**HTML Tags**

* Tags are used to define the beginning and end of an HTML element.
* They consist of an opening bracket ( < ), followed by the name of the element and then a closing bracket ( > ).
* If an attribute is being used in the tag, it will be included after the element.

Here’s an example of the HTML title tag:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | <title> <title> |

**HTML Elements**

* The element consists of both the opening and closing tags as well as what’s inside those tags.
* It normally consists of some structure that’s used to define the respective tags.
* Here’s an example of the HTML title element:

<title>My PW Webpage</title>

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |

In this example, the HTML element is a title of “My PW Webpage,” complete with the opening and closing title tags.

**HTML Attributes**

* Attributes are used to define a property for one or more HTML elements.
* Attributes are additional values that add meaning or adjust their behavior of elements.
* They are found within the element’s opening tag, often containing spaces that are separated by value pairs.
* Here’s an example of the HTML attribute:

1. Src Attribute

We use the <img> tag add an image in an HTML page. The src attribute specifies the image path. We can specify the address of the image inside the double quotes.

<img src = “/.img\_pw.jpg”>

1. Width and Height Attributes

The <img> tag also contains the width and height attributes. As the name suggests, these attributes specify the width and height of the image in pixels.

<img src = “/.img\_pw.jpg” width=500 height=300>

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