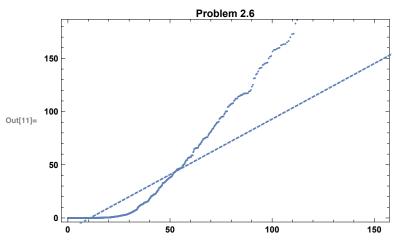
```
ln[1]:= critval = InverseCDF[ChiSquareDistribution[2], 0.95]
Out[1] = 5.99146
In[2]:= pval = 1 - CDF[ChiSquareDistribution[2], 6.16]
Out[2]= 0.0459593
ln[3]:= Plot[PDF[ChiSquareDistribution[2], x] // Evaluate, \{x, 0, 10\}, Filling \rightarrow Axis]
     0.4
     0.3
Out[3]=
     0.2
     0.1
In[4]:= quakes = Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> "SimplifiedEarthquakeCatalog2019.txt",
         "Table", "HeaderLines" → 1];
     dates = quakes[[All, 1]];
     times = Differences[dates];
In[7]:= Histogram[times, PlotLabel → "Problem 2.2"]
                             Problem 2.2
     500
     400
Out[7]= 300
     200
     100
                     50
                                 100
                                                          200
In[8]:= Mean[N[times]]
     StandardDeviation[N[times]]
Out[8] = 37.8646
Out[9] = 75.2639
```

ln[10]:= Maximize[{Length[times] * Log[x] - x * Total[times], x \ge 0}, x] Out[10]= $\{-3832.33, \{x \rightarrow 0.0264099\}\}$

In[11]:= QuantilePlot[times, ExponentialDistribution[0.0264], PlotLabel → "Problem 2.6"]



In[12]:= htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[times,

ExponentialDistribution[0.0264], "HypothesisTestData"]

htd["TestConclusion"]

htd["TestDataTable"]

Out[12]= HypothesisTestData



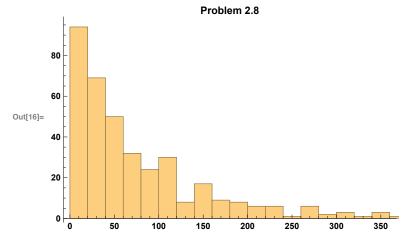
- ... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.
- ... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.

Out[13]= The null hypothesis that

the data is distributed according to the ExponentialDistribution[0.0264] is rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.

Statistic P-Value Out[14]= Kolmogorov-Smirnov 0.452369 1.91399 × 10⁻¹⁴⁸ In[15]:= times2 = Select[times, # > 4 &]; Histogram[times2, PlotLabel → "Problem 2.8"] Mean[N[times2]] StandardDeviation[N[times2]] $\texttt{Maximize}[\{\texttt{Length}[\texttt{times2}] * \texttt{Log}[\texttt{x}] - \texttt{x} * \texttt{Total}[\texttt{times2}], \texttt{x} \ge 0\}, \texttt{x}]$

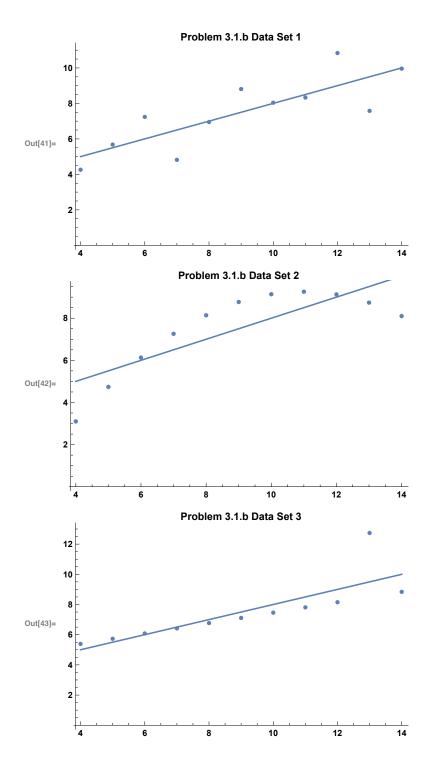


Out[17] = 82.4699

Out[18]= 93.6857

Out[19]= $\{-2040.49, \{x \rightarrow 0.0121256\}\}$

```
In[20]:= QuantilePlot[times2, ExponentialDistribution[0.0121], PlotLabel → "Problem 2.8"]
     htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[times2,
        ExponentialDistribution[0.0121], "HypothesisTestData"]
     htd["TestConclusion"]
     htd["TestDataTable"]
                             Problem 2.8
     300
     250
     200
Out[20]=
      100
      50
               50
                      100
                             150
                                    200
                                           250
                                                  300
                                    Type: KolmogorovSmirnovTest
Out[21]= HypothesisTestData
                                    p-Value: 0.0926
Out[22]= The null hypothesis that
       the data is distributed according to the ExponentialDistribution[0.0121]
       is not rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.
                              P-Value
                     Statistic
Out[23]=
     Kolmogorov-Smirnov 0.0633837 0.0926099
ln[24] := Integrate[x * 0.0121 * Exp[-0.0121 * x], {x, 0, Infinity}]
Out[24] = 82.6446
In[25]:= anscombe1 =
        Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Anscombe1.txt", "Table", "HeaderLines" → 1];
     anscombe2 = Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Anscombe2.txt",
         "Table", "HeaderLines" → 1];
     anscombe3 = Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Anscombe3.txt",
         "Table", "HeaderLines" → 1];
      anscombe4 = Import[NotebookDirectory[] <> "Anscombe4.txt",
         "Table", "HeaderLines" → 1];
```

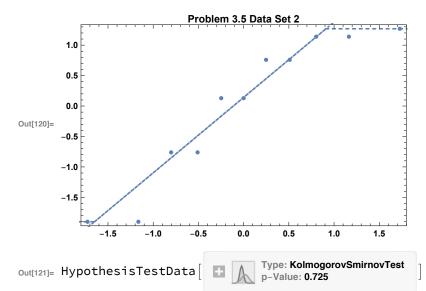


```
Problem 3.1.b Data Set 4
      12
      10
Out[44]=
                  10
                                              16
                                                       18
 In[98]:= mod1["ParameterTable"]
      mod1["RSquared"]
      mod1["AdjustedRSquared"]
      mod1["ANOVATableFStatistics"]
      mod1["ANOVATablePValues"]
      e = mod1["FitResiduals"];
      ssr = Total[e e]
      T = Length[anscombe1];
      Sqrt[ssr / (T - 2)]
      QuantilePlot[e, PlotLabel → "Problem 3.5 Data Set 1"]
      htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[e / StandardDeviation[e],
         NormalDistribution[0, 1], "HypothesisTestData"]
      htd["TestConclusion"]
      htd["TestDataTable"]
         Estimate Standard Error t-Statistic P-Value
Out[98]= 1 3.00009 1.12475
                            2.66735
                                    0.0257341
      x 0.500091 0.117906
                            4.24146
                                    0.00216963
Out[99] = 0.666542
Out[100] = 0.629492
Out[101]= \{17.9899\}
Out[102] = \{0.00216963\}
Out[104] = 13.7627
Out[106]= 1.2366
```

```
Problem 3.5 Data Set 1
       1.5
       1.0
       0.5
Out[107]= 0.0
       -0.5
       -1.0
       -2.0
                    -1.0
                           -0.5
                                   0.0
                                          0.5
                                                  1.0
                                                         1.5
                                       Type: KolmogorovSmirnovTest
Out[108]= HypothesisTestData
                                       p-Value: 0.86
Out[109]= The null hypothesis that
        the data is distributed according to the NormalDistribution[0, 1]
        is not rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.
                        Statistic P-Value
Out[110]=
      Kolmogorov-Smirnov 0.169297 0.859988
In[111]:= mod2["ParameterTable"]
      mod2["RSquared"]
      mod2["AdjustedRSquared"]
      mod2["ANOVATableFStatistics"]
      mod2["ANOVATablePValues"]
      e = mod2["FitResiduals"];
      ssr = Total[e e]
      T = Length[anscombe2];
      Sqrt[ssr / (T - 2)]
      QuantilePlot[e, PlotLabel → "Problem 3.5 Data Set 2"]
      htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[e / StandardDeviation[e],
         NormalDistribution[0, 1], "HypothesisTestData"]
      htd["TestConclusion"]
      htd["TestDataTable"]
         Estimate Standard Error t-Statistic P-Value
Out[111]= 1 3.00091
                                     0.0257589
                 1.1253
                             2.66676
      x 0.5
                 0.117964
                             4.23859
                                     0.00217882
Out[112] = 0.666242
Out[113] = 0.629158
_{Out[114]=} \ \{\,17.9656\,\}
Out[115]= \{0.00217882\}
```

```
Out[117]= 13.7763
```

Out[119]= 1.23721



- ... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.
- ... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.

Out[122]= The null hypothesis that

the data is distributed according to the NormalDistribution [0, 1]is not rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

... KolmogorovSmirnovTest: Ties exist in the data and will be ignored for the KolmogorovSmirnov test, which assumes unique values.

```
Out[123]=
      Kolmogorov-Smirnov 0.195644 0.725271
in[124]:= mod3["ParameterTable"]
      mod3["RSquared"]
      mod3["AdjustedRSquared"]
      mod3["ANOVATableFStatistics"]
      mod3["ANOVATablePValues"]
      e = mod3["FitResiduals"];
      ssr = Total[e e]
      T = Length[anscombe3];
      Sqrt[ssr / (T - 2)]
      QuantilePlot[e, PlotLabel → "Problem 3.5 Data Set 3"]
      htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[e / StandardDeviation[e],
        NormalDistribution[0, 1], "HypothesisTestData"]
      htd["TestConclusion"]
      htd["TestDataTable"]
```

Statistic P-Value

		Estimate	Standard Error	t-Statistic	P-Value
Out[124]=	1	3.00245	1.12448	2.67008	0.0256191
	x	0.499727	0.117878	4.23937	0.00217631

Out[125]= 0.666324

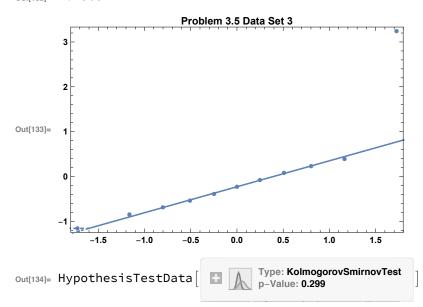
Out[126]= 0.629249

 ${\sf Out[127]=}\ \{\,17.9723\,\}$

Out[128]= $\{0.00217631\}$

Out[130]= 13.7562

Out[132]= 1.23631



Out[135]= The null hypothesis that the data is distributed according to the NormalDistribution [0,1]is not rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

Statistic P-Value Kolmogorov-Smirnov 0.279279 0.298712

```
In[137]:= mod4["ParameterTable"]
      mod4["RSquared"]
      mod4["AdjustedRSquared"]
      mod4["ANOVATableFStatistics"]
      mod4["ANOVATablePValues"]
       e = mod4["FitResiduals"];
      ssr = Total[e e]
      T = Length[anscombe4];
      Sqrt[ssr / (T - 2)]
      QuantilePlot[e, PlotLabel → "Problem 3.5 Data Set 4"]
      htd = KolmogorovSmirnovTest[e / StandardDeviation[e],
         NormalDistribution[0, 1], "HypothesisTestData"]
      htd["TestConclusion"]
      htd["TestDataTable"]
         Estimate Standard Error t-Statistic P-Value
Out[137]= 1 3.00173 1.12392
                                      0.0255904
                             2.67076
      x 0.499909 0.117819
                             4.24303
                                      0.0021646
Out[138] = 0.666707
Out[139] = 0.629675
_{Out[140]=} \ \{\,18.0033\,\}
Out[141] = \{0.0021646\}
Out[143] = 13.7425
Out[145]= 1.2357
                            Problem 3.5 Data Set 4
       1.5
       1.0
Out[146]=
       0.0
       -0.5
                    -1.0
                            -0.5
                                    0.0
                                           0.5
                                                   1.0
                                                          1.5
                                        Type: KolmogorovSmirnovTest
Out[147]= HypothesisTestData
                                        p-Value: 0.983
```

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Out[148]= The null hypothesis that
the data is distributed according to the NormalDistribution[0, 1]
is not rejected at the 5 percent level based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.

Out[149]= | Statistic P-Value |
Kolmogorov-Smirnov | 0.12784 | 0.983457

In[97]:= NormalDistribution[0, 1]

Out[97]= NormalDistribution[0, 1]