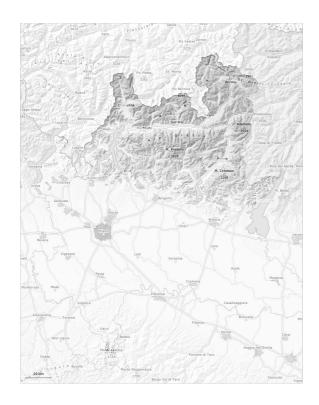
Friday 11.04.2025

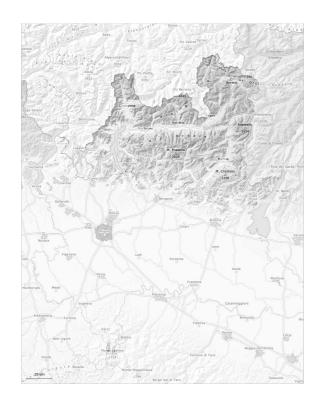
Updated 11 04 2025, 16:40



AM



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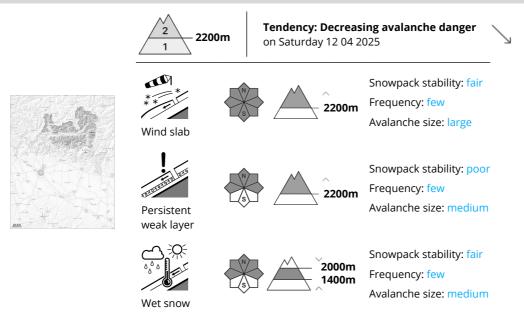


1 2 3 4 5 low moderate considerable high very high





Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Wind slabs and wet snow represent the main danger. As a consequence of a strong wind, easily released wind slabs formed in particular adjacent to ridgelines on south, east and west facing slopes.

The avalanche prone locations are clearly recognisable to the trained eye, especially adjacent to ridgelines, in particular in the central part of the main Alpine ridge. Weak layers exist in the snowpack in shady places that are protected from the wind. Dry avalanches can still be released, mostly by large loads.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

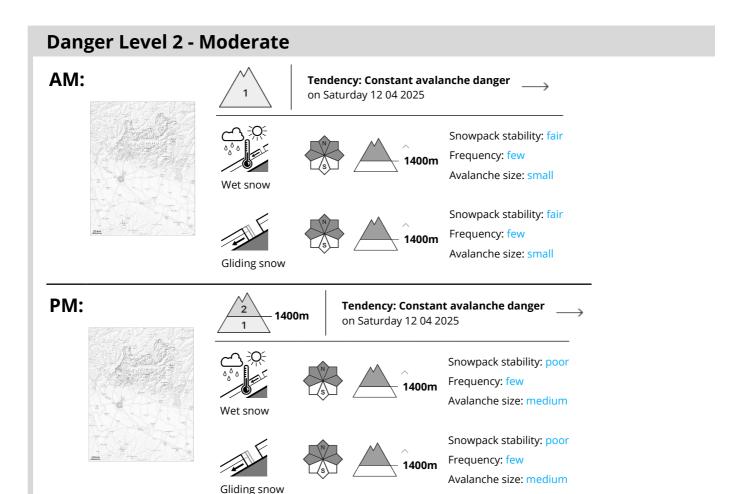
 $(\,$ dp.1: deep persistent weak layer $\,)$

dp.10: springtime scenario

Large-grained weak layers exist in the snowpack on shady slopes. This applies especially at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack, when entering gullies and bowls for example.

Lombardia Page 2





As a consequence of warming, the activity of small moist and wet avalanches will increase. Gliding avalanches can also be released in the morning on rare occasions.

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good. The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. A few gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns dp.2: gliding snow dp.10: springtime scenario

As a consequence of warming during the day, the likelihood of moist loose snow avalanches being released will increase a little in particular on steep grassy slopes in all altitude zones.

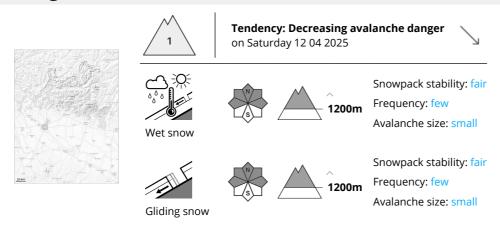
Lombardia Page 3







Danger Level 1 - Low



Moist and wet snow slides and small avalanches are possible in isolated cases.

Individual small moist and wet avalanches are possible.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

(dp.2: gliding snow)



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