Typora Theme Kiwi

Basic Syntax

Headings

Heading level 4 标题级别 4

Heading level 5 标题级别 5

Heading level 6

Emphasis

This is bold text 这是粗体文本

This text is italicized 这是斜体文本

This text is ***extremely* important** 此文本非常重要

All this text is important 所有这些文本都很重要

Blockquotes

> Text that is a quote 引用文本
>
> adaadasd ad
>
> > Text that is a quote 引用文本

Lists

Ordered Lists

1. First item 第一项
2. Second item 第二项
3. Third item 第三项

4. Fourth item 第四项

Unordered Lists

- First item 第一项

- Second item 第二项

- Third item 第三项

- Fourth item 第四项

Code

At the command prompt, type `echo Hello world`
在命令行提示符下，输入 `echo Hello world`

Horizontal Rules

Links

Search engine [Google](#)
搜索引擎[谷歌](#)

Image

Extended Syntax

Tables

Syntax	Description	Test Text
Header	Title	Here's this

Syntax	Description	Test Text
Paragraph	Text	And more

Fenced Code Blocks

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int main(void) {
3     // printf() displays the string inside quotation
4     printf("Hello, World!");
5     return 0;
6  }
```

Math

$$1 + 1 = 2; //注释$$
$$1 + 2 = 3$$

Footnotes

Here's a simple footnote,[1] and here's a longer one.[2]

Heading IDs

Definition Lists

First Term
: This is the definition of the first term.

Second Term
: This is one definition of the second term.
: This is another definition of the second term.

Strikethrough

~~This was mistaken text~~

~~这是错误文本~~

Checkbox

- ☐ Write the press release
- ☐ Update the website
- ☐ Contact the media

Emoji

Gone camping! ⛺ Be back soon.

That is so funny! 😂

Highlight

I need to highlight these <mark>very important words</mark>.

Subscript

This isn't common, but some Markdown processors allow you to use subscript to position one or more characters slightly below the normal line of type. To create a subscript, use one tilde symbol (~) beforeand after the characters.

```
1  H~2~O
```

The rendered output looks like this:

H_2O

Alternatively, if your Markdown application supports HTML, you can use the sub HTML tag.

This is a $_{subscript}$ text

这是$_{下标}$文本

Superscript

This isn't common, but some Markdown processors allow you to use superscript to position one or more characters slightly above the normal line of type. To create a superscript, use one caret symbol (^) before and after the characters.

```
1  X^2^
```

The rendered output looks like this:

X^2

Alternatively, if your Markdown application supports HTML, you can use the sup HTML tag.

This is a ^{superscript} text

这是上标^{文本}

Alerts

> ⓘ **Note**
>
> Useful information that users should know, even when skimming content.

> 💡 **Tip**
> Helpful advice for doing things better or more easily.

> 🗨 **Important**
> Key information users need to know to achieve their goal.

> ⚠ **Warning**
> Urgent info that needs immediate user attention to avoid problems.

> 🛑 **Caution**
> Advises about risks or negative outcomes of certain actions.

Automatic URL Linking

http://www.google.com

Disabling Automatic URL Linking

`http://www.google.com`

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1. This is the first footnote. ↵

2. Here's one with multiple paragraphs and code.
 Indent paragraphs to include them in the footnote. ↵