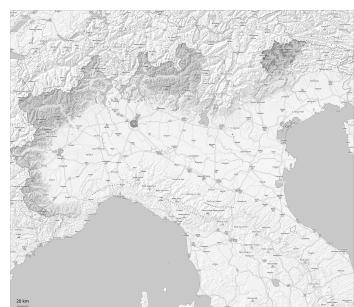


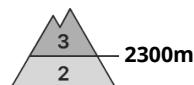
AM



PM



Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Thursday 08 05 2025 →



Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Moist and wet avalanches are the main danger.

Above approximately 1900 m snow will fall in some localities. This snow can be released easily or naturally in all aspects at high altitude. In particular in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation numerous medium-sized and, in isolated cases, large avalanches are to be expected as the snowfall becomes more intense. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular at the base of rock walls above approximately 2300 m. In the typical avalanche paths in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation the wet avalanches can in isolated cases reach large size.

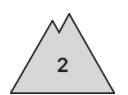
Snowpack

As a consequence of mild temperatures and high relative humidity no crust developed on the surface during the last four days. Above approximately 1900 m snow has fallen since yesterday in some localities. Over a wide area new snow is lying on a weakly bonded old snowpack. Avalanches can be released in deeper layers very easily.



Danger Level 3 - Considerable

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



New snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow

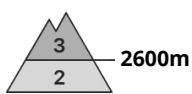


Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



New snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

New snow and wet snow represent the main danger. Medium-sized and, in isolated cases, large moist and wet avalanches are possible above approximately 2200 m. As a consequence of warming during the day there will be a rapid increase in the danger of gliding avalanches and wet snow slides to level 3 (considerable).

Especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes and above approximately 2600 m numerous medium-sized and large moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of the snowfall. Wet avalanches can as before be released by a single winter sport participant.

As the day progresses as a consequence of the new snow there will be an increase in the danger of moist and wet avalanches. Individual gliding avalanches can also occur, caution is to be exercised in particular on



very steep grassy slopes in the regions with a lot of snow.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

[dp.10: springtime scenario](#)

[dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind](#)

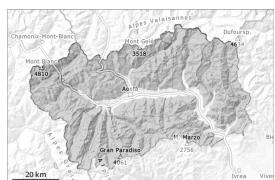
The sleet will give rise to unfavourable bonding of the snowpack. Below approximately 2200 m a little snow is lying.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



2300m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**Frequency: **few**Avalanche size: **medium**

2500m

Snowpack stability: **poor**Frequency: **some**Avalanche size: **medium**

New snow and wet snow represent the main danger.

Above approximately 1800 m snow will fall until the afternoon.

The new snow can be released in some cases. Backcountry tourers can release avalanches in some places, in particular on very steep slopes.

Small and medium-sized natural avalanches are possible, in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions, in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation caution is to be exercised in particular.

Moist and wet avalanches.

The danger of moist and wet avalanches will decrease gradually. Some avalanches are nonetheless not ruled out, especially below approximately 2500 m.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

15 to 25 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall until the afternoon above approximately 2300 m. Up to 1800 m rain will fall.

Above approximately 2500 m snow fell in the last few days in some localities.

In some regions rain to the high Alpine regions: These weather conditions gave rise to moistening of the snowpack also at high altitude. Below approximately 2500 m the snowpack is wet all the way through.

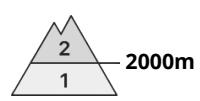
Below approximately 2200 m a little snow is lying.

Tendency

Some snow will fall. In the course of the day the activity of moist and wet avalanches will gradually increase.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Thursday 08 05 2025 →



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Slight decrease in danger of moist and wet avalanches as the temperature drops.

In some regions 5 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall until the afternoon above approximately 2000 m.

Slight decrease in danger of moist and wet avalanches as the temperature drops.

Very steep slopes high altitudes and the high Alpine regions: The new snow must be evaluated with care and prudence. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.3: rain

In some regions 5 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, will fall until the afternoon above approximately 2000 m. In some places new snow is lying on a moist old snowpack.

The surface of the snowpack is frozen, but not to a significant depth and will soften later than the day before.

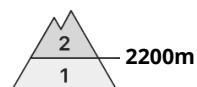
Below approximately 2000 m hardly any snow is lying.

Tendency

As a consequence of falling temperatures, the activity of moist and wet avalanches will gradually decrease.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



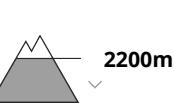
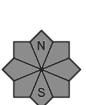
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Thursday 08 05 2025 →



New snow

Snowpack stability: **fair**Frequency: **some**Avalanche size: **medium**

Wet snow

Snowpack stability: **poor**Frequency: **few**Avalanche size: **small**

The new snow must be evaluated with care and prudence at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

Over a wide area 5 to 15 cm of snow, and up to 30 cm in some localities, will fall until the afternoon above approximately 2000 m.

In the regions exposed to heavier precipitation the situation is more precarious. The avalanche prone locations are to be found on steep slopes of all aspects above approximately 2300 m and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. The new snow can be released by a single winter sport participant in some cases. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

Below approximately 2300 m mostly small moist loose snow avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

Over a wide area 5 to 15 cm of snow, and up to 30 cm in some localities, will fall until the afternoon above approximately 2000 m.

Also below approximately 2800 m: In many cases new snow is lying on a moist old snowpack.

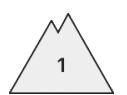
In particular sunny slopes and south and east facing slopes: New snow is lying on a hard crust.

Below approximately 1900 m hardly any snow is lying.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **medium**

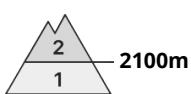


Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

Moist and wet avalanches are the main danger.

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be severely restricted. Small and, in isolated cases, medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

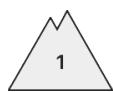
dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.2: gliding snow

The surface of the snowpack will only just freeze. Below approximately 2200 m a little snow is lying.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Moist and wet avalanches are the main danger.

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be severely restricted. Individual small wet avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

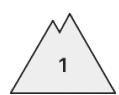
Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.2: gliding snow



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Thursday 08 05 2025 →



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

At low and intermediate altitudes only a little snow is lying. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found on very steep slopes in high Alpine regions.

At low and intermediate altitudes only a little snow is lying.

Isolated mostly small moist avalanches are possible as the moisture increases.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found on very steep slopes above approximately 2400 m.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

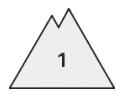
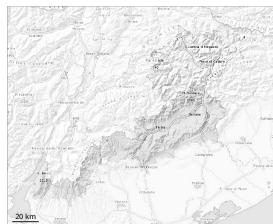
dp.10: springtime scenario

On south and southeast facing slopes in all altitude zones hardly any snow is lying. This also applies at low and intermediate altitudes.

High altitudes and the high Alpine regions: The snowpack consists of faceted crystals and its surface has a crust that is barely capable of bearing a load.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Thursday 08 05 2025



Snowpack stability: **very poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

Moist and wet avalanches are the main danger.

The danger of wet and gliding avalanches will increase but remain within the current danger level.

Snowpack

The rain will give rise to extreme and thorough wetting of the snowpack in all aspects below approximately 2300 m. These conditions will cause a very rapid weakening of the snowpack.

