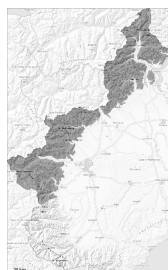


## Danger Level 3 - Considerable



**Tendency: Constant avalanche danger** →  
on Monday 21 04 2025



New snow



2300m

Snowpack stability: **very poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**



Wet snow



2300m

Snowpack stability: **poor**

Frequency: **some**

Avalanche size: **large**

**Increase in danger of dry and moist avalanches in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.**

Over a wide area up to 40 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since yesterday above approximately 2500 m.

In these regions medium-sized and large dry and moist avalanches are possible in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions. This applies in particular on steep slopes, and on very steep slopes. The new snow of the last few days can be released by a single winter sport participant in particular on shady slopes.

The current avalanche situation calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.3: rain

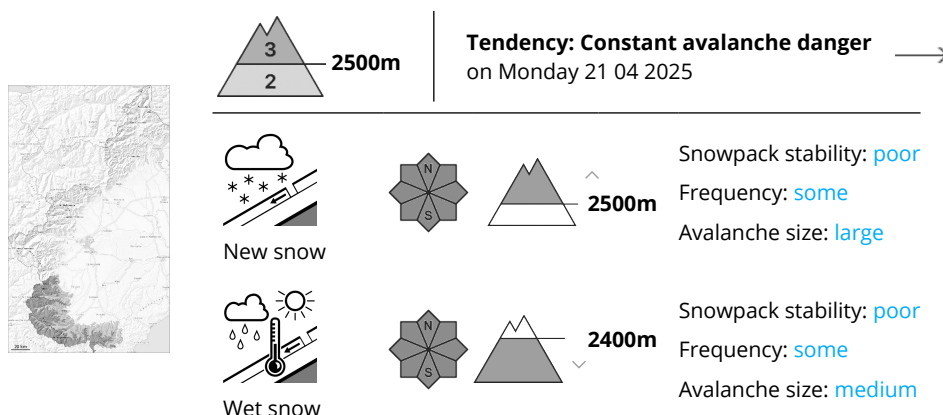
Since Thursday deep wind slabs formed in particular at high altitudes and in high Alpine regions.

The sleet gave rise to significant moistening of the snowpack below approximately 2400 m. New snow and wind slabs are lying on a moist old snowpack.

Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.



## Danger Level 3 - Considerable



At high altitudes and in high Alpine regions a considerable danger of dry and moist avalanches will be encountered in some regions.

Over a wide area up to 15 cm of snow, and even more in some localities, has fallen since yesterday above approximately 2500 m.

At high altitudes and in high Alpine regions and in starting zones where no previous releases have taken place more medium-sized and, in isolated cases, large natural avalanches are possible. This applies especially on shady slopes.

Below approximately 2500 m: Several moist and wet avalanches are possible as a consequence of warming during the day.

Backcountry touring calls for experience in the assessment of avalanche danger and careful route selection.

## Snowpack

### Danger patterns

dp.6: cold, loose snow and wind

dp.3: rain

The sleet gave rise to significant moistening of the snowpack below approximately 2500 m.

Towards its surface, the snowpack is moist and its surface has a crust that is strong in many cases. The new snow of yesterday is lying on a crust below approximately 2600 m.

Below approximately 2000 m a little snow is lying.

