

# ignore-over-max

July 23, 2020

```
[1]: # rank the obtained results using the *.log files
import os
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
[2]: targetdir = '../..data/processed/'
filelist = sorted(os.listdir(targetdir))
```

```
[3]: filelist
```

```
[3]: ['1.data', '2.data', '3.data', '4.data', '5.data', '6.data', '7.data']
```

```
[4]: df = pd.DataFrame()
```

```
[5]: for file in filelist:
    filename = targetdir+file
    col_name = [file]
    temp_df = pd.read_csv(filename,names=col_name)
    df = pd.concat([df, temp_df], axis=1)
```

```
[6]: df
```

```
[6]:
```

|     | 1.data | 2.data | 3.data | 4.data | 5.data | 6.data | 7.data |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.73   | 1.00   | 1.00   |
| 1   | 1.06   | 1.16   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.73   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 2   | 1.12   | 1.22   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.73   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 3   | 0.99   | 0.83   | 0.91   | 0.83   | 0.63   | 0.91   | 1.00   |
| 4   | 0.99   | 0.83   | 0.91   | 0.83   | 0.63   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| ..  | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    |
| 724 | 1.06   | 0.87   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.65   | 0.88   | 1.01   |
| 725 | 1.11   | 0.87   | 0.00   | 0.00   | 0.65   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 726 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |
| 727 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |
| 728 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |

```
[729 rows x 7 columns]
```

```
[7]: # Replace values >1 with NaN
df.mask(df > 1, np.NaN, inplace=True)
```

```
[8]: # Count NaN values
df.isna().sum()
```

```
[8]: 1.data    376
     2.data    198
     3.data     54
     4.data     54
     5.data      0
     6.data     41
     7.data    168
     dtype: int64
```

Now we do have invalid values in our data so we will drop them from the dataframe.

```
[9]: # Ignore invalid values by dropping them from the dataframe
df = df.dropna()
```

```
[10]: df
```

```
[10]:
```

|     | 1.data | 2.data | 3.data | 4.data | 5.data | 6.data | 7.data |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.73   | 1.00   | 1.00   |
| 3   | 0.99   | 0.83   | 0.91   | 0.83   | 0.63   | 0.91   | 1.00   |
| 4   | 0.99   | 0.83   | 0.91   | 0.83   | 0.63   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 5   | 0.99   | 0.83   | 0.91   | 0.83   | 0.63   | 0.00   | 0.00   |
| 6   | 0.97   | 0.71   | 0.81   | 0.71   | 0.53   | 0.49   | 1.00   |
| ..  | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    | ...    |
| 718 | 0.99   | 0.73   | 0.97   | 0.98   | 0.53   | 0.50   | 0.99   |
| 719 | 0.99   | 0.73   | 0.97   | 0.98   | 0.53   | 0.50   | 0.99   |
| 726 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |
| 727 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |
| 728 | 1.00   | 0.74   | 1.00   | 1.00   | 0.54   | 0.50   | 1.00   |

```
[302 rows x 7 columns]
```

```
[11]: # Creating ranked dataframe
ranked_df = pd.DataFrame()
stats_df = pd.DataFrame()
```

The tao variable should be the length of the dataframe.

```
[12]: # Creating scenario quantity variable
tao = len(df)
tao
```

```
[12]: 302
```

```

[13]: for column in df:
    wwtp = column[0]

    # TODO: get original (pre-analysis) value
    # pending

    # calculate mean
    avg_eff = round(df[column].mean(),3)

    # calculate max
    max_eff = round(df[column].max(),3)

    # calculate min
    min_eff = round(df[column].min(),3)

    # calculate amplitude
    amplitude = round((max_eff - min_eff)*100,2)

    amp_str = "Amplitude (max-min)(%)"

    # print stats results
    print("WWTP", wwtp, "Mean =", avg_eff, "Maximum =", max_eff, "Minimum",
    ↪=" ", min_eff, amp_str, "=", amplitude)
    stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': wwtp, "Mean": avg_eff, "Maximum" :
    ↪max_eff, "Minimum": min_eff, amp_str: amplitude},ignore_index=True)

    # TODO: Populate statistics dataframe using pd.df.append

    # Calculating Sk sum of factors
    Sk = round(df[column].sum(),3)

    # Calculating ek sum of factors of 1 (or above if errors in calculation)
    ek = df[column] >= 1
    ek = ek.sum()

    # Calculating R1k ek/tao
    R1k = round(ek/tao,3)

    # Calculate R2k
    if tao != ek:
        R2k = (Sk - ek)/(tao - ek)
    elif Rk1 == 1:
        R2k = 0

    R2k = round(R2k,3)

```

```

# Printing results
print("WWTP", wwtp, "R1k =", R1k, " | Sk =", Sk, " | R2k =", R2k)

# Populate ranking dataframe using pd.df.append
# Using unicode to name columns with super and subscripts
R1k_col = 'R\u00B9\u2096\u2080'
R2k_col = 'R\u00B2\u2096\u2080'
ranked_df = ranked_df.append({ R2k_col: R2k, R1k_col: R1k, 'WWTP': wwtp}, ignore_index=True)

```

```

WWTP 1 Mean = 0.953 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 1 R1k = 0.219 | Sk = 287.89 | R2k = 0.94
WWTP 2 Mean = 0.794 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.7 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 30.0
WWTP 2 R1k = 0.06 | Sk = 239.91 | R2k = 0.781
WWTP 3 Mean = 0.874 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 3 R1k = 0.179 | Sk = 263.82 | R2k = 0.846
WWTP 4 Mean = 0.832 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 4 R1k = 0.179 | Sk = 251.13 | R2k = 0.795
WWTP 5 Mean = 0.587 Maximum = 0.74 Minimum = 0.51 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 23.0
WWTP 5 R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 177.34 | R2k = 0.587
WWTP 6 Mean = 0.573 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 6 R1k = 0.06 | Sk = 173.17 | R2k = 0.546
WWTP 7 Mean = 0.709 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 7 R1k = 0.358 | Sk = 214.2 | R2k = 0.547

```

```

[14]: # Reorder columns to be usable as a results table
ranked_df = ranked_df.reindex(columns=['WWTP', R1k_col, R2k_col])

```

```

[15]: ranked_df

```

```

[15]:
   WWTP  R1  R2
0     1  0.219  0.940
1     2  0.060  0.781
2     3  0.179  0.846
3     4  0.179  0.795
4     5  0.000  0.587
5     6  0.060  0.546
6     7  0.358  0.547

```

```

[16]: # Save rankings dataframe as csv file
ranked_df.to_csv("../results/ignore-over-max/ranking.csv", index=False)

```

```

[17]: # Calculate the mean of every column
mean_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.mean(), 3)
mean_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.mean(), 3)
mean_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.mean(), 3)
mean_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].mean(), 3)

```

```
[18]: # Add means to stats dataframe
stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "Mean", "Mean" : mean_mean, "Maximum" :
↪mean_max,
                                "Minimum" : mean_min, amp_str :
↪mean_amp},ignore_index=True)

[19]: # Calculate the standard deviation of every column
sd_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.std(),3)
sd_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.std(),3)
sd_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.std(),3)
sd_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].std(),3)

[20]: # Add means to stats dataframe
stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "SD", "Mean" : sd_mean, "Maximum" : sd_max,
                                "Minimum" : sd_min, amp_str :
↪sd_amp},ignore_index=True)

[21]: # Reorder columns
stats_df = stats_df.reindex(columns=["WWTP", "Mean", "Maximum", "Minimum",
↪amp_str])

[22]: stats_df
```

|   | WWTP | Mean  | Maximum | Minimum | Amplitude (max-min)(%) |
|---|------|-------|---------|---------|------------------------|
| 0 | 1    | 0.953 | 1.000   | 0.000   | 100.000                |
| 1 | 2    | 0.794 | 1.000   | 0.700   | 30.000                 |
| 2 | 3    | 0.874 | 1.000   | 0.000   | 100.000                |
| 3 | 4    | 0.832 | 1.000   | 0.000   | 100.000                |
| 4 | 5    | 0.587 | 0.740   | 0.510   | 23.000                 |
| 5 | 6    | 0.573 | 1.000   | 0.000   | 100.000                |
| 6 | 7    | 0.709 | 1.000   | 0.000   | 100.000                |
| 7 | Mean | 0.760 | 0.963   | 0.173   | 79.000                 |
| 8 | SD   | 0.133 | 0.091   | 0.278   | 33.257                 |

```
[23]: # Save statistics dataframe as csv file
stats_df.to_csv("../results/ignore-over-max/statistics.csv",index=False)
```