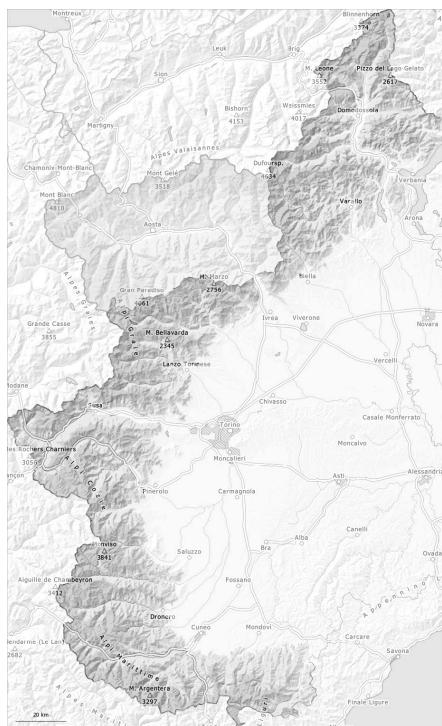
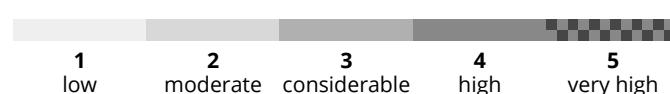
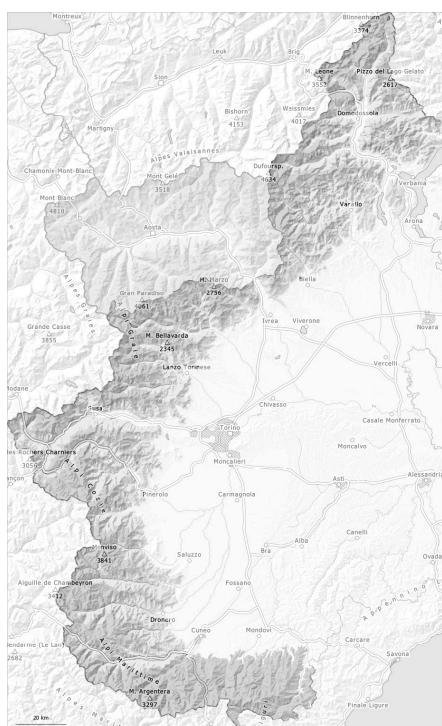
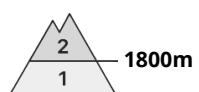


AM**PM**

Danger Level 2 - Moderate

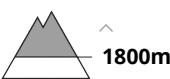
AM:



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Monday 22 12 2025



New snow



Wet snow



PM:



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Monday 22 12 2025



New snow



Due to poor visibility, The backcountry touring conditions are unfavourable.

The new snow can still be released in some cases in particular on west to north to northeast facing aspects above approximately 1800 m. This applies even in case of a single winter sport participant in some cases. Avalanches can in particular reach medium size in isolated cases.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep slopes and in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Some snow will fall from late morning. Due to poor visibility, The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes above the tree line are unfavourable.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

Some snow will fall from late morning. In some localities up to 40 cm of snow will fall until late in the night. The old snowpack is moist, in particular below approximately 1900 m, and on sunny slopes. As a consequence of falling temperatures the snowpack will consolidate in the course of the day.

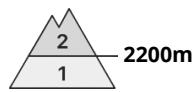
Shady slopes, high altitudes: Towards its surface, the snowpack is soft; its surface consists of loosely bonded snow.

Tendency

A lot of snow will fall on Monday. The avalanche danger will already increase in the early morning.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Monday 22 12 2025



Wind slab



Persistent
weak layer



Wind slabs at elevated altitudes.

The new snow and wind slabs of the last two days are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack on northwest to north to east facing aspects above approximately 2200 m.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep shady slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls.

Whumping sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack are a clear indication.

Mostly the avalanches are medium-sized but can be released in isolated cases even by a single winter sport participant.

The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

The new snow and wind slabs of last week are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack in particular on shady slopes at intermediate and high altitudes.

At high altitudes and in high Alpine regions snow depths vary greatly, depending on the influence of the wind.

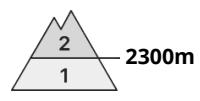
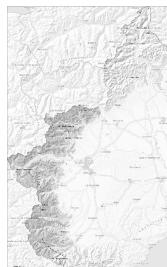
Below approximately 2000 m from a snow sport perspective, insufficient snow is lying.

Tendency

Above approximately 1500 m snow will fall during the night. The avalanche danger will increase.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Monday 22 12 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found on very steep shady slopes at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Caution: poor visibility.

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in steep terrain at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. This applies in particular along the border with France. Isolated avalanche prone weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack on steep northwest, north and northeast facing slopes. Weak layers in the lower part of the snowpack can be released in isolated cases by individual winter sport participants here. Avalanches can be released in near-ground layers and reach medium size in isolated cases.

Be careful of the numerous rocks hidden by the little snow.

Some snow will fall today. Due to poor visibility, The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes above the tree line are unfavourable.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

In all aspects as well as in all altitude zones only a small amount of snow is lying for the time of year.

Especially shady slopes high altitudes and the high Alpine regions: The covering of new snow is dry; its surface consists of loosely bonded snow. Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack on steep north, northeast and northwest facing slopes.

The high humidity gave rise to moistening of the snowpack over a wide area at low and intermediate altitudes.

On southeast, south and southwest facing slopes as well as at low altitude from a snow sport perspective, in most cases insufficient snow is lying.

Tendency

Above approximately 1300 m snow will fall from the afternoon. The avalanche danger will already increase in the early morning.

