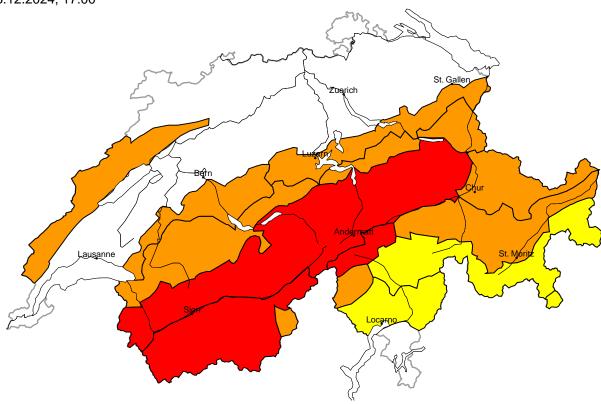
# Avalanche danger

updated on 23.12.2024, 17:00



# region A

# High (4=)



# New snow, Persistent weak layers

### **Avalanche prone locations**

# Danger description

Large quantities of fresh snow and the wind-drifted snow are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant. Natural avalanches are to be expected. Avalanches can be triggered in the old snowpack. Very large natural avalanches, capable of reaching the valleys, must be expected. Exposed parts of transportation routes are endangered in some cases. The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are very critical.

# region B

# High (4-)

# New snow, Persistent weak layers

### Avalanche prone locations

#### Danger description

Large quantities of fresh snow and the wind-drifted snow are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant. Avalanches can be triggered in the old snowpack. Very large natural avalanches must be expected in isolated cases. Exposed parts of transportation routes are endangered in isolated cases.

The snow sport conditions outside marked and open pistes are very critical.

# region C

# Considerable (3+)



## New snow, Persistent weak layers

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### **Danger description**

As a consequence of new snow and a moderate to strong northerly wind, avalanche prone wind slabs will form. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant. Additionally avalanches can be released in the old snowpack and reach large size. Natural avalanches are possible.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for extensive experience and restraint.

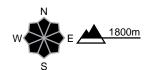
# region D

# Considerable (3+)



## **New snow**

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### **Danger description**

Large quantities of fresh snow and the wind-drifted snow of the last few days are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant and reach large size.

Natural avalanches are possible.

Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for extensive experience and restraint.

# region E

# Considerable (3=)



# New snow, Wind slab

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### **Danger description**

The new snow and wind slabs are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released by people and reach large size in isolated cases. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

## region F

# Considerable (3=)



# Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### **Danger description**

The new snow and wind slabs are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack. Avalanches can be released, even by a single winter sport participant and reach medium size.

Whumpfing sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack can indicate the danger. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

# region G

# Considerable (3-)



# Wind slab

#### Avalanche prone locations



#### **Danger description**

The new snow and wind slabs are prone to triggering. Avalanches can be released by people and reach medium size. Avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls, and behind abrupt changes in the terrain.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

# region H

# Moderate (2+)



# Wind slab, Persistent weak layers

Avalanche prone locations

### **Danger description**

The new snow and wind slabs are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack. Avalanches can in some places be released by a single winter sport participant. Small to medium-sized avalanches are possible. As a consequence of the snowfall the prevalence and size of the avalanche prone locations will increase.

Whumpfing sounds and the formation of shooting cracks when stepping on the snowpack can indicate the danger. Backcountry touring and other off-piste activities call for careful route selection.

Danger levels



3 considerable

5 very high

# region I

# Moderate (2=)



### Wind slab

# **Avalanche prone locations**



# **Danger description**

Thus far only a little snow is lying. The more recent wind slabs are lying on top of a weakly bonded old snowpack. They are mostly small but can be released easily. These avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in gullies and bowls.

Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.



Danger levels

1 low

2 moderate

3 c

3 considerable

4 high

5 very high

# Snowpack and weather

updated on 23.12.2024, 17:00

# **Snowpack**

With a lot of fresh snowfall in Valais and on the northern flank of the Alps and strong, sometimes stormy westerly to northerly winds, extensive and sometimes large snowdrift accumulations will form during this period of precipitation. These new and drifted snow layers are lying on an unfavourable old snowpack in many places. Particularly on western, northern and eastern slopes, there are widespread pronounced weak layers in the snowpack where avalanches may start. There is still little snow for the time of year on the southern flank of the Alps, in central Grisons and in the Engadine. There, the thin old snowpack is mainly completely faceted and loose. New and drifted snow coverage is only light.

# Weather review for Monday, 23.12.2024

Cloud cover was mainly heavy and, after a break in precipitation during the night, heavy snowfall resumed, primarily on the northern flank of the Alps, particularly in the west. There were bright intervals in the Engadine and in the far south.

#### Fresh snow

Snow fell down to low altitudes. Snowfall at altitude:

- northern Lower Valais, Urn and Glarus Alps: 80 to 100 cm
- rest of the northern Alpine ridge from the western Lower Valais to the St Gallen Alps and neighbouring regions of the northern flank of the Alps, southern Lower Valais, Goms: 40 to 80 cm
- Jura, southern Upper Valais and the rest of the northern flank of the Alps: 20 to 40 cm
- rest of northern Ticino, rest of northern and central Grisons: 10 to 20 cm
- further south: less precipitation or dry

#### **Temperature**

In the middle of the day at 2000 m around -7 °C

#### Wind

The wind changed from westerly to northerly overnight to Monday

- strong to stormy in the High Jura, on the northern Alpine ridge and on the main Alpine ridge
- otherwise moderate to strong at altitude



## Weather forecast to Tuesday, 24.12.2024

Snowfall will continue in the north during the night. In the west, the snowfall will end on Tuesday morning, after which the sky will clear and conditions will become quite sunny. In the east, snowfall will not end until the afternoon and there will be bright intervals in inneralpine regions. It will be mostly sunny on the southern flank of the Alps.

#### Fresh snow

Snow will fall down to low altitudes. Snowfall to Tuesday afternoon:

- 20 to 40 cm on the northern Alpine ridge from the eastern Bernese Oberland to the Alpstein region and in northern Grisons, up to 50 cm in the main accumulation areas between the Hasli valley and the Glarus Alps
- otherwise 10 to 20 cm in many places, less in the Upper Visp valleys, in southern Grisons and on the southern flank of the Alps, dry in the far south

#### **Temperature**

- in the middle of the day at 2000 m between -8 °C in the north and -5 °C in the south
- rising in the afternoon

#### Wind

- moderate, often stronger at high altitudes, occasionally stormy on the main Alpine Ridge
- on the southern flank of the Alps, strong foehn wind from the north down into the valleys

#### **Outlook**

Wednesday and Thursday will be mostly sunny in the mountains. There will be a moderate bise wind on Wednesday which will subside on Thursday. The temperature will increase appreciably. On Thursday, the zero-degree level will be around 3000 m. The danger of dry avalanches will slowly decrease. With the increasingly mild weather, moist snow slides and avalanches are to be expected on steep sunny slopes and from rocky terrain on Wednesday afternoon and especially on Thursday.

