# Spis treści

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## Wprowadzenie

#### Cel

Tworzona baza danych wspomagania firmy organizującej konferencji. Firma organizuje konferencje, które mogą być jedno- lub kilkudniowe. Klienci powinni móc rejestrować się na konferencje za pomocą systemu www. Klientami mogą być zarówno indywidualne osoby jak i firmy, natomiast uczestnikami konferencji są osoby (firma nie musi podawać od razu przy rejestracji listy uczestników - może zarezerwować odpowiednią ilość miejsc na określone dni oraz na warsztaty, natomiast na 2 tygodnie przed rozpoczęciem musi te dane uzupełnić - a jeśli sama nie uzupełni do tego czasu, to pracownicy dzwonią do firmy i ustalają takie informacje). Każdy uczestnik konferencji otrzymuje identyfikator imienny (+ ew. informacja o firmie na nim). Dla konferencji kilkudniowych, uczestnicy mogą rejestrować się na dowolne z tych dni.

#### Aktorzy

#### Administrator

Osoba znająca się na bazach danych, potrafiąca obsłużyć błędy oraz w miarę możliwości poprawiająca i rozszerzająca działanie bazy. Ma dostęp do wszystkich procedur i widoków.

#### Pracownik firmy

Osoba odpowiadająca za przyjmowanie zamówień od klientów biznesowych, egzekwowanie opłat za zamówione konferencje oraz pomagająca w przypadku problemów z rejestracją.

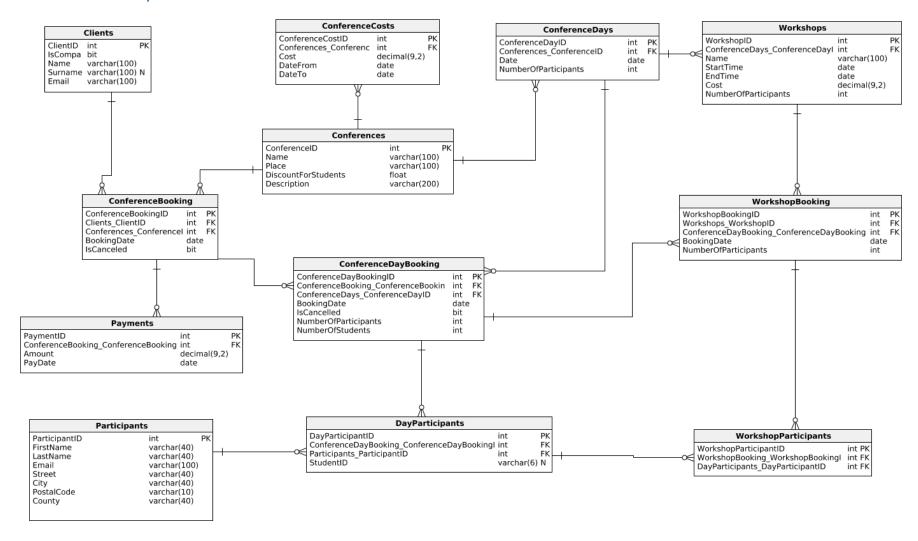
#### Klient biznesowy

Osoba składająca zamówienie oraz dodająca uczestników do poszczególnych konferencji i warsztatów za pomocą zewnętrznego serwisu.

#### Uczestnik

Osoba uczestnicząca w konferencji oraz wybranych warsztatach. Zostaje ona wprowadzona do bazy za pośrednictwem Klienta Biznesowego. Nie posiada dostępu do żadnych funkcji w systemie.

## Schemat bazy



## Tabele

## Conferences

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceID	INT	PK
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
Place	VARCHAR (100)	
DiscountForStudents	FLOAT	
Description	VARCHAR (100)	

## ConferenceDays

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceDayID	INT	PK
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
DATE	DATE	
NumberOfParticipants	INT	MUST BE POSITIVE

#### ConferenceCosts

-- Reference: Conferences\_ConferenceDay (table: ConferenceCosts)
ALTER TABLE ConferenceCosts ADD CONSTRAINT Conferences\_ConferenceDay
FOREIGN KEY (Conferences\_ConferenceID) REFERENCES Conferences
(ConferenceID)

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceCostID	INT	PK
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
Cost	DECIMAL(9,2)	Cost >= 0
DateFrom	DATE	DateFrom <= DateTo
DateTo	DATE	DateFrom <= DateTo

## Workshops

```
CREATE TABLE Workshops (
       WorkshopID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
       ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID INT NOT NULL,
       Name VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
       StartTime DATE NOT NULL,
       EndTime DATE NOT NULL,
       Cost DECIMAL (9, 2) NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
       NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 10,
       CONSTRAINT NonnegativeCostWorkshop CHECK (Cost >= 0) ,
       CONSTRAINT ProperTimeDifferance CHECK (StartTime <= EndTime),
       CONSTRAINT PosiviteWorkshopParticipants CHECK (NumberOfParticipants
> 0),
       CONSTRAINT Workshops pk PRIMARY KEY (WorkshopID)
       );
-- Reference: Workshops_ConferenceDays (table: Workshops)
ALTER TABLE Workshops ADD CONSTRAINT Workshops ConferenceDays FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID) REFERENCES ConferenceDays
(ConferenceDayID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopID	INT	PK
ConferenceDays_ConferenceID	INT	FK
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
StartTime	DATE	StartTime <= EndTime
EndTime	DATE	StartTime <= EndTime
Cost	DECIMAL(9,2)	Cost >= 0
NumberOfParticipants	INT	MUST BE POSITIVE

## ConferenceBooking

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceBookingID	INT	PK
Clients_ClientID	INT	FK
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
IsCanceled	ВІТ	

## ConferenceDayBooking

```
CREATE TABLE ConferenceDayBooking (
 ConferenceDayBookingID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID INT NOT NULL,
 ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID INT NOT NULL,
 BookingDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
 IsCancelled BIT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
 NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL,
 NumberOfStudents INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
 CONSTRAINT PositiveNumberOfParticipants CHECK (NumberOfParticipants > 0),
 CONSTRAINT NonnegativeNumberOfStudents CHECK (NumberOfStudents >= 0),
 CONSTRAINT ProperNumberOfStudents CHECK (NumberOfParticipants >=
NumberOfStudents),
 CONSTRAINT ConferenceDayBooking_pk PRIMARY KEY (ConferenceDayBookingID)
 );
-- Reference: ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceBooking (table:
ConferenceDayBooking)
ALTER TABLE ConferenceDayBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceBooking FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID) REFERENCES ConferenceBooking
(ConferenceBookingID)
-- Reference: ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDays (table:
ConferenceDayBooking)
ALTER TABLE ConferenceDayBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDays FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID) REFERENCES ConferenceDays
(ConferenceDayID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	PK
ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID	INT	FK
ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
IsCanceled	BIT	
NumberOfParticipants	INT	POSITIVE AND NO SMALLER THAN NUMBEROFSTUDENTS
NumberOfStudents	INT	POSITIVE

## WorkshopBooking

```
CREATE TABLE WorkshopBooking (
 WorkshopBookingID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 Workshops WorkshopID INT NOT NULL,
 ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID INT NOT NULL,
 BookingDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
 NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PositiveWorkshopNumberOfParticipants CHECK
(NumberOfParticipants > 0),
 CONSTRAINT WorkshopBooking pk PRIMARY KEY (WorkshopBookingID)
 );
-- Reference: WorkshopBooking_ConferenceDayBooking (table: WorkshopBooking)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
WorkshopBooking_ConferenceDayBooking FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID) REFERENCES
ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID)
-- Reference: WorkshopBooking Workshops (table: WorkshopBooking)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopBooking ADD CONSTRAINT WorkshopBooking Workshops
FOREIGN KEY (Workshops_WorkshopID) REFERENCES Workshops (WorkshopID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopBookingID	INT	PK
Workshops_WorkshopID	INT	FK
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
NumberOfParticipants	віт	POSITIVE

## **Payments**

```
CREATE TABLE Payments (
    PaymentID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
    ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID INT NOT NULL,
    Amount DECIMAL(9, 2) NOT NULL,
    PayDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
    CONSTRAINT PositiveValue CHECK (Amount > 0),
    CONSTRAINT Payments_pk PRIMARY KEY (PaymentID)
    );

-- Reference: Payments_ConferenceBooking (table: Payments)

ALTER TABLE Payments ADD CONSTRAINT Payments_ConferenceBooking FOREIGN KEY (ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID) REFERENCES ConferenceBooking (ConferenceBookingID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
PaymentID	INT	PK
ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID	INT	FK
Amount	DECIMAL(9,2)	POSITIVE
PayDate	DATE	

## **Participants**

```
CREATE TABLE Participants (
    ParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
    FirstName VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    LastName VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    Email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    Street VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    City VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    PostalCode VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
    Country VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT Participants_pk PRIMARY KEY (ParticipantID)
    );
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ParticipantID	INT	PK
FirstName	VARCHAR (40)	
LastName	VARCHAR (40)	
Email	VARCHAR (100)	
Street	VARCHAR (40)	
City	VARCHAR (40)	
PostalCode	VARCHAR (10)	
Country	VARCHAR (40)	

#### DayParticipants

```
CREATE TABLE DayParticipants (
 DayParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID INT NOT NULL,
 Participants ParticipantID INT NOT NULL,
 StudentID VARCHAR(6) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
CONSTRAINT DayParticipants pk PRIMARY KEY (DayParticipantID)
 );
-- Reference: DayParticipants ConferenceDayBooking (table: DayParticipants)
ALTER TABLE DayParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
DayParticipants_ConferenceDayBooking FOREIGN KEY
({\tt ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}) \ \ {\tt REFERENCES}
ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID)
-- Reference: Participants DayParticipants (table: DayParticipants)
ALTER TABLE DayParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT Participants DayParticipants
FOREIGN KEY (Participants ParticipantID) REFERENCES Participants
(ParticipantID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
DayParticipantID	INT	PK
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	FK
Participants_ParticipantID	INT	FK
StudentID	VARCHAR (6)	

#### WorkshopParticipants

```
CREATE TABLE WorkshopParticipants (
        WorkshopParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
        WorkshopBooking WorkshopBookingID INT NOT NULL,
        DayParticipants DayParticipantID INT NOT NULL,
        CONSTRAINT WorkshopParticipants pk PRIMARY KEY
(WorkshopParticipantID)
        );
-- Reference: DayParticipants WorkshopParticipants (table:
WorkshopParticipants)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
DayParticipants WorkshopParticipants FOREIGN KEY
(DayParticipants DayParticipantID) REFERENCES DayParticipants
(DayParticipantID)
-- Reference: WorkshopParticipants WorkshopBooking (table:
WorkshopParticipants)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
WorkshopParticipants_WorkshopBooking FOREIGN KEY
({\tt WorkshopBooking\_WorkshopBookingID}) \ \ {\tt REFERENCES} \ \ {\tt WorkshopBooking}
(WorkshopBookingID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopParticipantID	INT	PK
WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID	INT	FK
DayParticipants_DayParticipantID	INT	FK

## Clients

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ClientID	INT	PK
IsCompany	віт	
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
Surname	VARCHAR (100)	
Email	VARCHAR (100)	

## Indeksy

```
CREATE INDEX Client ON Clients (ClientID ASC)
CREATE INDEX Client_ConferenceBooking ON ConferenceBooking
(Clients_ClientID ASC)
CREATE INDEX ConferenceBook ON ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID
CREATE INDEX ConferenceDay ON ConferenceDayBooking
(ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID ASC)
CREATE INDEX NumberOfParticipantsInConferenceDay ON ConferenceDays
(NumberOfParticipants ASC)
CREATE INDEX Conference ON ConferenceDays (Conferences ConferenceID ASC)
CREATE INDEX Participant ON DayParticipants (DayParticipantID ASC)
CREATE INDEX ConferenceDayBook ON WorkshopBooking
(ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID ASC)
CREATE INDEX DayParticipant ON WorkshopParticipants
(DayParticipants_DayParticipantID ASC)
CREATE INDEX NumberOfParticipantsInWorkshop ON Workshops
(NumberOfParticipants ASC)
CREATE INDEX ConferenceDayID ON Workshops (ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
ASC)
```

## Widoki

## View\_MostPopularWorkshops

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze warsztaty

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularWorkshops
SELECT TOP 10 conf.name AS ConferenceName
 ,w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 ,isnull(sum(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Popularnosc
FROM Workshops AS w
INNER JOIN conferencedays AS cd ON cd.conferencedayid =
w.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN conferences AS conf ON conf.conferenceid =
cd.Conferences_ConferenceID
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID = w.WorkshopID
INNER JOIN WorkshopParticipants AS wp ON
wp.WorkshopBooking WorkshopBookingID = wb.workshopbookingid
GROUP BY w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 , conf.name
ORDER BY Popularnosc DESC
```

## View MostPopularConferences

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularConferences

AS

SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS popularity

FROM Conferences AS c

INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID =
c.ConferenceID

INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON
cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = cd.ConferenceDayID

INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON
dp.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID = cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID

GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name

ORDER BY popularity DESC

GO
```

## View MostPopularConferencesByStudents

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze konferencje wśród studentów

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularConferencesByStudents

AS

SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS popularity

FROM Conferences AS c

INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID

INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON
cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = cd.ConferenceDayID

INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON
dp.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID = cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID

AND dp.StudentID IS NOT NULL

GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name

ORDER BY popularity DESC

GO
```

## View MostPopularWorkshopsByStudents

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze warsztaty wśród studentów

```
CREATE VIEW view MostPopularWorkshopsByStudents
SELECT TOP 10 conf.name AS ConferenceName
 ,w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 ,isnull(sum(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS popularnosc
FROM Workshops AS w
INNER JOIN conferencedays AS cd ON cd.conferencedayid =
w.ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN conferences AS conf ON conf.conferenceid =
cd.Conferences ConferenceID
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops WorkshopID = w.WorkshopID
INNER JOIN WorkshopParticipants AS wp ON
wp.WorkshopBooking WorkshopBookingID = wb.workshopbookingid
INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON dp.DayParticipantID =
wp.DayParticipants_DayParticipantID
AND dp.StudentID IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 , conf.name
ORDER BY popularnosc DESC
```

## View\_MostProfitableConference

Wyświetla najbardziej zyskowne konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostProfitableConference
AS

SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnull(sum(p.Amount), 0) AS Profit

FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN Payments AS p ON p.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID = cb.ConferenceBookingID
GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
ORDER BY Profit DESC
GO
```

## View\_MostProfitableWorkshops

Wyświetla najbardziej zyskowne warsztaty

## View WorkshopsFreePlaces

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na poszczególne warsztaty

```
CREATE VIEW view WorkshopsFreePlaces
SELECT c.name AS ConferenceName
 ,w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 ,w.numberofparticipants AS Miejsca
 ,isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Zajete
 ,w.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS
WolneMiejsca
FROM workshops AS w
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.workshops workshopid = w.workshopid
INNER JOIN WorkshopParticipants AS wp ON
wp.WorkshopBookingID = wb.WorkshopBookingID
INNER JOIN conferencedays AS cd ON cd.conferencedayid =
{\tt w.conferencedays\_conferencedayid}
INNER JOIN conferences AS c ON c.conferenceid = cd.conferences_conferenceid
GROUP BY w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 ,w.numberofparticipants
 ,c.name
GO
```

## View ConferenceFreePlaces

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na poszczególne konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view ConferenceFreePlaces
SELECT c.ConferenceID
      ,c.name
     , cd.DATE
     ,isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Zajete
     ,cd.NumberOfParticipants AS Miejsca
      , cd.NumberOfParticipants - isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS
WolneMiejsca
FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID =
c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON
\verb|cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID| = \verb|cd.ConferenceDayID| \\
INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON
\verb|dp.ConferenceDayBookingID| = \verb|cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID| = \verb|cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID|
GROUP BY c.conferenceid
     ,c.Name
     , cd . DATE
     ,cd.NumberOfParticipants
GO
```

## View\_AvailableConferenceDays

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na konferencje mające wolne miejsca

```
CREATE VIEW view_AvailableConferenceDays
AS
SELECT cdp.*
FROM VIEW_ConferenceFreePlaces cdp
WHERE WolneMiejsca > 0
```

## View\_AvailableWorkshops

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na warsztaty mające wolne miejsca

```
CREATE VIEW view_AvailableWorkshops
AS
SELECT w.*
FROM view_WorkshopsFreePlaces w
WHERE WolneMiejsca > 0
```

## View\_ClientsActivity

Wyświetla informacje o aktywności klientów, ich zamówieniach oraz ich wartości

```
CREATE VIEW view_ClientsActivity
SELECT c.*
 ,isnull((
   SELECT COUNT (*)
   FROM conferencebooking AS cb
   WHERE cb.clients_clientid = c.ClientID
   ), 0) AS Bookings
 ,isnull((
   SELECT SUM(p.amount)
   FROM conferencebooking AS cb
   INNER JOIN payments AS p ON cb.ConferenceBookingID =
{\tt p.ConferenceBooking\_ConferenceBookingID}
   WHERE cb.clients_clientid = c.ClientID
   ), 0) AS Payments
FROM Clients AS c
GO
```

## View\_MostProfitableClients

Wyświetla informacje o klientach od których firma zarobiła najwiecej

CREATE VIEW view\_MostProfitableClients
AS
SELECT TOP 10 c.\*
FROM view\_ClientsActivity c
ORDER BY Payments

## Procedury

## Dodające

## Procedure\_AddConferenceDay

Procedura dodaje dzień do konferencji.

## Procedure\_AddWorkshop

Procedura dodaje warsztat do konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddWorkshop (
        @ConferenceDayID INT,
        @Name VARCHAR(100),
        @StartTime DATE,
        @EndTime DATE,
        @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
        @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
        INSERT INTO Workshops (
                {\tt ConferenceDays\_ConferenceDayID}\,,
                Name,
                StartTime,
                EndTime,
                Cost,
                NumberOfParticipants
        VALUES (
                @ConferenceDayID,
                @Name,
                @StartTime,
                @EndTime,
                @Cost,
                @NumberOfParticipants
                );
END
```

## Procedure\_AddConferenceCost

Procedura dodaje koszt konferencji na ustalone dni.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceCost (
       @ConferenceID INT,
       @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
       @DateFrom DATE,
       @DateTo DATE
AS
BEGIN
       INSERT INTO ConferenceCosts (
               Conferences_ConferenceID,
               Cost,
               DateFrom,
               DateTo
       VALUES (
               @ConferenceID,
               @Cost,
               @DateFrom,
               @DateTo
               );
END
```

## Procedure\_AddConferenceBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na konferencję.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceBooking (
 @ConferenceID INT,
 @ClientID INT,
 @BookingDate DATE
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @BookingDate IS NULL
   INSERT INTO ConferenceBooking (
    Conferences_ConferenceID,
    Clients_ClientID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceID,
    @ClientID
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO ConferenceBooking (
    Conferences_ConferenceID,
    BookingDate,
    Clients_ClientID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceID,
    @BookingDate,
    @ClientID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

#### Procedure AddConferenceDayBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na określony dzień konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceDayBooking (
 @ConferenceDayID INT,
 @ConferenceBookingID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT,
 @NumberOfStudents INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDays
   WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
  OR NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID lub ConferenceBookingID', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @NumberOfStudents IS NULL
   INSERT INTO ConferenceDayBooking (
    ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID,
    ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayID,
    @ConferenceBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO ConferenceDayBooking (
    ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID,
    ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants,
    NumberOfStudents
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayID,
    @ConferenceBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants,
    @NumberOfStudents
    );
  END
 END
END
```

#### Procedure AddWorkshopBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na warsztat.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddWorkshopBooking (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @ConferenceDayBookingID INT,
 @BookingDate DATE,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
  OR NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopID lub ConferenceDayBookingID', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @BookingDate IS NULL
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopBooking (
    Workshops WorkshopID,
    ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopID,
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopBooking (
    Workshops WorkshopID,
    ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID,
    BookingDate,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopID,
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @BookingDate,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
 END
END
```

#### Procedure AddDayParticipant

Procedura dodaje osobę do rezerwacji dnia konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddDayParticipant (
 @ConferenceDayBookingID INT,
 @ParticipantID INT,
 @StudentID VARCHAR(6)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayBookingID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM Participants
    WHERE @ParticipantID = ParticipantID
    )
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ParticipantID', 1
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO DayParticipants (
    {\tt ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}_{\it I}, \\
    Participants ParticipantID,
    StudentID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @ParticipantID,
    @StudentID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

#### Procedure AddWorkshopParticipant

Procedura dodaje osobę do rezerwacji warsztatu.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_AddWorkshopParticipant (
 @WorkshopBookingID INT,
 @DayParticipantID INT
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM WorkshopBooking
   WHERE @WorkshopBookingID = WorkshopBookingID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopBookingID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM Participants
    WHERE @DayParticipantID = ParticipantID
    )
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ParticipantID', 1
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopParticipants (
    {\tt WorkshopBooking\_WorkshopBookingID}\,,
    DayParticipants DayParticipantID
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopBookingID,
    @DayParticipantID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

### Procedure\_AddParticipant

Procedura dodaje uczestnika.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddParticipant (
 @FirstName VARCHAR(40),
 @LastName VARCHAR(40),
 @Email VARCHAR(100),
 @Street VARCHAR(40),
 @City VARCHAR(40),
 @PostalCode VARCHAR(10),
 @Country VARCHAR (40)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO Participants (
 FirstName,
 LastName,
  Email,
  Street,
  City,
  PostalCode,
  County
 )
 VALUES (
  @FirstName,
  @LastName,
  @Email,
  @Street,
  @City,
  @PostalCode,
  @Country
  );
END
```

# Procedure\_AddClient

Procedura dodaje klienta.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddClient (
 @IsCompany BIT,
 @Name VARCHAR(100),
 @Surname VARCHAR(100),
 @Email VARCHAR(100)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO Clients (
  IsCompany,
 Name,
 Surname,
  Email
 VALUES (
  @IsCompany,
  @Name,
  @Surname,
  @Email
  );
END
```

# Aktualizujące

### Procedure\_RemoveConference

Procedura usuwa konferencję.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_RemoveConference (@ConferenceID INT)
AS

IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM ConferenceS
    WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
    )

BEGIN
    THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1

END
ELSE
BEGIN
    DELETE
FROM ConferenceS
WHERE ConferenceS.ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
END
```

#### Procedure UpdateConferenceDetails

Procedura aktualizuje dane konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateConferenceDetails (
 @ConferenceID INT,
 @Name VARCHAR (100),
 @Place VARCHAR(100),
 @DiscountForStudents FLOAT,
 @Description VARCHAR(200)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1
 END
 BEGIN
  IF @Name IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Name = @Name
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'ConferenceID is null', 1
  IF @DiscountForStudents IS NOT NULL
  UPDATE Conferences
   SET DiscountForStudents = @DiscountForStudents
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'DiscountForStudents is null', 1
  IF @Place IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Place = @Place
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Place is null', 1
  IF @Description IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Description = @Description
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
```

```
ELSE
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Description is null', 1
END
END
END
```

#### Procedure UpdateWorkshopDetails

Procedura aktualizuje dane warsztatu.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateWorkshopDetails (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @Name VARCHAR(100),
 @StartTime DATE,
 @EndTime DATE,
 @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT *
   FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono warsztatu', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @Name IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET Name = @Name
  WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'WorkshopID is null', 1
  IF @StartTime IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET StartTime = @StartTime
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'StartTime is null', 1
  IF @EndTime IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET EndTime = @EndTime
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
   THROW 50000, 'EndTime is null', 1
  END
  IF @Cost IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Workshops
   SET Cost = @Cost
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
```

```
END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Cost is null', 1
  END
  IF @NumberOfParticipants IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
  SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
  WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'NumberOfParticipants is null', 1
  END
 END
END
```

#### Procedure CancelConferenceBooking

Procedura anuluje rezerwację klienta na konferencję.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE CancelConferenceBooking (@ConferenceBookingID
INT)
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
  OR NOT (
   SELECT IsCanceled
   FROM ConferenceBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceBookingID lub rezerwacja została
już wcześniej anulowana', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  UPDATE ConferenceBooking
  SET IsCanceled = 1
 WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID;
 BEGIN
  UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
  SET IsCancelled = 1
  WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID;
 END
END
```

### Procedure\_CancelConferenceDayBooking

Procedura anuluje rezerwację klienta na dzień konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE CancelConferenceDayBooking
(@ConferenceDayBookingID INT)
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
  OR NOT (
   SELECT IsCancelled
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
   ) = 0
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayBookingID lub rezerwacja
została już wcześniej anulowana', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
  SET IsCancelled = 1
 WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID;
END
```

### Procedure\_UpdateWorkshopNumberOfParticipants

Procedura aktualizuje ilość miejsc na warsztacie.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateWorkshopNumberOfParticipants (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
  FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
 UPDATE Workshops
 SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
 WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID;
END
```

### $Procedure\_UpdateConferenceDayNumberOfParticipants$

Procedura aktualizuje ilość miejsc w dniu konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateConferenceDayNumberOfParticipants (
 @ConferenceDayID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceDays
   WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
  )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceDays
  SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
 WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID;
END
```

#### Procedure CancelConferenceBookingWithoutPayingAfterSevenDays

Procedura anuluje niedokonane płatności w przeciągu 7 dni.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE
PROCEDURE CancelConferenceBookingWithoutPayingAfterSevenDays
AS
BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceBooking
 SET IsCanceled = 1
 FROM (
  SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceBooking
  LEFT JOIN Payments ON ConferenceBookingID =
ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID
  WHERE IsCanceled = 0
   AND PaymentID IS NULL
  AND DATEDIFF(DAY, BookingDate, getdate()) > 7
  ) AS a
 WHERE ConferenceBooking.ConferenceBookingID = a.ConferenceBookingID
END
 UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
 SET IsCancelled = 1
 FROM (
  SELECT ConferenceDayBookingID AS ID
  FROM ConferenceBooking
  INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking ON ConferenceBookingID =
ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID
  WHERE ConferenceBooking.IsCanceled = 1
  AND ConferenceDayBooking.IsCancelled = 0
  ) AS b
 WHERE ConferenceDayBookingID = b.ID
END
```

### Wyświetlające

#### Procedure ShowConferenceDaysAmountOfParticipants

Procedura wyświetli ilość uczestników określonego dnia konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE ShowConferenceDaysAmountOfParticipants
(@ConferenceID INT)
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceID', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  SELECT ConferenceDayID,
  SUM (ConferenceDayBooking.NumberOfParticipants) AS Participants,
  SUM (NumberOfStudents) AS Students
  FROM ConferenceDays
  INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking ON Conferences_ConferenceID =
ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
  WHERE Conferences_ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
  AND IsCancelled = 0
  GROUP BY ConferenceDayID,
   DATE
 END
END
```

### Procedure\_ShowListOfEventsOfConference

Procedura wyświetli ilość wydarzeń określonego dnia konferencji

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE ShowListOfEventsOfConference (@ConferenceDayID
INT)
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceDays
  WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  SELECT WorkshopID,
  StartTime,
  EndTime,
  Cost,
  NumberOfParticipants
  FROM Workshops
  WHERE ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = @ConferenceDayID
END
```

# Funkcje

# Function FreeDayPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc na podany dzień konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_FreeDayPlaces (@ConferenceDayID INT)
RETURNS INT

AS

BEGIN

RETURN (

SELECT cd.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(cdb.NumberOfParticipants),

0)

FROM conferencedays AS cd

LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cd.conferencedayid = cdb.conferencedays_conferencedayid

WHERE cd.conferencedayid = @ConferenceDayID

GROUP BY cd.conferencedayid

,cd.numberofparticipants
);

END;

GO
```

# Function\_FreeWorkshopPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc na podany warsztat

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces (@WorkShopID INT)
RETURNS INT
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
    SELECT w.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0)
    FROM Workshops AS w
    LEFT JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID =
w.WorkshopID
    WHERE w.WorkshopID = @WorkShopID
    GROUP BY w.WorkshopID
    ,w.numberofparticipants
);
END;
GO
```

### Function BookingFreeStudentPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc dla studentów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION BookingFreeStudentPlaces (@ConferenceDayBookingID
RETURNS INT
AS
BEGIN
 RETURN (
   SELECT cdb.NumberOfStudents -
COUNT (dp.conferencedaybooking conferencedaybookingid)
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking cdb
   LEFT JOIN dayparticipants dp ON cdb.conferencedaybookingid =
{\tt dp.ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}
    AND dp.studentid IS NOT NULL
   WHERE cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID = @ConferenceDayBookingID
   GROUP BY cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID
    ,cdb.NumberOfStudents
   );
END;
GO
```

# Function\_DaysOfConference

Dla podanej konferencji zwraca dni, w których dana konferencja się odbywa

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_DaysOfConference (@ConferenceID INT)
RETURNS @days TABLE (ConferenceDayID INT)
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO @days
SELECT cd.ConferenceDayID
FROM ConferenceDays AS cd
WHERE cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
RETURN;
END
```

### Function ConferenceDayParticipants

Dla danego dnia konferencji zwraca tabelę z danymi uczestników określonego dnia tej konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION ConferenceDayParticipants (@ConferenceDayID INT)
RETURNS @Participants TABLE (
 firstname VARCHAR(40)
 ,lastname VARCHAR (40)
 ,email VARCHAR(100)
 , county VARCHAR (40)
 ,city VARCHAR (40)
 ,street VARCHAR (40)
 ,postalcode VARCHAR(10)
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @Participants
 SELECT p.firstname
 ,p.lastname
 p.email,
 ,p.county
  p.city
  ,p.Street
  ,p.PostalCode
 FROM Participants AS p
 INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON dp.Participants_ParticipantID =
p.ParticipantID
 INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID =
dp.ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID
WHERE cdb.ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID = @ConferenceDayID
 AND cdb.IsCancelled = 0
 RETURN
END
GO
```

### Function WorkshopsPerConference

Dla danej konferencji zwraca tabelę z informacją o warsztatach odbywających się w ramach tej konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION WorkshopsPerConference (@ConferenceID INT)
RETURNS @Workshop TABLE (
 workshopID INT
 , name VARCHAR (100)
 ,starttime DATE
 , endtime DATE
 ,cost DECIMAL(9, 2)
 , {\tt number of participants} INT
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @Workshop
 SELECT w.workshopid
  ,w.name
  ,w.StartTime
  ,w.EndTime
  ,w.cost
  ,w.NumberOfParticipants
 FROM Workshops AS w
 INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID =
w.ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID
 WHERE cd.Conferences ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
 RETURN
END
GO
```

# Function\_WorkshopDate

Dla ID warsztatu zwraca tabelę z informacjami o danym warsztacie

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION WorkshopDate (@WorkshopID INT)
RETURNS @WShop TABLE (
 workshopID INT
 , name VARCHAR (100)
 ,startime DATE
 ,endtime DATE
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @WShop
 SELECT workshopid
 ,name
 ,StartTime
 ,EndTime
 FROM Workshops
 WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID
 RETURN
END
GO
```

### Function BookingDaysCost

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla konferencji bez warsztatów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION BookingDaysCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS MONEY
AS
BEGIN
 RETURN (
   SELECT isnull(SUM((cdb.NumberOfParticipants) * cc.cost +
cdb.NumberOfStudents * cc.cost * (1 - c.discountforstudents)), 0)
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking cdb
   INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking cb ON
\verb|cdb.ConferenceBookingID| = \verb|cb.ConferenceBookingID| = \verb|cb.ConferenceBookingID| \\
   INNER JOIN conferences AS c ON cb.conferences conferenceid =
c.conferenceid
   INNER JOIN conferencecosts cc ON c.conferenceid =
cc.conferences conferenceid
   WHERE cb.ConferenceBookingID = @ConferenceBookID
   GROUP BY cb.ConferenceBookingID
   );
END;
```

### Function BookingWorkshopCost

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla warsztatów danej konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION BookingWorkshopCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS DECIMAL (9, 2)
AS
BEGIN
 RETURN (
   SELECT isnull(SUM(wb.numberofparticipants * w.cost), 0)
   FROM ConferenceBooking cb
   LEFT JOIN conferencedaybooking cdb ON cb.conferencebookingid =
{\tt cdb\,.} \\ {\tt ConferenceBooking\_ConferenceBookingID}
   LEFT JOIN workshopbooking wb ON cdb.conferencedaybookingid =
{\tt wb.conferenced} ay booking\_conferenced ay booking {\tt id}
   LEFT JOIN workshops w ON wb.workshops workshopid = w.workshopid
   WHERE cb.conferencebookingid = @ConferenceBookID
   GROUP BY cb.conferencebookingid
   );
END:
GO
```

# Function\_TotalBookingCost

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla danej konferencji włącznie z warsztatami

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_TotalBookingCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS DECIMAL(9, 2)
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
    SELECT dbo.FUNCTION_BookingDaysCost(bs.conferencebookingid) +
dbo.FUNCTION_BookingWorkshopCost(bs.conferencebookingid)
    FROM conferencebooking bs
    WHERE bs.conferencebookingid = @ConferenceBookID
    );
END
```

### Function WorkshopListForParticipant

Zwraca tabelę z informacją o warsztatach w jakich uczestniczyła podana osoba

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION WorkshopListForParticipant (@Participant INT)
RETURNS @table TABLE (
 workshopid INT
 , Name VARCHAR (100)
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @table
 SELECT w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 FROM participants AS p
 INNER JOIN dayparticipants AS dp ON p.participantid =
dp.participants_participantid
 INNER JOIN workshopparticipants AS wp ON dp.dayparticipantid =
wp.dayparticipants_dayparticipantid
 INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wp.WorkshopBooking WorkshopBookingID =
{\tt wb.workshopbookingid}
 INNER JOIN workshops AS w ON wb.workshops workshopid = w.workshopid
 WHERE p.participantid = @Participant
 RETURN
END
GO
```

### Function ConferencesDaysListForParticipant

Zwraca tabelę z informacją o konferencjach w jakich uczestniczyła podana osoba

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION ConferencesDaysListForParticipant (@Participant
RETURNS @table TABLE (
 name VARCHAR (100)
 ,place VARCHAR (100)
 ,DATE DATE
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @table
 SELECT c.name
  ,c.place
  , cd . DATE
 FROM participants AS p
 INNER JOIN dayparticipants AS dp ON p.participantid =
dp.participants_participantid
 INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID =
{\tt dp.ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}
 INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID =
\verb|cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID| \\
 INNER JOIN Conferences AS c ON c.ConferenceID =
{\tt cd.Conferences\_ConferenceID}
 WHERE p.participantid = @Participant
 RETURN
END
GO
```

# Function\_ClientsOrdersList

Zwraca listę zamówień klientów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION ClientsOrdersList (@ClientID INT)
RETURNS @table TABLE (
 conferenceid INT
 , name VARCHAR (100)
 ,place VARCHAR(100)
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @table
 SELECT c.ConferenceID
  ,c.name
 ,c.place
 FROM Conferences AS c
 INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.Conferences_ConferenceID =
c.ConferenceID
 INNER JOIN Clients AS cl ON cl.ClientID = cb.Clients_ClientID
 WHERE cl.ClientID = @ClientID
RETURN
END
GO
```

# Triggery

# Trigger\_TooFewFreePlacesForDayBooking

Sprawdza, czy jest wystarczająca liczba miejsc w dniu konferencji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewFreePlacesForDayBooking ON
ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
WHERE dbo.FUNCTION_FreeDayPlaces(a.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID) < 0
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Brak wystarczajacej liczby miejsc w dniu konferencji', 1;
END
END
```

# Trigger\_TooFewFreePlacesForWorkshopBooking

Sprawdza, czy jest wystarczająca liczba miejsc na warsztacie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewFreePlacesForWorkshopBooking ON
WorkshopBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
WHERE dbo.FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces(a.Workshops_WorkshopID) < 0
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Brak wystarczajacej liczby miejsc w warsztacie', 1;
END
END
```

### Trigger\_LessPlacesForDayThanForWorkshop

Blokuje rezerwację na warsztat, jeżeli klient zarezerwował mniej miejsc na dzień niż warsztat.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER LessPlacesForDayThanForWorkshop ON
ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS b ON
\verb|b.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID| = \verb|a.ConferenceDayBookingID| \\
   WHERE a. NumberOfParticipants < b. NumberOfParticipants
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000,
   'Klient zarezerwował mniej miejsc na dzień niż na warsztat',
 END
END
```

### Trigger NotEnoughBookedPlacesForDay

Blokuje zapis uczestnika na dzień konferencji, jeżeli wszystkie miejsca od klienta są już zajęte.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER NotEnoughBookedPlacesForDay ON DayParticipants
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
     SET NOCOUNT ON;
     IF EXISTS (
                SELECT *
                FROM inserted AS a
                WHERE (
                           a.StudentID IS NULL
dbo.FUNCTION FreeDayPlacesForStudents(a.ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayB
ookingID) < \overline{0}
                          )
                      OR (
                           a.StudentID IS NULL
{\tt dbo.FUNCTION\_FreeDayPlacesForParticipants} \ ({\tt a.ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBoo
DayBookingID) < 0</pre>
                           )
     BEGIN
           THROW 50000, 'Wszystkie miejsca klienta zostały już zarezerwowane', 1;
END
```

# Trigger\_NotEnoughBookedPlacesForWorkshop

Blokuje zapis uczestnika na warsztat, jeżeli wszystkie zarezerwowane miejsca są już zajęte.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_NotEnoughBookedPlacesForWorkshop ON
WorkshopParticipants
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM inserted AS a
    WHERE

dbo.FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces(a.WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID) < 0
   )
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Wszystkie zarezerwowane miejsca są już zajęte', 1;
END
END
```

### Trigger\_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingDayCapacity

Sprawdza, czy po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na dzień konferencji zarezerwowane miejsca mieszczą się w nowym limicie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingDayCapacity ON
ConferenceDays
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON
cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = a.ConferenceDayID
   GROUP BY a.ConferenceDayID,
    \verb"a.NumberOfParticipants"
   HAVING a.NumberOfParticipants < SUM(cdb.NumberOfParticipants) +</pre>
SUM(cdb.NumberOfStudents)
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na dzień konferencji
zarezerwowane miejsca nie mieszczą się w nowym limicie', 1;
END
END
```

### Trigger\_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingWorkshopCapacity

Sprawdza, czy po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na warsztat zarezerwowane miejsca mieszczą się w nowym limicie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingWorkshopCapacity ON
Workshops
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
  LEFT JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID =
a.WorkshopID
   GROUP BY a.WorkshopID,
    \verb"a.NumberOfParticipants"
   HAVING a.NumberOfParticipants < SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants)</pre>
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na warsztat zarezerwowane
miejsca nie mieszczą się w nowym limicie', 1;
END
```

### Trigger BookingDayInDifferentConference

Sprawdza, czy rezerwowany jest dzień z konferencji odpowiadającej rezerwacji na konferencję.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER BookingDayInDifferentConference ON
ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID =
{\tt a.ConferenceDays\_ConferenceDayID}
   INNER JOIN Conferences AS c1 ON c1.ConferenceID =
cd.Conferences ConferenceID
   INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.ConferenceBookingID =
\verb"a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID" \\
   INNER JOIN Conferences AS c2 ON c2.ConferenceID =
cb.Conferences_ConferenceID
   WHERE c1.ConferenceID != c2.ConferenceID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Klient próbuje przepisać do konferencji rezerwację dnia z
innej konferencji', 1;
 END
END
```

### Trigger BookingDayAlreadyExists

Sprawdza, czy rezerwacja danego dnia konferencji już istnieje.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER BookingDayAlreadyExists ON ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cbd ON
a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID =
cbd.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID
    AND a.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID =
cbd.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
   WHERE a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID !=
{\tt cbd.ConferenceBooking\_ConferenceBookingID}
  )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Rezerwacja danego dnia konferencji już istnieje', 1;
 END
END
```

### Trigger BookingWorkshopInDifferentDay

Sprawdza, czy rezerwowany jest warsztat z dnia odpowiadającemu rezerwacji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_BookingWorkshopInDifferentDay ON WorkshopBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   INNER JOIN Workshops AS w ON w. WorkshopID = a. Workshops WorkshopID
   INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd1 ON cd1.ConferenceDayID =
w.ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID
   INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID =
\verb"a.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID" \\
   INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd2 ON cd2.ConferenceDayID =
{\tt cdb.ConferenceDays\_ConferenceDayID}
   WHERE cd1.Conferences_ConferenceID != cd2.Conferences_ConferenceID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Klient próbuje zapisać się do warsztatu z innego dnia niż
jego rezerwacja', 1;
END
END
```

#### Trigger ArePriceThresholdsMonotonous

Sprawdza, czy progi cenowe konferencji są ułożone w porządku rosnącym w stosunku do czasu pozostałego do konferencji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER ArePriceThresholdsMonotonous ON ConferenceCosts
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
 SET NOCOUNT ON;
 DECLARE @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
   SELECT a.Cost
   FROM inserted AS a
 IF EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM inserted AS a
   LEFT JOIN ConferenceCosts AS cc ON a.Conferences ConferenceID =
cc.Conferences ConferenceID
   WHERE (
      cc.DateFrom < a.DateFrom</pre>
      AND a.DateFrom < cc.dateto
     OR (
      a.DateFrom < cc.DateFrom
      AND cc.DateTo < a.DateTo
     OR (
      cc.DateFrom >= a.DateFrom
      AND a.DateTo >= cc.DateTo
     OR (
      a.DateFrom >= cc.DateFrom
      AND cc.DateTo >= a.DateTo
      )
     )
    AND cc.ConferenceCostID != a.ConferenceCostID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000,
   'Koszt pokrywa się z istniejącymi kosztami',
   1
 END
 ELSE
  DECLARE @PreviousCost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
    SELECT TOP 1 a.Cost
    FROM inserted AS a
    INNER JOIN ConferenceCosts AS cc ON cc.ConferenceCostID =
a.ConferenceCostID
    WHERE cc.Conferences ConferenceID = a.Conferences ConferenceID
     AND cc.DateTo < a.DateFrom
    ORDER BY cc.DateFrom DESC
  DECLARE @NextCost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
    SELECT TOP 1 a.Cost
    FROM inserted AS a
```

```
INNER JOIN ConferenceCosts AS cc ON cc.ConferenceCostID =
a.ConferenceCostID
    WHERE cc.Conferences_ConferenceID = a.Conferences_ConferenceID
    AND cc.DateFrom > a.DateTo
    ORDER BY cc.DateFrom
  IF (
    (
    @PreviousCost IS NOT NULL
    AND @PreviousCost >= @Cost
    OR (
    @NextCost IS NOT NULL
    AND @NextCost <= @Cost
    )
   )
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Cena nie jest w poprawnej kolejności z poprzednimi
(PreviousCost = %, NextCost = %.,
                  @PreviousCost,
                   @NextCost', 1;
  END
 END
END
```