

Balcrick

$$\hat{O} \hat{R} = U S^{\frac{1}{2}} S^{\frac{1}{2}} V^T$$

$$U_0 S_0 V_0^T = 0$$

$$U_R S_R V_R^T = R$$

$$OR = U_0 S_0 V_0^T U_R S_R V_R^T$$

$$= U S V^T$$

$$OR = U_0 U S V^T V_R^T$$

$$\hat{O} = U_0 U S^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \hat{R} = V^T V_R^T$$

$$OA = \hat{O}$$

↑
Operator

$$BR = \hat{R}$$

$$U_0 S_0 V_0^T A = U_0 U S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$S_0 V_0^T A = U S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$A = V_0 S^{-1} U S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$| \rightarrow U_0^T \cdot$$

$$| \cdot S^{-1} \cdot | V_0 \cdot$$

Range of O

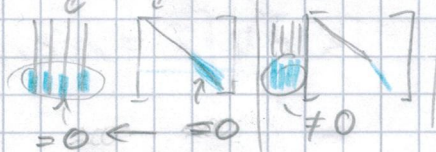
$$U_0 | U | S^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

↑
σ of O

↑
σ of H

Quadratic case

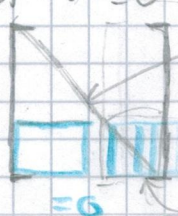
$$\text{Range}(U) = \text{Range}(S_0) + \text{Range}^\perp(S_0)$$



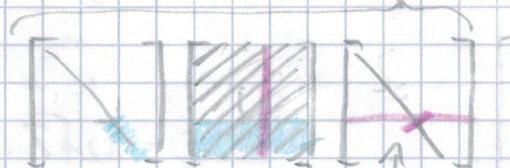
(not nec.) associated
with $\sigma > 0$

associated
with $\sigma = 0$

or $\sigma = 0$
 $\sigma > 0$ is right be viewer
than $\sigma_0 \geq 0$



these not necessarily



$$\text{rank}(S_0 V_0^T U_R S_R)$$

$$\leq \text{rank}(S_0) \text{rank}(V_0^T U_R) \text{rank}(S_R)$$

$$\text{case } O = \square$$

$$\text{or } R = \square$$

$$\square \setminus \square$$

$$\square \setminus \square$$