## clip-max-ignore-zeros-asymmetric

## August 13, 2020

```
[1]: # rank the obtained results using the *.log files
     import os
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
[2]: source = "9a"
     targetdir = '../../data/' + source + "/"
     filelist = sorted(os.listdir(targetdir))
[3]: filelist
[3]: ['1.data', '2.data', '3.data', '4.data', '5.data', '6.data', '7.data']
[4]: # Create dataframe from files
     df = pd.DataFrame()
     for file in filelist:
         filename = targetdir+file
         col_name = [file]
         temp_df = pd.read_csv(filename,names=col_name)
         df = pd.concat([df, temp_df], axis=1)
     # Look at the data
     df.head()
[4]:
        1.data 2.data 3.data 4.data 5.data 6.data 7.data
          0.82
                  0.91
                                  1.00
                                          0.68
                                                   1.00
                                                           0.65
                          1.00
          0.82
                                  1.31
                  0.91
                          0.00
                                          0.68
                                                   0.00
                                                           0.68
     1
     2
         0.82
                  0.91
                          0.00
                                  1.51
                                          0.68
                                                   0.00
                                                           0.74
     3
          0.75
                  0.84
                          0.96
                                  0.91
                                          0.62
                                                   0.96
                                                           0.60
          0.75
                  0.84
                          0.96
                                  0.91
                                          0.62
     4
                                                   0.00
                                                           0.60
[5]: # Clip values > 1 with 1 and ignore Os
     df.mask(df > 1, 1, inplace=True)
     df.mask(df <= 0, np.NaN, inplace=True)</pre>
```

```
[6]: # Count NaN values
      df.isna().sum()
 [6]: 1.data
                   0
      2.data
                   0
      3.data
                 324
      4.data
                 297
      5.data
                   0
      6.data
                 297
      7.data
                   0
      dtype: int64
 [7]: df
 [7]:
            1.data
                    2.data 3.data 4.data 5.data 6.data 7.data
              0.82
                      0.91
                                        1.00
                                                         1.00
                                                                  0.65
      0
                               1.00
                                                0.68
      1
              0.82
                      0.91
                                NaN
                                        1.00
                                                0.68
                                                          NaN
                                                                  0.68
      2
              0.82
                      0.91
                                        1.00
                                                0.68
                                                                  0.74
                                {\tt NaN}
                                                          NaN
                      0.84
      3
              0.75
                               0.96
                                        0.91
                                                0.62
                                                         0.96
                                                                  0.60
      4
             0.75
                      0.84
                               0.96
                                        0.91
                                                0.62
                                                          NaN
                                                                  0.60
               •••
      724
              0.79
                      0.86
                                {\tt NaN}
                                                0.63
                                                         0.94
                                                                  0.60
                                         \mathtt{NaN}
              0.79
                      0.86
                                {\tt NaN}
                                        {\tt NaN}
                                                0.63
                                                          {\tt NaN}
                                                                  0.60
      725
      726
              0.73
                      0.79
                               1.00
                                        1.00
                                                0.58
                                                         0.54
                                                                  0.56
      727
              0.73
                      0.79
                               1.00
                                        1.00
                                                0.58
                                                         0.54
                                                                  0.56
      728
              0.73
                      0.79
                               1.00
                                        1.00
                                                0.58
                                                         0.54
                                                                  0.56
      [729 rows x 7 columns]
 [8]: # Save processed dataframe as csv file
      df.to_csv("../../data/processed/asymmetric/" + source +".csv",index=False)
 [9]: # Creating ranked dataframe
      ranked_df = pd.DataFrame()
      stats_df = pd.DataFrame()
[10]: # going through every column
      for column in df:
          wwtp = column[0]
           # In every column, drop na values
          asym_column = df[column].dropna()
           # and calculate individual tao
          tao = len(asym_column)
           # calculate mean
```

```
avg_eff = round(asym_column.mean(),3)
   # calculate max
   max_eff = round(asym_column.max(),3)
   # calculate min
   min_eff = round(asym_column.min(),3)
   # calculate amplitude
   amplitude = round((max_eff - min_eff)*100,2)
   amp_str = "Amplitude (max-min)(%)"
   # print stats results
   print("WWTP", wwtp,
         "\nMean =",avg_eff,"Maximum =",max_eff,"Minimum =",min_eff,_
→amp_str,"=",amplitude)
   stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': wwtp,
       "Mean": avg_eff, "Maximum" : max_eff, "Minimum": min_eff, amp_str:_u
→amplitude},ignore_index=True)
   # Calculating Sk sum of factors
   Sk = round(asym_column.sum(),3)
   # Calculating ek sum of factors of 1 (or above if errors in calculation)
   ek = asym column >= 1
   ek = ek.sum()
   # Calculating R1k ek/tao
   R1k = round(ek/tao,3)
   # Calculate R2k
   if tao != ek:
       R2k = (Sk - ek)/(tao - ek)
   elif R1k == 1:
       R2k = 0
   R2k = round(R2k,3)
   # Printing results
   print("tao =",tao," | ek =",ek," | R1k =",R1k, " | Sk =",Sk, " | R2k⊔
\hookrightarrow=",R2k,"\n")
   # Populate ranking dataframe using pd.df.append
   # Using unicode to name columns with super and subscripts
   R1k_{col} = 'R_{u00B9}u_{2096}u_{2080}'
```

```
R2k_col = 'R\u00B2\u2096\u2080'
          ranked df = ranked_df.append({ R2k_col:R2k, R1k_col: R1k,'WWTP':
       →wwtp},ignore_index=True)
     WWTP 1
     Mean = 0.774 Maximum = 0.93 Minimum = 0.68 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 25.0
     tao = 729 | ek = 0 | R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 564.52 | R2k = 0.774
     WWTP 2
     Mean = 0.85 Maximum = 0.94 Minimum = 0.76 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 18.0
     tao = 729 | ek = 0 | R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 619.74 | R2k = 0.85
     WWTP 3
     Mean = 0.961 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.88 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 12.0
     tao = 405 | ek = 108 | R1k = 0.267 | Sk = 389.22 | R2k = 0.947
     WWTP 4
     Mean = 0.937 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.83 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 17.0
     tao = 432 | ek = 135 | R1k = 0.312 | Sk = 404.91 | R2k = 0.909
     WWTP 5
     Mean = 0.628 Maximum = 0.7 Minimum = 0.56 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 14.0
     tao = 729 | ek = 0 | R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 457.92 | R2k = 0.628
     WWTP 6
     Mean = 0.742 Maximum = 1.0 Minimum = 0.52 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 48.0
     tao = 432 | ek = 56 | R1k = 0.13 | Sk = 320.45 | R2k = 0.703
     WWTP 7
     Mean = 0.61 Maximum = 0.79 Minimum = 0.54 Amplitude (max-min)(%) = 25.0
     tao = 729 | ek = 0 | R1k = 0.0 | Sk = 444.51 | R2k = 0.61
     0.1 Ranking of WWTP
[11]: # Reorder columns to be usable as a results table
      ranked_df = ranked_df.reindex(columns=['WWTP',R1k_col, R2k_col])
[12]: ranked_df
[12]: WWTP R<sup>1</sup>
                     \mathbb{R}^2
           1 0.000 0.774
      1
           2 0.000 0.850
          3 0.267 0.947
      2
      3
          4 0.312 0.909
           5 0.000 0.628
```

```
5 6 0.130 0.703
6 7 0.000 0.610
```

```
[13]: import os

path = "../../results/" + source + "/asymmetric"

# Save rankings dataframe as csv file

try:
    ranked_df.to_csv(path + "/ranking.csv",index=False)
    print("Save succesful")
except:
    print("Creating folder and saving")
    os.mkdir(path)
    ranked_df.to_csv(path + "/ranking.csv",index=False)
```

Save succesful

## 0.2 Calculate Descriptive Statistics

```
[14]: # Calculate the mean of every column
      mean_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.mean(),3)
      mean_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.mean(),3)
      mean_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.mean(),3)
      mean_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].mean(),3)
[15]: # Add means to stats dataframe
      stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "Mean", "Mean" : mean_mean, "Maximum" : ___
      ⊸mean_max,
                                  "Minimum" : mean_min, amp_str : __
       →mean_amp},ignore_index=True)
[16]: # Calculate the standard deviation of every column
      sd_mean = round(stats_df.Mean.std(),3)
      sd_max = round(stats_df.Maximum.std(),3)
      sd_min = round(stats_df.Minimum.std(),3)
      sd_amp = round(stats_df[amp_str].std(),3)
[17]: # Add means to stats dataframe
      stats_df = stats_df.append({ 'WWTP': "SD", "Mean" : sd_mean, "Maximum" : sd_max,
                                  "Minimum" : sd_min, amp_str :
       →sd_amp},ignore_index=True)
[18]: # Reorder columns
```

```
stats_df = stats_df.reindex(columns=["WWTP", "Mean", "Maximum", "Minimum", "
      →amp_str])
[19]: stats_df
[19]:
        WWTP
               Mean Maximum Minimum Amplitude (max-min)(%)
     0
           1 0.774
                       0.930
                                0.680
                                                      25.000
           2 0.850
     1
                       0.940
                                0.760
                                                       18.000
     2
           3 0.961
                       1.000
                                0.880
                                                       12.000
     3
           4 0.937
                       1.000
                                0.830
                                                       17.000
           5 0.628
     4
                       0.700
                                                       14.000
                                0.560
     5
           6 0.742
                       1.000
                                0.520
                                                      48.000
     6
           7 0.610
                       0.790
                                0.540
                                                      25.000
     7 Mean 0.786
                       0.909
                                0.681
                                                      22.714
          SD 0.128
                                0.135
                                                       11.310
                       0.110
[20]: # Save statistics dataframe as csv file
     stats_df.to_csv(path + "/statistics.csv",index=False)
[21]: # Convert Jupyter Notebook to PDF LaTeX file
      !jupyter-nbconvert --to pdf "clip-max-ignore-zeros-asymmetric" --output-dir "../
      [NbConvertApp] Converting notebook clip-max-ignore-zeros-asymmetric.ipynb to pdf
     [NbConvertApp] Writing 44343 bytes to ./notebook.tex
     [NbConvertApp] Building PDF
     [NbConvertApp] Running xelatex 3 times: ['xelatex', './notebook.tex', '-quiet']
     [NbConvertApp] Running bibtex 1 time: ['bibtex', './notebook']
     [NbConvertApp] WARNING | bibtex had problems, most likely because there were no
     citations
     [NbConvertApp] PDF successfully created
     [NbConvertApp] Writing 47245 bytes to ../../results/8c/asymmetric/clip-max-
     ignore-zeros-asymmetric.pdf
 []:
```