# Gandaki University

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# **Bachelor of Information Technology**

### **BSM** 101

#### Exercise 2

#### **Derivative**

1. Find the dervatives of the following function by definition approach:

(a) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = x^2$$

2. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  of the following functions.

a) 
$$y = 5x^7 - 3\sqrt{x} + 1$$

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 b)  $y = \frac{5}{x^2} + x^{3/2} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x^4}{4} + 8x + \frac{x+3}{7}$  c)  $y = (x^2 + 5)(2 - 7x)$ 

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c) 
$$y = (x^2 + 5)(2 - 7x)$$

d) 
$$y = \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5x^2 + 4}$$

e) 
$$y = (3x^2 + 5)^{2/3}$$

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$$y = \frac{2x^2 - 3}{5x^2 + 4}$$
 e)  $y = (3x^2 + 5)^{2/3}$  f)  $y = (2x + 4)^{3/2}(5 - 3x)$  g)  $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$ 

$$g) y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$

3. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  from the following

a) 
$$y = (u^2 + 5)^2$$
 and  $u = x^2 + 3$   
b)  $y = z^3 + 2z + 1$  and  $z = x^2 + 2$   
c)  $y = \frac{t - 2}{3t}$  and  $t = \sqrt{x + 1}$ 

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$$y = z^3 + 2z + 1$$
 and  $z = x^2 + 2$ 

c) 
$$y = \frac{t-2}{3t}$$
 and  $t = \sqrt{x+1}$ 

d) 
$$y = \sqrt[3t]{x^2 + 1}$$
 and  $x = \sqrt{t^2 + 1}$ 

e) 
$$y = \ln(5u - 3)$$
 and  $u = 4x^3 - 3x^2$ 

f) 
$$x(t) = t^2 - 3$$
,  $y(t) = 2t - 1$ ,

g) 
$$x(t) = 2t + 1$$
,  $y(t) = t^3 - 3t + 4$ 

h) 
$$x(t) = 5\cos t$$
,  $y(t) = 5\sin t$ ,

4. By implicit differentiation find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ 

(a) 
$$v^2 - 12x^3 = 8v$$

(b) 
$$y^7 + x^{10} = y^{-2} - 6x^3 + 2$$

(c) 
$$y^{-3} + 4x^{-1} = 8y^{-1}$$

(d) 
$$y^2(4-x^2) = y^7 + 9x$$

(e) 
$$x^3 + x^2y + xy^2 + y^2$$

(f) 
$$8xy + 2x^4y^{-3} = x^3$$

$$(g) \ \frac{x}{y^3} = 1$$

5. Differentiate

(a) 
$$y = z^5 - e^z \ln(z)$$
.

- (b)  $y = ln(\cos x)$
- (c)  $y = e^{x^4}$
- (d)  $y = e^x ln(x)$
- (e)  $f(t) = \frac{1 + 5t}{\ln(t)}$
- (f)  $h(t) = 6^t 4e^t$ (g)  $f(t) = (t^2 6t + 3)e^t$