Assignment 1

Håkon Mork ESCE 526 Artificial Intelligence

February 3, 2013

1

1.1 Number of states visited with simple heuristic

Game A:

| Cutoff depth | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Minmax α - β pruning | 77,445 4129 | 1,276,689 48,203 | 21,335,620 694,652 | |
| Improvement | ×18.76 | ×26.49 | ×30.72 | ? |

Game B:

| Cutoff depth | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|---|
| Minmax | 98,345 | 1,704,319 | 29,770,996 | |
| α - β pruning | 6421 | 96,884 | 1,683,194 | |
| Improvement | ×15.32 | ×17.59 | ×17.69 | ? |

Game C:

| Cutoff depth | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------|------------|---|
| Minmax | 69,954 | 1,237,535 | 22,191,032 | |
| α - β pruning | 3763 | 51,098 | 840,633 | |
| Improvement | ×18.59 | ×24.22 | ×26.40 | ? |

In my code I consider the children of the current state to be on cutoff level 0; their children, i.e., the grandchildren of the current state, are on level 1, and so on. The heuristic evaluation of the node is returned when the depth reaches the limit given by the --cutoff argument.

1.2 Does state generation order matter?

My evaluation function iterates through the successor states in the order they were generated: left-to-right, top-to-bottom, with the directions generated in the (arbitrary) order north-east-south-west. I considered the first move in game A and ran² alpha-beta pruning five times with a cutoff depth of 3, shuffling the list of successor states randomly every time one is generated. (Since the minmax algorithm does not prune the game tree at all, the order in which it evaluates successors is irrelevant.) Alpha-beta pruning with the non-shuffled evaluation order visited 4129 states, as per the table above.

I found that evaluation order *did* matter, though not impressively so. The sample runs visited 4480, 4338, 4324, 4114, and 4376 states, respectively, for an average of 4326 states, which is 4.77% more than the non-shuffled case. The maximum deviations were 8.5% more and 0.36% fewer states visited than the original order. I also tried evaluating states in the reverse order; the difference was negligible. This suggests that there is no significant benefit to be gained by shuffling; in fact, we see that more states were visited with alternative evaluation orders than with the original sequence. I don't know if this is a coincidence or if the order I picked is somehow optimal.

2

2.1 Choice of evaluation function

$$s = \sum_{i=2}^{4} n_i \cdot 10^i$$

¹If the current state's children should instead be regarded as being on level 1, the values in the tables above should be shifted one column to the right.

²The commands given were python ass1.py --input starta.txt --cutoff 3 --alg ab --count --shuffle. See the appendix for details on usage.

2.2 Number of states visited with advanced heuristic

2.3 Tradeoff between evaluation function and game tree depth

My evaluation function is not particularly efficient. It does

A Appendix: Source code

A.1 Usage

All arguments are optional:

- -i or --input: Specify an input file to be used as the initial game state. A plain-text file following the notation used in the assignment is expected. Defaults to the example illustrated in the "Introduction" part of the assignment text.
- -u or --human: The computer should play against a human adversary, not just against itself. The user will be prompted for input when it is their turn to play.
- -c or --cutoff: Specify a cutoff depth. Defaults to 3.
- -a or --alg: Specify which of the minmax or alpha-beta pruning algorithms is to be used. May take values mm or ab. Defaults to alpha-beta pruning.
- -1 or --log: A log file should be written on exit.
- -k or --count: Count the number of states visited. Used for problem 1.1.
- -s or --shuffle: Shuffle the list of successor states before evaluating them. Used for problem 1.2.

Example: python ass1.py --input file.txt --alg ab --human --log

A.2 Listing

I've expunged all logging statements and other debugging aids for the sake of readability.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

import string, copy, time, logging, argparse, random

description

d
```

```
12 directions = {
13
       "N": (-1, 0),
       "E": (0, 1),
14
15
       "S": (1, 0),
16
       "W": (0, -1)
17 }
18
19 # used for counting states, problem 1.1
20 statesvisited = 0
21
22 class Node:
23
       def __init__(self, board, player, command):
            self.board = board
24
25
           self.player = player
           self.value = fancyheuristic(board, player) if fancy else
26
               simpleheuristic(board, player)
27
            self.command = command # the move made to generate this state
28
29 class Black:
       def __init__(self):
30
31
            self.piece = "X"
32
   class White:
33
       def __init__(self):
34
           self.piece = "0"
35
36
   def successors(board, player):
37
38
       logging.debug("Generating successors for player = " +
           player.__class__.__name__ + ", board = " + str(board))
       succs = []
39
40
       for y, line in enumerate(board):
            for x, char in enumerate(line):
41
                if char == player.piece:
42
43
                    # try all possible moves: xyN, xyE, xyS, xyW
                    for cmd in (str(x + 1) + str(y + 1) + d for d in directions):
44
                        try:
45
46
                            candidate = move(cmd, board, player)
                            succs.append(Node(candidate, player, cmd))
47
48
                        except (ValueError, IndexError) as e:
49
                            # ValueError: attempted move was illegal, e.g. trying
                                to move to an occupied square
```

```
50
                            # IndexError: try to move outside of the board
51
                            continue
52
       logging.debug("There were " + str(len(succs)) + " successors")
53
       if args.shuffle:
           random.shuffle(succs)
54
       return succs
55
56
57
   def alphabeta(player, node, depth, alpha, beta):
58
       if countingstates:
59
           global statesvisited
60
           statesvisited += 1
       succs = successors(node.board, player)
61
       otherplayer = black if player is white else black
62
63
       logging.info("Inside alphabeta on node " + str(hash(node)) + " obtained
           by " + node.command)
64
       logging.info(str(hash(node)) + " looks like\n" + prettyprint(node.board))
65
       logging.info(str(hash(node)) + " has depth = " + str(depth) + ", children
           = " + str(len(succs)))
       logging.debug("They are (" + player.__class__.__name__ + "): ")
66
       logging.debug("\n".join([c.command + " -> node " + str(hash(c))) for c in
67
           succs]))
       # cut off if we are too deep down
68
       if depth == cutoff or len(succs) == 0:
69
70
           logging.info("Bottom reached, return utility " + str(node.value) + "
               from " + str(hash(node)))
71
           return node.value
72
       # return immediately if we win by making this move
73
       elif winner(node.board) is player:
74
           return float("inf")
75
       elif player is white: #maxplayer, arbitrary
76
           logging.debug("State is \n" + prettyprint(node.board))
           for childnode in succs:
77
                logging.debug("Entering examination of child " +
78
                   str(hash(childnode)) + " by " + childnode.command + " from "
                   + str(hash(node)))
79
               alpha = max(alpha, alphabeta(otherplayer, childnode, depth + 1,
                   alpha, beta))
               if alpha >= beta:
80
81
                    logging.info("Pruning: returning beta = " + str(beta) + "
                       from " + str(hash(childnode)))
82
                   return beta
```

```
83
            logging.info("No pruning: returning alpha = " + str(alpha) + " from "
               + str(hash(node)))
84
            return alpha
        else: #black minplayer
85
            logging.debug("State is \n" + prettyprint(node.board))
86
            for childnode in succs:
87
                logging.debug("Entering examination of child " +
88
                    str(hash(childnode)) + " by " + childnode.command + " from "
                    + str(hash(node)))
                beta = min(beta, alphabeta(otherplayer, childnode, depth + 1,
89
                    alpha, beta))
                if alpha >= beta:
90
                     logging.info("Pruning: returning alpha = " + str(alpha) + "
91
                        from " + str(hash(childnode)))
92
                     return alpha
93
            logging.info("No pruning: returning beta = " + str(beta) + " from " +
                str(hash(node)))
94
            return beta
95
    def minmax(player, node, depth):
96
97
        if countingstates:
98
            global statesvisited
            statesvisited += 1
99
100
        logging.debug("Inside minmax on node " + str(hash(node)) + " depth = " +
            str(depth))
101
        minplayer = black # arbitrary
        if depth == cutoff or not successors(node.board, player):
102
            logging.debug("Bottom reached, return utility " + str(node.value))
103
104
            if node.value > 0:
105
                 logging.debug("Win found:\n" + prettyprint(node.board))
106
            return node.value
        elif node.player is minplayer:
107
            logging.debug("Recursive minmax: player " + str(player) + ", depth =
108
                " + str(depth) + ", node = " + str(hash(node)))
            return min(minmax(player, child, depth + 1) for child in
109
                successors(node.board, player))
110
        else:
            logging.debug("Recursive minmax: player " + str(player) + ", depth =
111
                " + str(depth) + ", node = " + str(hash(node)))
            return max(minmax(player, child, depth + 1) for child in
112
                successors(node.board, player))
```

```
113
114
    def prettyprint(board):
        b = "\n".join(",".join(map(str, row)) for row in board)
115
        return b.replace("None", " ")
116
117
    def horizontal(board, n):
118
119
        # check if any consecutive n entries in a row are X-es or O-s
120
        for line in board:
            for i, char in enumerate(line):
121
                 if line[i : i + n] == ["0"] * n:
122
123
                     return white
                elif line[i : i + n] == ["X"] * n:
124
125
                     return black
126
127
    def vertical(board, n):
128
        # equivalent to the horizontal winner in the transposed matrix
129
        return horizontal(map(list, zip(*board)), n)
130
131
    def diagonal(board, n):
        # all downward diagonals must start in the upper-left 4x4 submatrix
132
133
        # similarly, all upward diagonals must start in the lower-left 4x4
            submatrix
        # somewhat inelegant, but it works
134
135
        for i in range(n):
136
            for j in range(n):
                 if all(board[i + k][j + k] == "0" for k in range(n)) or
137
                    all(board[6 - i - k][j + k] == "0" for k in range(n)):
138
                     return white
139
                elif all(board[i + k][j + k] == "X" for k in range(n)) or
                    all(board[6 - i - k][j + k] == "X" for k in range(n)):
                     return black
140
141
    def winner(board):
142
143
        # indicate the winner (if any) in the given board state
        return horizontal(board, 4) or vertical(board, 4) or diagonal(board, 4)
144
145
146
    def closeness(board, player):
147
148
    def simpleheuristic(board, player):
        otherplayer = white if player is black else black
149
150
        if winner(board) is player:
```

```
151
             return 1
152
        elif winner(board) is otherplayer:
153
             return -1
154
        else:
155
             return 0
156
157
    def fancyheuristic(board, player):
        otherplayer = white if player is black else white
158
        score = 0
159
        for i in [4, 3, 2]:
160
161
            n = 0
            if horizontal(board, i) is player or vertical(board, i) is player or
162
                diagonal(board, i) is player:
163
                 n += 1
164
             if horizontal(board, i) is otherplayer or vertical(board, i) is
                otherplayer or diagonal(board, i) is otherplayer:
165
                 n -= 1
166
             score += (10 ** i) * n
        score = 10 ** inarow(board, player) - 0.5 * 10 ** inarow(board,
167 #
       otherplayer)
168
        #if
169
        return score
170
171
    def parseboard(boardstring):
172
        # build a matrix from a string describing the board layout
173
        boardstring = string.replace(boardstring, ",", "")
174
        board, line = [], []
        for char in boardstring:
175
             if char == " ":
176
177
                 line.append(None)
             elif char == "\n":
178
                 board.append(line)
179
                 line = []
180
181
             else:
                 line.append(char)
182
183
        if line:
184
             board.append(line) # last line, if there is no newline at the end
        return board
185
186
187
188 def move(command, board, player):
```

```
189
        # takes indices and a direction, e.g. "43W" or "26N"
190
        x, y, d = tuple(command)
        # the board is a zero-indexed array, adjust accordingly
191
        x, y = int(x) - 1, int(y) - 1
192
        dy, dx = directions[d.upper()]
193
        # does the piece fall within the bounds?
194
195
        if ((0 \le x + dx \le 7) \text{ and } (0 \le y + dy \le 7)
196
        # and is it our piece?
        and board[y][x] == player.piece
197
        # and is the destination square empty?
198
199
        and not board[y + dy][x + dx]):
            # then it's okay
200
            # we don't want to update in place
201
202
            successor = copy.deepcopy(board)
            successor[y + dy][x + dx] = successor[y][x]
203
204
            successor[y][x] = None
205
            return successor
206
        else:
            raise ValueError#("The move " + command + " is not legal")
207
208
209
210 parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
    parser.add_argument("-c", "--cutoff", help="Cutoff depth")
211
212 parser.add_argument("-i", "--input", help="Input game board")
213 parser.add_argument("-u", "--human", help="Play with a human opponent",
       action="store_true")
214 parser.add_argument("-a", "--alg", choices=["mm", "ab"], help="Minmax or
       alpha-beta algorithm")
215 parser.add_argument("-1", "--log", help="Write a game log on exit",
       action="store_true")
216 parser.add_argument("-s", "--shuffle", help="Shuffle successor list",
       action="store_true")
217 parser.add_argument("-k", "--count", help="Count states visited",
       action="store_true")
218 parser.add_argument("-f", "--fancy", help="Fancy heuristic function",
       action="store_true")
219 args = parser.parse_args()
220
221 cutoff = int(args.cutoff) if args.cutoff else 3
222 useab = not (args.alg == "mm")
223 logthegame = args.log
```

```
224 countingstates = args.count
225 fancy = args.fancy
226
227
   if args.input:
        with open(args.input, "r") as inputfile:
228
229
            initstr = inputfile.read()
        board = parseboard(initstr)
230
231
    else:
        board = [
232
            ["0", None, None, None, None, "X"],
233
234
            ["X", None, None, None, None, "0"],
235
            ["O", None, None, None, None, "X"],
236
            ["X", None, None, None, None, "O"],
237
            ["0", None, None, None, None, "X"],
238
            ["X", None, None, None, None, "O"],
239
            ["O", None, None, None, None, "X"]
240
        ]
241
242 white = White()
243 black = Black()
244 human = white if args.human else None
245 computer = black
246 currentplayer = white
247
248 log = ["Initial state:"]
    movenumber = 1
249
250
251 t = time.time()
252
253
    while winner(board) is None:
254
        playername = currentplayer.__class__.__name__
255
        p = prettyprint(board)
        print p
256
        print "\nMove #%s:" % movenumber
257
        print "It's %s's turn." % playername
258
259
        if logthegame:
260
            log.append(p)
            log.append("\nMove #%s:" % movenumber)
261
262
            log.append("It's %s's turn." % playername)
        cmd = ""
263
264
        try:
```

```
265
            if currentplayer is human:
                 print "Possible moves:"
266
                 for s in successors(board, currentplayer):
267
                     print s.command
268
                cmd = raw_input()
269
            else: #let the computer play against itself
270
271
                 succs = successors(board, currentplayer)
272
                # take the first move, pick something better later on if we can
                    find it
                bestmove = succs[0].command
273
274
                bestutility = 0
                 if useab: #alphabeta
275
                     logging.warning("Player " + playername + " thinking about
276
                        what to do.")
277
                     logging.warning("Using alphabeta with cutoff " + str(cutoff))
278
                     for succboard in succs:
279
                         #init with alpha = -inf, beta = inf
280
                         u = alphabeta(currentplayer, succboard, 0, float("-inf"),
                             float("inf"))
281
                         if u > bestutility:
282
                             bestutility = u
283
                             bestmove = succboard.command
                else: #minmax
284
                     logging.warning("Player " + playername + " thinking about
285
                        what to do.")
286
                     logging.warning("Using minmax with cutoff " + str(cutoff))
                     for succboard in succs:
287
288
                         u = minmax(currentplayer, succboard, 0)
289
                         if u > bestutility:
                             logging.critical("Utility improved: " + str(u) + "
290
                                 from " + succboard.command)
                             bestutility = u
291
                             bestmove = succboard.command
292
293
                cmd = bestmove
                print "The computer makes the move", cmd
294
                print "Thinking took", time.time() - t, "seconds"
295
296
                if logging:
                     log.append("Thinking took " + str(time.time() - t) + "
297
                        seconds")
298
299
            board = move(cmd, board, currentplayer)
```

```
300
301
             if countingstates:
302
                 print statesvisited
303
                 raise Exception("Counting states, stopping here")
             if logthegame:
304
                 log.append("%s plays %s" % (playername, cmd))
305
306
307
             currentplayer = white if currentplayer is black else black
             playername = currentplayer.__class__.__name__
308
             movenumber += 1
309
310
        #except ValueError:
            print "Illegal move."
311
312
             #raise
313
        except KeyboardInterrupt:
314
             if logthegame:
315
                 log.append("Game cancelled.")
316
             logging.critical("Game cancelled.")
317
             break
318
319 # post-game cleanup
320
    print prettyprint(board)
321
322 if winner(board):
323
        s = "%s won the match" % winner(board).__class__.__name__
324
        print s
325
        if logthegame:
326
             log.append(s)
327 else:
        print "It's a draw"
328
329
        if logthegame:
             log.append("It's a draw")
330
331
332 if logthegame:
333
        log.append(prettyprint(board))
        logname = time.strftime("./connect4-%H-%M-%S.log")
334
335
        with open(logname, "w+") as logfile:
336
             logfile.write("\n".join(log))
```