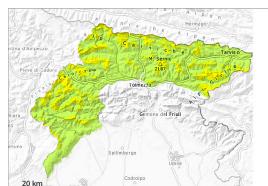


Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025 →



Wet snow



Wind slab



1600m

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: large



Wind slab



1800m

Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: large

As a consequence of solar radiation the avalanche prone locations will become more prevalent as the day progresses.

The wind slabs remain in some cases prone to triggering.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular at the base of rock walls and behind abrupt changes in the terrain and adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. As a consequence of solar radiation loose snow avalanches are possible as the day progresses.

The wind slabs must be evaluated with care and prudence.

Avalanches can be released, in particular by large loads.

Snowpack

The solar radiation will give rise as the day progresses to increasing moistening of the snowpack.

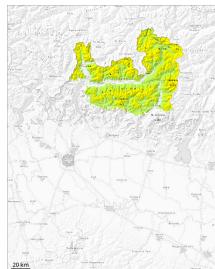
The wind slabs have bonded poorly with the old snowpack. Weak layers exist in the snowpack.

Tendency

The weather will be sunny.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: fair

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: medium

Wind slabs represent the main danger.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular adjacent to ridgelines above approximately 2000 m and in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Wind-loaded slopes where weaknesses exist in the old snowpack are unfavourable.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

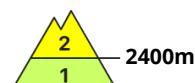
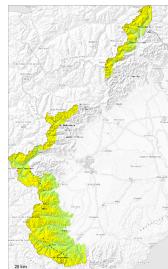
dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.2: gliding snow

The snowpack will become in some cases unfavourable. In the last few days visible wind slabs formed especially adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls. Also shady slopes where weaknesses exist in the old snowpack are dangerous.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025 →



Wind slab



2400m

Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: some

Avalanche size: medium



Wet snow



2300m

Snowpack stability: poor

Frequency: few

Avalanche size: small

Fresh wind slabs at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Moist loose snow avalanches are possible from the middle of the day.

The fresh wind slabs can still be released in particular on very steep shady slopes at intermediate and high altitudes, in particular in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain.

Mostly small moist avalanches are possible as a consequence of solar radiation, in particular on very steep sunny slopes, as well as at the base of rock walls.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

Watch out for the numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

In some regions 5 to 20 cm of snow fell on Saturday. The snowpack is largely stable and its surface consists of loosely bonded snow lying on a crust. In the regions exposed to heavier precipitation this applies especially on steep shady slopes.

In particular sunny slopes: The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften later than the day before.

In all altitude zones less snow than usual is lying.

On sunny slopes and at the base of rock walls the likelihood of gliding and wet avalanches will increase during the day.

Tendency

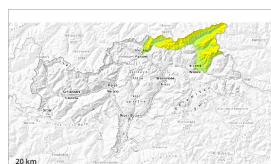
The weather will be mild. The weather conditions will foster a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025



Wind slab



Snowpack stability: poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: very poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium

Fresh wind slabs require caution. A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions generally.

As a consequence of a moderate to strong wind from southerly directions, wind slabs will form in particular adjacent to ridgelines. This applies in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. The fresh wind slabs are mostly small but can be released easily.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation wet loose snow avalanches are possible, but they can reach medium size in isolated cases, especially on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 3000 m.

Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in very isolated cases. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. Avalanches can reach medium size in isolated cases.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.10: springtime scenario

The fresh wind slabs are lying on soft layers on shady slopes. Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack on west, north and east facing slopes.

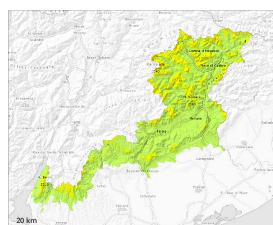
Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good over a wide area. Especially on steep sunny slopes, a partially stable melt-freeze crust formed. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack in some cases on very steep sunny slopes.

Tendency

Fresh wind slabs require caution. Gradual increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.



Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Snowpack stability: poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: large



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: some
Avalanche size: medium

Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in isolated cases on steep shady slopes. The danger of moist and wet avalanches will increase during the day.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation moist loose snow avalanches are possible as the day progresses, even medium-sized ones.

Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in isolated cases on steep shady slopes. Caution is to be exercised in particular adjacent to ridgelines, as well as in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep shady slopes above the tree line.

Snowpack

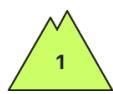
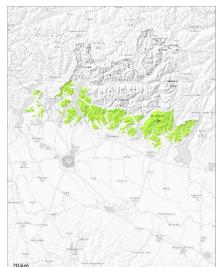
Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to moistening of the snowpack on steep sunny slopes. Faceted weak layers exist in the snowpack on west, north and east facing slopes. The fresh wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on steep shady slopes.

Tendency

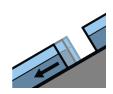
Increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Gliding snow



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Gliding avalanches and moist snow slides are possible in isolated cases.

There is a danger of moist snow slides during the day.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

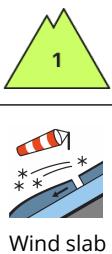
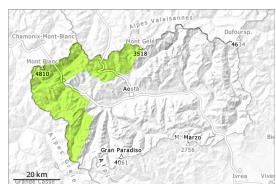
dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.2: gliding snow

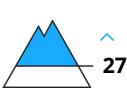
As a consequence of highly fluctuating temperatures and solar radiation the snowpack consolidated. In many cases new snow is lying on a moist old snowpack.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Snowpack stability: **fair**
Frequency: **few**
Avalanche size: **medium**

The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are quite favourable.

Avalanches can in very isolated cases be released in the old snowpack, especially on very steep shady slopes in little used backcountry terrain. This applies especially above approximately 2700 m along the border with France and along the border between Valais and Italy.

A clear night: Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften later than the day before. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Snowpack

The wind was light.

Sunny slopes: The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day. In shady places that are protected from the wind: Towards its surface, the snowpack is dry and has a loosely bonded surface.

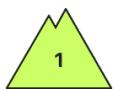
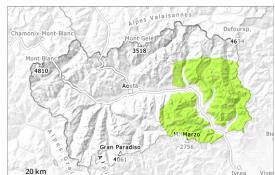
Snow depths vary greatly above approximately 2200 m, depending on the influence of the wind. Adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas and at high altitude a little snow is lying. At low altitude less snow than usual is lying.

Tendency

The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are quite favourable.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025

In all aspects only a small amount of snow is lying for the time of year.

Very isolated avalanche prone locations are to be found on extremely steep northwest, north and northeast facing slopes in high Alpine regions. Avalanches can be released in the old snowpack by large loads.

There is a danger of falling on the hard snow surface, in particular on very steep sunny slopes.

Snowpack

The wind was light.

Sunny slopes: The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day.

In shady places that are protected from the wind: Towards its surface, the snowpack is dry and has a loosely bonded surface.

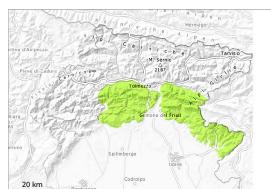
In all aspects only a small amount of snow is lying for the time of year. On sunny slopes below approximately 2600 m hardly any snow is lying.

Tendency

The avalanche danger will persist.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

As a consequence of warming the avalanche prone locations will become more prevalent as the day progresses.

The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls and at transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack. Avalanches can be released by large loads.

Snowpack

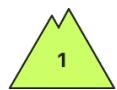
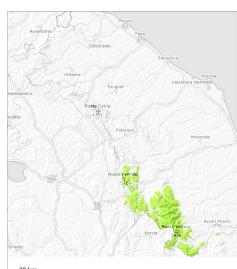
In particular on sunny slopes a little snow is lying. The solar radiation will give rise as the day progresses to increasing moistening of the snowpack. Weak layers exist in the snowpack in particular on shady slopes.

Tendency

The weather will be sunny.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Persistent
weak layer



Snowpack stability: fair
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: medium



Wet snow



Snowpack stability: poor
Frequency: few
Avalanche size: small

Slab avalanches and moist snow slides and avalanches are possible in isolated cases.

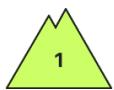
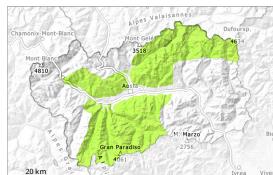
Adjacent to ridgelines and in gullies and bowls and above approximately 1900 m individual slab avalanches are possible, even medium-sized ones. As a consequence of warming during the day individual mostly small wet snow slides and avalanches are possible. The avalanche prone locations for wet avalanches are to be found especially on rocky sunny slopes below approximately 1900 m.

Snowpack

The old snowpack will be generally stable. The more recent wind slabs have formed in particular in gullies and bowls and at elevated altitudes. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to increasing moistening of the snowpack in some cases below approximately 1900 m.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025

1

The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are quite favourable.

Avalanches can in very isolated cases be released in the old snowpack, especially on very steep shady slopes in little used backcountry terrain.

A clear night: Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good. The surface of the snowpack will freeze to form a strong crust and will soften later than the day before. Restraint should be exercised because avalanches can sweep people along and give rise to falls.

Snowpack

The wind was light.

Sunny slopes: The surface of the snowpack has frozen to form a strong crust and will soften during the day.

In shady places that are protected from the wind: Towards its surface, the snowpack is dry and has a loosely bonded surface.

Snow depths vary greatly above approximately 2200 m, depending on the influence of the wind. Adjacent to ridgelines and in pass areas and at high altitude a little snow is lying. At low altitude less snow than usual is lying. Below approximately 2200 m no snow is lying on south facing slopes.

Tendency

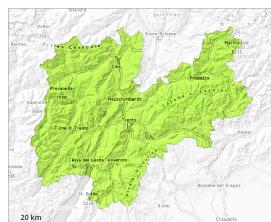
The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are quite favourable.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Increasing avalanche danger
on Friday 07 03 2025



Wet snow



3000m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Persistent
weak layer



2400m

Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions generally. Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in very isolated cases.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation wet loose snow avalanches are possible, but they can reach medium size in isolated cases, especially on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 3000 m.

Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in very isolated cases. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. Avalanches can reach medium size in isolated cases.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good over a wide area. Especially on steep sunny slopes, a partially stable melt-freeze crust formed. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack in some cases on very steep sunny slopes.

Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack on west, north and east facing slopes. The older wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on shady slopes.

Tendency

A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions generally. Gradual increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.



Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Wet snow



3000m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**



Persistent
weak layer



2400m

Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **medium**

Fresh wind slabs require caution. A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions generally.

As a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation wet loose snow avalanches are possible, but they can reach medium size in isolated cases, especially on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 3000 m.

As a consequence of a moderate to strong wind from southerly directions, mostly small wind slabs will form in particular adjacent to ridgelines. This applies in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. Weak layers in the old snowpack can be released in very isolated cases. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on very steep shady slopes above approximately 2400 m. Avalanches can reach medium size in isolated cases.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.1: deep persistent weak layer

Outgoing longwave radiation during the night will be good over a wide area. Especially on steep sunny slopes, a partially stable melt-freeze crust formed. Sunshine and high temperatures will give rise as the day progresses to a loss of strength within the snowpack in some cases on very steep sunny slopes.

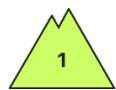
Faceted weak layers exist in the bottom section of the snowpack on west, north and east facing slopes. As a consequence of wind from southerly directions, mostly small wind slabs will form. The wind will transport only a little snow. The fresh wind slabs are lying on soft layers in particular on shady slopes.

Tendency

A clear night will be followed in the early morning by quite favourable conditions generally. Gradual increase in danger of moist and wet avalanches as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation.



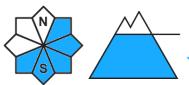
Danger Level 1 - Low



Tendency: Constant avalanche danger →
on Friday 07 03 2025



Wet snow



Wind slab

2400m

2300m

Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

Snowpack stability: **fair**

Frequency: **few**

Avalanche size: **small**

In some localities increase in danger of moist and wet snow slides as a consequence of solar radiation.

Mostly small moist avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day and solar radiation, in particular on steep sunny slopes, and at the base of rock walls.

The wind slabs are rather small and can be released in isolated cases especially at their margins.

Less snow than usual is lying in all altitude zones. Watch out for the numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow.

Snowpack

Danger patterns

dp.10: springtime scenario

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

In some localities 5 to 15 cm of snow fell on Saturday. The snowpack is largely stable and its surface consists of loosely bonded snow lying on a crust. In the regions exposed to heavier precipitation this applies especially on shady slopes.

In particular low and intermediate altitudes: The solar radiation will give rise as the day progresses to increasing moistening of the snowpack in particular on sunny slopes.

In all altitude zones less snow than usual is lying.

Tendency

The weather will be mild. The weather conditions will foster a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.

