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# 1 DCU(Delphi Compiled Unit) Format

## 1.1 Types

### 1.1.1 Packed Signed Int(PI)

1. LSB: 0: 7 bit signed int
2. LSB: 01: 14 bit signed int
3. LSB: 011: 21 bit signed int
4. LSB: 0111: 28 bit signed int
5. LSB: 1111: 32 bit signed int
6. LSB: 1111\_1111: 64 bit signed int

### 1.1.2 Packed Unsigned Int(PU)

1. LSB: 0: 7 bit unsigned int
2. LSB: 01: 14 bit unsigned int
3. LSB: 011: 21 bit unsigned int
4. LSB: 0111: 28 bit unsigned int
5. LSB: 1111: 32 bit unsigned int
6. LSB: 1111\_1111: 64 bit unsigned int

## 1.2 Header

### 1.2.1 version

From unofficial sources, look at 4th byte of the .dcu

0E = Delphi 6  
0F = Delphi 7  
11 = Delphi 2005  
12 = Delphi 2006 or 2007(BDS2006)  
14 = Delphi 2009  
15 = Delphi 2010  
16 = Delphi XE  
17 = Delphi XE2  
18 = Delphi XE3  
19 = Delphi XE4  
1A = Delphi XE5  
1B = Delphi XE6  
1C = Delphi XE7  
1D = Delphi XE8  
1E = Delphi 10 Seattle  
1F = Delphi 10.1 Berlin  
20 = Delphi 10.2  
21 = Delphi 10.3  
22 = Delphi 10.4  
23 = Delphi 11  
24 = Delphi 12

There was no change in .dcu format going from Delphi 2006 to Delphi 2007. Therefore they use the same.

**Edit Jul 2, 2016** Added XE8, 10 and 10.1 to the list.

On request, also the target platform, which is found in the second byte of the .dcu. Values are of course valid only for versions that have these targets.

00 = Win32  
03 = Win32  
23 = Win64  
04 = OSX32  
14 = iOSSimulator  
67 = Android32  
76 = iOSDevice32  
77 = Android32  
87 = Android64  
94 = iOSDevice64

## 1.3 Tags

### 1.3.1 00 none

### 1.3.2 64 Global Use Unit

Offset	Name	Type	Notes
0	len	u8	Length.
1	name	utf8	Name.
len + 1	lastModified	TDateTime	Last modified datetime.

### 1.3.3 70 Source File Name

Offset	Name	Type	Notes
0	len	u8	Length.
1	name	utf8	Name.
len + 1	lastModified	TDateTime	Last modified datetime.

## 1.4 Some useful sites

### 1.4.1 Delphi related

1. DCU32INT: <http://hmelnov.icc.ru/DCU/index.eng.html>

source: <https://gitlab.com/dcu32int/DCU32INT>

The utility DCU32INT parses \*.dcu file and converts it into a close to Pascal form. See DCU32INT.txt for more details. The unit versions supported are Delphi 2.0-8.0, 2005-2006/Turbo Delphi (.net and WIN32), 2007-2010 (WIN32), XE (WIN32), XE2-XE3 (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32), XE4 (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32,iOS simulator, iOS device (no code)), XE5-XE7/AppMethod (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32,iOS simulator, iOS device (no code), Android (no code)), XE8, 10 Seattle, 10.1 Berlin (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32,iOS simulator, iOS device 32/64 (no code),Android (no code)), 10.2 Tokyo (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32,iOS simulator, iOS device 32/64 (no code),Android (no code),Linux (no code)), 10.3 Rio (WIN32,WIN64,OSX32,iOS simulator, iOS device 32/64 (no code),Android (no code),Linux (may be - not checked,no code)), Kylix 1.0-3.0.

2. Innova Solutions Object Database - Delphi DCUs: <https://github.com/rogerinnova/ISObjectDbDCUs>

Delphi DCUs for Adding an Innova Solutions Object Db into your Delphi Application.

#### **i** Info

I list here as my test suites, because it has full delphi version dcus.

3. IDR (Interactive Delphi Reconstructor): <https://github.com/crypto2011/IDR>

A decompiler of executable files (EXE) and dynamic libraries (DLL), written in Delphi and executed in Windows32 environment. Final project goal is development of the program capable to restore the most part of initial Delphi source codes from the compiled file but IDR, as well as others Delphi decompilers, cannot do it yet. Nevertheless, IDR is in a status considerably to facilitate such process. In comparison with other well known Delphi decompilers the result of IDR analysis has the greatest completeness and reliability.

4. revendepro: <http://www.ggoossen.net/revendepro/>

Revendepro finds almost all structures (classes, types, procedures, etc) in the program, and generates the pascal representation, procedures will be written in assembler. Due to some limitation in assembler the generated output can not be recompiled. The source to this decompiler is freely available. Unfortunately this is the only one decompiler I was not able to use - it prompts with an exception when you try to decompile some Delphi executable file.

5. EMS Source Rescuer: <https://ems-source-rescuer.apponic.com/>

EMS Source Rescuer is an easy-to-use wizard application which can help you to restore your lost source code. If you lose your Delphi or C++Builder project sources, but have an executable file, then this tool can rescue part of lost sources. Rescuer produces all project forms and data modules with all assigned properties and events. Produced event procedures don't have a body (it is not a decompiler), but have an address of code in executable file. In most cases Rescuer saves 50-90% of your time to project restoration.

6. Dede: <http://www.softpedia.com/get/Programming/Debuggers-Decompilers-Dissassemblers/DeDe.shtml>

source: <https://github.com/Hanvdm/dedex>

DeDe is a very fast program that can analyze executables compiled with Delphi. After decompilation DeDe gives you the following:

- All dfm files of the target. You will be able to open and edit them with Delphi.
- All published methods in well commented ASM code with references to strings, imported function calls, classes methods calls, components in the unit, Try-Except and Try-Finally blocks. By default DeDe retrieves only the published methods sources, but you may also process another procedure in a executable if you know the RVA offset using the Tools|Disassemble Proc menu.
- A lot of additional information.
- You can create a Delphi project folder with all dfm, pas, dpr files. Note: pas files contains the mentioned above well commented ASM code. They can not be recompiled!

#### 1.4.2 others

1. x86 Disassembly/Disassemblers and Decompilers: [https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/X86\\_Disassembly/Disassemblers\\_and\\_Decompile](https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/X86_Disassembly/Disassemblers_and_Decompile)
2. Software optimization resources: <https://www.agner.org/optimize/>
3. Okteta: <https://apps.kde.org/okteta/>

Okteta is a simple editor for the raw data of files.

Features:

- Values and characters shown either in two columns (the traditional display in hex editors) or in rows with the value on top of the character
- Editing and navigating similar to a text editor

- Customizable data views, with loadable and storable profiles
- Tools dockable on all sides or floating
- Numerical encodings: Hexadecimal, Decimal, Octal, Binary
- Character encodings: All 8-bit encodings as supplied by Qt, EBCDIC
- Fast data rendering on screen
- Multiple open files
- Undo/redo support
- Structures tool for analyzing and editing based on user-creatable - - structure definitions
- And more...