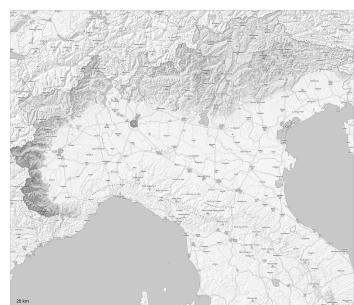
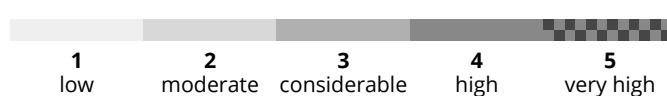
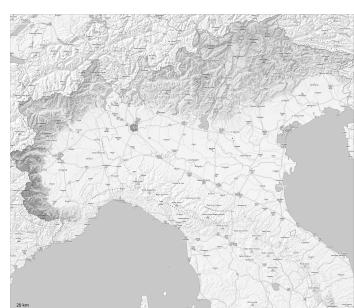


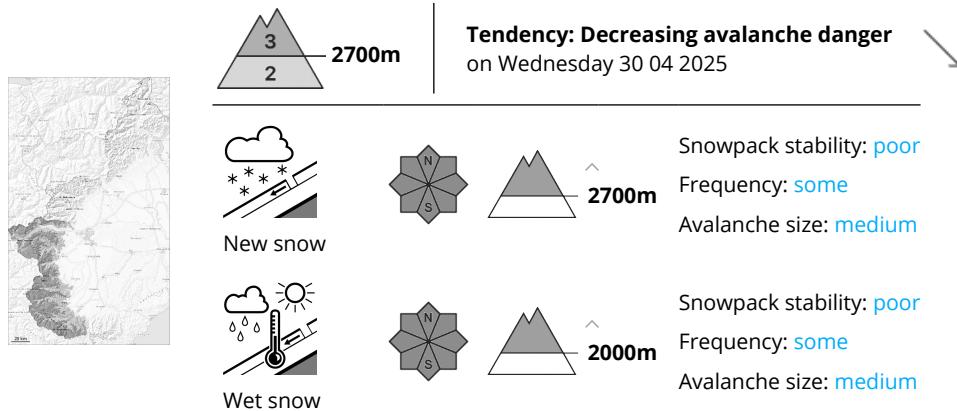
AM



PM



Danger Level 3 - Considerable



The avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found above approximately 2700 m. In addition the danger of moist and wet avalanches will increase from the early morning.

In particular on very steep slopes and in the regions exposed to heavier precipitation more medium-sized to large dry and moist avalanches are to be expected at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. In these regions and above approximately 2700 m the avalanche danger is considerable (level 3). In particular at intermediate and high altitudes and on steep sunny slopes medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation. Backcountry touring calls for careful route selection.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.3: rain

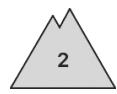
20 to 30 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since Saturday above approximately 2500 m. In particular below approximately 2500 m; The old snowpack remains generally stable. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise from early morning to gradual moistening of the snowpack. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

Tendency

The weather conditions will facilitate a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: medium

Old wind slabs above approximately 2500 m. As a consequence of warming during the day the avalanche prone locations will become more prevalent.

As a consequence of new snow and wind from easterly directions, mostly small wind slabs formed in particular above approximately 2600 m. These are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. In particular at intermediate and high altitudes and on steep sunny slopes medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.

Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.10: springtime scenario

The snowfall gave rise to unfavourable bonding of the snowpack in some places in particular at intermediate and high altitudes. In some cases new snow and wind slabs are lying on the smooth surface of an old snowpack. This applies especially on sunny slopes, but in isolated cases also on shady slopes below approximately 2600 m.

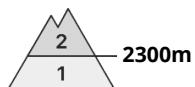
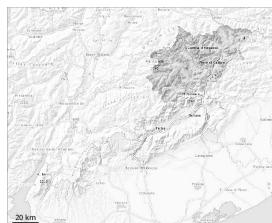
In particular below approximately 2500 m,: The old snowpack remains generally stable. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

Tendency

The weather conditions will facilitate a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Wet snow



2300m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**



Wind slab



2300m

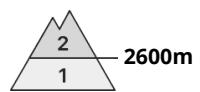
Snowpack stability: **very poor**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **medium**

The danger of small and medium sized avalanches will increase a little during the day. Fresh wind slabs require caution. In isolated cases the avalanches can be released in deep layers of the snowpack.

As a consequence of warming, the activity of avalanches will only slowly increase. Avalanches can penetrate down to the ground. Moist avalanches can in isolated cases be released by a single winter sport participant. The fresh and somewhat older wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence in all aspects above approximately 2300 m. The new snow and wind slabs must be evaluated with care and prudence in all aspects above approximately 2300 m.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025



Wind slab



2600m

Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: some
Avalanche size: large



New snow



2600m

Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: large



Wet snow



2600m
1800m

Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium

New snow and wet snow represent the main danger. Medium-sized dry and wet avalanches are to be expected above approximately 2000 m.

As a consequence of new snow and wind, sometimes deep wind slabs formed in the last few days adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls as well as above approximately 2600 m. They can be released by a single winter sport participant in some cases especially on very steep shady slopes. Especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes and below approximately 2600 m individual mostly small moist and wet avalanches are to be expected as the penetration by moisture increases. Wet avalanches can as before be released by a single winter sport participant.

As the day progresses as a consequence of warming during the day there will be a rapid increase in the danger of wet avalanches. Individual gliding avalanches can also occur, caution is to be exercised in particular on very steep grassy slopes in the regions with a lot of snow.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

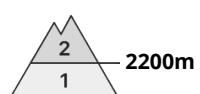
dp.10: springtime scenario

The snowpack remains prone to triggering in particular on steep slopes. Especially high Alpine regions: As a consequence of the northerly wind the wind slabs will increase in size additionally.

The sleet gave rise to significant moistening of the snowpack below approximately 2600 m. New snow and wind slabs are lying on a moist old snowpack.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 30 04 2025



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

In some localities increase in danger of moist avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day.

The sleet gave rise to unfavourable bonding of the snowpack in some places in particular at intermediate and high altitudes. As a consequence of new snow and wind from easterly directions, mostly small wind slabs formed especially in the vicinity of peaks. These are bonding only slowly with the old snowpack at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

In particular at intermediate and high altitudes and on steep sunny slopes small and medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation. Backcountry tours should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

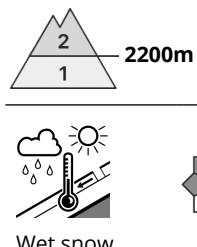
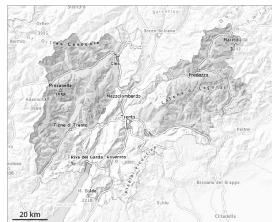
The old snowpack remains generally stable. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to significant moistening of the old snowpack over a wide area. Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

Tendency

The weather conditions will give rise to gradual consolidation of the snowpack in some places.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Snowpack stability: poor
Frequency: some
Avalanche size: small

The danger of wet avalanches will increase during the day.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation there will be a gradual increase in the danger of wet avalanches. The avalanche prone locations are to be found on very steep west, north and east facing slopes below approximately 2800 m. Mostly avalanches are only small.

More recent wind slabs can be released in isolated cases, but mostly only by large additional loads,. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes in high Alpine regions and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. Mostly avalanches are only small.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger. Backcountry tours and off-piste skiing should be started and concluded early.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

A generally clear night. The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust only at high altitudes and will soften during the day.

The old snowpack is wet. This applies on shady slopes below approximately 2800 m, as well as on sunny slopes below approximately 3200 m.

Up to the high Alpine regions rain will fall in the afternoon in some localities.

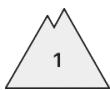
Tendency

Over a wide area a clear night. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust only at high altitudes and will soften during the day.

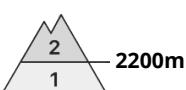
The weather will be mostly sunny. The conditions remain spring-like.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger**

on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →

PM:**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger**

on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Wet snow

**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger**

on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be quite good. Mainly in the east of the Region; more cloudy in the morning in the west.

The backcountry touring conditions at high altitude are generally favourable.

The weather will be mild. As the day progresses as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation there will be an increase in the avalanche danger to level 2 (moderate).

In particular on extremely steep slopes small and medium-sized moist and wet avalanches are possible. Backcountry tours should be concluded timely.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

2 to 5 cm of snow fell on Sunday above approximately 2700 m. The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust only at high altitudes.

The weather conditions facilitated a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.

Below approximately 2100 m a little snow is lying.

Tendency

The backcountry touring conditions in the morning, after a clear night, are favourable. As the day progresses as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation there will be an increase in the danger of moist and wet avalanches for a short time.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

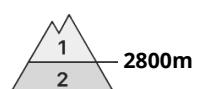
AM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger

on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →

PM:



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger

on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **small**

The danger of wet avalanches will increase during the day.

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase. The avalanche prone locations are to be found especially on very steep west, north and east facing slopes below approximately 2800 m. In the afternoon the activity of wet avalanches will increase, in the event of rain especially. Mostly avalanches are only small.

The wind slabs are now only very rarely prone to triggering. Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on extremely steep shady slopes in high Alpine regions and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. Mostly avalanches are only small.

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.3: rain

In some regions a partly clear night. The surface of the snowpack will only just freeze and will soften during the day. The old snowpack is wet. This applies on shady slopes below approximately 2800 m, as well as on sunny slopes below approximately 3200 m. Up to the high Alpine regions rain will fall in the afternoon in some localities.

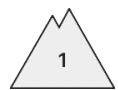
Tendency

In some regions a clear night. The surface of the snowpack will only just freeze and will soften during the day. Mostly avalanches are only small.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate

AM:



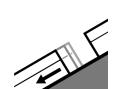
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

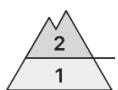
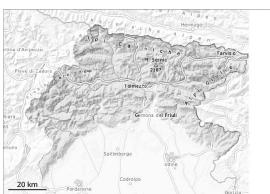


Gliding snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **small**

PM:



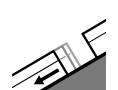
Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Wednesday 30 04 2025 →



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**



Gliding snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **some**
Avalanche size: **medium**

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation the avalanche prone locations will become more prevalent as the day progresses.

As the moisture increases more moist and wet avalanches are possible. They can be released in deep layers of the snowpack. Gliding avalanches can also occur. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in all aspects at elevated altitudes.

Snowpack

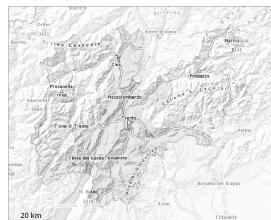
Error: Incomplete joker sentence

Tendency

The weather will be mostly sunny. The conditions remain spring-like.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025

Low avalanche danger will prevail.

Only isolated wet avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

The surface of the snowpack will soften during the day. The snowpack will be wet all the way through.

A little snow is lying.

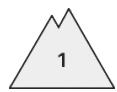
Some rain will fall in the afternoon in some localities.

Tendency

The weather will be mostly sunny. The conditions remain spring-like.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025

Low avalanche danger will prevail.

Only isolated avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

A partly clear night. The surface of the snowpack will freeze very little and will soften quickly. The old snowpack will be wet all the way through.

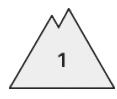
A little snow is lying.

Tendency

Only isolated avalanches are possible.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: very poor

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

Moist and wet avalanches are the main danger.

Above approximately 2000 m mostly small natural wet avalanches are possible. The avalanche prone locations are to be found especially in gullies and bowls and on very steep slopes.

Snowpack

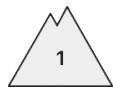
Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

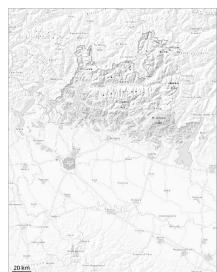
At low and intermediate altitudes no snow is lying. At elevated altitudes the snowpack is subject to significant local variations. The older wind slabs are to be found especially in gullies and bowls and in the high Alpine regions. The old snowpack remains moist in high Alpine regions. The weather conditions will give rise to increasing and thorough wetting of the snowpack.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Wednesday 30 04 2025



Wet snow



Wind slab



Gliding snow

**Treeline**

2300m

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: medium

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

In the course of the day the natural activity of small moist and wet avalanches will increase.

The weather will be partly cloudy. The surface of the snowpack cooled hardly at all during the overcast night and will soften during the day. The fresh snow and the mostly small wind slabs can be released by a single winter sport participant in isolated cases in particular on steep, little used north facing slopes above approximately 2300 m.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

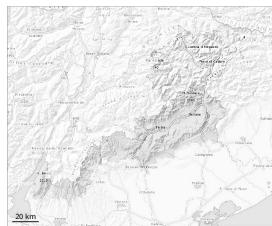
dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.2: gliding snow

The snowpack is wet.



Danger Level 1 - Low

Snowpack stability: **very poor**Frequency: **few**Avalanche size: **small**

As a consequence of warming during the day and the solar radiation, the likelihood of wet avalanches being released will increase in particular on steep slopes at elevated altitudes.

Snowpack

The snowpack is moist and its surface has a melt-freeze crust that is strong in many cases. This applies in particular on steep sunny slopes above the tree line. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack over a wide area in particular on very steep sunny slopes.

