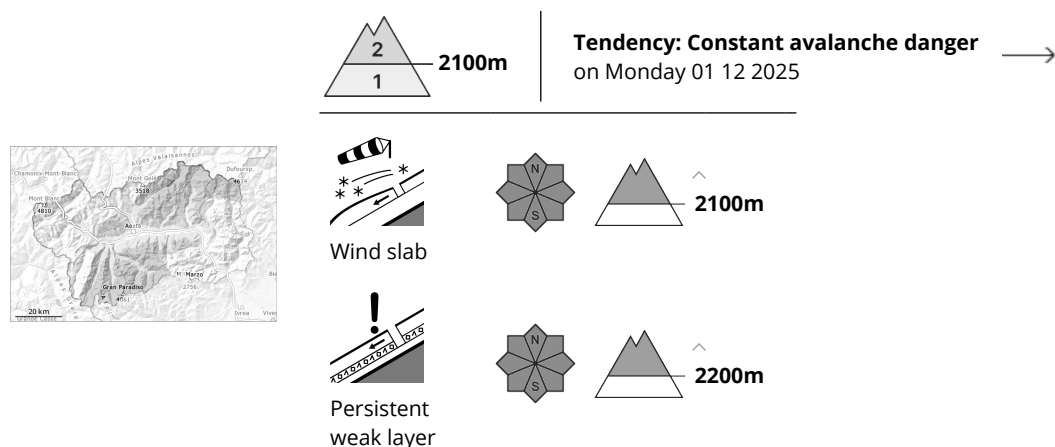


## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



Wind slabs and weakly bonded old snow represent the main danger.

In particular at intermediate and high altitudes sometimes avalanche prone wind slabs formed. Wind slabs are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack in particular on steep shady slopes above approximately 2200 m.

Single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on steep northwest to north to northeast facing slopes and in places that are protected from the wind.

Transitions from a shallow to a deep snowpack are especially unfavourable. Off-piste activities call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger. The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

As a consequence of warming dry and moist avalanches are possible as the day progresses, but they will be mostly small.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Little snow will fall on Sunday in some localities. Snow depths vary greatly at intermediate and high altitudes, depending on the influence of the wind.

Weak layers exist in the snowpack in particular at intermediate altitudes. Over a wide area wind slabs are lying on a hard crust.

The weather conditions on Saturday gave rise to slight moistening of the snowpack in particular on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 2200 m. As a consequence of mild temperatures and partly cloudy skies a crust will form on the surface.

The conditions will facilitate a gradual strengthening of the snowpack.

The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

## Tendency

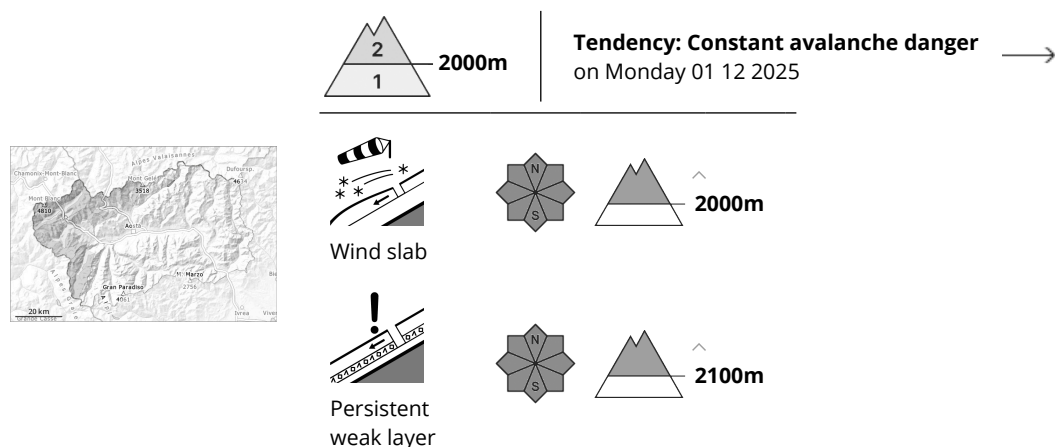




The avalanche danger will persist.



## Danger Level 2 - Moderate



The fresh wind slabs are to be evaluated with care and prudence and generally at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

Wind slabs are lying on the unfavourable surface of an old snowpack in particular on steep shady slopes above approximately 2200 m. Whumpfung sounds are a clear indication.

Single winter sport participants can release avalanches in some places, including medium-sized ones. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular in northwest to north to northeast facing aspects and in places that are protected from the wind. Transitions into gullies and bowls are especially precarious. Snow sport activities outside marked and open pistes call for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger.

As a consequence of warming dry and moist avalanches are possible as the day progresses, but they will be mostly small.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

Little snow will fall on Sunday especially along the border with France. Wind slabs will be covered with new snow in some cases and therefore difficult to recognise.

Snow depths vary greatly at intermediate and high altitudes, depending on the influence of the wind.

Weak layers exist in the snowpack in particular at intermediate altitudes. Over a wide area wind slabs are lying on a hard crust.

The weather conditions on Saturday gave rise to slight moistening of the snowpack in particular on very steep sunny slopes below approximately 2200 m. As a consequence of mild temperatures and partly cloudy skies a crust will form on the surface.

The conditions will facilitate a gradual strengthening of the snowpack. The snowpack will be subject to considerable local variations.

## Tendency

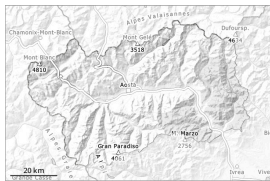




The avalanche danger will persist.



## Danger Level 1 - Low



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Monday 01 12 2025

In all altitude zones from a snow sport perspective, insufficient snow is lying.  
The snowpack will be generally stable.  
Very isolated avalanche prone locations are to be found at high altitude.

The numerous rocks hidden by the recent snow are the main danger.

### Snowpack

The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information about the snowpack.

