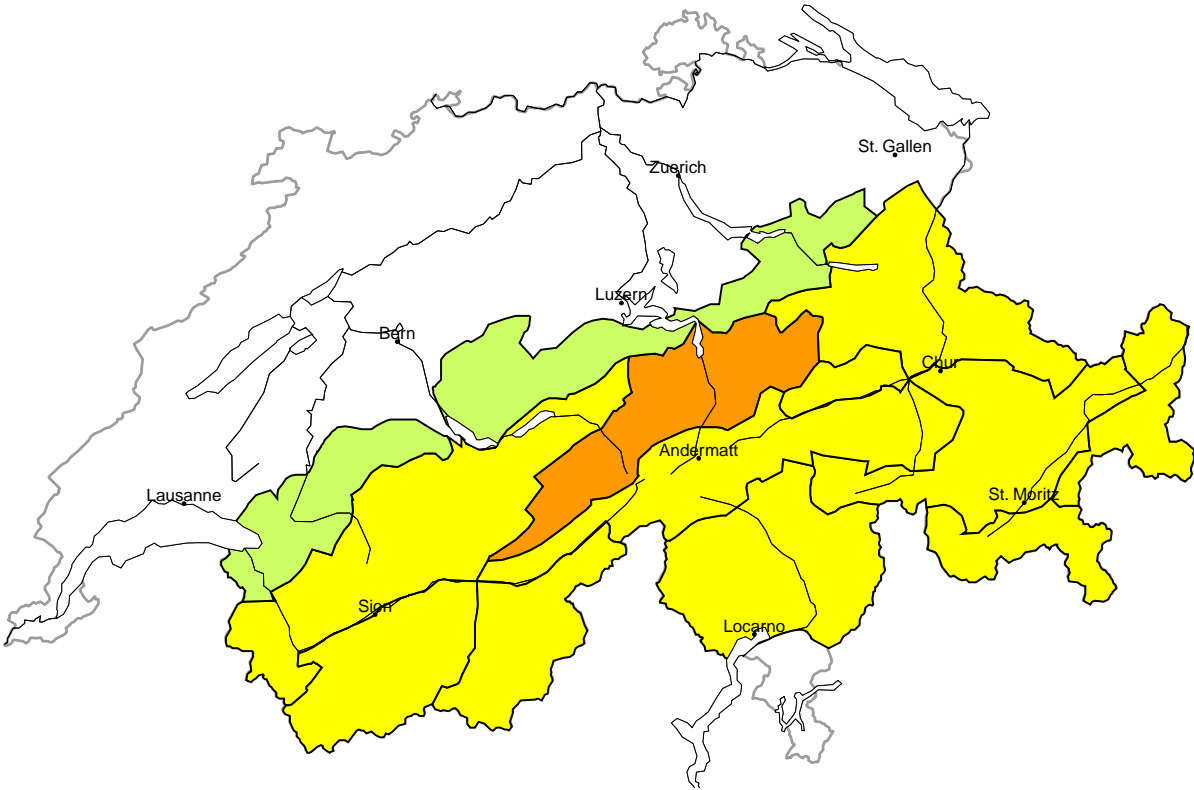
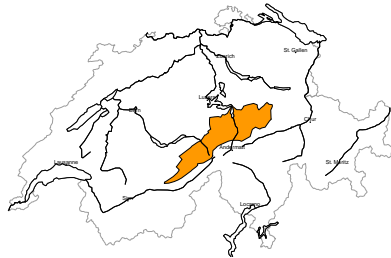


Avalanche danger
updated on 17.11.2025, 17:00



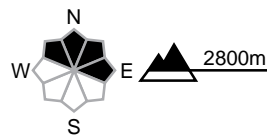
region A

Considerable (3-)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

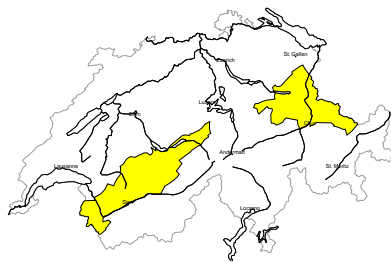


Danger description

Over a wide area 30 cm of snow, and up to 40 cm in some localities, will fall until Tuesday above approximately 2200 m.
The new snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. Avalanches can in many places be released easily and reach medium size. Experience in the assessment of avalanche danger is required.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

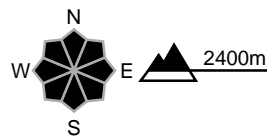
region B

Moderate (2+)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

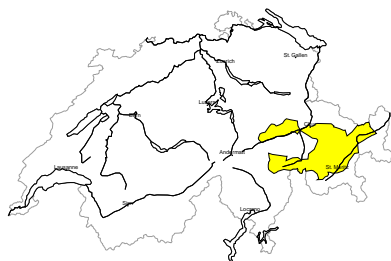


Danger description

20 to 30 cm of snow will fall until Tuesday above approximately 2200 m.
The new snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. In particular here avalanches can be released easily and reach medium size. Careful route selection is required.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

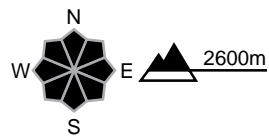
region C

Moderate (2+)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

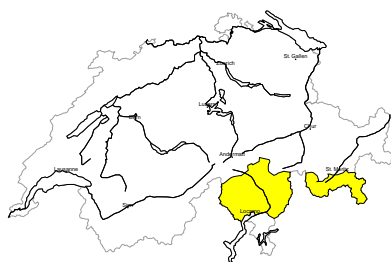


Danger description

Up to 25 cm of snow will fall until Tuesday above approximately 2200 m.
The new snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. In particular here avalanches can be released easily and reach medium size. Careful route selection is required.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

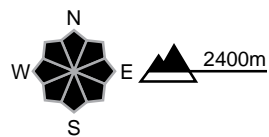
region D

Moderate (2+)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

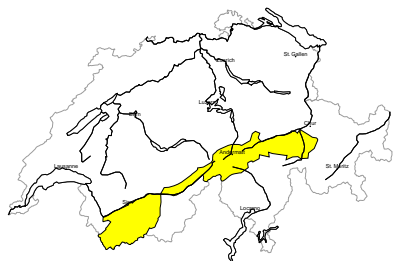


Danger description

30 to 40 cm of snow fell in the last three days above approximately 2400 m.
The new snow and wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack on shady slopes. As a consequence of a sometimes strong northerly wind, wind slabs will form. Avalanches can in some places be released easily and reach medium size. Backcountry touring calls for careful route selection.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

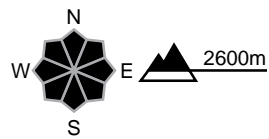
region E

Moderate (2=)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

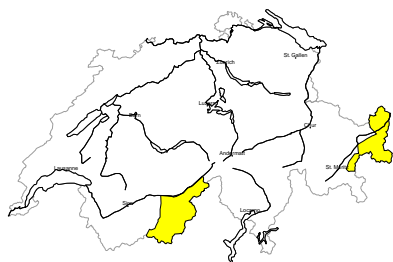


Danger description

Up to 15 cm of snow has fallen above approximately 2400 m.
As a consequence of a moderate to strong northwesterly wind, mostly small wind slabs will form in some places. These are to be evaluated with care and prudence especially in terrain where there is a danger of falling. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

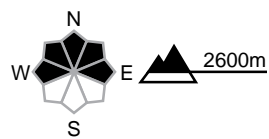
region F

Moderate (2-)



Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

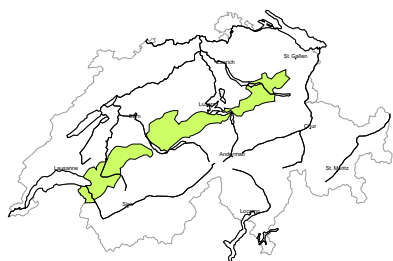


Danger description

The small quantity of fresh snow and in particular the mostly small wind slabs are prone to triggering. The fresh wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence especially in terrain where there is a danger of falling. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

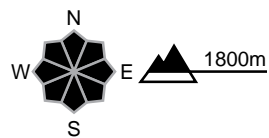
region G

Low (1)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Up to 25 cm of snow will fall until Tuesday above approximately 1800 m.
Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in extremely steep terrain. In addition mostly small moist snow slides are possible. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack and weather

updated on 17.11.2025, 17:00

Snowpack

Precipitation set in on Saturday, first in the south and later also in the north. Before this snowfall, conditions had been generally sunny and dry in the mountains for almost two weeks.

In gullies and bowls on shady slopes above around 2000 m and in high Alpine regions, the fresh and drifted snow fell on a patchy continuous snowpack, otherwise on bare ground. On shady slopes above approximately 2400 m and generally in high Alpine regions, the fresh snow has fallen on pronounced weak layers, where avalanches can easily be triggered.

Outlook

On Wednesday, conditions will be sunny in the mountains and cloudy but dry on the southern flank of the Alps. There will moderate, sometimes strong, southwesterly winds in high Alpine regions. Widespread precipitation will set in during overnight to Thursday. The snowfall level will drop to low altitudes. By Thursday afternoon, 10 to 20 cm of snow will fall on the northern flank of the Alps, elsewhere a few centimetres.

The avalanche hazard will decrease slightly on Wednesday. It may increase slightly on Thursday, especially on the northern flank of the Alps. There will be little change in other regions. Caution should be exercised around fresh snowdrift accumulations. In addition, isolated avalanches may be triggered in the old snowpack, especially on northern slopes above 2400 m and in high Alpine regions.