

clipping-over-max

July 23, 2020

```
[1]: # rank the obtained results using the *.log files
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```
import os
import pandas as pd
```

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[2]: targetdir = '../..data/processed/'
filelist = sorted(os.listdir(targetdir))
```

```
[3]: filelist
```

```
[3]: ['1.data', '2.data', '3.data', '4.data', '5.data', '6.data', '7.data']
```

```
[4]: df = pd.DataFrame()
```

```
[5]: for file in filelist:
    filename = targetdir+file
    col_name = [file]
    temp_df = pd.read_csv(filename,names=col_name)
    df = pd.concat([df, temp_df], axis=1)
```

```
[6]: df
```

```
[6]:
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	1.data	2.data	3.data	4.data	5.data	6.data	7.data
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73	1.00	1.00
1	1.06	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00
2	1.12	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.00
3	0.99	0.83	0.91	0.83	0.63	0.91	1.00
4	0.99	0.83	0.91	0.83	0.63	0.00	0.00
...
724	1.06	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.88	1.01
725	1.11	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.00
726	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.00
727	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.00
728	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.00

```
[729 rows x 7 columns]
```

```
[7]: # Replace values >1 with 1
df.mask(df > 1, 1, inplace=True)
```

```
[8]: df
```

```
[8]:
```

	1.data	2.data	3.data	4.data	5.data	6.data	7.data
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.73	1.00	1.0
1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.0
2	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.0
3	0.99	0.83	0.91	0.83	0.63	0.91	1.0
4	0.99	0.83	0.91	0.83	0.63	0.00	0.0
...
724	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.88	1.0
725	1.00	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.65	0.00	0.0
726	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.0
727	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.0
728	1.00	0.74	1.00	1.00	0.54	0.50	1.0

[729 rows x 7 columns]

```
[9]: # Count NaN values
df.isna().sum()
```

```
[9]: 1.data    0
      2.data    0
      3.data    0
      4.data    0
      5.data    0
      6.data    0
      7.data    0
      dtype: int64
```

Now we don't have any invalid values in our data.

```
[10]: # Creating ranked dataframe
ranked_df = pd.DataFrame()
stats_df = pd.DataFrame()
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The tao variable should be the length of the dataframe.

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[11]: # Creating scenario quantity variable
tao = len(df)
tao
```

```
[11]: 729
```

```

[12]: for column in df:
    wwtp = column[0]

    # TODO: get original (pre-analysis) value
    # pending

    # calculate mean
    avg_eff = round(df[column].mean(),3)

    # calculate max
    max_eff = round(df[column].max(),3)

    # calculate min
    min_eff = round(df[column].min(),3)

    # calculate amplitude
    amplitude = round((max_eff - min_eff)*100,2)

    amp_str = "Amplitude (max-min)(%)"

    # print stats results
    print("WWTP", wwtp, "Mean =", avg_eff, "Maximum =", max_eff, "Minimum",
    ↪="min_eff, amp_str, "=", amplitude)
    stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': wwtp, "Mean": avg_eff, "Maximum" :
    ↪max_eff, "Minimum": min_eff, amp_str: amplitude},ignore_index=True)

    # TODO: Populate statistics dataframe using pd.df.append

    # Calculating Sk sum of factors
    Sk = round(df[column].sum(),3)

    # Calculating ek sum of factors of 1 (or above if errors in calculation)
    ek = df[column] >= 1
    ek = ek.sum()

    # Calculating R1k ek/tao
    R1k = round(ek/tao,3)

    # Calculate R2k
    if tao != ek:
        R2k = (Sk - ek)/(tao - ek)
    elif Rk1 == 1:
        R2k = 0

    R2k = round(R2k,3)

```

```

# Printing results
print("WWTP", wwtp, "R1k =", R1k, " | Sk =", Sk, " | R2k =", R2k)

# Populate ranking dataframe using pd.df.append
# Using unicode to name columns with super and subscripts
R1k_col = 'R\u00B9\u2096\u2080'
R2k_col = 'R\u00B2\u2096\u2080'
ranked_df = ranked_df.append({ R2k_col: R2k, R1k_col: R1k, 'WWTP': \u2192wwtp}, ignore_index=True)

```

```

WWTP 1 Mean = 0.968 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 1 R1k = 0.631 | Sk = 705.53 | R2k = 0.913
WWTP 2 Mean = 0.859 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.7 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 30.0
WWTP 2 R1k = 0.306 | Sk = 625.95 | R2k = 0.796
WWTP 3 Mean = 0.511 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 3 R1k = 0.148 | Sk = 372.41 | R2k = 0.426
WWTP 4 Mean = 0.486 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 4 R1k = 0.148 | Sk = 354.24 | R2k = 0.397
WWTP 5 Mean = 0.64 Maximum = 0.79 Minimum = 0.51 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 28.0
WWTP 5 R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 466.74 | R2k = 0.64
WWTP 6 Mean = 0.436 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 6 R1k = 0.084 | Sk = 318.11 | R2k = 0.385
WWTP 7 Mean = 0.553 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.0 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 100.0
WWTP 7 R1k = 0.399 | Sk = 403.14 | R2k = 0.256

```

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[13]: # Reorder columns to be usable as a results table
ranked_df = ranked_df.reindex(columns=['WWTP', R1k_col, R2k_col])

```

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[14]: ranked_df

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[14]:
   WWTP  R1  R2
0     1  0.631  0.913
1     2  0.306  0.796
2     3  0.148  0.426
3     4  0.148  0.397
4     5  0.000  0.640
5     6  0.084  0.385
6     7  0.399  0.256

```

```

[15]: # Save rankings dataframe as csv file
ranked_df.to_csv("../results/clipping-over-max/ranking.csv", index=False)

```

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[16]: # Calculate the mean of every column
mean_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.mean(), 3)
mean_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.mean(), 3)
mean_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.mean(), 3)
mean_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].mean(), 3)

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```
[17]: # Add means to stats dataframe
stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "Mean", "Mean" : mean_mean, "Maximum" :
↪mean_max,
                                "Minimum" : mean_min, amp_str :
↪mean_amp},ignore_index=True)

[18]: # Calculate the standard deviation of every column
sd_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.std(),3)
sd_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.std(),3)
sd_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.std(),3)
sd_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].std(),3)

[19]: # Add means to stats dataframe
stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "SD", "Mean" : sd_mean, "Maximum" : sd_max,
                                "Minimum" : sd_min, amp_str :
↪sd_amp},ignore_index=True)

[20]: # Reorder columns
stats_df = stats_df.reindex(columns=["WWTP", "Mean", "Maximum", "Minimum",
↪amp_str])

[21]: stats_df
```

	WWTP	Mean	Maximum	Minimum	Amplitude (max-min)(%)
0	1	0.968	1.000	0.000	100.000
1	2	0.859	1.000	0.700	30.000
2	3	0.511	1.000	0.000	100.000
3	4	0.486	1.000	0.000	100.000
4	5	0.640	0.790	0.510	28.000
5	6	0.436	1.000	0.000	100.000
6	7	0.553	1.000	0.000	100.000
7	Mean	0.636	0.970	0.173	79.714
8	SD	0.187	0.073	0.278	32.079

```
[22]: # Save statistics dataframe as csv file
stats_df.to_csv("../results/clipping-over-max/statistics.csv",index=False)
```