CSS Islamic History & Culture Past Paper 2025 SECTION-A

- Q1. Describe the Prophet's (PBUH) methods to resolve the various (tribal, linguistic, political religious, etc.) conflicts and promote peace in the Muslim society in the context of the Madani Era.
- Q2. Explain the challenges faced by Caliph Abu Bakr (RA) in consolidating Islam after the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) and how he overcame them.
- Q3. What was the role of zakat (charity) in the financial system of early Islam? How was it managed by the Caliphs?
- Q4. Examine the military organization of the Ummayyads and their strategies for expanding the Islamic empire.

SECTION-B

- Q5. Discuss the factors that contributed to the political fragmentation of Muslim Spain. How did the Taifa Kingdoms emerge? What impact did they have on the unity of Muslim rule?
- Q6. Discuss the origin and early development of Sufism. What were the primary factors that contributed to the emergence of Sufism in the early centuries of Islam?
- Q7. Write short notes on the following:

The relationship between Islamic Modernism and Western influence

The contributions of Al-Andalus in the spread of Islamic knowledge to Europe



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2025 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE

	The HOURS	(PART-I MCQs) MAX	IMUM MARKS: 20	
TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES		(PART-II) MAX	(PART-II) MAXIMUM MARKS: 80	
N	OTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on se after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/a (iii) There is no negative marking. All MC	nswers will not be given cr		
		s)(COMPULSORY)		
Q.1 (ii)	1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the a Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR	Answer Sheet, will not be co	lisidered.	
1.	Before Islam, which religion was predominar	it in the Arabian Peninsula	1?	
2.	(A) Christianity (B) Judaism Which of the following was the main source (A) Persian culture (B) Egyptian civilization	(C) Polytheism of cultural influence in pre- (C) Christian and Jewish	(D) Zoroastrianism Islamic Arabian society? beliefs (D) None of these	
3.	Which is the year of the blessed birth of Prop	het Muhammad (海)?		
	(A) 570 or 571 CE (B) 575 or 576 CE	(C) 590 or 591 CE	(D) 595 or 596 CI	
4.	Under the leadership of Caliph Umar ibn al-Kha			
	(A) North Africa and Spain	(B) Persia and the Byzan(D) None of these	itine Empire	
	(C) India and Central Asia Which of the following was a key feature of the			
5.	(A) Centralization of power (C) Creation of a standing army	(B) Introduction of a judi (D) All of these		
6.	Under the rule of Caliph Umar ibn al-Khattab(which key financial institution was established			
	to ensure the equitable distribution of wealth?			
	(A) The Bayt al-Mal (Public Treasury) (B) The Islamic Bank (C) The Zakat Fund (D) All of these Which of the following is the main reason for the rise of factionalism during the Caliphate of Ali ibn			
7.		the rise of factionalism dur	ing the Caliphate of Ali ibn	
	Abi Talib(蛇)?	and the second	1985	
	(A) Disputes over differences of belief (B)- The assassination of Usman bin Affan(党). (C) Economic hardship. (D) None of these			
8.	Which of the following best describes the role of the Caliph in the Islamic State under the Prophe			
.	Muhammad (25) and the Pious Caliphate?			
		tious leader only ilities for both governance ar	nd spiritual guidance.	
9.	What was the primary source of law during th	e time of the Prophet Muh	ammad (超)?	
10.	(A) The Qur'an and Hadith (B) The Qur'an Only In the context of early Islamic defense, which and leadership during the battle of Yarmouk?	military leader is known		
	(A) Ali ibn Abi Talib(総)	(B) Abu Ubaidah ib		
	(C) Sa'd ibn Abi Waqqas(نُوْتُرُّنُ)	(D) Khalid ibn al-W	(alid (端)	
11.	Which companion of Prophet Muhammad (and transmitting knowledge to the next genera	is known for his role in collecting the Qur'an		
	(A) Umar ibn al-Khattab(総) (B) Zayd ibn Thabit (総) (C) Abu Hurairah(総) (D) Ali ibn Abi Talib(総			
12.	Which of the following events significantly of Peninsula?	contributed to the spread	of Islam in the Arabian	
12	(A) The migration to Medina (B) The Treaty of Hudaybiyyah (C) The conquest of Makka (D) None of these What is the main characteristic of the political system in the Islamic state established by the Prophet			
13.		system in the Islamic state	established by the Prophet	
	Muhammad (A)? (A) Democracy (B) Monarchy	(C) Theorem	(D) Oligarchy	
14.	(A) Democracy (B) Monarchy During which of the following was the Dome of	(C) Theocracy the Rock built?	(D) Oligarchy	
	(A) Umar ibn al-Khattab(党)	(B) Abd al-Malik ibr	n Marwan	
	(C) Muawiya bin Abi Sufyan(学数)	(D) None of these	Page 1 of 2	

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE

15. Which architectural marvel was commissioned during the Umayyad rule and is still a symbol of Islamic art? (A) The Alhamra (B) The Great Mosque of Damascus (C) The Hagia Sophia (D) None of these 16. The Umayyads made a significant contribution to Islamic coinage by introducing which feature? (B) The use of gold as a standard currency
(D) None of these (A) Arabic inscriptions on coins (C) The inclusion of portraits on coins 17. Which event is considered the turning point in the establishment of the Abbasid Caliphate? (A) The Battle of the Zab (B) The fall of Damascus (C) The Siege of Mecca (D) None of these 18. Which major translation movement occurred during the Abbasid period, especially in the House of Wisdom in Baghdad? (A) Translation of Greek and Persian philosophical texts (B) Translation of Qur'anic exegeses (C) Translation of Hindu astronomy texts (D) None of these 19. Who is considered the most famous Abbasid polymath in the field of medicine and philosophy? (A) Al-Khwarizmi (B) Ibn Sina (Avicenna) (C) Al-Razi (Rhazes). (D) Al-Farabi 20. The Abbasids contributed significantly to which cultural field? (C) Mathematics. (D) All of these (A) Astronomy (B) Poetry and literature PART-II NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II by selecting TWO questions from EACH SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q No. in the Q.Paper. (iv) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered. SECTION-A (20)Q. No. 2. Describe the Prophet's (methods to resolve the various (tribal, linguistic, political and religious, etc.) conflicts and promote peace in the Muslim society in the context of the Madani Era. (20) Explain the challenges faced by Caliph Abu Bakr (50) in consolidating Islam after Q. No. 3. the Prophet Muhammad () and how he overcame them? What was the role of zakat (charity) in the financial system of early Islam? How (20)Q. No. 4. was it managed by the Caliphs? Examine the military organization of the Umayyads and their strategies in (20)Q. No. 5. expanding the Islamic empire. SECTION-B Discuss the factors that contributed to the political fragmentation of Muslim (20)Q. No. 6. Spain. How did the Taifa Kingdoms emerge? What impact did they have on the unity of Muslim rule? (20)Discuss the origin and early development of Sufism. What were the primary Q. No. 7. factors that contributed to the emergence of Sufism in the early centuries of Islam? (20)(10 each) Write short notes on the following: Q. No. 8. (a) The relationship between Islamic Modernism and Western influence (b) The contributions of Al-Andalus in the spread of Islamic knowledge to Europe. ********