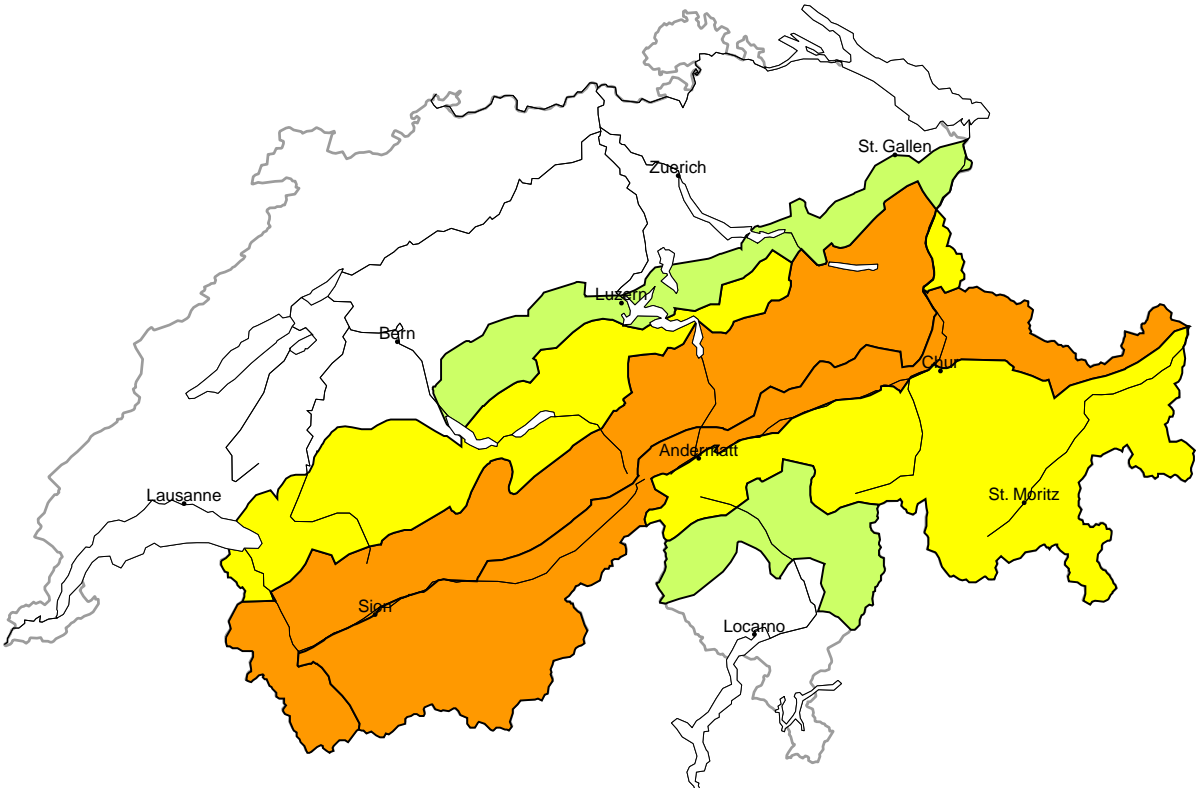


Avalanche danger  
updated on 28.10.2025, 17:00



Danger levels



1 low



2 moderate



3 considerable



4 high

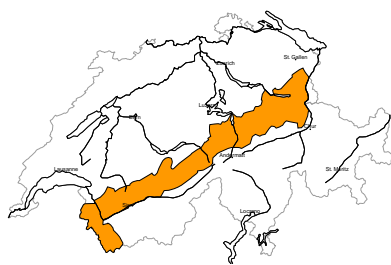


5 very high



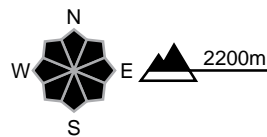
region A

Considerable (3=)



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The fresh snow of the last few days and the sometimes large wind slabs are prone to triggering. Single persons can release avalanches. Avalanches can in some cases penetrate deep layers and reach large size. This applies especially on north and east facing slopes above approximately 2800 m.

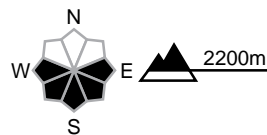
As a consequence of the moderate to strong southerly foehn wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form in the course of the day. They are to be avoided as far as possible.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

Moderate (2)

Wet snow

Avalanche prone locations



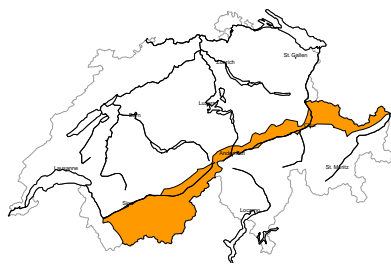
Danger description

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible. These can reach medium size.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

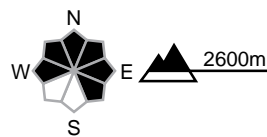
region B

Considerable (3-)



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



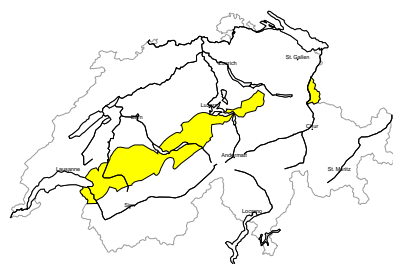
Danger description

The fresh snow of the last few days and in particular the sometimes deep wind slabs are prone to triggering. Single persons can release avalanches. Mostly these are medium-sized. As a consequence of the moderate to strong southerly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form in the course of the day. They are mostly small but can in some cases be released easily.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

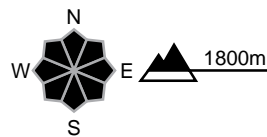
region C

Moderate (2+)



Wind slab

Avalanche prone locations



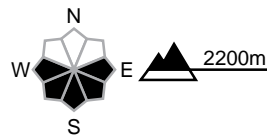
Danger description

The wind slabs of the last few days are in some cases still prone to triggering. They are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Persons can release avalanches in some places, including medium-sized ones. As a consequence of the moderate to strong southerly foehn wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form in the course of the day. They are to be avoided as far as possible. Backcountry touring calls for careful route selection.

Moderate (2)

Wet snow

Avalanche prone locations

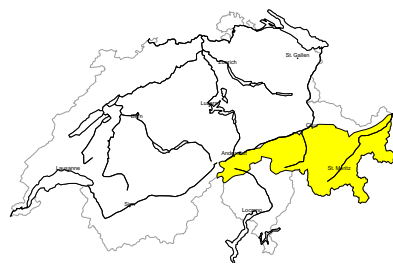


Danger description

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible. These can reach medium size. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

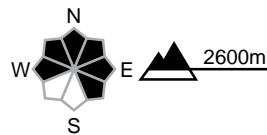
region D

Moderate (2=)



Wind slab

Avalanche prone locations

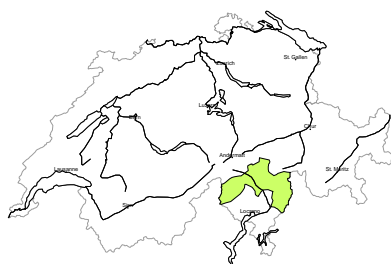


Danger description

Fresh and somewhat older wind slabs are in some cases prone to triggering. Persons can release avalanches. In isolated cases they are medium-sized. As a consequence of the moderate to strong southerly wind, fresh snow drift accumulations will form in the course of the day. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

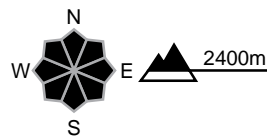
region E

Low (1)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations

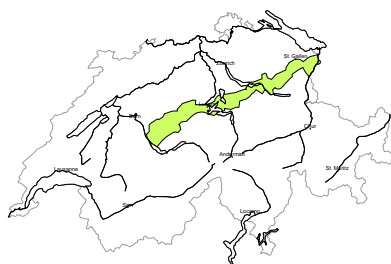


Danger description

Individual avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in extremely steep terrain. Even a small avalanche can sweep people along and give rise to falls. The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

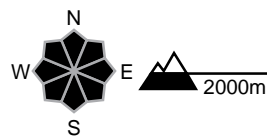
region F

Low (1)



Wet snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation individual moist snow slides are possible. Even a snow slide can sweep people along and give rise to falls.



**Avalanche bulletin through Wednesday, 29. October 2025****Snowpack and weather**

updated on 28.10.2025, 17:00

**Snowpack**

Snow has fallen repeatedly over the past eight days. Before that, there was a large area of continuous snowpack, especially on northern slopes above 2800 m and in the high Alpine regions in general. Below approximately 2800 m, the snow mostly fell on bare ground or the ground roughness had not yet levelled out.

With fresh snow and sometimes stormy winds from the west, further wind slabs developed on Monday, including large ones in Valais and the north. The fresh and drifted snow of recent days is prone to triggering.

With increasing southerly winds, the loose snow near the surface will transport the snow during the course of the day on Wednesday.

With incoming radiation and the rising temperatures during the day, wet and gliding avalanches are to be expected, possibly medium-sized in regions with significant snowfall.

**Weather review for Tuesday**

The precipitation ended in the north overnight to Tuesday. The snowfall level was between 1300 m and 1600 m. In the late morning, it was increasingly sunny in the north and east, and elsewhere mostly sunny.

**Fresh snow**

From Monday afternoon to Tuesday morning, above approximately 2000 m:

- Northern Alpine ridge from Les Diablerets to the Alpstein region: 20 to 30 cm
- Rest of northern flank of the Alps, rest of Valais, northern and central Grisons, northern Lower Engadine: 10 to 20 cm
- Otherwise a few centimetres, dry in the far south

This means that over the four days since Friday, altitudes above approximately 2500 m saw the following snowfall:

- Northern Alpine ridge: widespread 40 to 60 cm, up to 100 cm of snow in northern Lower Valais, up to 80 cm in the Glarus Alps
- Southern Valais, northern Gotthard region, northern and central Grisons, Silvretta Samnaun: 20 to 40 cm
- Little or no snow further south

**Temperature**

Rising, at midday at 2000 m between +3 °C in the north and +5 °C in the south

**Wind**

- Moderate to strong during the night into Tuesday, sometimes a stormy northwesterly wind at high altitudes
- Easing and mostly moderate during the day, but sometimes still strong westerly winds in the northeast

**Weather forecast to Wednesday**

In the north, it is quite sunny and mild with the zero-degree level at 3000 m. High clouds will gather from the west in the afternoon. In the south, it will be mostly cloudy, but largely dry.

**Fresh snow**

-

**Temperature**

At midday at 2000 m, around +6 °C in the north and +3 °C in the south

**Wind**

- During the night into Wednesday, there will be a weak to moderate wind from the west to the southwest
- As the day progresses, moderate to strong from the south on the Alpine ridges, moderate to strong foehn wind in the Alpine valleys in the north

## Outlook

During the night into Thursday, some precipitation will fall in the west and south, falling as snow above 2200 to 2400 m. During the day, it will be increasingly sunny in the north and brighter in the south. On Friday it will be mostly sunny in the north, and cloudy but mostly dry in the south. It will remain mild with the zero-degree level at 3000 m. The south to southwesterly wind will still be moderate to strong during the night into Thursday, otherwise mostly light to moderate. The risk of dry avalanches will continue to decrease, Wet and gliding avalanches will still be possible.