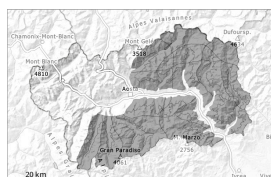


Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →

on Sunday 20 04 2025



New snow



2700m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Wind slab



2700m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Wet snow



2800m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**

From starting zones at higher altitudes more occasionally large avalanches are possible.

In starting zones where no previous releases have taken place more occasionally large dry and moist avalanches are possible, especially above approximately 2500 m. In particular on shady slopes the avalanches can be triggered in deep layers of the snowpack.

The high humidity will give rise as the day progresses to moistening of the snowpack below approximately 2700 m. Moist avalanches can in some places be released in the weakly bonded old snow. This applies in particular on very steep slopes.

The new snow of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in particular on shady slopes. The current avalanche situation calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

150 to 180 cm of snow has fallen since Tuesday above approximately 2500 m.

Saturday: Especially high Alpine regions: As a consequence of the southeasterly wind the wind slabs will increase in size additionally in the afternoon. Up to 25 cm of snow will fall from the afternoon above approximately 2300 m.

Towards its surface, the snowpack is moist and its surface has a crust that is strong in many cases.

Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

Since Wednesday numerous very large avalanches occurred naturally.

Tendency



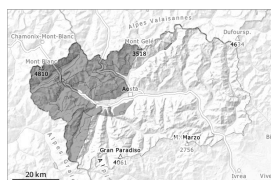
30 to 50 cm of snow will fall until Sunday above approximately 2300 m. As a consequence of new snow and wind more dry and moist avalanches are possible.



Danger Level 3 - Considerable



Tendency: Decreasing avalanche danger
on Sunday 20 04 2025



New snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Wet snow



2800m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Wet slab avalanches and moist and wet snow slides are still likely to occur.

In starting zones where no previous releases have taken place individual occasionally large dry and moist avalanches are possible, especially above approximately 2500 m. In particular on shady slopes the avalanches can be triggered in deep layers of the snowpack.

The high humidity will give rise as the day progresses to moistening of the snowpack below approximately 2700 m. Moist avalanches can in some places be released in the weakly bonded old snow. This applies in particular on very steep slopes.

The new snow of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in particular on shady slopes. The current avalanche situation calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.3: rain

80 to 130 cm of snow has fallen since Tuesday above approximately 2500 m.

Saturday: Especially high Alpine regions: As a consequence of the southeasterly wind the wind slabs will increase in size in the afternoon. Up to 15 cm of snow will fall from the afternoon above approximately 2300 m.

Towards its surface, the snowpack is moist and its surface has a crust that is strong in many cases. Since Wednesday several medium-sized and, in isolated cases, large avalanches occurred naturally.

Tendency

10 to 25 cm of snow will fall until Sunday above approximately 2300 m. As a consequence of new snow and wind more dry and moist avalanches are possible.

