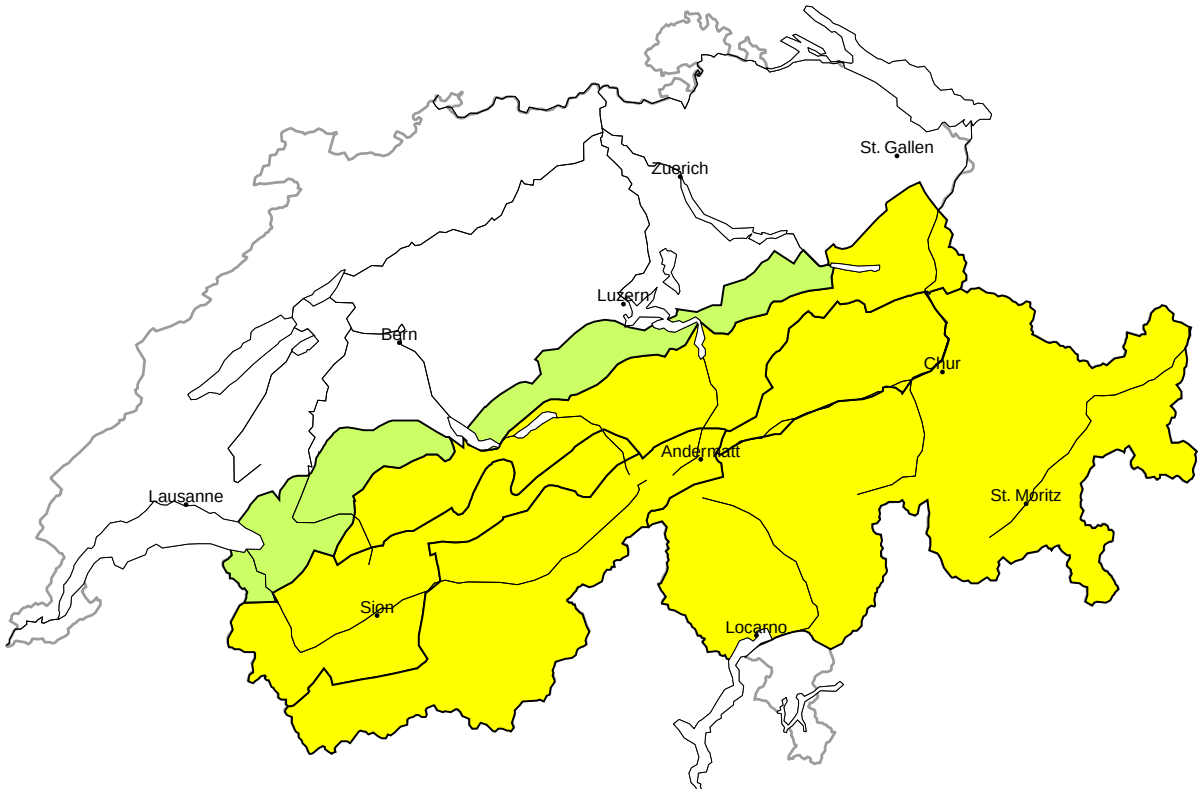
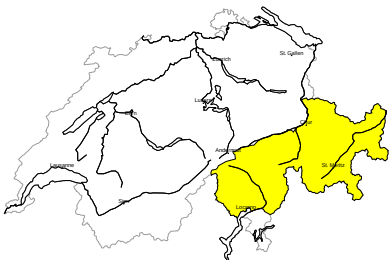
Avalanche danger

updated on 7.5.2025, 17:00



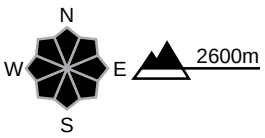
region A

Moderate (2+)



New snow

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

The new snow and wind slabs of the last few days are in some cases prone to triggering. The prevalence of the avalanche prone locations will increase with altitude. Persons can release avalanches in some places. Dry avalanches can in some cases release the saturated snowpack and reach large size in isolated cases. Ski touring calls for careful route selection.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

Moderate (2)

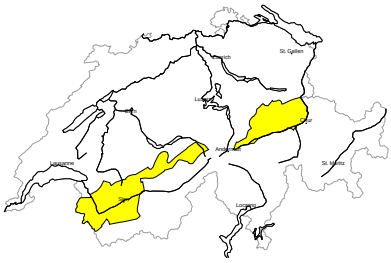
Wet snow

Natural wet avalanches are possible. Mostly they are medium-sized. Caution is to be exercised in particular below approximately 2800 m.

Danger levels 1 low 2 moderate 3 considerable 4 high 5 very high

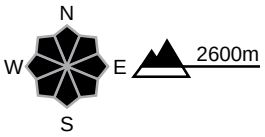
region B

Moderate (2=)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Dry avalanches can in some places be released in near-surface layers by people. They can reach medium size. Careful route selection is recommended.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

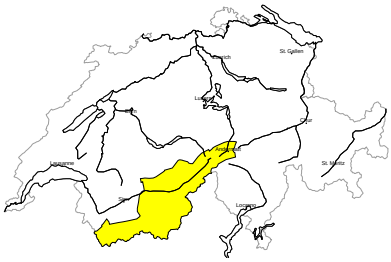
Low (1)

Wet snow

Individual natural wet avalanches are possible. Mostly they are medium-sized. Caution is to be exercised in particular on west, north and east facing slopes below approximately 2400 m.

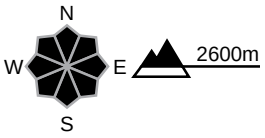
region C

Moderate (2=)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Dry avalanches can in some places be released in near-surface layers by people. They can reach medium size. Careful route selection is recommended.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

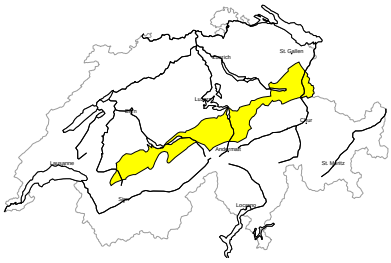
Moderate (2)

Wet snow

Natural wet avalanches are possible. Mostly they are medium-sized. Caution is to be exercised in particular below approximately 2800 m.

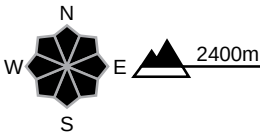
region D

Moderate (2-)



No distinct avalanche problem

Avalanche prone locations



Danger description

Individual avalanche prone locations for dry avalanches are to be found in particular in the vicinity of peaks and in extremely steep terrain. Dry avalanches can still in isolated cases be released by people, but they will be small in most cases. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised as well in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.
The Avalanche Warning Service currently has only a small amount of information that has been collected in the field, so that the avalanche danger should be investigated especially thoroughly in the relevant locality.

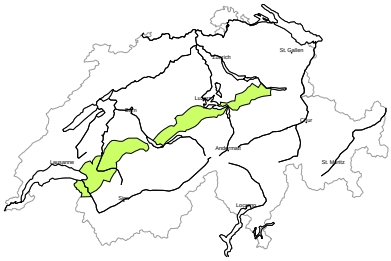
Low (1)

Wet snow

Individual natural wet avalanches are possible. Mostly they are medium-sized. Caution is to be exercised in particular on west, north and east facing slopes below approximately 2400 m.

region E

Low (1)



Wet snow

The snowpack will be wet all the way through. Natural wet avalanches are possible, but they will be mostly small. The avalanche prone locations are to be found in particular on north facing slopes. Apart from the danger of being buried, restraint should be exercised in particular in view of the danger of avalanches sweeping people along and giving rise to falls.

Snowpack and weather

updated on 7.5.2025, 17:00

Snowpack

New and drifted snow from the last few days is sometimes prone to triggering, particularly at high altitudes. The old snowpack is water-saturated on southern slopes up to the high Alpine regions, on eastern and western slopes up to around 3000 m, and on northern slopes up to a maximum of 2800 m. Significant cooling prevented the progression of the saturation of the snowpack. This appreciably reduced the probability of wet avalanches. However, individual wet snow avalanches and superficial snow slides are still possible.

Weather review for Wednesday

It was mostly cloudy. Some snow fell above approximately 2000 m, particularly in the south.

Fresh snow
From Tuesday evening until Wednesday evening, the following amounts of fresh snow fell above approximately 2200 m:
- Main Alpine Ridge and south of it: 5 to 15 cm, up to 20 cm on the central part of the southern flank of the Alps, in Val Bregaglia and in Val Poschiavo
- elsewhere a few centimetres or dry

Temperature
At midday at 2000 m, around +3 °C

Wind
Light to moderate from southerly directions

Weather forecast to Thursday

Conditions will often be cloudy. Some snow will fall during the night, above approximately 1600 m in the east, and above approximately 1900 m in the west and south. There will be isolated showers during the day. There will be some bright spells in the south and in the high Alpine regions of the Bernese Oberland and Valais.

Fresh snow
From Wednesday evening to Thursday evening, the following amounts of fresh snow are expected above approximately 2200 m:
- Northern Grisons and Lower Engadine: 10 to 20 cm
- Otherwise a few centimetres over a wide area

Temperature
At midday at 2000 m, between 1 °C in the north and +3 °C in the south

Wind
Mainly light

Outlook

On Friday, some snow will fall over a wide area above approximately 2000 m. There will be a few brighter spells in the west as the day progresses. On Saturday, after a clear night, it will be quite sunny and appreciably warmer. The zero-degree level will rise to 2600 m. As the day progresses, there will be cumulus clouds and isolated showers. The wind will be mostly light on both days.
The danger of dry avalanches will decrease, but only slowly on north-facing slopes in the high Alpine regions. On Saturday, loose snow avalanches are expected from the new fallen snow as a result of solar radiation and warmer temperatures. Individual wet avalanches are also possible.