$$= \frac{2!}{X50} \frac{1+t \ln X - 1 - \sin X}{\left(X \ln l + x\right) - x^2\right) \cdot 2$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\chi \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2})} + \frac{\tan \chi - \sin \chi}{2\chi^{2}} - \frac{1}{2\chi^{2}}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\chi} \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2}) + \frac{1}{2\chi^{2}}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\chi} \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2}) + \frac{1}{2\chi^{2}}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\chi} \cdot (-\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2}) + \frac{1}{2\chi^{2}}$$

$$=\frac{21}{2x^3}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2x^3}$$

$$-x^3$$

$$=$$
 $-\frac{1}{2}$

$$[18/2]: \lim_{X \to 0} f(x) - \ln(Hx) - 1 \\ = \lim_{X \to 0} f'(x) - \frac{1}{Hx} \\ = \lim_{X \to 0} f''(x) + \frac{1}{(Hx)^2}$$

$$= \lim_{X \to 0} f''(x) + \frac{1}{(Hx)^2}$$

$$= \frac{0!}{1!} \frac{f''(x) + 1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{f''(0) + 1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1!} \frac{f''(x) + 1}{2}$$

$$[13|3] = \int_{1}^{x} t^{2}(e^{t}-1)^{-t} dt$$

$$= \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{x^{2}} \ln(Hx^{2}) + \chi$$

$$= \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{x^{2}} (e^{t}-1)^{-1} dt$$

$$= \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{t^{2}} (e^{t}-1)^{-1} dt$$

$$= \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{t^{2}} (e^{t}-1)^{-1} dt$$

$$=\frac{2\cdot}{t \Rightarrow 0^{+}} \frac{e^{t}-1-t}{t^{2}}$$

$$=\frac{2\cdot}{t \Rightarrow 0^{+}} \frac{e^{t}-1}{2 t}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}$$