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Wprowadzenie

Cel

Tworzona baza danych wspomagania firmy organizującej konferencji. Firma organizuje konferencje, które mogą być jedno- lub kilkudniowe. Klienci powinni móc rejestrować się na konferencje za pomocą systemu www. Klientami mogą być zarówno indywidualne osoby jak i firmy, natomiast uczestnikami konferencji są osoby (firma nie musi podawać od razu przy rejestracji listy uczestników - może zarezerwować odpowiednią ilość miejsc na określone dni oraz na warsztaty, natomiast na 2 tygodnie przed rozpoczęciem musi te dane uzupełnić - a jeśli sama nie uzupełni do tego czasu, to pracownicy dzwonią do firmy i ustalają takie informacje). Każdy uczestnik konferencji otrzymuje identyfikator imienny (+ ew. informacja o firmie na nim). Dla konferencji kilkudniowych, uczestnicy mogą rejestrować się na dowolne z tych dni.

Aktorzy

Administrator

Osoba znająca się na bazach danych, potrafiąca obsłużyć błędy oraz w miarę możliwości poprawiająca i rozszerzająca działanie bazy. Ma dostęp do wszystkich procedur i widoków.

Pracownik firmy

Osoba odpowiadająca za przyjmowanie zamówień od klientów biznesowych, egzekwowanie opłat za zamówione konferencje oraz pomagająca w przypadku problemów z rejestracją.

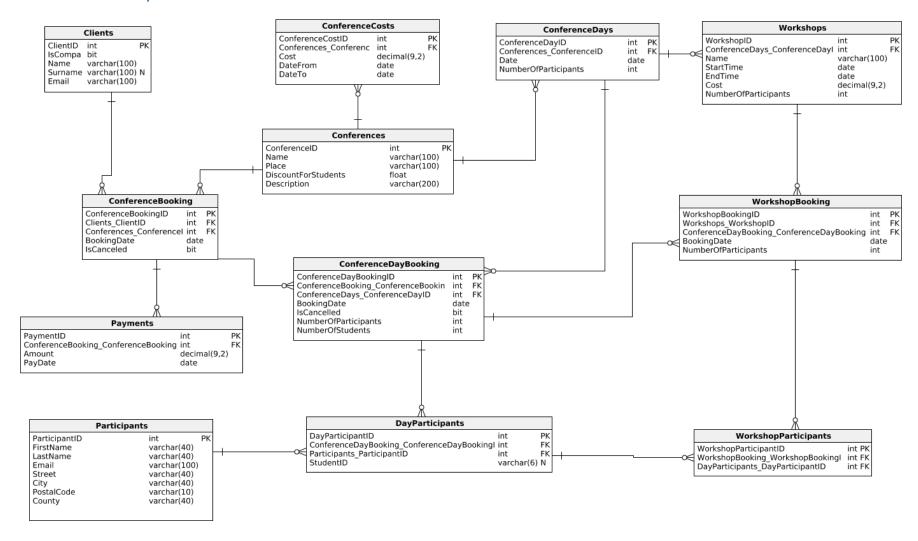
Klient biznesowy

Osoba składająca zamówienie oraz dodająca uczestników do poszczególnych konferencji i warsztatów za pomocą zewnętrznego serwisu.

Uczestnik

Osoba uczestnicząca w konferencji oraz wybranych warsztatach. Zostaje ona wprowadzona do bazy za pośrednictwem Klienta Biznesowego. Nie posiada dostępu do żadnych funkcji w systemie.

Schemat bazy



Tabele

Conferences

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceID	INT	PK
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
Place	VARCHAR (100)	
DiscountForStudents	FLOAT	
Description	VARCHAR (100)	

ConferenceDays

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceDayID	INT	PK
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
DATE	DATE	
NumberOfParticipants	INT	MUST BE POSITIVE

ConferenceCosts

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceCostID	INT	РК
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
Cost	DECIMAL(9,2)	Cost >= 0
DateFrom	DATE	DateFrom <= DateTo
DateTo	DATE	DateFrom <= DateTo

Workshops

```
CREATE TABLE Workshops (
        WorkshopID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
        {\tt ConferenceDays\_ConferenceDayID\ INT\ NOT\ NULL},
        Name VARCHAR (100) NOT NULL,
        StartTime DATE NOT NULL,
        EndTime DATE NOT NULL,
        Cost DECIMAL (9, 2) NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
        NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 10,
        {\tt CONSTRAINT\ NonnegativeCostWorkshop\ CHECK\ (Cost >= 0)\ ,}
        CONSTRAINT ProperTimeDifferance CHECK (StartTime <= EndTime),
        CONSTRAINT PosiviteWorkshopParticipants CHECK (NumberOfParticipants > 0),
        CONSTRAINT Workshops pk PRIMARY KEY (WorkshopID)
-- Reference: Workshops_ConferenceDays (table: Workshops)
ALTER TABLE Workshops ADD CONSTRAINT Workshops ConferenceDays FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID) REFERENCES ConferenceDays
(ConferenceDayID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopID	INT	PK
ConferenceDays_ConferenceID	INT	FK
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
StartTime	DATE	StartTime <= EndTime
EndTime	DATE	StartTime <= EndTime
Cost	DECIMAL(9,2)	Cost >= 0
NumberOfParticipants	INT	MUST BE POSITIVE

ConferenceBooking

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceBookingID	INT	PK
Clients_ClientID	INT	FK
Conferences_ConferenceID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
IsCanceled	ВІТ	

ConferenceDayBooking

```
CREATE TABLE ConferenceDayBooking (
 ConferenceDayBookingID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID INT NOT NULL,
 ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID INT NOT NULL,
 BookingDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
 IsCancelled BIT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
 NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL,
 NumberOfStudents INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
 CONSTRAINT PositiveNumberOfParticipants CHECK (NumberOfParticipants > 0),
 CONSTRAINT NonnegativeNumberOfStudents CHECK (NumberOfStudents >= 0),
 CONSTRAINT ProperNumberOfStudents CHECK (NumberOfParticipants >= NumberOfStudents),
 {\tt CONSTRAINT~ConferenceDayBooking\_pk~PRIMARY~KEY}~({\tt ConferenceDayBookingID})
 );
-- Reference: ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceBooking (table:
ConferenceDayBooking)
ALTER TABLE ConferenceDayBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceBooking FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID) REFERENCES ConferenceBooking
(ConferenceBookingID)
-- Reference: ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDays (table:
ConferenceDayBooking)
ALTER TABLE ConferenceDayBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDays FOREIGN KEY
(ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID) REFERENCES ConferenceDays
(ConferenceDayID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	PK
ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID	INT	FK
ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
IsCanceled	ВІТ	
NumberOfParticipants	INT	POSITIVE AND NO SMALLER THAN NUMBEROFSTUDENTS
NumberOfStudents	INT	POSITIVE

WorkshopBooking

```
CREATE TABLE WorkshopBooking (
 WorkshopBookingID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 Workshops_WorkshopID INT NOT NULL,
 {\tt ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID\ INT\ NOT\ NULL},
 BookingDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
 NumberOfParticipants INT NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PositiveWorkshopNumberOfParticipants CHECK (NumberOfParticipants > 0),
 CONSTRAINT WorkshopBooking pk PRIMARY KEY (WorkshopBookingID)
 );
-- Reference: WorkshopBooking ConferenceDayBooking (table: WorkshopBooking)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopBooking ADD CONSTRAINT
WorkshopBooking_ConferenceDayBooking FOREIGN KEY
({\tt ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}) \ \ {\tt REFERENCES}
ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID)
-- Reference: WorkshopBooking Workshops (table: WorkshopBooking)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopBooking ADD CONSTRAINT WorkshopBooking Workshops
FOREIGN KEY (Workshops WorkshopID) REFERENCES Workshops (WorkshopID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopBookingID	INT	PK
Workshops_WorkshopID	INT	FK
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	FK
BookingDate	DATE	
NumberOfParticipants	BIT	POSITIVE

Payments

```
CREATE TABLE Payments (
    PaymentID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
    ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID INT NOT NULL,
    Amount DECIMAL(9, 2) NOT NULL,
    PayDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT getdate(),
    CONSTRAINT PositiveValue CHECK (Amount > 0),
    CONSTRAINT Payments_pk PRIMARY KEY (PaymentID)
    );

-- Reference: Payments_ConferenceBooking (table: Payments)

ALTER TABLE Payments ADD CONSTRAINT Payments_ConferenceBooking FOREIGN KEY (ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID) REFERENCES ConferenceBooking (ConferenceBookingID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
PaymentID	INT	PK
ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID	INT	FK
Amount	DECIMAL(9,2)	POSITIVE
PayDate	DATE	

Participants

```
CREATE TABLE Participants (
    ParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
    FirstName VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    LastName VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    Email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    Street VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    City VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    PostalCode VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
    Country VARCHAR(40) NOT NULL,
    CONSTRAINT Participants_pk PRIMARY KEY (ParticipantID)
    );
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ParticipantID	INT	PK
FirstName	VARCHAR (40)	
LastName	VARCHAR (40)	
Email	VARCHAR (100)	
Street	VARCHAR (40)	
City	VARCHAR (40)	
PostalCode	VARCHAR (10)	
Country	VARCHAR (40)	

DayParticipants

```
CREATE TABLE DayParticipants (
 DayParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
 ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID INT NOT NULL,
 Participants ParticipantID INT NOT NULL,
 StudentID VARCHAR(6) NULL DEFAULT NULL,
CONSTRAINT DayParticipants pk PRIMARY KEY (DayParticipantID)
 );
-- Reference: DayParticipants ConferenceDayBooking (table: DayParticipants)
ALTER TABLE DayParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
DayParticipants_ConferenceDayBooking FOREIGN KEY
({\tt ConferenceDayBooking\_ConferenceDayBookingID}) \ \ {\tt REFERENCES}
ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID)
-- Reference: Participants DayParticipants (table: DayParticipants)
ALTER TABLE DayParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT Participants DayParticipants
FOREIGN KEY (Participants ParticipantID) REFERENCES Participants
(ParticipantID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
DayParticipantID	INT	PK
ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID	INT	FK
Participants_ParticipantID	INT	FK
StudentID	VARCHAR (6)	

WorkshopParticipants

```
CREATE TABLE WorkshopParticipants (
       WorkshopParticipantID INT NOT NULL IDENTITY,
       WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID INT NOT NULL,
       DayParticipants_DayParticipantID INT NOT NULL,
        CONSTRAINT WorkshopParticipants pk PRIMARY KEY (WorkshopParticipantID)
-- Reference: DayParticipants_WorkshopParticipants (table:
WorkshopParticipants)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
DayParticipants_WorkshopParticipants FOREIGN KEY
(DayParticipants_DayParticipantID) REFERENCES DayParticipants
(DayParticipantID)
-- Reference: WorkshopParticipants WorkshopBooking (table:
WorkshopParticipants)
ALTER TABLE WorkshopParticipants ADD CONSTRAINT
WorkshopParticipants WorkshopBooking FOREIGN KEY
(WorkshopBooking WorkshopBookingID) REFERENCES WorkshopBooking
(WorkshopBookingID)
```

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
WorkshopParticipantID	INT	PK
WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID	INT	FK
DayParticipants_DayParticipantID	INT	FK

Clients

Nazwa kolumny	Typ danych	Inne informacje
ClientID	INT	PK
IsCompany	BIT	
Name	VARCHAR (100)	
Surname	VARCHAR (100)	
Email	VARCHAR (100)	

Indeksy

```
CREATE INDEX Client ON Clients (ClientID ASC)

CREATE INDEX Client_ConferenceBooking ON ConferenceBooking (Clients_ClientID ASC)

CREATE INDEX ConferenceBook ON ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDayBookingID ASC)

CREATE INDEX ConferenceDay ON ConferenceDayBooking (ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID ASC)

CREATE INDEX NumberOfParticipantsInConferenceDay ON ConferenceDays (NumberOfParticipants ASC)

CREATE INDEX Conference ON ConferenceDays (Conferences_ConferenceID ASC)

CREATE INDEX Participant ON DayParticipants (DayParticipantID ASC)

CREATE INDEX ConferenceDayBook ON WorkshopBooking (ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID ASC)

CREATE INDEX DayParticipant ON WorkshopParticipants (DayParticipants_DayParticipantID ASC)

CREATE INDEX NumberOfParticipantsInWorkshop ON Workshops (NumberOfParticipants ASC)

CREATE INDEX ConferenceDayID ON Workshops (ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID ASC)
```

Widoki

View_MostPopularWorkshops

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze warsztaty

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularWorkshops
AS
SELECT TOP 10 conf.name AS ConferenceName
,w.workshopid
,w.name
,isnull(sum(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Popularnosc
FROM Workshops AS w
INNER JOIN conferencedays AS cd ON cd.conferencedayid = w.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN conferences AS conf ON conf.conferenceid = cd.ConferenceS_ConferenceID
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID = w.WorkshopID
GROUP BY w.workshopid
,w.name
,conf.name
ORDER BY Popularnosc DESC
GO
```

View_MostPopularConferences

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularConferences
AS
SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnul1(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS popularity
FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = cd.ConferenceDayID
GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
ORDER BY popularity DESC
GO
```

View_MostPopularConferencesByStudents

Wyświetla najpopularniejsze konferencje wśród studentów

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostPopularConferencesByStudents
AS
SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfStudents), 0) AS popularity
FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = cd.ConferenceDayID
GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
ORDER BY popularity DESC
GO
```

View_MostProfitableConference

Wyświetla najbardziej zyskowne konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view_MostProfitableConference
AS
SELECT TOP 10 c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
,isnull(sum(p.Amount), 0) AS Profit
FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN Payments AS p ON p.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID = cb.ConferenceBookingID
GROUP BY c.ConferenceID
,c.Name
ORDER BY Profit DESC
GO
```

${\sf View_MostProfitableWorkshops}$

Wyświetla najbardziej zyskowne warsztaty

View_WorkshopsFreePlaces

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na poszczególne warsztaty

```
CREATE VIEW view_WorkshopsFreePlaces
SELECT c.name AS ConferenceName
 ,w.workshopid
 ,w.name
,w.numberofparticipants AS Miejsca
 ,isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Zajete
 ,w.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS WolneMiejsca
FROM workshops AS w
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.workshops_workshopid = w.workshopid
INNER JOIN conferencedays AS cd ON cd.conferencedayid = w.conferencedayid
INNER JOIN conferences AS c ON c.conferenceid = cd.conferences_conferenceid
GROUP BY w.workshopid
 ,w.name
 , \verb"w.numberofparticipants"
 ,c.name
GO
```

View_ConferenceFreePlaces

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na poszczególne konferencje

```
CREATE VIEW view_ConferenceFreePlaces
AS
SELECT c.ConferenceID
,c.name
,cd.DATE
,isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS Zajete
,cd.NumberOfParticipants AS Miejsca
,cd.NumberOfParticipants - isnull(sum(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0) AS WolneMiejsca
FROM Conferences AS c
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = cd.ConferenceDayID
GROUP BY c.conferenceid, c.conferencedayid
,c.Name
,cd.DATE
,cd.NumberOfParticipants
GO
```

View_AvailableConferenceDays

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na konferencje mające wolne miejsca

```
CREATE VIEW view_AvailableConferenceDays
AS
SELECT cdp.*
FROM VIEW_ConferenceFreePlaces cdp
WHERE WolneMiejsca > 0
```

View_AvailableWorkshops

Wyświetla informacje o miejscach na warsztaty mające wolne miejsca

```
CREATE VIEW view_AvailableWorkshops
AS
SELECT w.*
FROM view_WorkshopsFreePlaces w
WHERE WolneMiejsca > 0
```

View_ClientsActivity

Wyświetla informacje o aktywności klientów, ich zamówieniach oraz ich wartości

View_MostProfitableClients

Wyświetla informacje o klientach od których firma zarobiła najwiecej

CREATE VIEW view_MostProfitableClients
AS
SELECT TOP 10 c.*
FROM view_ClientsActivity c
ORDER BY Payments

Procedury

Dodające

Procedure_AddConferenceDay

Procedura dodaje dzień do konferencji.

Procedure_AddWorkshop

Procedura dodaje warsztat do konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddWorkshop (
        @ConferenceDayID INT,
        @Name VARCHAR(100),
        @StartTime DATE,
        @EndTime DATE,
        @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
        @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
        INSERT INTO Workshops (
                {\tt ConferenceDays\_ConferenceDayID}\,,
                Name,
                StartTime,
                EndTime,
                Cost,
                NumberOfParticipants
        VALUES (
                @ConferenceDayID,
                @Name,
                @StartTime,
                @EndTime,
                @Cost,
                @NumberOfParticipants
                );
END
```

Procedure_AddConferenceCost

Procedura dodaje koszt konferencji na ustalone dni.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceCost (
       @ConferenceID INT,
       @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
       @DateFrom DATE,
       @DateTo DATE
AS
BEGIN
       INSERT INTO ConferenceCosts (
               Conferences_ConferenceID,
               Cost,
               DateFrom,
               DateTo
       VALUES (
               @ConferenceID,
               @Cost,
               @DateFrom,
               @DateTo
               );
END
```

Procedure_AddConferenceBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na konferencję.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceBooking (
 @ConferenceID INT,
 @ClientID INT,
 @BookingDate DATE
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @BookingDate IS NULL
   INSERT INTO ConferenceBooking (
    Conferences_ConferenceID,
    Clients_ClientID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceID,
    @ClientID
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO ConferenceBooking (
    Conferences_ConferenceID,
    BookingDate,
    Clients_ClientID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceID,
    @BookingDate,
    @ClientID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure AddConferenceDayBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na określony dzień konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddConferenceDayBooking (
 @ConferenceDayID INT,
 @ConferenceBookingID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT,
 @NumberOfStudents INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDays
   WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
  OR NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID lub ConferenceBookingID', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @NumberOfStudents IS NULL
   INSERT INTO ConferenceDayBooking (
    ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID,
    ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayID,
    @ConferenceBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO ConferenceDayBooking (
    ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID,
    ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants,
    NumberOfStudents
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayID,
    @ConferenceBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants,
    @NumberOfStudents
    );
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure AddWorkshopBooking

Procedura dodaje rezerwację klienta na warsztat.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddWorkshopBooking (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @ConferenceDayBookingID INT,
 @BookingDate DATE,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
  OR NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopID lub ConferenceDayBookingID', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @BookingDate IS NULL
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopBooking (
    Workshops WorkshopID,
    ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopID,
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopBooking (
    Workshops WorkshopID,
    ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID,
    BookingDate,
    NumberOfParticipants
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopID,
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @BookingDate,
    @NumberOfParticipants
    );
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure AddDayParticipant

Procedura dodaje osobę do rezerwacji dnia konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddDayParticipant (
 @ConferenceDayBookingID INT,
 @ParticipantID INT,
 @StudentID VARCHAR(6)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayBookingID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM Participants
    WHERE @ParticipantID = ParticipantID
    )
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ParticipantID', 1
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO DayParticipants (
    ConferenceDayBooking ConferenceDayBookingID,
    Participants ParticipantID,
    StudentID
    )
   VALUES (
    @ConferenceDayBookingID,
    @ParticipantID,
    @StudentID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure AddWorkshopParticipant

Procedura dodaje osobę do rezerwacji warsztatu.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddWorkshopParticipant (
 @WorkshopBookingID INT,
 @DayParticipantID INT
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM WorkshopBooking
   WHERE @WorkshopBookingID = WorkshopBookingID
   )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopBookingID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM Participants
    WHERE @DayParticipantID = ParticipantID
    )
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ParticipantID', 1
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   INSERT INTO WorkshopParticipants (
    {\tt WorkshopBooking\_WorkshopBookingID}\,,
    DayParticipants DayParticipantID
    )
   VALUES (
    @WorkshopBookingID,
    @DayParticipantID
    );
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure_AddParticipant

Procedura dodaje uczestnika.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddParticipant (
 @FirstName VARCHAR(40),
 @LastName VARCHAR(40),
 @Email VARCHAR(100),
 @Street VARCHAR(40),
 @City VARCHAR(40),
 @PostalCode VARCHAR(10),
 @Country VARCHAR (40)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO Participants (
 FirstName,
 LastName,
  Email,
  Street,
  City,
  PostalCode,
  County
 )
 VALUES (
  @FirstName,
  @LastName,
  @Email,
  @Street,
  @City,
  @PostalCode,
  @Country
  );
END
```

Procedure_AddClient

Procedura dodaje klienta.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AddClient (
 @IsCompany BIT,
 @Name VARCHAR(100),
 @Surname VARCHAR(100),
 @Email VARCHAR(100)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO Clients (
  IsCompany,
 Name,
 Surname,
  Email
 VALUES (
  @IsCompany,
  @Name,
  @Surname,
  @Email
  );
END
```

Aktualizujące

Procedure_RemoveConference

Procedura usuwa konferencję.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE_RemoveConference (@ConferenceID INT)
AS

IF NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT *
    FROM ConferenceS
    WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
    )

BEGIN
    THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1

END
ELSE
BEGIN
    DELETE
FROM ConferenceS
WHERE ConferenceS.ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
END
```

Procedure UpdateConferenceDetails

Procedura aktualizuje dane konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateConferenceDetails (
 @ConferenceID INT,
 @Name VARCHAR (100),
 @Place VARCHAR(100),
 @DiscountForStudents FLOAT,
 @Description VARCHAR(200)
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono konferencji', 1
 END
 BEGIN
  IF @Name IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Name = @Name
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'ConferenceID is null', 1
  IF @DiscountForStudents IS NOT NULL
  UPDATE Conferences
   SET DiscountForStudents = @DiscountForStudents
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'DiscountForStudents is null', 1
  IF @Place IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Place = @Place
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'Place is null', 1
  IF @Description IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Conferences
   SET Description = @Description
   WHERE ConferenceID = @ConferenceID;
  END
```

```
ELSE
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Description is null', 1
END
END
END
```

Procedure UpdateWorkshopDetails

Procedura aktualizuje dane warsztatu.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateWorkshopDetails (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @Name VARCHAR(100),
 @StartTime DATE,
 @EndTime DATE,
 @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2),
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT *
   FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono warsztatu', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  IF @Name IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET Name = @Name
  WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'WorkshopID is null', 1
  IF @StartTime IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET StartTime = @StartTime
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
   THROW 50000, 'StartTime is null', 1
  IF @EndTime IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
   SET EndTime = @EndTime
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
   THROW 50000, 'EndTime is null', 1
  END
  IF @Cost IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
   UPDATE Workshops
   SET Cost = @Cost
   WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
```

```
END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Cost is null', 1
  END
  IF @NumberOfParticipants IS NOT NULL
  BEGIN
  UPDATE Workshops
  SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
  WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID;
  END
  ELSE
  BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'NumberOfParticipants is null', 1
  END
 END
END
```

Procedure_CancelConferenceBooking

Procedura anuluje rezerwację klienta na konferencję.

```
{\tt CREATE\ PROCEDURE\ PROCEDURE\ Cancel Conference Booking\ (@Conference Booking ID\ INT)}
AS
BEGIN
IF NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceBooking
  WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
  OR NOT (
  SELECT IsCanceled
   FROM ConferenceBooking
  WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID
) = 0
BEGIN
 THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceBookingID lub rezerwacja została już wcześniej anulowana', 1
 BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceBooking
  SET IsCanceled = 1
 WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBookingID;
  UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
  SET IsCancelled = 1
 WHERE @ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID;
```

Procedure_CancelConferenceDayBooking

Procedura anuluje rezerwację klienta na dzień konferencji.

```
{\tt CREATE\ PROCEDURE\ PROCEDURE\ Cancel Conference Day Booking\ (@Conference Day Booking INT)}
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \textbf{WHERE} & @ConferenceDayBookingID & & ConferenceDayBookingID \\ \hline \end{tabular}
  OR NOT (
   SELECT IsCancelled
   FROM ConferenceDayBooking
   WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID
 ) = 0
BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayBookingID lub rezerwacja została już wcześniej anulowana', 1
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
  SET IsCancelled = 1
  WHERE @ConferenceDayBookingID = ConferenceDayBookingID;
END
```

Procedure_UpdateWorkshopNumberOfParticipants

Procedura aktualizuje ilość miejsc na warsztacie.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateWorkshopNumberOfParticipants (
 @WorkshopID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
  FROM Workshops
   WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono WorkshopID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
 UPDATE Workshops
 SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
 WHERE @WorkshopID = WorkshopID;
END
```

$Procedure_UpdateConferenceDayNumberOfParticipants$

Procedura aktualizuje ilość miejsc w dniu konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE UpdateConferenceDayNumberOfParticipants (
 @ConferenceDayID INT,
 @NumberOfParticipants INT
 )
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceDays
   WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
  )
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceDays
  SET NumberOfParticipants = @NumberOfParticipants
 WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID;
END
```

$Procedure_Cancel Conference Booking Without Paying After Seven Days$

Procedura anuluje niedokonane płatności w przeciągu 7 dni.

```
{\tt CREATE\ PROCEDURE\ PROCEDURE\ Cancel Conference Booking Without Paying After Seven Days}
BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceBooking
 SET IsCanceled = 1
 FROM (
  SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceBooking
  LEFT JOIN Payments ON ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBooking ConferenceBookingID
  WHERE IsCanceled = 0
  AND PaymentID IS NULL
   AND DATEDIFF(DAY, BookingDate, getdate()) > 7
 WHERE ConferenceBooking.ConferenceBookingID = a.ConferenceBookingID
BEGIN
 UPDATE ConferenceDayBooking
 SET IsCancelled = 1
 FROM (
  SELECT ConferenceDayBookingID AS ID
  FROM ConferenceBooking
  INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking ON ConferenceBookingID = ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID
  WHERE ConferenceBooking.IsCanceled = 1
  AND ConferenceDayBooking.IsCancelled = 0
  ) AS b
 WHERE ConferenceDayBookingID = b.ID
END
```

Wyświetlające

Procedure_ShowConferenceDaysAmountOfParticipants

Procedura wyświetli ilość uczestników określonego dnia konferencji.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE ShowConferenceDaysAmountOfParticipants (@ConferenceID INT)
BEGIN
IF NOT EXISTS (
   SELECT *
   FROM Conferences
   WHERE @ConferenceID = ConferenceID
 BEGIN
 THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  SELECT ConferenceDayID,
   DATE,
   {\tt SUM}\,({\tt ConferenceDayBooking.NumberOfParticipants})\  \  {\tt AS}\  \  {\tt Participants},
   SUM(NumberOfStudents) AS Students
  FROM ConferenceDays
  INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking ON Conferences_ConferenceID = ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID WHERE ConferenceS_ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
   AND IsCancelled = 0
  GROUP BY ConferenceDayID,
   DATE
 END
END
```

Procedure_ShowListOfEventsOfConference

Procedura wyświetli ilość wydarzeń określonego dnia konferencji

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PROCEDURE ShowListOfEventsOfConference (@ConferenceDayID
INT)
AS
BEGIN
 IF NOT EXISTS (
  SELECT *
  FROM ConferenceDays
  WHERE @ConferenceDayID = ConferenceDayID
 BEGIN
  THROW 50000, 'Nie znaleziono ConferenceDayID', 1
 END
 ELSE
 BEGIN
  SELECT WorkshopID,
  StartTime,
  EndTime,
  Cost,
  NumberOfParticipants
  FROM Workshops
  WHERE ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = @ConferenceDayID
END
```

Funkcje

Function_FreeDayPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc na podany dzień konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_FreeDayPlaces (@ConferenceDayID INT)
RETURNS INT
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
SELECT cd.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(cdb.NumberOfParticipants), 0)
FROM conferencedays AS cd
LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cd.conferencedayid = cdb.conferencedays_conferencedayid
WHERE cd.conferencedayid = @ConferenceDayID
GROUP BY cd.conferencedayid
, cd.numberofparticipants
);
END;
GO
```

Function_FreeWorkshopPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc na podany warsztat

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces (@WorkShopID INT)
RETURNS INT
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
    SELECT w.numberofparticipants - isnull(SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants), 0)
    FROM Workshops AS w
    LEFT JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID = w.WorkshopID
    WHERE w.WorkshopID = @WorkShopID
    GROUP BY w.WorkshopID
    ,w.numberofparticipants
    );
END;
GO
```

Function_BookingFreeStudentPlaces

Zwraca ilość wolnych miejsc dla studentów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_BookingFreeStudentPlaces (@ConferenceDayBookingID INT)
RETURNS INT

AS

BEGIN

RETURN (
SELECT cdb.NumberOfStudents - COUNT(dp.conferencedaybooking_conferencedaybookingid)
FROM ConferenceDayBooking cdb

LEFT JOIN dayparticipants dp ON cdb.conferencedaybookingid = dp.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID

AND dp.studentid IS NOT NULL

WHERE cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID = @ConferenceDayBookingID

GROUP BY cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID

, cdb.NumberOfStudents
);

END;

GO
```

Function_DaysOfConference

Dla podanej konferencji zwraca dni, w których dana konferencja się odbywa

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_DaysOfConference (@ConferenceID INT)
RETURNS @days TABLE (ConferenceDayID INT)
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO @days
SELECT cd.ConferenceDayID
FROM ConferenceDays AS cd
WHERE cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
RETURN;
END
```

Function_ConferenceDayParticipants

Dla danego dnia konferencji zwraca tabelę z danymi uczestników określonego dnia tej konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION ConferenceDayParticipants (@ConferenceDayID INT)

RETURNS @Participants TABLE (
firstname VARCHAR(40)
,lastname VARCHAR(40)
,email VARCHAR(100)
,county VARCHAR(40)
,street VARCHAR(40)
,postalcode VARCHAR(10)
}

AS

BEGIN
INSERT INTO @Participants
SELECT p.firstname
,p.lastname
,p.email
,p.county
,p.city
,p.city
,p.street
,p.PostalCode
FROM Participants AS p
INNER JOIN DayParticipants AS dp ON dp.Participants_ParticipantID = p.ParticipantID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID = dp.ConferenceDayBookingLD
WHERE cdb.ConferenceDayS ConferenceDayID = @ConferenceDayID

AND cdb.IsCancelled = 0

RETURN
END
GO
```

Function_WorkshopsPerConference

Dla danej konferencji zwraca tabelę z informacją o warsztatach odbywających się w ramach tej konferencji

```
{\tt CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION\_WorkshopsPerConference} \quad ({\tt @ConferenceID\ INT})
RETURNS @Workshop TABLE (
workshopID INT
 ,name VARCHAR(100)
 ,starttime DATE
 , \verb"endtime" DATE"
 ,cost DECIMAL(9, 2)
 , number of participants INT
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @Workshop
 SELECT w.workshopid
  ,w.name
  ,w.StartTime
  ,w.EndTime
  ,w.cost
  ,w.NumberOfParticipants
 FROM Workshops AS w
 INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID = w.ConferenceDays ConferenceDayID
 WHERE cd.Conferences_ConferenceID = @ConferenceID
RETURN
END
GO
```

Function_WorkshopDate

Dla ID warsztatu zwraca tabelę z informacjami o danym warsztacie

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION WorkshopDate (@WorkshopID INT)
RETURNS @WShop TABLE (
 workshopID INT
 , name VARCHAR (100)
 ,startime DATE
 ,endtime DATE
AS
BEGIN
 INSERT INTO @WShop
 SELECT workshopid
 ,name
 ,StartTime
 ,EndTime
 FROM Workshops
 WHERE WorkshopID = @WorkshopID
 RETURN
END
GO
```

Function_BookingDaysCost

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla konferencji bez warsztatów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_BookingDaysCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS MONEY
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
    SELECT isnull(SUM((cdb.NumberOfParticipants) * cc.cost + cdb.NumberOfStudents * cc.cost * (1 - c.discountforstudents)), 0)
FROM ConferenceDayBooking cdb
INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking cb ON cdb.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID = cb.ConferenceBookingID
INNER JOIN conferences AS c ON cb.conferences_conferenceid = c.conferenceid
INNER JOIN conferencecosts cc ON c.conferenceid = cc.conferenceid
WHERE cb.ConferenceBookingID = @ConferenceBookID
GROUP BY cb.ConferenceBookingID
);
END;
```

Function_BookingWorkshopCost

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla warsztatów danej konferencji

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_BookingWorkshopCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS DECIMAL(9, 2)

AS

BEGIN

RETURN (

SELECT isnull(SUM(wb.numberofparticipants * w.cost), 0)

FROM ConferenceBooking cb

LEFT JOIN conferencedaybooking cdb ON cb.conferencebookingid = cdb.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID

LEFT JOIN workshopbooking wb ON cdb.conferencedaybookingid = wb.conferencedaybookingid LEFT JOIN workshops w ON wb.workshops workshopid = w.workshopid

WHERE cb.conferencebookingid = @ConferenceBookID

GROUP BY cb.conferencebookingid

);

END;

GO
```

$Function_Total Booking Cost$

Zwraca wartość sprzedanych miejsc dla danej konferencji włącznie z warsztatami

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_TotalBookingCost (@ConferenceBookID INT)
RETURNS DECIMAL(9, 2)
AS
BEGIN
RETURN (
SELECT dbo.FUNCTION_BookingDaysCost(bs.conferencebookingid) + dbo.FUNCTION_BookingWorkshopCost(bs.conferencebookingid)
FROM conferencebooking bs
WHERE bs.conferencebookingid = @ConferenceBookID
);
END
```

Function_WorkshopListForParticipant

Zwraca tabelę z informacją o warsztatach w jakich uczestniczyła podana osoba

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_WorkshopListForParticipant (@Participant INT)

RETURNS @table TABLE (
workshopid INT
,Name VARCHAR(100)
)

AS

BEGIN
INSERT INTO @table
SELECT w.workshopid
,w.name
FROM participants AS p
INNER JOIN dayparticipants AS dp ON p.participantid = dp.participants_participantid
INNER JOIN workshopparticipants AS wp ON dp.dayparticipantid = wp.dayparticipants_dayparticipantid
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wp.WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID = wb.workshopbookingid
INNER JOIN workshops AS w ON wb.workshops_workshopid = w.workshopid
WHERE p.participantid = @Participant

RETURN
END
GO
```

Function_ConferencesDaysListForParticipant

Zwraca tabelę z informacją o konferencjach w jakich uczestniczyła podana osoba

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_ConferencesDaysListForParticipant (@Participant INT)

RETURNS @table TABLE (
name VARCHAR(100)
,place VARCHAR(100)
,DATE DATE
)

AS

BEGIN
INSERT INTO @table
SELECT c.name
,c.place
,cd.DATE
FROM participants AS p
INNER JOIN dayparticipants AS dp ON p.participantid = dp.participants_participantid
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID = dp.ConferenceDayBookingConferenceDayBookingID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID = cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN ConferenceS AS c ON cd.ConferenceID = cdb.ConferenceID
WHERE p.participantid = @Participant

RETURN
END
GO
```

Function_ClientsOrdersList

Zwraca listę zamówień klientów

```
CREATE FUNCTION FUNCTION_ClientsOrdersList (@ClientID INT)
RETURNS @table TABLE (
conferenceid INT
 , name VARCHAR (100)
 ,place VARCHAR(100)
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO @table
SELECT c.ConferenceID
  ,c.place
 FROM Conferences AS c
 INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.Conferences ConferenceID = c.ConferenceID
 INNER JOIN Clients AS cl ON cl.ClientID = cb.Clients_ClientID
 WHERE cl.ClientID = @ClientID
RETURN
END
GO
```

Triggery

Trigger_TooFewFreePlacesForDayBooking

Sprawdza, czy jest wystarczająca liczba miejsc w dniu konferencji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewFreePlacesForDayBooking ON
ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
WHERE dbo.FUNCTION_FreeDayPlaces(a.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID) < 0
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Brak wystarczajacej liczby miejsc w dniu konferencji', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger_TooFewFreePlacesForWorkshopBooking

Sprawdza, czy jest wystarczająca liczba miejsc na warsztacie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewFreePlacesForWorkshopBooking ON
WorkshopBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
WHERE dbo.FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces(a.Workshops_WorkshopID) < 0
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Brak wystarczajacej liczby miejsc w warsztacie', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger_LessPlacesForDayThanForWorkshop

Blokuje rezerwację na warsztat, jeżeli klient zarezerwował mniej miejsc na dzień niż warsztat.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_LessPlacesForDayThanForWorkshop ON ConferenceDayBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
INNER JOIN WorkshopBooking AS b ON b.ConferenceDayBooking_ConferenceDayBookingID = a.ConferenceDayBookingID
WHERE a.NumberOfParticipants < b.NumberOfParticipants
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000,
'Klient zarezerwował mniej miejsc na dzień niż na warsztat',
1
END
END
```

Trigger_NotEnoughBookedPlacesForDay

Blokuje zapis uczestnika na dzień konferencji, jeżeli wszystkie miejsca od klienta są już zajęte.

Trigger_NotEnoughBookedPlacesForWorkshop

Blokuje zapis uczestnika na warsztat, jeżeli wszystkie zarezerwowane miejsca są już zajęte.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_NotEnoughBookedPlacesForWorkshop ON WorkshopParticipants
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
WHERE dbo.FUNCTION_FreeWorkshopPlaces(a.WorkshopBooking_WorkshopBookingID) < 0
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Wszystkie zarezerwowane miejsca są już zajęte', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingDayCapacity

Sprawdza, czy po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na dzień konferencji zarezerwowane miejsca mieszczą się w nowym limicie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingDayCapacity ON ConferenceDays
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID = a.ConferenceDayID
GROUP BY a.ConferenceDayID,
a.NumberOfFarticipants
HAVING a.NumberOfFarticipants < SUM(cdb.NumberOfFarticipants) + SUM(cdb.NumberOfStudents)
)

BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na dzień konferencji zarezerwowane miejsca nie mieszczą się w nowym limicie', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingWorkshopCapacity

Sprawdza, czy po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na warsztat zarezerwowane miejsca mieszczą się w nowym limicie.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_TooFewPlacesAfterDecreasingWorkshopCapacity ON Workshops
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
LEFT JOIN WorkshopBooking AS wb ON wb.Workshops_WorkshopID = a.WorkshopID
GROUP BY a.WorkshopID,
a.NumberOfParticipants
HAVING a.NumberOfParticipants < SUM(wb.NumberOfParticipants)
)

BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Po zmniejszeniu liczby miejsc na warsztat zarezerwowane miejsca nie mieszczą się w nowym limicie', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger_BookingDayInDifferentConference

Sprawdza, czy rezerwowany jest dzień z konferencji odpowiadającej rezerwacji na konferencję.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_BookingDayInDifferentConference ON ConferenceDayBooking

AFTER INSERT

AS

BEGIN

SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd ON cd.ConferenceDayID = a.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN Conferences AS c1 ON c1.ConferenceID = cd.ConferenceS_ConferenceID
INNER JOIN ConferenceBooking AS cb ON cb.ConferenceBookingID = a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID
INNER JOIN Conferences AS c2 ON c2.ConferenceID = cb.ConferenceS_ConferenceID
WHERE c1.ConferenceID != c2.ConferenceID

BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Klient próbuje przepisać do konferencji rezerwację dnia z innej konferencji', 1;
END

END
```

Trigger_BookingDayAlreadyExists

Sprawdza, czy rezerwacja danego dnia konferencji już istnieje.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_BookingDayAlreadyExists ON ConferenceDayBooking

AFTER INSERT

AS

BEGIN

SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
LEFT JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cbd ON a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID =
cbd.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceDayID = cbd.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID

WHERE a.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID != cbd.ConferenceBooking_ConferenceBookingID )

BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Rezerwacja danego dnia konferencji już istnieje', 1;
END

END
```

Trigger_BookingWorkshopInDifferentDay

Sprawdza, czy rezerwowany jest warsztat z dnia odpowiadającemu rezerwacji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER_BookingWorkshopInDifferentDay ON WorkshopBooking
AFTER INSERT
AS
BEGGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM inserted AS a
INNER JOIN Workshops AS w ON w.WorkshopID = a.Workshops_WorkshopID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cdl ON cdl.ConferenceDayID = w.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDayBooking AS cdb ON cdb.ConferenceDayBookingID = a.ConferenceDayBookingID
INNER JOIN ConferenceDays AS cd2 ON cd2.ConferenceDayBookingID = a.ConferenceDayBookingID
INNER JOIN ConferenceSays AS cd2 ON cd2.ConferenceDayID = cdb.ConferenceDays_ConferenceDayID
WHERE cdl.ConferenceS_ConferenceID != cd2.ConferenceS_ConferenceID
)
BEGIN
THROW 50000, 'Klient próbuje zapisać się do warsztatu z innego dnia niż jego rezerwacja', 1;
END
END
```

Trigger ArePriceThresholdsMonotonous

Sprawdza, czy progi cenowe konferencji są ułożone w porządku rosnącym w stosunku do czasu pozostałego do konferencji.

```
CREATE TRIGGER TRIGGER ArePriceThresholdsMonotonous ON ConferenceCosts
AFTER INSERT
BEGIN
  SET NOCOUNT ON;
  DECLARE @Cost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
       SELECT a.Cost
       FROM inserted AS a
  IF EXISTS (
       SELECT *
       LEFT JOIN ConferenceCosts AS cc ON a.Conferences_ConferenceID = cc.Conferences_ConferenceID
       WHERE (
               cc.DateFrom < a.DateFrom
              AND a.DateFrom < cc.dateto
               a.DateFrom < cc.DateFrom
              AND cc.DateTo < a.DateTo
              cc.DateFrom >= a.DateFrom
               AND a.DateTo >= cc.DateTo
            OR (
              a.DateFrom >= cc.DateFrom
              AND cc.DateTo >= a.DateTo
          AND cc.ConferenceCostID != a.ConferenceCostID
  BEGIN
     THROW 50000,
        'Koszt pokrywa się z istniejącymi kosztami',
       1
   END
  ELSE
   BEGIN
     DECLARE @PreviousCost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
          SELECT TOP 1 a.Cost
          FROM inserted AS a
          {\tt INNER\ JOIN\ ConferenceCosts\ AS\ cc\ ON\ cc.ConferenceCostID\ =\ a.ConferenceCostID\ 
          WHERE cc.Conferences ConferenceID = a.Conferences ConferenceID
           AND cc.DateTo < a.DateFrom
          ORDER BY cc.DateFrom DESC
     DECLARE @NextCost DECIMAL(9, 2) = (
          SELECT TOP 1 a.Cost
          FROM inserted AS a
          INNER JOIN ConferenceCosts AS cc ON cc.ConferenceCostID = a.ConferenceCostID
          WHERE cc.Conferences_ConferenceID = a.Conferences_ConferenceID
            AND cc.DateFrom > a.DateTo
          ORDER BY cc.DateFrom
     IF (
            @PreviousCost IS NOT NULL
            AND @PreviousCost >= @Cost
            @NextCost IS NOT NULL
            AND @NextCost <= @Cost
     BEGIN
       THROW 50000, 'Cena nie jest w poprawnej kolejności z poprzednimi (PreviousCost = %, NextCost = %.,
                                              @PreviousCost,
                                              @NextCost', 1;
    END
  END
END
```

Generator danych

Dane zostały wygenerowane w programie Redgate SQL Data Generator. Podczas generowania napotkaliśmy jednak duże trudności w związku z działaniem triggerów. Program po napotkaniu jakiegokolwiek błędu przestaje generować dane w obecnie generowanej tabeli i czyści ją. Na czas generowania danych zdecydowaliśmy się wyłączyć wszystkie triggery.

Dumb z bazy:

