

Assignment # 4



Session Fall 2025 – BSAI

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Task 1:

Repository File Structure:

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'mlops-kubeflow-assignment'. The repository has 3 commits from soban511. The files listed include .dvc, data/raw, src, .dvcignore, .gitignore, Dockerfile, Jenkinsfile, README.md, download_data.py, pipeline.py, and requirements.txt. The repository is public and has 0 stars, 0 forks, and 0 watching. It also shows releases, packages, and languages (Python 96.7%, Dockerfile 3.3%).

Command “dvc status”:

```
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment> dvc status
● Data and pipelines are up to date.
○ (venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment>
```

Command “dvc push”:

```
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment> dvc status
There are no data or pipelines tracked in this project yet.
● See <https://dvc.org/doc/start> to get started!
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment> mkdir -p ..
● ..\dvc-storage

Directory: C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4

Mode LastWriteTime Length Name
---- -- -- -- --
d----- 11/29/2025 6:15 PM dvc-storage

(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment> dvc remote add -d local ..\dvc-storage
● Setting 'local' as a default remote.
data/raw/raw_data.csv
100% Adding...|██████████| 1/1 [00:00, 5.46file/s]

To track the changes with git, run:
git add 'data\raw\raw_data.csv.dvc'

To enable auto staging, run:
● dvc config core.autostage true
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment> dvc push
1 file pushed
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mlops-kubeflow-assignment>
```

Content of requirements.txt:

```
≡ requirements.txt
1   kfp==2.0.1
2   dvc==2.58.2
3   dvc-gdrive==2.20.0
4   scikit-learn==1.3.2
5   pandas==2.1.4
6   numpy==1.24.3
7   matplotlib==3.8.2
8   seaborn==0.13.0
9   joblib==1.3.2
```

Task 2:

src/pipeline_components.py file:

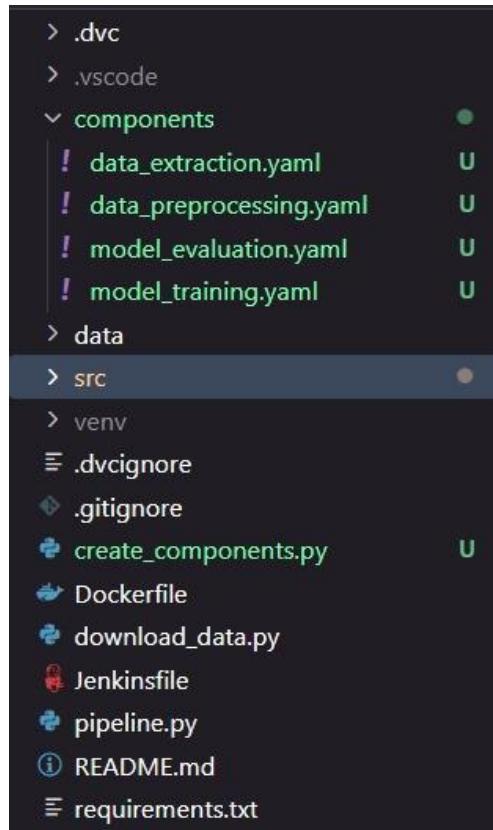
```
10  @dsl.component(
11      base_image="python:3.9",
12      packages_to_install=["pandas==2.1.4", "scikit-learn==1.3.2", "numpy==1.24.3"]
13  )
14  def data_extraction(data_path: str) -> str:
15      """
16          Extracts and loads the dataset from the specified path.
17
18      Args:
19          data_path: Path to the raw data CSV file
20
21      Returns:
22          output_path: Path to the extracted data file
23
24      This component simulates data extraction. In production, you would use
25      'dvc get' or 'dvc import' to fetch versioned data from remote storage.
26      """
27      import pandas as pd
28      import os
29
30      print(f"[DATA EXTRACTION] Loading data from: {data_path}")
31
32      # Create output directory
33      output_dir = "/tmp/data"
34      os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)
35      output_path = f"{output_dir}/extracted_data.csv"
36
37      # Load and save data
38      df = pd.read_csv(data_path)
39      df.to_csv(output_path, index=False)
40
41      print(f"[DATA EXTRACTION] Data extracted successfully")
42      print(f"[DATA EXTRACTION] Shape: {df.shape}")
43      print(f"[DATA EXTRACTION] Columns: {df.columns.tolist()}")
44      print(f"[DATA EXTRACTION] Output saved to: {output_path}")
45
46      return output_path
```

```

49     @dsl.component(
50         base_image="python:3.9",
51         packages_to_install=["pandas==2.1.4", "scikit-learn==1.3.2", "numpy==1.24.3"]
52     )
53     def data_preprocessing(input_data_path: str) -> NamedTuple('outputs', [
54         ('train_data_path', str),
55         ('test_data_path', str),
56         ('feature_names', list)
57     ]):
58         """
59             Preprocesses the data: handles missing values, scales features, and splits into train/test sets.
60
61             Args:
62                 input_data_path: Path to the input CSV file
63
64             Returns:
65                 train_data_path: Path to the processed training data
66                 test_data_path: Path to the processed test data
67                 feature_names: List of feature column names
68
69             This component performs data cleaning, feature scaling using StandardScaler,
70             and splits data into 80% training and 20% test sets.
71         """
72         import pandas as pd
73         import numpy as np
74         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
75         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
76         import os
77         from collections import namedtuple
78
79         print("[DATA PREPROCESSING] Starting data preprocessing...")
80         print(f"[DATA PREPROCESSING] Loading data from: {input_data_path}")
81
82         df = pd.read_csv(input_data_path)
83         print(f"[DATA PREPROCESSING] Initial shape: {df.shape}")

```

YAML files of components directory:



Task 3:

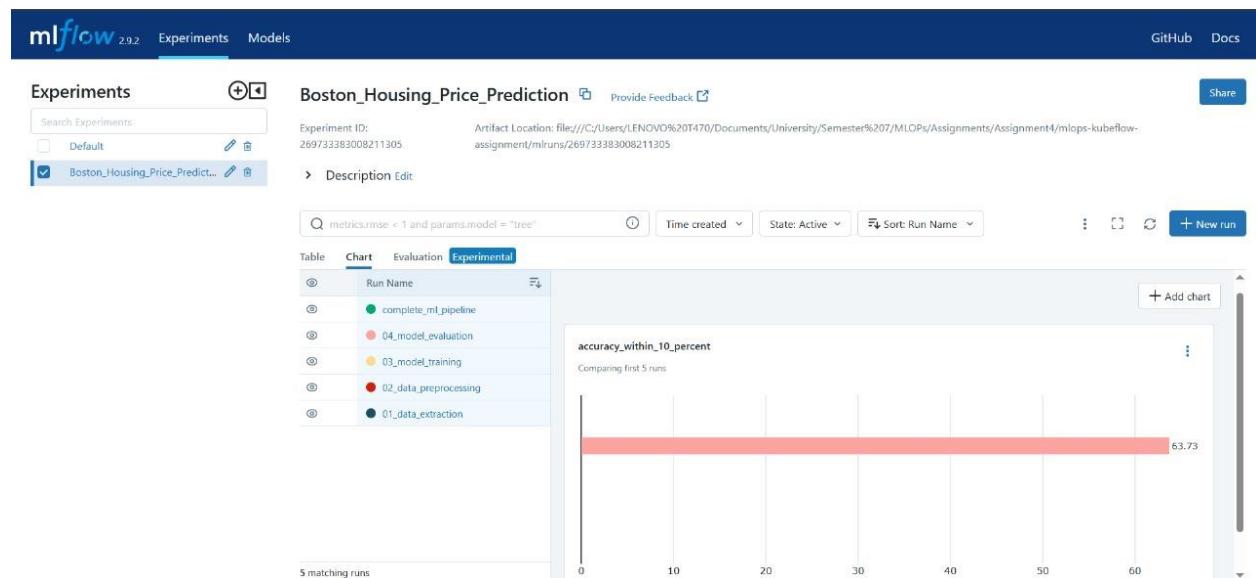
Command “minicube status”:

```
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mllops-kubeflow-assignment> minikube status
● minikube
  type: Control Plane
  host: Running
  kubelet: Running
  apiserver: Running
  kubeconfig: Configured
```

```
(venv) PS C:\Users\LENOVO T470\Documents\University\Semester 7\MLOPs\Assignments\Assignment4\mllops-kubeflow-assignment>
```

Mlflow Pipelines UI:

The screenshot shows the Mlflow Pipelines UI interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'mlflow' logo, 'Experiments', 'Models', 'GitHub', and 'Docs'. Below the navigation bar, the title 'Boston_Housing_Price_Prediction' is displayed along with a 'Provide Feedback' button. On the left, there's a sidebar with a search bar and a dropdown menu set to 'Default'. The main area contains a table with the following columns: Run Name, Created, Dataset, Duration, Source, and Models. There are five rows of data, each corresponding to a run: 'complete_ml_pipeline' (green dot), '04_model_evaluation' (red dot), '03_model_training' (yellow dot), '02_data_preprocessing' (red dot), and '01_data_extraction' (black dot). The 'Run Name' column shows the run names, the 'Created' column shows the time created (e.g., 2 minutes ago), the 'Dataset' column shows '-' (since it's a pipeline run), the 'Duration' column shows the duration (e.g., 10.3s), the 'Source' column shows 'mlflow.p...', and the 'Models' column shows '-'.



Showing the output (accuracy):

Name	Value
accuracy_within_10_percent 	63.725490196078425
accuracy_within_20_percent 	87.25490196078431
mae 	2.015223228594398
mape 	10.992499453784985
mean_prediction 	21.34482295993374
mse 	7.772279339329266
r2_score 	0.8940150227578272
rmse 	2.7878807971879405
std_prediction 	7.790462013463696

Artifacts:

▼ Artifacts

model

- MLmodel
- conda.yaml
- model.pkl
- python_env.yaml
- requirements.txt

model_files

Full Path: file:///C:/Users/LENOVO%20T470/Documents/University/Semester%207/MLOPs/Assignments/Assignment4/mlops-kubeflow-as... 

BostonHousingRFM..., v1
Registered on 2025/11/29 

MLflow Model

The code snippets below demonstrate how to make predictions using the logged model. This model is also registered to the model registry.

Model schema

Input and output schema for your model. Learn more

Name	Type
No schema. See MLflow docs for how to include input and output schema with your model.	

Make Predictions

Predict on a Spark DataFrame:

```
import mlflow
from pyspark.sql.functions import struct, col
logged_model = 'runs:/47ffb571bc6c4da688de9f863a7c4daf/model'
```

```
# Load model as a Spark UDF. Override result_type if the model does not return double values.
loaded_model = mlflow.pyfunc.spark_udf(spark, model_uri=logged_model, result_type='double')
```

```
# Predict on a Spark DataFrame.
df.withColumn('predictions', loaded_model(struct(*map(col, df.columns))))
```

Predict on a Pandas DataFrame:

```
import mlflow
logged_model = 'runs:/47ffb571bc6c4da688de9f863a7c4daf/model'
```

```
# Load model as a PyFuncModel.
loaded_model = mlflow.pyfunc.load_model(logged_model)
```

```
# Predict on a Pandas DataFrame.
import pandas as pd
```

Task 4:

Successfull stages execution:

The screenshot shows the Kubeflow UI interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Summary', 'Jobs' (selected), 'Run details', 'Usage', and 'Workflow file'. The main area is titled 'mllops-pipeline' with the status 'succeeded now in 51s'. It lists 19 stages in a tree view. Most stages are marked with a green checkmark and have a duration of '0s'. The stages are: Set up job, Stage 1 - Checkout Code, Stage 1 - Set up Python 3.9, Stage 1 - Cache Python Dependencies, Stage 1 - Install Dependencies, Stage 1 - Verify Installation, Stage 2 - Validate Data, Stage 3 - Compile Pipeline Components, Stage 3 - Compile MLflow Pipeline, Stage 3 - Generate Pipeline Artifacts, Stage 4 - Run Code Quality Checks, Stage 5 - Generate CI Report, Post Stage 1 - Cache Python Dependencies, Post Stage 1 - Set up Python 3.9, Post Stage 1 - Checkout Code, and Complete job.

Task 5:

Repository URL:

<https://github.com/soban511/mlops-kubeflow-assignment.git>