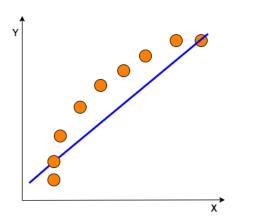
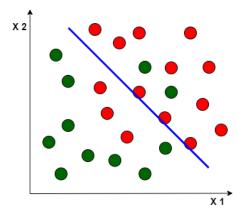
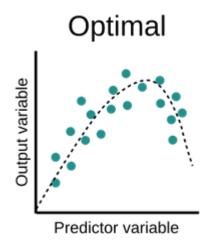
### Siddhardhan

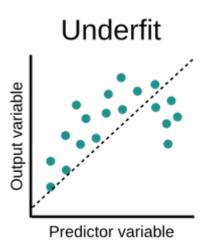
# **Underfitting in Machine Learning**





**Underfitting** happens when the model **does not learn enough** from the data. Underfitting occurs when a machine learning model cannot capture the underlying trend of the data



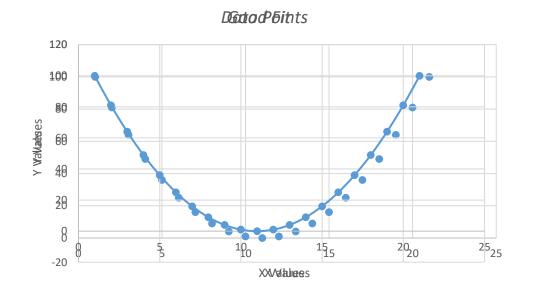


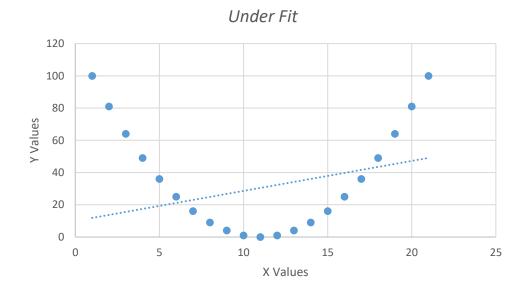
Sign that the model has Underfitted: Very Low Training data Accuracy

X	-10	-9	-8	-7	••••••	0	••••••	7	8	9	10
Υ	100	81	64	49		0		49	64	81	100

# Data Points 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 5 10 15 20 25 X Values

X	-10	-9	-8	-7	•••••	0	•••••	7	8	9	10
Υ	100	81	64	49		0		49	64	81	100





### Causes for Underfitting:

- 1. Choosing a wrong model
- 2. Less complexity of the model
- 3. Less variance but high bias

### Prevent Underfitting by:

- 1. Choosing the correct model appropriate for the problem
- 2. Increasing the complexity of the model
- 3. More number of parameters to the model
- 4. Bias Variance Tradeoff