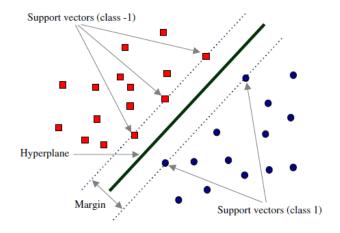
Siddhardhan

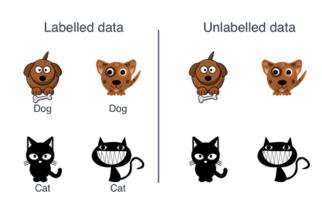
Support Vector Machine (SVM) Classifier - intuition

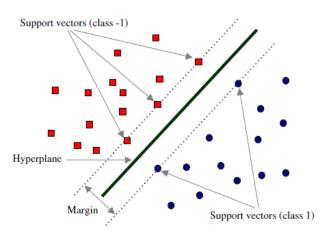


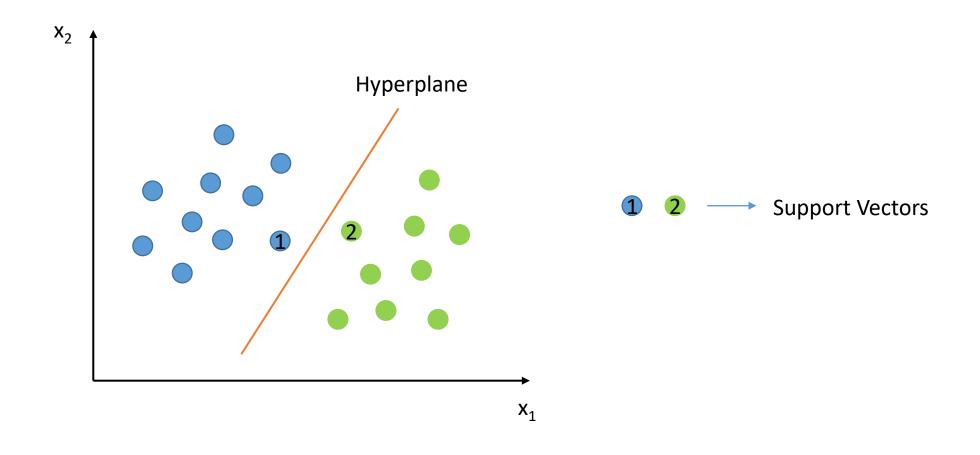
Support Vector Machine

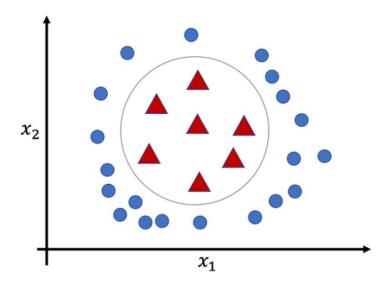
About Support Vector Machine model:

- 1. Supervised Learning Model
- 2. Both Classification & Regression
- 3. Hyperplane
- 4. Support Vectors

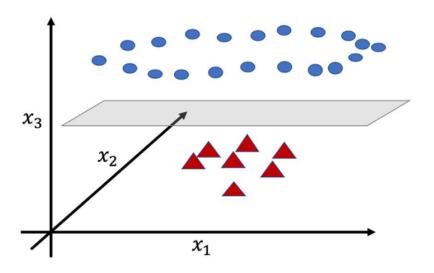








SVM in 2 dimensions



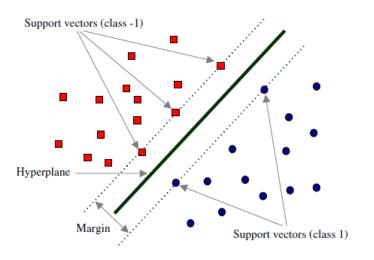
SVM in 3 dimensions

Hyperplane:

Hyperplane is a line (in 2d space) or a plane that separate the data points into 2 classes.

Support Vectors:

Support Vectors are the data points which lie nearest to the hyperplane. If theses data points changes, the position of the hyperplane changes.



Advantages:

- 1. Works well with smaller datasets
- 2. Works efficiently when there is a clear margin of separation
- 3. Works well with high dimensional data

Disadvantages:

- 1. Not suitable for large datasets as the training time is higher
- 2. Not suitable for noisier datasets with overlapping classes

