

# 【英语集训营】长难句

主讲老师: Tanner





### 简单句是所有句子构成的根本



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

我美。

我哭了。

我爱你。



简单句分类: 英文中的简单句一定要包含动词

我美。 I am beautiful.

我哭了。 I cried.

我爱你。 I love you.

主系表: 主语+系动词+表语

主谓: 主语+不及物动词

主谓宾: 主语+及物动词+宾语



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### \* 常见系动词:

状态be; 感官(look, taste, smell, sound, feel); 变化(become, turn, get, go等)

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动作没有对象,只是表示某种状态;不能直接跟宾语,需要跟介词再加宾语;没有被动



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常见不及物动词: come; go; fall; look; prove; remain; agree; exist; work; rise; listen;

arrive

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简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 系动词 + 表语

主语 + 谓语 (不及物动词)

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语补足语



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语

May I buy **you** a drink?



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语

May I buy **you** a drink?

\* 常见引导双宾语的动词: give; teach; ask; tell ...



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语

May I buy **you** a drink?

\* 常见引导双宾语的动词: give; teach; ask; tell ...

deprive sb of sth 剥夺某人某个东西

inform sb of sth 通知某人某事

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简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语补足语

You make **me** happy.

An apple a day keeps the doctor away.



简单句分类: 3种基本 + 2种特殊

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾语补足语

You make **me** happy.

An apple a day keeps the doctor away.

\*句子分析时没有必要纠结是双宾 还是 宾补



简单句分类判断

These gave banks more freedom.

Online education could make extra training and instruction affordable.

This machine works well.

The trend was obvious.

The American Law Institute issued new guidelines



简单句分类判断

These gave banks more freedom. 【主谓双宾】

Online education could make extra training and instruction affordable. 【主谓宾宾补】

This machine works well. (主谓)

The trend was obvious.

【主系表】

The American Law Institute issued **new guidelines**. 【主

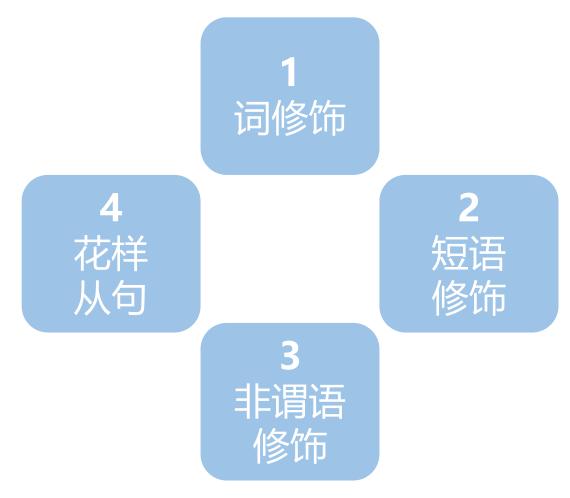




句子主干 + 各种修饰



句子主干 + 各种修饰





句子主干 + 各种修饰





句子主干 + 各种修饰: 词修饰

冠词 (a/ an/ the)
my/ your/ their/ its/ my friends
this/ that/ those
any/ all/ every/ few/ little/ several
数词/ 序数词
量词 (a lot of/ a great number of...)

### 【形容词】

- · 常见后缀: -ful; -less; -al; -ed; -able; -ous; -ent
- · 两个单词用连字符连接 eg. two-years

### 【副词】

・ 常见后缀: -ly; -wise; -wide(s)



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 词修饰

There are several serious mistakes.

It evolved into (进化到) a broadly accepted developmental stage.



句子主干 + 各种修饰





句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

#### 常见介词

of (所属关系) as

in with

on ahead (在前面)

to below/ under

at above/ over

for by/ through (通过, 凭借)



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

#### as的用法

介词 + 名词

如同...,作为...

as a child

副词 + 形容词

像..., 和...一样

as beautiful as her

连词 + 词/短语/句子

当... 时 = when/ while

像...一样 = like

由于,因为 = since/for



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

#### 常见短语介词(多个词固定组合在一起,形成一个大介词)

because of 因为...

in spite of 除了...

on behalf of 代表...

according to 根据...

ahead of 在…之前

despite of 尽管...



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

The publicity (宣扬) about the failure has been suppressed (镇压).



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

The **publicity**宣扬 <u>about</u> <u>the failure</u> has been suppressed镇压.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

The **publicity**宣扬 <u>about</u> <u>the failure</u> has been suppressed镇压.

当句子出现 介词+名词 组成的短语,它们的作用时修饰前面的词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

an explanation解释 of the importance of geography地理 in the development of the calendar 历法 in farming communities 社群



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

an **explanation**解释 (of the **importance**) (of **geography**地理) (in the **development**) (of the **calendar**历法) (in farming communities社群) —个解释

- 一个重要的解释
- 一个关于地理重要性的解释
- 一个关于地理在发展中的重要性的解释
- 一个关于地理在历法发展中的重要性的解释
- 一个关于地理在农业社会历法发展中的重要性的解释



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

The numeration 计算 system of the Tsimshian 钦安定人的 language in British Columbia contains seven distinct独特的 sets of words for numbers according to the class of the items.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

The **numeration system** 计算 (of the Tsimshian 钦安定人的 **language**) (in British Columbia) contains (seven distinct独特的 sets of) **words** (for **numbers**) (according to the **class**) (of the items). 计算系统包含单词。

在大不列颠哥伦比亚, 钦安定人的计算系统中包含单词

在大不列颠哥伦比亚, 钦安定人的计算系统中包含7组不同的数字单词

在大不列颠哥伦比亚, 钦安定人的计算系统中根据类别包含7组不同的数字单词

在大不列颠哥伦比亚, 钦安定人的计算系统中根据商品的类别, 包含7组不同的数字单词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

#### \* 注意:

当句子中出现 动词+介词 组成的短语,而该动词是句子的谓语时这个短语属于主干

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句子主干 + 各种修饰: 介词名词短语

#### \* 注意:

当句子中出现 **动词+介词** 组成的短语,而该动词是句子的谓语时 这个短语属于主干

act as 充当 set about 开始,着手于...

call for 呼吁,需要 supply with 提供

deal with 处理 surrender to 投降于,屈服于...

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句子主干 + 各种修饰



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句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

#### 谓 语 动 词

作用: 主语的动作

类型:

- 1. 实义动词
- 2. 系动词

(各种时态、语态

### 非谓语动词

作用:修饰

类型:

- 1. 分词(过去/现在)
- 2. 不定式
- 3. 动名词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

#### 谓语动词

do/ does/ did am/ is/ are/ was/ were be doing will be have/ has done be done

### 非谓语动词

V-ing V-ed(过去分词) to do

\* 现在分词和动名词书写形式一样(V-ing)



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

#### 谓语 动词

作用: 主语的动作

类型:

1. 实义动词

2. 系动词

(各种时态、语态)

# 谁是句子的谓语动词

The disjunction分裂 between educational objectives 目标 that stress independence and those that emphasize强调 obedience 服从 to rules reflects a conflict 矛盾.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

#### 谓 语 动 词

作用: 主语的动作

类型:

1. 实义动词

2. 系动词

(各种时态、语态)

### 主谓一致

The disjunction between educational objectives that stress independence and those that emphasize obedience to rules reflects a conflict.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

#### 谓 语 动 词

**作用:** 主语的动作 **类型:** 

- 天**尘**。
- 1. 实义动词
- 2. 系动词

(各种时态、语态

### 非谓语动词

作用:一般做修饰 类型:

- 1. 分词(过去/现在)
- 2. 不定式
- 3. 动名词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

非谓语动 词	主语	宾语	表语	定语	状语
to do	•	•	•	•	•
V-ing	•	•	•	•	<b>✓</b>
V-ed			•	•	•

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		7 7 3			
非谓语动 词	主语	宾语	表语	定语	状语
to do	V	~	<b>V</b>	~	<b>~</b>
V-ing	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	•
V-ed			V	~	•

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句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰 - 作 "定语"

#### 现在分词

the rising sun
the soaring price
children swimming in the river

#### 过去分词

the destroyed city
the industrialized nations
the book written by him

#### 不定式

This is the key to open the door.

His refusal to co-operate makes us angry.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰 - 作 "定语"

#### 现在分词

the rising sun
the soaring price
children swimming in the river

# 过去分词

the destroyed city
the industrialized nations
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#### 不定式

This is the key to open the door.

His refusal to co-operate makes us angry.

# 定语可以约等于形容词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰 - 分词作 "状语"

#### 现在分词

Her boyfriend left, leaving her a big fortune.

Owing to his carelessness, we had an accident.

#### 过去分词

Deprived of oxygen, the brain dies.

#### 不定式

To make himself heared, he raised his voice.

He hurried home only to find his money stolen.

\* only to do 结果却...



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰 - 分词作 "状语"

#### 现在分词

Her boyfriend left, leaving her a big fortune.

Owing to his carelessness, we had an accident.

#### 过去分词

Deprived of oxygen, the brain dies.

#### 不定式

To make himself heared, he raised his voice.

He hurried home only to find his money stolen.

# 状语可以约等于副词



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

The countries bordering the Mediterranean Sea had to be discarded.

Given that, we have to win the game.

The railroad industry as a whole, still does not earn enough to cover the cost of the capital.



句子主干 + 各种修饰: 非谓语修饰

The countries bordering the Mediterranean Sea had to be discarded. 地中海沿岸的国家不得不被抛弃。

Given that, we have to win the game.

鉴于此,我们必须赢得比赛。

The railroad industry as a whole, still does not earn enough to cover the cost of the capital.

铁路行业作为一个整体,仍然赚不到足够的资金成本。



句子主干 + 各种修饰



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#### 【简单句】

田田追到了彭于晏。

#### 【长难句】

聪明的田田克服重重困难, 死皮赖脸、无所不用其极地追到了迷倒万千少女的彭于晏。

句子主干 + 各种修饰 = 长难句



### 依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来



剩下句子主干

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### 依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来



### 剩下句子主干

聪明的田田克服重重困难,死皮赖脸、无所不用其极地追到了迷倒万千少女的彭于晏。



### 依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来



### 剩下句子主干

(聪明的)田田(克服重重困难,死皮赖脸、无所不用其极地)追到了(迷倒万千少女的)彭于晏。



The decision to quit a senior position to look for a better one is unconventional.

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





The decision (to quit a senior position) (to look for a better one) is unconventional.

这个决定是非常规的。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





The decision (to quit a senior position) (to look for a better one) is unconventional.

辞去一个高级职位去寻找一个更好的职位的这个决定是非常规的。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





The trend was naturally most obvious in those areas of science based especially on a mathematical or laboratory training, and can be illustrated in terms of the development of geology in the United Kingdom.

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来



刺下句子主干



The trend was naturally most obvious (in those areas) (of science) (based especially on a mathematical or laboratory training), and can be illustrated (in terms of the development) (of geology) (in the United Kingdom).

这种趋势自然是最明显的,也是可以被说明的。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





The trend was naturally most obvious (in those areas) (of science) (based especially on a mathematical or laboratory training), and can be illustrated (in terms of the development) (of geology) (in the United Kingdom).

这种趋势自然是会在尤以数学或实验室训练为基础的自然学科领域中最明显的,也是可以被用英国地质学的发展作为例证来说明的。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





As diet and health improved, children and adolescents have, on average, increased in height by about an inch and a half every 20 years.

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





(As diet and health improved), children and adolescents have, (on average), increased in height (by about an inch and a half every 20 years).

儿童与青少年身高增长。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





(As diet and health improved), children and adolescents have, (on average), increased in height (by about an inch and a half every 20 years).

随着饮食与健康状况的改善,儿童与青少年平均每20年身高增长大约1.5英寸。

依次将句子中的修饰部分用括号括起来





各种从句								
	定语从句:相当于形	容词,修饰名词,需要	医紧挨着被修饰的名词					
修饰人	修饰物	修饰地点	修饰时间	修饰原因				
that/ who/ whom	that/ which	where	when	why				
	从句成分不完整: that/ which							
状语从句:相当于副词,修饰动作,可以放在主句前,也可以放在主句后								
时间	地点	原因	目的	结果				
when; since; while; until	where	because; since; as	so that; in order that	sothat; suchthat				
条件	让步							
if; unless	though; although; even if; even though							

# 定语和状语属于修饰内容,拆解长难句时可括起来



Because it didn't want to carry out Congress's immigration wishes, no state should be allowed to do so either.

carry out 实行

Congress 国会

immigration 移居,移民入境



Because it didn't want to carry out Congress's immigration wishes, no state should be allowed to do so either.

carry out 实行

Congress 国会

immigration 移居,移民入境

任何州也都不允许这样做。



Because it didn't want to carry out Congress's immigration wishes, no state should be allowed to do so either.

carry out 实行

Congress 国会

immigration 移居,移民入境

因为它不想贯彻国会的移民诉求,任何州也都不允许这样做。



The child who is raised in an environment where there are many stimuli which develop his or her capacity for appropriate responses will experience greater intellectual development.

raise

养育;提高

stimuli

(stimulus的复数) 激励因素; 刺激物

capacity

能力

appropriate

合适的;恰当的

response

反应;回复

experience 经历

intellectual

智力(上)的



The child (who is raised in an environment) (where there are many stimuli) (which develop his or her capacity for appropriate responses) will experience greater intellectual development.

raise 养育;提高

stimuli (stimulus的复数)激励因素;刺激物

capacity 能力 appropriate 合适的;恰当的

response 反应;回复

experience 经历 intellectual 智力(上)的



The child (who is raised in an environment) (where there are many stimuli) (which develop his or her capacity for appropriate responses) will experience greater intellectual development.

这个孩子的智力将会得到更大的发展。



The child (who is raised in an environment) (where there are many stimuli) (which develop his or her capacity for appropriate responses) will experience greater intellectual development.

一个孩子在有许多刺激物的环境中长大,这些刺激物能发展他或她作出适当反应的能力,这个孩子的智力将会得到更大的发展。



主语从句结构:连接词 + 从句部分 + 谓语 + 宾语/表语



What he wants to tell us is not clear. 他要跟我们说什么,还不清楚.

Who will win the match is still unknown. 谁能赢得这场比赛还不得而知.



#### 1. 由that 引导的主语从句可以直接放句首(that绝不能省略)

That the seas are being overfished has been known for years. 海洋正在被人们过度捕捞,许多年以来这已是尽人皆知的事情了。



That such a conjunction of circumstances might occur again soon, especially considering shrinking US defense budgets and diminishing overseas base access, is problematical at best.

shrink:缩减 diminish:减少;下降

conjuntion: 结合, 连接 defense budget 国防预算

at best 充其量不过是; 往好里说, 乐观来看



That such a conjunction of circumstances might occur again soon, especially considering shrinking US defense budgets and diminishing overseas base access, is problematical at best.

插入语:修饰内容;和主句往往通过逗号或者破折号隔开

若发现句子在还不完整的时候出现逗号(或破折号),两个逗号(或破

折号)内可能是插入语,可以先不读



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在近期能否再次出现这种各个情况结合的局面,最乐观的看法也是值得怀疑的



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对于在近期能否再次出现这种各个情况结合的局面,最乐观的看法也是值得怀疑的,尤其是考虑到美国国防预算缩减和海外基地减少的情况。



#### 2. 有时为避免句子头重脚轻,常用形式主语it代替主语从句作形式主语放于句首,而 主语从句置于句末。常用句型如下:

- (1) It + be + 名词 + that 从句
- (2) It + be + 形容词 + that 从句
- (3) It + be + 动词的过去分词 + that 从句

It's a pity that he didn't come.

It is obvious that he is lying.

It is said that Japanese Olympic Committee officials have put most of the event fund into their own pockets.



It is obvious that the strength of a country' s economy is directly bound up with the efficiency of its agriculture and industry, and that this in turn rests upon the efforts of scientists and technologists of all kinds.

be bound up with 与…密切相关 in turn 反过来 rest on/upon = depend on/upon 依赖于



It is obvious that the strength (of a country' s economy) is (directly) bound up with the efficiency (of its agriculture and industry), and that this (in turn) rests upon the efforts (of scientists and technologists of all kinds).

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It is obvious that the strength (of a country' s economy) is (directly) bound up with the efficiency (of its agriculture and industry), and that this (in turn) rests upon the efforts (of scientists and technologists of all kinds).

很显然,一个国家的经济实力与其工农业生产效率密切相关,而效率的提高又有赖于各类科技人员的努力。



宾语从句结构: 主语 + 谓语 + 连接词 + 从句



He asked whether/if he could go out to play with his friends.

Your success will largely depend upon what you do and how you do it.

I' m surprised that I didn't see all that before.



The Supreme Court will now consider whether police can search the contents of a mobile phone without a warrant if the phone is on or around a person during an arrest.

Supreme Court 最高法院

content 内容

arrest 逮捕

warrant 逮捕证;搜查证



The Supreme Court will now consider whether police can search the contents of a mobile phone without a warrant (if the phone is on or around a person during an arrest).

Supreme Court 最高法院

content 内容 warrant 逮捕证;搜查证

arrest 逮捕

最高法院正在考虑是否允许警察在没有搜查令的情况下查看手机中的内容,如果 手机在被捕者身上或身边



表语从句结构: 主语 + 系动词 + 连接词 + 从句部分

表语

That is where our problem lies.

That is why he didn't go to bed.

The fact is that we have lost the game.



表语从句结构: 主语 + 系动词 + 连接词 + 从句部分

表语

That is where our problem lies.

That is why he didn't go to bed.

The fact is that we have lost the game.

#### 只要系动词的后面有个引导词,就一定是表语从句



Galileo's greatest glory was that in 1609 he was the first person to turn the newly invented telescope on the heavens to prove that the planets revolve around the sun rather than around the Earth.

glory 荣耀

invent 发明 telescope 望远镜

heaven 天空

revolve 旋转



Galileo's greatest glory was that in 1609 he was the first person (to turn the newly invented telescope on the heavens) (to prove that the planets revolve around the sun rather than around the Earth).

伽利略最伟大的成就是在1609年他是第一人。



Galileo's greatest glory was that in 1609 he was the first person (to turn the newly invented telescope on the heavens) (to prove that the planets revolve around the sun rather than around the Earth).

伽利略最伟大的成就是在1609年他是第一个用新发明的望远镜观测天空证明了行星是绕着太阳转的而不是绕着地球转的人。



主语从句结构:连接词 + 从句部分 + 谓语 + 宾语/表语



宾语从句结构: 主语 + 谓语 + 连接词 + 从句



表语从句结构: 主语 + 系动词 + 连接词 + 从句部分

主语从句 宾语从句 表语从句 属于句子主干 拆分长难句时不可删除



同位语从句结构:一个抽象名词 + 引导词 + 一个完整的句子

news, idea, fact, promise, question, doubt, thought, hope, message, suggestion, words (消息), possibility等。

表示与之同位的名词(短语)的实际内容,它的作用相当于名词,对前面的名词(短语)加以补充说明或进一步解释。

I have a dream that one day, all roads will be made plain.

I have no idea when he will be back.



同位语从句结构:一个抽象名词 + 引导词 + 一个完整的句子

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I have a dream that one day, all roads will be made plain.

I have no idea when he will be back.

#### 同位语属于修饰内容,拆解长难句时可括起来



The idea that the journalist must understand the law more profoundly than an ordinary citizen rests on an understanding of the established conventions and special responsibilities of the news media.

profoundly

深刻地

rest on

依靠

established

得到承认的

convention

传统

responsibility

责任



The idea (that the journalist must understand the law more profoundly than an ordinary citizen) rests on an understanding (of the established conventions) and (special) responsibilities (of the news media).

这种想法取决于理解和责任。



The idea (that the journalist must understand the law more profoundly than an ordinary citizen) rests on an understanding (of the established conventions) and (special) responsibilities (of the news media).

记者必须要比普通人更深刻的理解法律,这种想法取决于对既定风俗的理解和新闻媒体的特殊责任。



The notion is that people have failed to detect the massive changes which have happened in the ocean because they have been looking back only a relatively short time into the past.

detect 探测 massive 大量的

look back into the past 回顾过去

relatively 相对地



The notion is that people have failed (to detect the massive changes) (which have happened in the ocean) (because they have been looking back only a relatively short time into the past).

观点是人们已经失败了。



The notion is that people have failed (to detect the massive changes) (which have happened in the ocean) (because they have been looking back only a relatively short time into the past).

这种观点认为,人们没有发现海洋中发生的巨大变化,因为他们只回顾了相对较短的过去。



The conventional view that education should be one of the very highest priorities for promoting rapid economic development in poor countries is wrong.

conventional

promote

传统的

促进

priority

优先权

economic development

经济发展



The conventional view (*that* education *should be* one of the very highest priorities (for promoting rapid economic development) (in poor countries) ) *is* wrong.

传统观点是错误的。



The conventional view (*that* education *should be* one of the very highest priorities (for promoting rapid economic development) (in poor countries) ) *is* wrong.

传统观点认为教育应该是促进贫穷国家经济快速发展的首要任务之一,这种观点是错误的。



#### The conventional view

that education should be one of the very highest priorities

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#### The conventional view

that education should be one of the very highest priorities

#### 从句内容等于名词内容,从句为同位语

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#### The conventional view

that education should be one of the very highest priorities

#### 从句内容等于名词内容,从句为同位语

- 1- 从句完整
- 2- that引导
- 3- 从句修饰名词且含义等于名词

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education *should be* one of the very highest priorities for promoting rapid economic development

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education *should be* one of the very highest priorities for promoting rapid economic development

#### 原因/目的状语



Researchers in the US say that children who get more exercise, whether at school or on their own, have higher scores on test.

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Researchers in the US say that children who get more exercise, (whether at school or on their own), have higher scores on test.



Researchers (in the US) say that children (who get more exercise), (whether at school or on their own), have higher scores (on test).

美国研究人员表示,无论是在学校还是在自己家里,锻炼越多的孩子在考试中得分越高。



Alex Ross, a classical-music critic, described him as a man who is capable of turning the Philharmonic into a markedly different and more vibrant organization.

classical-music 古典音乐的 critic 评论员

describe A as B 把A描述成B be capable of 有能力做某事

turn A into B 把A变成B Philharmonic 爱乐乐团

markedly 明显地 vibrant 有活力的,生动的



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古典音乐评论家亚历克斯·罗斯(Alex Ross)说,他是这样一个人,他有能力把爱乐乐团变成一个明显不同、更有活力的组织。

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In Osborneland, your first instinct may be dependency-permanent dependency if you ca get it - supported by a state only too ready to indulge you.

instinct 本能

dependency 依赖 permanent 永远的,永恒的

only too ready to do sth 准备充分去做某事

indulge 纵容, 宠溺



(In Osborneland), your first instinct may be dependency (-permanent dependency if you ca get it -) (supported by a state) (only too ready to indulge you).

instinct 本能

dependency 依赖 permanent 永远的,永恒的

only too ready to do sth 准备充分去做某事

indulge 纵容, 宠溺



(In Osborneland), your first instinct may be dependency (-permanent dependency if you ca get it -) (supported by a state) (only too ready to indulge you).

在奥斯本兰,你的第一反应可能是依赖——如果你能得到永久的依赖——由一个准备好纵容你的国家支持。



Among the most popular tests are paternity and kinship testing, which adopted children can use to find their biological relatives and families can use to track down kids who were adopted.

paternity 亲子的 kinship 亲属的

adopt 收养

biological relatives 生物学上的亲戚

track down 追踪



Among the most popular tests are paternity and kinship testing, (which (adopted) children can use (to find their biological relatives) and families can use (to track down kids) (who were adopted).)

paternity 亲子的 kinship 亲属的

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Among the most popular tests are paternity and kinship testing, (which (adopted) children can use (to find their biological relatives) and families can use (to track down kids) (who were adopted).)

其中最流行的测试是亲子关系和亲属关系测试,被收养的孩子可以用它来找到他们的血缘亲属,而家庭可以用它来追踪被收养的孩子。



By watching what people search for, click on and say online, companies can aim "behavioural" ads at those most likely to buy.

search for 搜索 click on 点击

aim A at B 用A来瞄准B

ads: advertisement 广告 (advertising)

be likely to do 可能做某事



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(By watching what people search for, click on and say online,) companies can aim "behavioural" ads at those (most likely to buy).

通过观察人们在网上搜索什么、点击什么、说什么,公司可以将"行为"广告瞄准那些最有可能购买的人。

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This is the reason McDonald's restricts the availability of its popular McRib - a marketing trick that has turned the pork sandwich into an object of obsession.

restrict 限制 availability 可获得

trick 手段, 计谋

turn A into B 把A变成B

object 东西 obsession 痴迷



This is the reason McDonald's restricts the availability of its popular McRib

- (a marketing trick) (that has turned the pork sandwich into an object of obsession).

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This is the reason McDonald's restricts the availability of its popular McRib - (a marketing trick) (that has turned the pork sandwich into an object of obsession) .

这就是麦当劳限制其广受欢迎的猪排堡供应的原因——这是一种营销手段,使猪肉三明治成为人们痴迷的对象。



The report <u>calls for</u> increased <u>investment</u> in research, the <u>crafting</u> of <u>curricula</u> that improve students' ability to solve problems and <u>communicate</u> <u>effectively</u> in the 21st century, increased <u>funding</u> for teachers and the <u>encouragement</u> of scholars to bring their learning to bear on the great challenges of the day.

investment 投资

crafting 精心制作

curricula 课程

communicate 沟通

effectively 有效地

funding 提供资金

encouragement 鼓励

scholar 学者

challenge 挑战

call for 倡导, 呼吁

bear on 应对



The report calls for (increased) investment (in research), the crafting (of curricula) (that improve students' ability) (to solve problems and communicate effectively) (in the 21st century), (increased) funding (for teachers) and the encouragement (of scholars) (to bring their learning) (to bear on the great challenges) (of the day).

这个报告倡导投资,精心制作,更多资助和鼓励。



The report calls for increased investment (in research), the crafting (of curricula) (that improve students' ability) (to solve problems and communicate effectively) (in the 21st century), increased funding (for teachers) and the encouragement (of scholars) (to bring their learning) (to bear on the great challenges) (of the day).

这个报告倡导更多对研究的投资,精心制作能够提高学生在21世纪解决问题和高 效沟通能力的课程,更多对老师的资助和鼓励学者利用他们的学问去应对当今巨 大挑战。



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# **Thanks**